$$\begin{split} \vec{\omega}_{AVE} &= \frac{\Delta \vec{\theta}}{\Delta t} \quad \vec{\alpha}_{AVE} = \frac{\Delta \vec{\omega}}{\Delta t} \quad \vec{\theta}_f = \vec{\theta}_f + \vec{\omega}_t \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{\alpha}(\Delta t)^2 \quad \vec{\omega}_f = \vec{\omega}_t + \vec{\alpha} \Delta t \quad \omega_f^{-2} = \omega_t^2 \pm 2\alpha \Delta \theta \quad \vec{\omega}_{AVE} = \frac{\vec{\omega}_f + \vec{\omega}_f}{2} \\ \vec{\omega}(t) &= \frac{d\vec{\theta}(t)}{dt} \quad \vec{\alpha}(t) = \frac{d\vec{\omega}(t)}{dt} \quad \vec{\omega}(t) = \int \vec{\alpha}(t) dt \quad \vec{\theta}(t) = \int \vec{\omega}(t) dt \quad s = r\theta \quad v_t = r\omega \quad a_t = r\alpha \quad a_r = \frac{v^2}{r} = \omega^2 r \\ v &= \frac{2\pi r}{T} \quad \vec{\tau} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F} \quad I = \int r^2 dm \quad I = I_{CM} + Md^2 \quad \sum \vec{\tau} = I\vec{\alpha} \quad K_{ROT} = \frac{1}{2} I\omega^2 \\ W_{ROT} &= \vec{\tau} \cdot \Delta \vec{\theta} \quad W_{ROT} = \int \vec{\tau} \cdot d\vec{\theta} \quad P_{ROT} = \vec{\tau} \cdot \vec{\omega} \quad \vec{L} = I\vec{\omega} \quad \vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} \quad \sum \vec{\tau} = \frac{d\vec{L}}{dt} \\ \vec{F}_S^* &= -k\vec{\alpha} \quad \vec{x}(t) = A\cos(\omega t + \phi_0) = a\sin(\omega t) + b\cos(\omega t) \quad \omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \quad U_S = \frac{1}{2} k\alpha^2 \quad \omega = 2\pi f \quad T = \frac{1}{f} \\ \sin\theta \cong \tan\theta \cong \theta \quad \omega = \sqrt{\frac{g}{L}} \quad \vec{F}_D = -b\vec{v} \quad \vec{x}(t) = Ae^{-\omega t}\cos(\omega^t t) \quad \alpha = \frac{b}{2m} \quad \omega^t = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m} - \frac{b^2}{4m^2}} \\ v &= \lambda f = \frac{\omega}{k} \quad I = \frac{P}{a} \quad v = (331 + 0.6T_C) \quad \beta = 10\log_{10}(\frac{I}{I_O}) \quad I_O = 1.00x10^{-12} W / m^2 \quad f' = f\frac{(v \pm v_O)}{(v \mp v_S)} \\ k &= \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad \Delta r = m\lambda \quad \Delta r = (m + \frac{1}{2})\lambda \quad m \in \{0,1,2,3,\ldots\} \quad f_{best} = |f_1 - f_2| \quad n = \frac{c}{v} \\ \lambda_m &= \frac{2L}{m} \quad f_m = \frac{mv}{2L} \quad m \in \{1,2,3,\ldots\} \quad \lambda_m = \frac{4L}{m} \quad f_m = \frac{mv}{4L} \quad m \in \{1,3,5,\ldots\} \\ d\sin\theta_n &= m\lambda \quad d\sin\theta_m = (m + \frac{1}{2})\lambda \quad a\sin\theta_p = p\lambda \quad a\sin\theta_p = (p + \frac{1}{2})\lambda \\ - \theta_i &= \theta_R \quad \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i} \quad M = -\frac{d_i}{d_o} = \frac{h_i}{h_o} \quad n_i \sin\theta_i = n_2 \sin\theta_2 \quad \theta_c = \sin^{-1}(\frac{n_2}{n_i}) \quad M = -\frac{f_o}{f_c} \\ F_S &= \frac{GMm}{r^2} \quad G = 6.67x10^{-11} Nm^2 / kg^2 \quad U_S = -\frac{GMm}{r} \\ \end{cases}$$

 $F_g = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$