An overview of the Data for Jooriland[☆]

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Abstract

This article is designed to provide an overview of the data being used to optimise the sampling scheme currently used by the SCA. Current

Keywords:

Introduction

Water quality sampling is common place and required by law to allow catchment management agentcies to maintain the health of a catchment. It is now well established that Australian streams have the highest levels of nutrient exports during storm events. Due to this relationship, sampling schemes are currently shifting from a monthly sampling basis, to a event-based sampling scheme. The shift has caused a necessary shift in the statistics that are currently used to analyses the data.

The data obtained from the Sydeny Catchment Authority (SCA) has a continuos discharge data set starting early 1960 and ending in 2009. The water quality dataset currently being used was supplied mid 2008. This dataset starts in 1991 and ends in 2008. This dataset is heavily biased with the starting of this dataset, being only collected via routine and flood, samples. This bias leads to the belief that the data in the early part of the data set has missed several key events.

Background

The Sydney Catchment Authority is in charge of the drinking water for the metropolitan area of Sydney. The catchment is a large catchment, that streches from Gouldburn in the South to Bathurst in the North. The catchment is characteried by low lying hills in the south, which is dryer th...

Data Summary

The data collected from the SCA covers a variety of variables. This paper will only cover EC,TP,TN,and NTU variables. An overivew of the data is provided in table 1.

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Correlation plots between the variables are also provided in figure 1. The correlation plots provide an overview of the relationships between the various water quality variables and the assoicated discharge.

Table 1: Summary statistics of data										
Statistic	pН	EC	NTU	TN	TP	Discharge				
Min	6.50	0.02	0.54	0.17	0.00	0.00				
Max	9.16	0.71	1000.00	14.80	2.28	2507.99				
Mean	7.84	0.29	67.43	0.87	0.07	163.40				
Median	7.80	0.30	15.70	0.60	0.02	42.03				

The samples of the water quality variables have been collected using a variety of methods. These methods are summarised in table 2

Table 2: Quanity of sample types in relation to water quality variable

Sample type	рН	EC	TP	TN	NTU
unknown	60	0	128	128	120
automatic	25	850	121	124	926
composite	1	35	25	31	35
duplicate	3	3	4	4	3
flood	0	22	19	18	18
N	0	0	0	0	0
monthly grab	166	167	168	168	165
ad-hoc grab	30	39	38	40	38
W	0	9	10	10	9

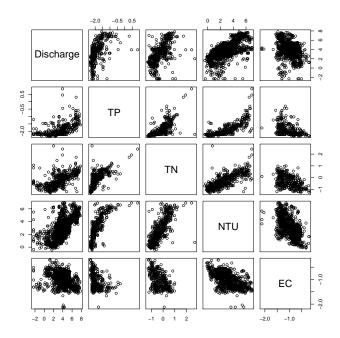


Figure 1: Scatter plot of water quality variables. All variables are log transformed.

Current statistics