Yelp Data Analysis

Machine Learning with R

John Antony March 4th, 2017

Agenda

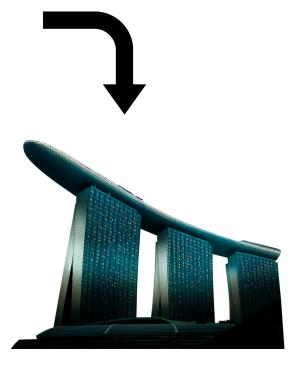
- Introduction
- Questions we answered
- Conclusion
- Question and answers

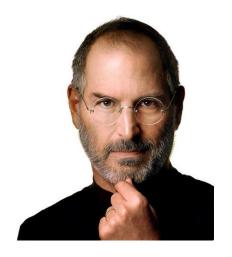
Introduction









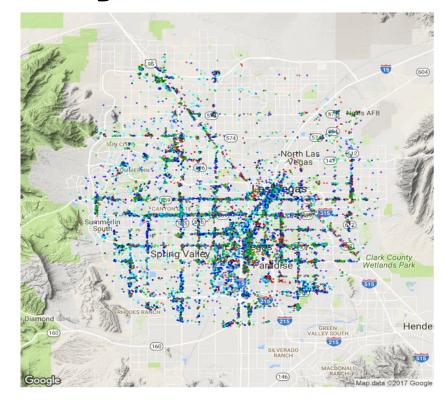


The most common restaurant types in a state

Show 25 ve	itries		Search:	
	state	categories	φ.	n ÷
17	NV	American (Traditional)		8.53
20	NV	Mexican		821
22	NV	Nightlife		8 13
27	NV	Bars		767
31	NV	Sandwiches		724
32	NV	Pizza		699
34	NV	American (New)		6.48
43	NV	Burgers		571
53	NV	Chinese		471
56	NV	Italian		4.42
63	NV	Breakfast & Brunch		4.25
84	NV	Japanese		3.58
93	NV	Seafood		3 20

Popular Location and Star Ratings

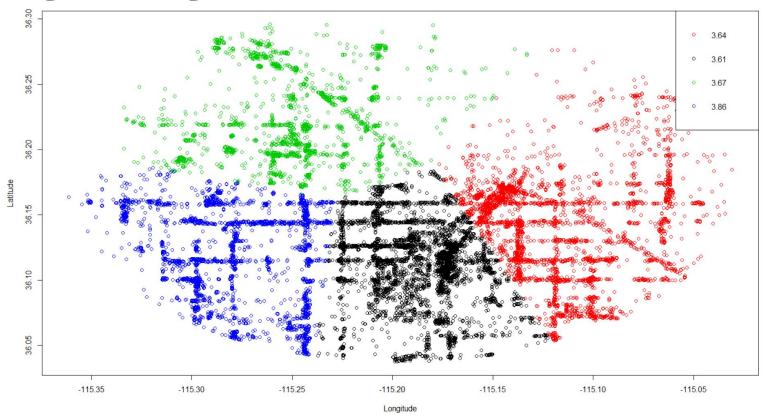
- The star rating of a business does not really depend on the location of business.
- The distance is a bit more correlated to the number of reviews though as compared to the star rating, but that figure too is very small and not really effective.



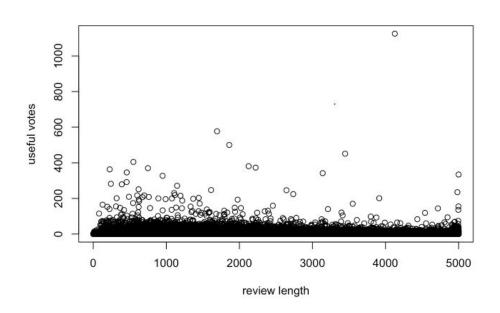
Average Ratings

- In the previous map, we noticed the difference in density of businesses across the city.
- This affects the intensity of competition in various parts of the city.
- We tried finding out the average ratings across different regions of the city.
- Thus we divided the city into 4 primary clusters.
- For the comparison, we calculate the average rating per cluster.
- Following is the outcome which we see:

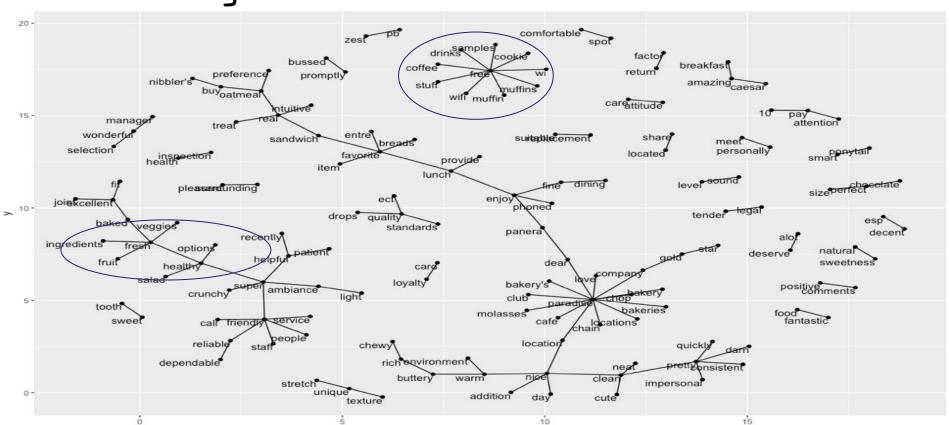
Average Ratings



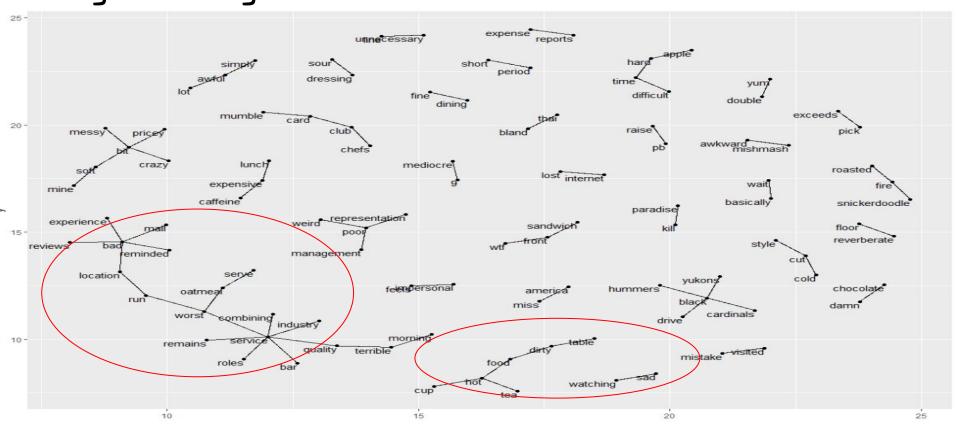
Relation between review length and usefulness



Positive Bigrams



Negative Bigrams

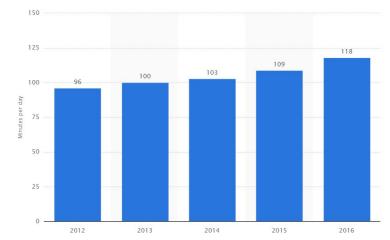


Identify influential customers

- In a world powered by the Internet, we spend more time on social networks – 1.7 hours per day, on average.
- There are many customers who review a business, finding the most influential from them and increasing engagement with them can increase

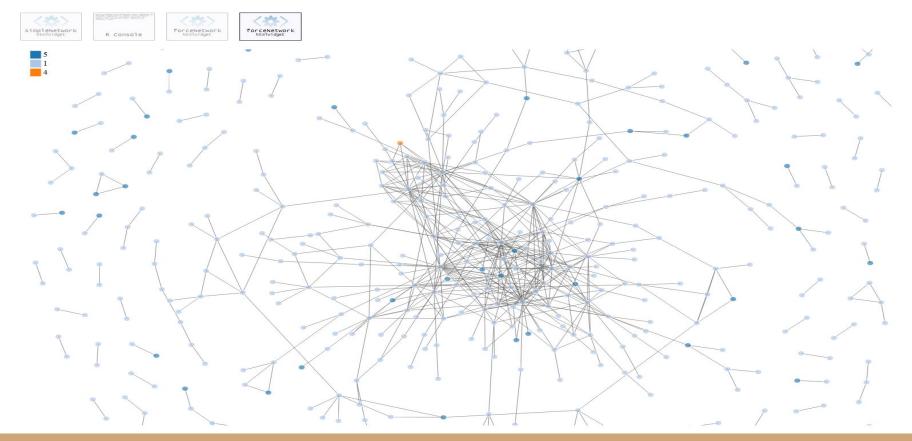
their revenue and social media footprint.

 Building a network of reviewers and their friends will enable a business owner to easily identify the influential reviewers.



Time spent on social networking - from Statista

Identify influential customers



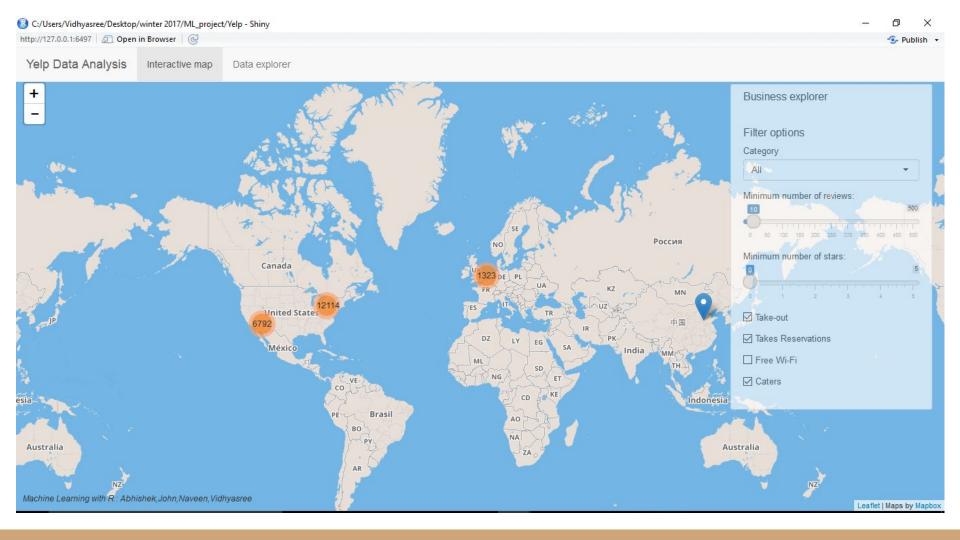
Recommendation for Customers

- Reviewers share their opinion and ratings for a business. We used that and built a matrix with customers and business.
- We built a recommendation system, which will recommend customers with a set of business.
- This recommendation system results are based on past reviewer ratings.
- We used ALS and built a recommendation system.

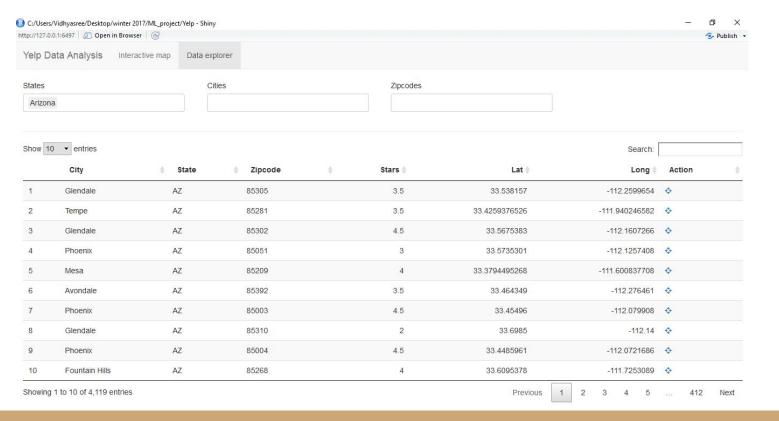
"List of Business recommended based on users past rating" 61 107 50 99 137 69

```
Iteration (opt. S): 1, RSS: 16238228, RD: 0.1111018
Iteration (opt. C): 2, RSS: 49159.49, RD: 0.9969726
Iteration (opt. S): 3, RSS: 8187.716, RD: 0.8334459
Iteration (opt. C): 4, RSS: 8187.629, RD: 1.068255e-05
Initial RSS / Final RSS = 18267814 / 8187.629 = 2231.148
```

Shiny Time!



Data Explorer



Learnings and Challenges

- Advantage of having demographic information
- Plotting and calculating distances using ggmap package
- Identify and filter relevant information
- Simple Recommendation system using ALS
- The JSON formatted entries had to be joined into a complete JSON object in order to be read into R and converted to a dataframe.

- Bigram Sentiment Analysis
- Regression may not be as expected
- RSentiment tough package
- Restricting production data on laptops
- Coordination of each view to create and integrate reactive design in Shiny
- None of the variables of interest (category, attributes) was in the proper format for analysis. It was in the **nested list**

Thank you!