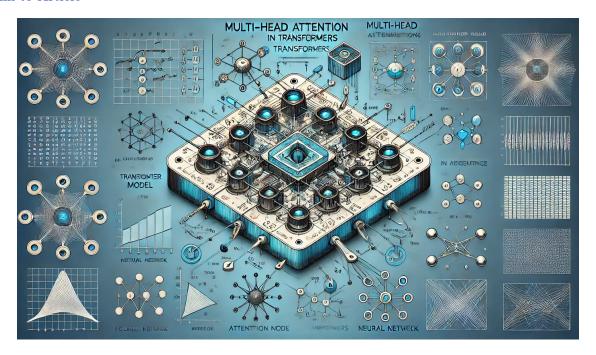
Multi-Head Attention

July 18, 2024

0.0.1 Multi-Head Attention From Scratch

By Cristian Leo

Link to Article



0.0.2 Required Libraries

[1]: import numpy as np

0.0.3 Multi-Head Attention Class

[2]: class MultiHeadAttention:
 """
 Multi-head attention.

Parameters:
 num_hiddens: int
 Number of hidden units.
 num_heads: int

```
Number of attention heads.
dropout: float
    Dropout rate.
bias: bool
    Whether to include bias parameters in the model.
def __init__(self, num_hiddens, num_heads, dropout=0.0, bias=False):
    self.num_heads = num_heads
    self.num_hiddens = num_hiddens
    self.d_k = self.d_v = num_hiddens // num_heads
    self.W_q = np.random.rand(num_hiddens, num_hiddens)
    self.W_k = np.random.rand(num_hiddens, num_hiddens)
    self.W_v = np.random.rand(num_hiddens, num_hiddens)
    self.W_o = np.random.rand(num_hiddens, num_hiddens)
    if bias:
        self.b_q = np.random.rand(num_hiddens)
        self.b_k = np.random.rand(num_hiddens)
        self.b_v = np.random.rand(num_hiddens)
        self.b_o = np.random.rand(num_hiddens)
    else:
        self.b_q = self.b_k = self.b_v = self.b_o = np.zeros(num_hiddens)
def transpose_qkv(self, X):
    Transposition for batch processing
    Parameters:
    X: np.ndarray
        Input tensor
    Returns:
    np
        Transposed tensor
    X = X.reshape(X.shape[0], X.shape[1], self.num_heads, -1)
    X = X.transpose(0, 2, 1, 3)
    return X.reshape(-1, X.shape[2], X.shape[3])
def transpose output(self, X):
    Transposition for output
    Parameters:
    X: np.ndarray
        Input tensor
```

```
Returns:
      np
           Transposed tensor
      X = X.reshape(-1, self.num_heads, X.shape[1], X.shape[2])
      X = X.transpose(0, 2, 1, 3)
      return X.reshape(X.shape[0], X.shape[1], -1)
  def scaled_dot_product_attention(self, Q, K, V, valid_lens):
      Scaled dot product attention
      Parameters:
      Q: np.ndarray
          Query tensor
      K: np.ndarray
          Key tensor
       V: np.ndarray
           Value tensor
      valid_lens: np.ndarray
           Valid lengths for the query
      Returns:
      np
          Output tensor
      d_k = Q.shape[-1]
      scores = np.matmul(Q, K.transpose(0, 2, 1)) / np.sqrt(d_k)
      if valid_lens is not None:
          mask = np.arange(scores.shape[-1]) < valid_lens[:, None]</pre>
          scores = np.where(mask[:, None, :], scores, -np.inf)
      attention_weights = np.exp(scores - np.max(scores, axis=-1,__

¬keepdims=True))
      attention_weights /= attention_weights.sum(axis=-1, keepdims=True)
      return np.matmul(attention_weights, V)
  def forward(self, queries, keys, values, valid_lens):
      Forward pass
      Parameters:
      queries: np.ndarray
          Query tensor
      keys: np.ndarray
          Key tensor
      values: np.ndarray
```

```
Value tensor
             valid_lens: np.ndarray
                 Valid lengths for the query
             Returns:
                 Output tensor
             queries = self.transpose qkv(np.dot(queries, self.W q) + self.b q)
             keys = self.transpose_qkv(np.dot(keys, self.W_k) + self.b_k)
             values = self.transpose_qkv(np.dot(values, self.W_v) + self.b_v)
             if valid lens is not None:
                 valid_lens = np.repeat(valid_lens, self.num_heads, axis=0)
             output = self.scaled_dot_product_attention(queries, keys, values,_
      ⇔valid_lens)
             output_concat = self.transpose_output(output)
             return np.dot(output_concat, self.W_o) + self.b_o
[3]: | # Define dimensions and initialize multi-head attention
     num_hiddens, num_heads = 100, 5
     attention = MultiHeadAttention(num_hiddens, num_heads, dropout=0.5, bias=False)
     # Define sample data
     batch_size, num_queries, num_kvpairs = 2, 4, 6
     valid_lens = np.array([3, 2])
     print(valid_lens)
    [3 2]
[4]: X = np.random.rand(batch_size, num_queries, num_hiddens) # Use random data to__
     ⇔simulate input queries
     Y = np.random.rand(batch_size, num_kvpairs, num_hiddens) # Use random data to_
     ⇔simulate key-value pairs
     print("Query data shape:", X.shape)
     print("Key-value data shape:", Y.shape)
    Query data shape: (2, 4, 100)
    Key-value data shape: (2, 6, 100)
[5]: # Apply multi-head attention
     output = attention.forward(X, Y, Y, valid_lens)
     print("Output shape:", output.shape) # Expected shape: (batch size, |
      →num_queries, num_hiddens)
     # Output sample data
```

print(output[0][0])

```
Output shape: (2, 4, 100)
[1205.50019525 1318.40294837 1202.74795967 1455.57568921 1265.41910134
 1412.39503534 1265.6051992 1105.08395357 1241.69740915 1284.52168046
 1288.35849879 1308.93026427 1248.64984445 1312.26703139 1317.89851446
 1339.90026899 1407.58060749 1303.10053768 1297.05734393 1088.51859258
 1220.89544194 1257.68897785 1260.03487276 1220.67801893 1318.56893146
 1404.3526966 1348.78886246 1400.71298358 1379.90853954 1182.99515963
 1294.67726698 1276.89072956 1365.85742282 1355.08934127 1393.73412172
 1297.58821378 1199.39144261 1202.4538607 1379.05487506 1337.54203429
 1260.82261499 1349.45802824 1279.10416123 1257.93569313 1250.30616378
 1322.03127264 1186.5407581 1237.53190197 1359.0163692 1241.83989194
 1309.08616704 1309.18611101 1284.6503605 1402.85942108 1272.66630628
 1306.35012271 1384.70001294 1343.42940202 1282.52728987 1295.70366797
 1138.04981365 1229.61215801 1325.80515729 1331.06053924 1311.59336619
 1364.84760246 1357.24049113 1339.48407166 1287.65925432 1334.2958758
 1452.94043944 1312.22185253 1255.75561698 1240.39891042 1282.61245247
 1133.35154662 1374.52161694 1241.82226361 1248.0423815 1322.6988869
 1229.3635741 1282.01347991 1317.57304151 1335.60310279 1302.06795861
 1263.22080951 1332.02077941 1324.73558321 1327.52108457 1301.3535082
 1292.27089407 1206.04247744 1297.88020996 1189.30013174 1306.96166691
 1360.9462695 1312.06452925 1198.68776006 1297.10786271 1353.59958087]
```