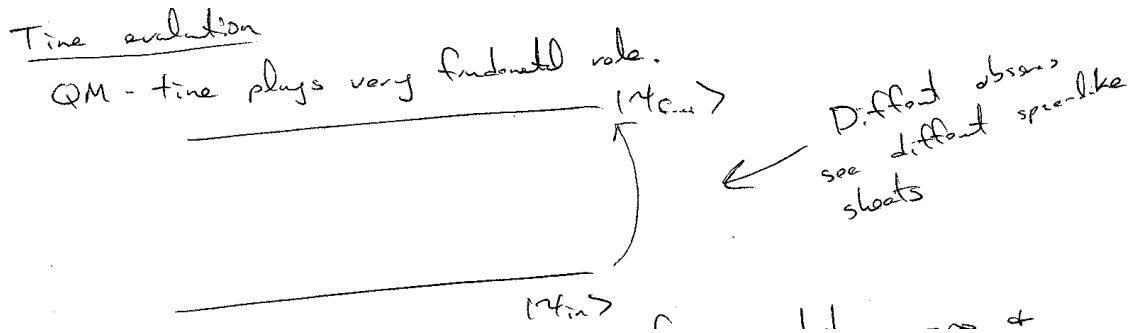


Lecture 10

QFT Continued...

Summary From Last Time



Only have a hope of Lorentz invariance if we start at $-\infty$ and go to $+\infty$.

Throw particles in from ∞ let them scatter & go back out to ∞ .

Define S-Matrix

$$\underbrace{|p_1\sigma_1, \dots, p_n\sigma_n\rangle}_{t=-\infty} \rightarrow \underbrace{S |p_1\sigma_1, \dots, p_n\sigma_n\rangle}_{t=+\infty}$$

S might be (at least a hope) Lorentz Invariant.

Massive:

$|P, \sigma\rangle$ and $U[\Lambda] |P, \sigma\rangle = \sum_{\sigma'} R_{\sigma, \sigma'} |\Lambda P, \sigma'\rangle$, where the R is a rotation matrix.

Mass-less:

$|P, h\rangle$ and $U[\Lambda] |P, h\rangle = e^{i h \Theta(W)} |\Lambda P, h\rangle$, where the coefficient is just a phase.

Now talk about all these particles states in a more convenient way.