```
4:
        factorial(N)(
      factorial(N) = factorial(N-1)*N
      factorial(1) = 1
                                                                       factorial(3)
                                                  factorial(1),
           factorial(2),
factorial(0),
                                    factorial(-1),
                                                           : «
  N-1
                           N \gg.
                                                                         . (
                                                ).
                                     f(x) x=N.
                                                                          f = x=N-1
                          f(N)
                                    f(N-1).
               )
                                     N,
                                                        (
                                                                    !) N=0 N=1.
                                   Prolog
                                                                       Prolog
                                                                       Prolog
                                                                        f(x)
                                                         У
                                         fp(X,Y)
                                                                             Prolog.
                       fact(N,Y)
                                                                    Y=factorial(N).
     fact(1,1). -
     fact(N,Y) :-
         N>1,
         N1 is N-1,
          fact(N1,Y1),
          Y is Y1*N.
         <u>1</u>:
                        is
                                              Prolog (
                                                                       Prolog
                             Prolog
                         is
                                                         ?- fact(3, A).
                                                                         ?- fact(N, 6).
                                     >1
                                           factorial
                                                               >=0.
```

(Prolog)

: - 2014-15

```
read( ):
                           read(X)
                                                        X,
                                                 : Prolog
     (term)
              Prolog.
                                   read
       string
                -Helloø,
                                        2435,
                                                                       john,
                                                    X,
name(nikos,papadakis)
            read,
                                                        (.)
                                                                       input
                                                                                          <enter>
                                                                       read
       write( ):
                           write(X)
                                                              X,
       nl:
                         write
( )
                                                                                   0
                                                           -1
                                   Prolog
       ?- natural(21).
          yes
       ?- natural(2.5).
          No
                                                                        : P=X^N.
( )
                         power(X,N,P)
       ?-power(3,5,X).
       X = 243
       ?-power(4,3,X).
       X = 64
       ?-power(2,4,X).
       X = 16
( )
```

:

?- fibo(3, X). $X = 2$									
?- fibo(4, X). $X = 3$	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Fib	1	1	2	3	5	8	13	

N-1.

Fibonacci:

?- fibo(5,X). X = 5?- fibo(8,X). ?- fibo(6,X). X=X = 8

fibo(N,Y)

fibonacci(2) = 1fibonacci(1) = 1

> fibonacci(N) fibonacci(),

fibonacci(N) = fibonacci(N-1) + fibonacci(N-2)

N

```
( )
                         mkd(N,M,D)
                                                                                                    )
                       N M:
       MK\Delta(N,M) = MK\Delta(M,N), \alpha \lor N \lt M
       MK\Delta(N,M) = MK\Delta(M, mod(N,M)), \alpha v N \ge M
       MK\Delta(N,0) = N
   Η
               mod(N,M)
                                        modulo
                                                                                             Ν
                                                                                                  Μ.
                                                                           Prolog.
             mod(N,M)
             ?- mkd(3,6,X).
             X = 3
                                                       A/A
                                                               Ν
                                                                      Μ
                                                                      22
                                                         1
                                                               8
             ?- mkd(10,4,X).
                                                         2
                                                               22
                                                                      8
             X = 2
                                                         3
                                                               8
                                                                      6
             ?- mkd(7,12,X).
                                                         4
                                                               6
                                                                      2
             X = 1
                                                         5
                                                               2
                                                                      0
             ?- mkd(24,60,X).
                                                      ?-mkd(8,22,X).
             X = 12
()
                                                                                   2
                                                                                              A, B,
                           run
                                             : AB, fibonacci(A),
                                                                 mkd(A,B).
   ?- run.
   Dwse ton arithmo A:
                                                           write(-Helloø) → Hello
                                                           nl \rightarrow
   Dwse ton arithmo B:
   4.
                                                           ?-X is 6*2, write(\pmHi\emptyset),nl, write(\pmThe sum is \emptyset), write(X).
   H dynamh A^B einai 1296
   fibonacci(A) = 8
                                                           Hi
   O megistos koinos diaireths A, B einai 2
```

The sum is 12