# axis\_1553\_encoder.v

#### **AUTHORS**

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#### **DATES**

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### **INFORMATION**

#### **Brief**

AXIS MIL-STD-1553 ENCODER

#### **License MIT**

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## axis 1553 encoder

```
module axis_1553_encoder #(
parameter
CLOCK_SPEED
=
2000000,
parameter
SAMPLE_RATE
=
2000000
) ( input aclk, input arstn, input [15:0] s_axis_tdata, input s_axis_tvalid,
```

AXI streaming to MIL-STD-1553 encoder. This encoder can be used at 2 Mhz or above. TDATA is 16 bit data to be transmitted. TUSER sets how the core works.

#### **Parameters**

**CLOCK\_SPEED** This is the aclk frequency in Hz, must be 2 MHz or above.

parameter

**SAMPLE RATE** 2 MHz or above rate that is an even divisor of CLOCK SPEED

parameter

#### **Ports**

aclk Clock for all logicarstn Negative reset

**s\_axis\_tdata** Input data for 1553 encoder.

s\_axis\_tvalid When set active high the input data is valid.s\_axis\_tuser Information about the AXIS data {TYY,NA,I,P}

Bits explained below:

```
- TYY = TYPE OF DATA

- 000 = NA

- 001 = REG (NOT IMPLIMENTED)

- 010 = DATA

- 100 = CMD/STATUS

- D = DELAY ENABLED

- I = INVERT DATA

- P = PARITY

- 1 = ODD

- 0 = EVEN
```

**s axis tready** When active high the device is ready for input data.

**diff** Output data in TTL differential format.

en\_diff When diff is valid data, this is active high and can be used to switch a mux.

## base\_1553\_clock\_rate

```
localparam integer base_1553_clock_rate = 1000000
```

1553 base clock rate

### samples per mhz

```
localparam integer samples_per_mhz = SAMPLE_RATE / base_1553_clock_rate
```

sample rate to caputre transmission bits at

#### cycles\_per\_mhz

```
localparam integer cycles_per_mhz = CLOCK_SPEED / base_1553_clock_rate
```

calculate the number of cycles the clock changes per period

## samples\_to\_skip

```
localparam integer samples_to_skip = (
  (cycles_per_mhz > samples_per_mhz) ? cycles_per_mhz / samples_per_mhz -
1
:
0
)
```

calculate the number of samples to skip

# bit\_rate\_per\_mhz

```
localparam integer bit_rate_per_mhz = samples_per_mhz
```

bit rate per mhz

# delay\_time

```
localparam integer delay_time = cycles_per_mhz * 4
```

delay time, 4 is for 4 us (min 1553 time)

## sync\_pulse\_len

```
localparam integer sync_pulse_len = bit_rate_per_mhz * 3
```

sync pulse length

# bits\_per\_trans

```
localparam integer bits_per_trans = 20
```

bits per transmission

# synth\_bits\_per\_trans

```
localparam integer synth_bits_per_trans = (
bits_per_trans*bit_rate_per_mhz
)
```

sync bits per trans

## bit pattern

```
localparam [(
bit_rate_per_mhz
)-1:0]bit_pattern = {{bit_rate_per_mhz/2{1'b1}}}, {bit_rate_per_mhz/2{1'b0}}]
```

create the bit pattern. This is based on outputing data on the negative and positive. This allows the encoder to run down to  ${\bf 1}$  mhz.

# synth\_clk

```
localparam [synth_bits_per_trans-1:0]synth_clk = {
bits_per_trans{bit_pattern}
}
```

synth clock is the clock constructed by the repeating the bit pattern. this is intended to be a representation of the clock. Captured at a bit\_rate\_per\_mhz of a 1mhz clock.

## sync\_cmd\_stat

sync pulse command

# sync\_data

sync pulse data

## cmd\_data

```
localparam cmd_data = 3'b010
```

tuser decode for data

# $cmd_data$

tuser decode for command

# cmd\_data

enable diff output

## **STATE MACHINE**

Variables that makeup the encoder state machine.

# data\_cap

```
localparam data_cap = 3'd1
```

data capture

## data\_invert

```
localparam data_invert = 3'd2
```

invert data

# parity\_gen

```
localparam parity_gen = 3'd3
```

parity generator

#### process

```
localparam process = 3'd4
```

command processor

## pause\_ck

```
localparam pause_ck = 3'd5
```

check for pause (4us)

#### trans

```
localparam trans = 3'd6
```

transmit data

#### error

```
localparam error = 3'd0
```

someone made a whoops