

BUS_1553



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1 Usage

1.1 Introduction

BUS1553 is a core for interfacing the PMOD1553 device to a bus of choice. The core will process data to and from the PMOD1553. The data can then be accessed over a BUS, currently AXI lite or Wishbone Classic, and processed as needed. All input and output over the bus goes into FIFOs that is then tied to the demodulation and modulation cores, which then send/recv the differential data to/from the PMOD1553 device. The following is information on how to use the device in an FPGA, software, and in simulation.

1.2 Dependencies

The following are the dependencies of the cores.

- fusesoc 2.X
- iverilog (simulation)
- cocotb (simulation)

1.2.1 axi_lite_1553 Depenecies

- dep
 - AFRL:utility:helper:1.0.0
 - AFRL:device:up_1553:1.0.0
 - AD:common:up_axi:1.0.0
- dep_tb
 - AFRL:simulation:axis_stimulator
 - AFRL:utility:sim_helper

1.2.2 wishbone_standard_1553 Depenecies

- dep
 - AFRL:utility:helper:1.0.0
 - AFRL:device:up_1553:1.0.0
 - AFRL:bus:up_wishbone_standard:1.0.0

1.2.3 up_1553 Dependencies

- dep
 - AFRL:utility:helper:1.0.0
 - AFRL:device_converter:axis_1553_encoder:1.0.0
 - AFRL:device_converter:axis_1553_decoder:1.0.0
 - AFRL:buffer:fifo

1.3 In a Project

First, pick a core that matches the target bus in question. Then connect the BUS1553 core to that bus. Once this is complete the PMOD pins will need to be routed so they match the PMOD1553 device. Please see the schematic of the PMOD1553 for electrical connection details. All I/O's are 3.3volt.

2 Architecture

This core is made up of other cores that are documented in detail in there source. The cores this is made up of are the,

- **axis_1553_encoder** Encodes data from the RX FIFO and sends it to the PMOD1553 (see core for documentation).
- **axis_1553_decoder** Decodes data from the PMOD1553 and sends it to the TX FIFO (see core for documentation).
- **fifo** Used for RX and TX FIFO instances. Set to 16 words buffer max (see core for documentation).
- **up_axi** An AXI Lite to uP converter core (see core for documentation).
- **up_wishbone_standard** A wishbone standard to uP converter core (see core for documentation).
- **up_1553** Takes uP bus and converts it to interface with the RX/TX FIFOs and the encoder/decoder (see module documentation for information 5).

For register documentation please see up_1553 in 5

3 Building

The BUS1553 is written in Verilog 2001. It should synthesize in any modern FPGA software. The core comes as a fusesoc packaged core and can be included in any other core. Be sure to make sure you have met the dependencies listed in the previous section.

3.1 fusesoc

Fusesoc is a system for building FPGA software without relying on the internal project management of the tool. Avoiding vendor lock in to Vivado or Quartus. These cores, when included in a project, can be easily integrated and targets created based upon the end developer needs. The core by itself is not a part of a system and should be integrated into a fusesoc based system. Simulations are setup to use fusesoc and are a part of its targets.

3.2 Source Files

3.2.1 axi_lite_1553 File List

- src
 - src/axi_lite_1553.v
- tb_cocotb
 - 'tb/tb_cocotb_axi_lite.py': 'file_type': 'user', 'copyto': '.'
 - 'tb/tb_cocotb_axi_lite.v': 'file_type': 'verilogSource'

3.2.2 wishbone_standard_1553 File List

- src
 - src/wishbone_standard_1553.v
- tb_cocotb
 - 'tb/tb_cocotb_wishbone_standard.py': 'file_type': 'user', 'copyto': '.'
 - 'tb/tb_cocotb_wishbone_standard.v': 'file_type': 'verilogSource'
- tb
 - tb/tb_wishbone_slave.v

3.2.3 up_1553 File List

- src
 - src/up_1553.v
- tb_cocotb
 - 'tb/tb_cocotb_up.py': 'file_type': 'user', 'copyto': '.'
 - 'tb/tb_cocotb_up.v': 'file_type': 'verilogSource'
- tb
 - tb/tb_up_1553.v

3.3 Targets

3.3.1 axi_lite_1553 Targets

- default
 - Info: Default for IP intergration.
- sim_cocotb
 - Info: Cocotb unit tests

3.3.2 wishbone_standard_1553 Targets

- default
 - Info: Default for IP intergration.
- sim
 - Info: Base simulation using icarus as default.
- sim_cocotb
 - Info: Cocotb unit tests

3.3.3 up_1553 Targets

- default
 - Info: Default for IP intergration.
- sim
 - Info: Base simulation using icarus as default.
- sim_cocotb
 - Info: Cocotb unit tests

3.4 Directory Guide

Below highlights important folders from the root of the directory.

1. **docs** Contains all documentation related to this project.
 - **manual** Contains user manual and github page that are generated from the latex sources.
2. **src** Contains source files for the core
3. **tb** Contains test bench files for iverilog and cocotb
 - **cocotb** testbench files

4 Simulation

There are a few different simulations that can be run for this core.

4.1 iverilog

iverilog is used for simple test benches for quick verification, visually, of the core.

4.2 cocotb

Future simulations will use cocotb. This feature is not yet implemented.

5 Module Documentation

up_1553 is the module that integrates the AXI streaming 1553 encoder/decoder. This includes FIFO's that have there inputs/outputs for data tied to registers mapped in the uP bus. The uP bus is the microprocessor bus based on Analog Devices design. It resembles a APB bus in design, and is the bridge to other buses BUS1553 can use. This makes changing for AXI Lite, to Wishbone to whatever quick and painless.

axi_lite_1553 module adds a AXI Lite to uP (microprocessor) bus converter. The converter is from Analog Devices.

wishbone_standard_1553 module adds a Wishbone Classic to uP (microprocessor) bus converter. This converter was designed for Wishbone Classic only, NOT pipelined.

The next sections document these modules in great detail. up_1553 contains the register map explained, and what the various bits do.

axi_lite_1553.v

AUTHORS

JAY CONVERTINO

DATES

2024/10/17

INFORMATION

Brief

AXI Lite 1553 is a core for interfacing with 1553 devices over the AXI lite bus.

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axi_lite_1553

```
module axi_lite_1553 #(
  parameter
    ADDRESS_WIDTH
    =
    32,
  parameter
    CLOCK_SPEED
    =
    100000000,
  parameter
    SAMPLE_RATE
    =
    2000000,
  parameter
```

```

    BIT_SLICE_OFFSET
    =
    0,
    parameter
    INVERT_DATA
    =
    0,
    parameter
    SAMPLE_SELECT
    =
    0
) ( input aclk, input arstn, input s_axi_awvalid, input [ADDRESS_WIDTH-1:0]

```

AXI Lite based 1553 communications device.

Parameters

ADDRESS_WIDTH parameter	Width of the axi address bus, max 32 bit.
CLOCK_SPEED parameter	This is the aclk frequency in Hz
SAMPLE_RATE parameter	Rate of in which to sample the 1553 bus. Must be 2 MHz or more and less than aclk. This is in Hz. BIT_SLICE_OFFSET- Adjust where the sample is taken from the input.
INVERT_DATA parameter	Invert all 1553 bits coming in and out.
SAMPLE_SELECT parameter	Adjust where in the array of samples to select a bit.

Ports

aclk	Clock for all devices in the core
arstn	Negative reset
s_axi_awvalid	Axi Lite aw valid
s_axi_awaddr	Axi Lite aw addr
s_axi_awprot	Axi Lite aw prot
s_axi_awready	Axi Lite aw ready
s_axi_wvalid	Axi Lite w valid
s_axi_wdata	Axi Lite w data
s_axi_wstrb	Axi Lite w strb
s_axi_wready	Axi Lite w ready
s_axi_bvalid	Axi Lite b valid
s_axi_bresp	Axi Lite b resp
s_axi_bready	Axi Lite b ready
s_axi_arvalid	Axi Lite ar valid
s_axi_araddr	Axi Lite ar addr
s_axi_arprot	Axi Lite ar prot
s_axi_arready	Axi Lite ar ready
s_axi_rvalid	Axi Lite r valid
s_axi_rdata	Axi Lite r data
s_axi_rresp	Axi Lite r resp
s_axi_rready	Axi Lite r ready
i_diff	Input differential signal for 1553 bus

o_diff	Output differential signal for 1553 bus
en_o_diff	Enable output of differential signal (for signal switching on 1553 module)
irq	Interrupt when data is received

up_rreq

```
wire up_rreq
```

uP read bus request

up_rack

```
wire up_rack
```

uP read bus acknowledge

up_raddr

```
wire [ADDRESS_WIDTH-(  
BUS_WIDTH  
  
2  
)-1:0] up_raddr
```

uP read bus address

up_rdata

```
wire [31:0] up_rdata
```

uP read bus request

up_wreq

```
wire up_wreq
```

uP write bus request

up_wack

```
wire up_wack
```

uP write bus acknowledge

up_waddr

```
wire [ADDRESS_WIDTH-(
```

```
BUS_WIDTH
2
)-1:0] up_waddr
```

uP write bus address

up_wdata

```
wire [31:0] up_wdata
```

uP write bus data

INSTANTIATED MODULES

inst_up_axi

```
up_axi #(
    AXI_ADDRESS_WIDTH(ADDRESS_WIDTH)
) inst_up_axi ( .up_rstn (arstn), .up_clk (aclk), .up_axi_awvalid(s_axi_awv
```

Module instance of up_axi for the AXI Lite bus to the uP bus.

inst_up_1553

```
up_1553 #(
    ADDRESS_WIDTH(ADDRESS_WIDTH),
    CLOCK_SPEED(CLOCK_SPEED),
    SAMPLE_RATE(SAMPLE_RATE),
    BIT_SLICE_OFFSET(BIT_SLICE_OFFSET),
    INVERT_DATA(INVERT_DATA),
    SAMPLE_SELECT(SAMPLE_SELECT)
) inst_up_1553 ( .clk(aclk), .rstn(arstn), .up_rreq(up_rreq), .up_rack(up_rack
```

Module instance of up_1553 creating a Logic wrapper for 1553 bus cores to interface with uP bus.

wishbone_classic_1553.v

AUTHORS

JAY CONVERTINO

DATES

2024/10/17

INFORMATION

Brief

wishbone classic to uP core for 1553 comms.

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wishbone_standard_1553

```
module wishbone_standard_1553 #(
  parameter
    ADDRESS_WIDTH
    =
    32,
  parameter
    BUS_WIDTH
    =
    4,
  parameter
    CLOCK_SPEED
    =
    100000000,
  parameter
```

```

SAMPLE_RATE
=
2000000,
parameter
BIT_SLICE_OFFSET
=
0,
parameter
INVERT_DATA
=
0,
parameter
SAMPLE_SELECT
=
0
) ( input clk, input rst, input s_wb_cyc, input s_wb_stb, input s_wb_we, input s_wb_addr, input s_wb_data_i, input s_wb_data_o, input s_wb_err, input i_diff, input o_diff, input en_o_diff, input irq

```

Wishbone Standard based 1553 communications device.

Parameters

ADDRESS_WIDTH parameter	Width of the address bus in bits, max 32 bit.
BUS_WIDTH parameter	Width of the data bus in bytes.
CLOCK_SPEED parameter	This is the aclk frequency in Hz
SAMPLE_RATE parameter	Rate of in which to sample the 1553 bus. Must be 2 MHz or more and less than aclk. This is in Hz. BIT_SLICE_OFFSET- Adjust where the sample is taken from the input.
INVERT_DATA parameter	Invert all 1553 bits coming in and out.
SAMPLE_SELECT parameter	Adjust where in the array of samples to select a bit.

Ports

clk	Clock for all devices in the core
rst	Positive reset
s_wb_cyc	Bus Cycle in process
s_wb_stb	Valid data transfer cycle
s_wb_we	Active High write, low read
s_wb_addr	Bus address
s_wb_data_i	Input data
s_wb_sel	Device Select
s_wb_ack	Bus transaction terminated
s_wb_data_o	Output data
s_wb_err	Active high when a bus error is present
i_diff	Input differential signal for 1553 bus
o_diff	Output differential signal for 1553 bus
en_o_diff	Enable output of differential signal (for signal switching on 1553 module)
irq	Interrupt when data is received

up_req

```
wire up_rreq
```

uP read bus request

up_rack

```
wire up_rack
```

uP read bus acknowledge

up_raddr

```
wire [ADDRESS_WIDTH-(  
  BUS_WIDTH  
  2  
)-1:0] up_raddr
```

uP read bus address

up_rdata

```
wire [31:0] up_rdata
```

uP read bus request

up_wreq

```
wire up_wreq
```

uP write bus request

up_wack

```
wire up_wack
```

uP write bus acknowledge

up_waddr

```
wire [ADDRESS_WIDTH-(  
  BUS_WIDTH  
  2  
)-1:0] up_waddr
```

uP write bus address

up_wdata

```
wire [31:0] up_wdata
```

uP write bus data

INSTANTIATED MODULES

inst_up_wishbone_standard

Module instance of up_wishbone_standard for the Wishbone Classic Standard bus to the uP bus.

inst_up_1553

```
up_1553 #(
    ADDRESS_WIDTH(ADDRESS_WIDTH),
    BUS_WIDTH(BUS_WIDTH),
    CLOCK_SPEED(CLOCK_SPEED),
    SAMPLE_RATE(SAMPLE_RATE),
    BIT_SLICE_OFFSET(BIT_SLICE_OFFSET),
    INVERT_DATA(INVERT_DATA),
    SAMPLE_SELECT(SAMPLE_SELECT)
) inst_up_1553 ( .clk(aclk), .rstn(arstn), .up_rreq(up_rreq), .up_rack(up_rack)
```

Module instance of up_1553 creating a Logic wrapper for 1553 bus cores to interface with uP bus.

up_1553.v

AUTHORS

JAY CONVERTINO

DATES

2024/10/17

INFORMATION

Brief

uP Core for interfacing with simple 1553 communications.

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up_1553

```
module up_1553 #(
  parameter
  ADDRESS_WIDTH
  =
  32,
  parameter
  BUS_WIDTH
  =
  4,
  parameter
  CLOCK_SPEED
  =
  100000000,
  parameter
```

```

SAMPLE_RATE
=
2000000,
parameter
BIT_SLICE_OFFSET
=
0,
parameter
INVERT_DATA
=
0,
parameter
SAMPLE_SELECT
=
0
) ( input clk, input rstn, input up_rreq, output up_rack, input [ADDRESS_WID

```

uP based 1553 communications device.

Parameters

ADDRESS_WIDTH parameter	Width of the uP address port, max 32 bit.
BUS_WIDTH parameter	Width of the uP bus data port.
CLOCK_SPEED parameter	This is the aclk frequency in Hz
SAMPLE_RATE parameter	Rate of in which to sample the 1553 bus. Must be 2 MHz or more and less than aclk. This is in Hz. BIT_SLICE_OFFSET- Adjust where the sample is taken from the input.
INVERT_DATA parameter	Invert all 1553 bits coming in and out.
SAMPLE_SELECT parameter	Adjust where in the array of samples to select a bit.

Ports

clk	Clock for all devices in the core
rstn	Negative reset
up_rreq	uP bus read request
up_rack	uP bus read ack
up_raddr	uP bus read address
up_rdata	uP bus read data
up_wreq	uP bus write request
up_wack	uP bus write ack
up_waddr	uP bus write address
up_wdata	uP bus write data
i_diff	Input differential signal for 1553 bus
o_diff	Output differential signal for 1553 bus
en_o_diff	Enable output of differential signal (for signal switching on 1553 module)
irq	Interrupt when data is received

DIVISOR

```
localparam DIVISOR = BUS_WIDTH/2
```

Divide the address register default location for 1 byte access to multi byte access. (register offsets are byte offsets).

FIFO_DEPTH

```
localparam FIFO_DEPTH = 16
```

Depth of the fifo, matches UART LITE (xilinx), so I kept this just cause

REGISTER INFORMATION

Core has 4 registers at the offsets that follow.

RX_FIFO_REG h0
TX_FIFO_REG h4
STATUS_REG h8
CONTROL_REG hC

RX_FIFO_REG

```
localparam RX_FIFO_REG = 4'h0 >> DIVISOR
```

Defines the address offset for RX FIFO

RX FIFO REGISTER		
31:24	23:16	15:0
UNUSED	STATUS DATA	RECEIVED DATA

Valid bits are from 23:0. Bits 23:16 are status bits information about the data. Bit 15:0 are data.

Status Bits

{TY:3,NA:1,D:1,I:1,P:1}

TY Type is 3 bits, 000 NA, 001 = REG, 010 = DATA, 100 = CMD/STATUS

NA Unused is 1 bit

D Delay Enabled is 1 bit, 1 is there was be a delay of 4 us or more, or 0 no delay.

I Data invert enabled is 1 bit, 1 inverted in the core at synth, 0 it is not.

P Parity Good is 1 bit, 1 is Good, 0 is Bad

TX_FIFO_REG

```
localparam TX_FIFO_REG = 4'h4 >> DIVISOR
```

Defines the address offset to write the TX FIFO.

TX FIFO REGISTER		
31:24	23:16	15:0
UNUSED	STATUS DATA	TRANSMIT DATA

Valid bits are from 23:0. Bits 23:16 are status bits information about the data. Bit 15:0 are data.

Status Bits

{TY:3,NA:1,D:1,I:1,P:1}

TY Type is 3 bits, 000 NA, 001 = REG, 010 = DATA, 100 = CMD/STATUS

NA Unused is 1 bit

D Delay Enabled is 1 bit, 1 is there must be a delay of 4 us or more, or 0 no delay.

I Data invert enabled is 1 bit, set to 1 to invert data in the core, 0 it is not.

P Parity Type is 1 bit, 1 is ODD, 0 is EVEN

STATUS_REG

```
localparam STATUS_REG = 4'h8 >> DIVISOR
```

Defines the address offset to read the status bits.

STATUS REGISTER								
31:8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
UNUSED	PC	DI	Delay	irq_en	tx_full	tx_empty	rx_full	rx_valid

Status Register Bits

PC 7, Parity check passed?

DI 6, Build time option to invert data from the core, 1 is active.

Delay 5, Message had a 4uS delay.

irq_en 4, 1 when the IRQ is enabled by **CONTROL_REG**

tx_full 3, When 1 the tx fifo is full.

tx_empty 2, When 1 the tx fifo is empty.

rx_full 1, When 1 the rx fifo is full.

rx_valid 0, When 1 the rx fifo contains valid data.

CONTROL_REG

```
localparam CONTROL_REG = 4'hC
```

Defines the address offset to set the control bits.

CONTROL REGISTER				
31:5	4	3:2	1	0
UNUSED	ENA_INTR_BIT	UNUSED	RST_RX_BIT	RST_TX_BIT

See Also: [ENABLE_INTR_BIT](#), [RESET_RX_BIT](#), [RESET_TX_BIT](#)

Control Register Bits

ENABLE_INTR_BIT	4, Control Register offset bit for enabling the interrupt.
RESET_RX_BIT	1, Control Register offset bit for resetting the RX FIFO.
RESET_TX_BIT	0, Control Register offset bit for resetting the TX FIFO.

INSTANTIATED MODULES

inst_axis_1553_encoder

```
axis_1553_encoder #(
    CLOCK_SPEED(CLOCK_SPEED),
    SAMPLE_RATE(SAMPLE_RATE)
) inst_axis_1553_encoder ( .aclk(clk), .arstn(rstn), .s_axis_tdata(tx_rdata)
```

Encode incoming AXIS data into a differential 1553 data stream

inst_axis_1553_decoder

```
axis_1553_decoder #(
    CLOCK_SPEED(CLOCK_SPEED),
    SAMPLE_RATE(SAMPLE_RATE),
    BIT_SLICE_OFFSET(BIT_SLICE_OFFSET),
    INVERT_DATA(INVERT_DATA),
    SAMPLE_SELECT(SAMPLE_SELECT)
) inst_axis_1553_decoder ( .aclk(clk), .arstn(rstn), .m_axis_tdata(m_axis_tdata)
```

Decode incoming differential 1553 data stream to AXIS data format.

inst_rx_fifo

```
fifo #(
    FIFO_DEPTH(FIFO_DEPTH),
    BYTE_WIDTH(BUS_WIDTH),
    COUNT_WIDTH(8),
    FWFT(1),
    RD_SYNC_DEPTH(0),
    WR_SYNC_DEPTH(0),
```

```

DC_SYNC_DEPTH(0),
COUNT_DELAY(0),
COUNT_ENA(0),
DATA_ZERO(0),
ACK_ENA(0),
RAM_TYPE("block")
) inst_rx_fifo ( .rd_clk(clk), .rd_rstn(rstn & r_rstn_rx_delay[0]), .rd_en(s

```

Buffer up to 16 items output from the axis_1553_encoder.

inst_tx_fifo

```

fifo #(
FIFO_DEPTH(FIFO_DEPTH),
BYTE_WIDTH(BUS_WIDTH),
COUNT_WIDTH(8),
FWFT(1),
RD_SYNC_DEPTH(0),
WR_SYNC_DEPTH(0),
DC_SYNC_DEPTH(0),
COUNT_DELAY(0),
COUNT_ENA(0),
DATA_ZERO(0),
ACK_ENA(0),
RAM_TYPE("block")
) inst_tx_fifo ( .rd_clk(clk), .rd_rstn(rstn & r_rstn_tx_delay[0]), .rd_en(s

```

Buffer up to 16 items to input to the axis_1553_decoder.