

uP Wishbone Standard



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Jay Convertino

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1 Usage

1.1 Introduction

This core converts the Wishbone Standard bus to the uP bus. This allows any core with a uP bus to be interfaced with a Wishbone Standard bus. Combination of combinatorial logic and synchronous logic.

1.2 Dependencies

The following are the dependencies of the cores.

- fusesoc 2.X
- iverilog (simulation)
- cocotb (simulation)

1.2.1 fusesoc_info Dependencies

- dep
 - AFRL:utility:helper:1.0.0

1.3 In a Project

This core is made to interface Wishbone Standard bus to uP based device cores. This is part of a family of converters based on Analog Devices uP specification. Using this allows usage of Analog Devices AXI Lite core, AFRL APB3, AFRL Wishbone Standard, and AFRL Wishbone Pipeline converters. Meaning any uP core can be easily customized to any bus quickly. These are made for relatively slow speed bus device interfaces. An example of a Verilog uP interface provided below.

```
//output signals assigned to registers.
assign up_rack = r_up_rack;
assign up_wack = r_up_wack;
assign up_rdata = r_up_rdata;
assign irq      = r_irq;

assign s_rx_ren = (up_raddr[3:0] == RX_FIFO_REG) &&
    ↪ up_rreq;

//up registers decoder
always @(posedge clk)
begin
    if(rstn == 1'b0)
```

```

begin
    r_up_rack    <= 1'b0;
    r_up_wack    <= 1'b0;
    r_up_rdata   <= 0;

    r_overflow   <= 1'b0;

    r_control_reg <= 0;
end else begin
    r_up_rack    <= 1'b0;
    r_up_wack    <= 1'b0;
    r_tx_wen     <= 1'b0;
    r_up_rdata   <= r_up_rdata;
    //clear reset bits
    r_control_reg[RESET_RX_BIT] <= 1'b0;
    r_control_reg[RESET_TX_BIT] <= 1'b0;

    if(rx_full == 1'b1)
    begin
        r_overflow <= 1'b1;
    end

    r_up_ack <= up_rreq;

    //read request
    if(up_rreq == 1'b1)
    begin
        case(up_raddr[3:0])
            RX_FIFO_REG: begin
                r_up_rdata <= rx_rdata & {{(BUS_WIDTH*8-
                    ↪ DATA_BITS){1'b0}}, {DATA_BITS{1'b1}}}};
            end
            STATUS_REG: begin
                r_up_rdata <= {{(BUS_WIDTH*8-8){1'b0}},
                    ↪ s_parity_err, s_frame_err, r_overflow,
                    ↪ r_irq_en, tx_full, tx_empty, rx_full,
                    ↪ rx_valid};
                r_overflow <= 1'b0;
            end
            default: begin
                r_up_rdata <= 0;
            end
        endcase
    end

    r_up_wack <= up_wreq;

```

```

//write request
if(up_wreq == 1'b1)
begin
    case(up_waddr[3:0])
        TX_FIFO_REG: begin
            r_tx_wdata <= up_wdata;
            r_tx_wen <= 1'b1;
        end
        CONTROL_REG: begin
            r_control_reg <= up_wdata;
        end
        default: begin
        end
    endcase
end
end
end

//up control register processing and fifo reset
always @(posedge clk)
begin
    if(rstn == 1'b0) Classic
    begin
        r_rstn_rx_delay <= ~0;
        r_rstn_tx_delay <= ~0;
        r_irq_en <= 1'b0;
    end else begin
        r_rstn_rx_delay <= {1'b1, r_rstn_rx_delay[
            ↪ FIFO_DEPTH-1:1]};
        r_rstn_tx_delay <= {1'b1, r_rstn_tx_delay[
            ↪ FIFO_DEPTH-1:1]};

        if(r_control_reg[RESET_RX_BIT])
        begin
            r_rstn_rx_delay <= {FIFO_DEPTH{1'b0}};
        end

        if(r_control_reg[RESET_TX_BIT])
        begin
            r_rstn_tx_delay <= {FIFO_DEPTH{1'b0}};
        end

        if(r_control_reg[ENABLE_INTR_BIT] != r_irq_en)
            r_irq_en <= r_control_reg[ENABLE_INTR_BIT];
        end
    end
end

```

end

2 Architecture

The only module is the `up_wishbone_standard` module. It is listed below.

- **up_wishbone_standard** Convert Wishbone Standard to the Analog Devices uP BUS. (see core for documentation).

This core has two generate blocks, and two always blocks. They are listed below.

generate:

1. Part Select Write generates uP signals that have the non-selected elements blanked out with zeros.
2. Part Select Read generates Wishbone Standard signals that have non-selected elements blanked out with zeros.

Please see 5 for more information.

3 Building

The Wishbone Standard core is written in Verilog 2001. They should synthesize in any modern FPGA software. The core comes as a fusesoc packaged core and can be included in any other core. Be sure to make sure you have met the dependencies listed in the previous section.

3.1 fusesoc

Fusesoc is a system for building FPGA software without relying on the internal project management of the tool. Avoiding vendor lock in to Vivado or Quartus. These cores, when included in a project, can be easily integrated and targets created based upon the end developer needs. The core by itself is not a part of a system and should be integrated into a fusesoc based system. Simulations are setup to use fusesoc and are a part of its targets.

3.2 Source Files

3.2.1 fusesoc_info File List

- `src`

- src/up_wishbone_standard.v
- tb
 - tb/tb_wishbone_slave.v
- tb_cocotb
 - 'tb/tb_cocotb.py': 'file_type': 'user', 'copyto': '.'
 - 'tb/tb_cocotb.v': 'file_type': 'verilogSource'

3.3 Targets

3.3.1 fusesoc_info Targets

- default

Info: Default for IP intergration.
- sim

Info: Base simulation using icarus as default.
- sim_cocotb

Info: Cocotb unit tests

3.4 Directory Guide

Below highlights important folders from the root of the directory.

1. **docs** Contains all documentation related to this project.
 - **manual** Contains user manual and github page that are generated from the latex sources.
 - **specs** Contains specifications for the bus.
2. **src** Contains source files for the core
3. **tb** Contains test bench files for iverilog and cocotb
 - **cocotb** testbench files

4 Simulation

There are a few different simulations that can be run for this core.

4.1 iverilog

iverilog is used for simple test benches for quick verification, visually, of the core.

4.2 cocotb

To use the cocotb tests you must install the following python libraries.

```
$ pip install cocotb
$ pip install cocotbext-up
$ pip install cocotbext-wishbone
```

Each module has a cocotb based simulation. These use the cocotb extensions Wishbone and uP. To install these locally use the following.cocotb

```
$ pip install —breaksystem-packages -e .
```

- **sim_cocotb** Standard simulation Wishbone to uP conversion using cocotbexts.

Then you must use the cocotb sim target. The targets above can be run with various parameters.

```
$ fusesoc run —target sim_cocotb AFRL:bus:
  ↪ up_wishbone_standard:1.0.0
```


5 Module Documentation

- **up_wishbone_standard** Wishbone to uP converter
- **tb_wishbone_standard-v** Verilog test bench
- **tb_cocotb-py** Cocotb python test routines
- **tb_cocotb-v** Cocotb verilog test bench

The next sections document the module in detail.

up_wishbone_classic.v

AUTHORS

JAY CONVERTINO

DATES

2024/03/01

INFORMATION

Brief

Wishbone Classic slave to uP interface

License MIT

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up_wishbone_standard

```
module up_wishbone_standard #(
    parameter
    ADDRESS_WIDTH
    =
    16,
    parameter
    BUS_WIDTH
    =
    4
) ( input clk, input rst, input s_wb_cyc, input s_wb_stb, input s_wb_we, in
```

Wishbone Classic Standard slave to uP

Parameters

ADDRESS_WIDTH <small>parameter</small>	Width of the Wishbone address port in bits.
BUS_WIDTH <small>parameter</small>	Width of the Wishbone bus data port in bytes.

Ports

clk	Clock
rst	Positive reset
s_wb_cyc	Bus Cycle in process
s_wb_stb	Valid data transfer cycle
s_wb_we	Active High write, low read
s_wb_addr	Bus address
s_wb_data_i	Input data
s_wb_sel	Device Select
s_wb_ack	Bus transaction terminated
s_wb_data_o	Output data
s_wb_err	Active high when a bus error is present
up_rreq	uP bus read request
up_rack	uP bus read ack
up_raddr	uP bus read address
up_rdata	uP bus read data
up_wreq	uP bus write request
up_wack	uP bus write ack
up_waddr	uP bus write address
up_wdata	uP bus write data

VARIABLES

valid

```
assign valid = s_wb_cyc & s_wb_stb & ~r_rst[0]
```

Indicate valid request from wishbone.

up_rreq

```
assign up_rreq = ~s_wb_we & valid & r_req
```

Convert wishbone read requests to up requests

up_wreq

```
assign up_wreq = s_wb_we & valid & r_req
```

Convert wishbone write requests to up requests

s_wb_err

```
assign s_wb_err = r_err
```

check for errors

up_raddr

```
assign up_raddr = (
    s_wb_addr[ADDRESS_WIDTH-1:shift]      ~s_wb_we & ~r_rst[0] ?
    :
    0
)
```

assign address to read address port if selected

up_waddr

```
assign up_waddr = (
    s_wb_addr[ADDRESS_WIDTH-1:shift]      s_wb_we & ~r_rst[0] ?
    :
    0
)
```

assign address to write address port if selected

up_ack

```
assign up_ack = (
    up_rack |
    up_wack
)
```

ack is ack for both, or them so either may pass

s_wb_ack

```
assign s_wb_ack = up_ack
```

combined uP ack is wishbone ack.

tb_wishbone_slave.v

AUTHORS

JAY CONVERTINO

DATES

2021/06/23

INFORMATION

Brief

Test bench for wishbone classic slave

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tb_wishbone_slave

```
module tb_wishbone_slave ()
```

Test bench for apb3 slave. simple write and then read.

INSTANTIATED MODULES

dut

```
up_wishbone_standard #(
```

```
ADDRESS_WIDTH(16),  
BUS_WIDTH(4)  
) dut ( .clk(tb_data_clk), .rst(tb_rst), .s_wb_cyc(r_wb_cyc), .s_wb_stb(r_wb_stb),
```

Device under test, up_wishbone_standard to uP

tb_cocotb.py

AUTHORS

JAY CONVERTINO

DATES

2025/03/04

INFORMATION

Brief

Cocotb test bench

License MIT

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FUNCTIONS

random_bool

```
def random_bool()
```

Return a infinite cycle of random bools

Returns: List

start_clock

```
def start_clock(  
    dut  
)
```

Start the simulation clock generator.

Parameters

dut Device under test passed from cocotb test function

reset_dut

```
async def reset_dut(  
    dut  
)
```

Cocotb coroutine for resets, used with await to make sure system is reset.

increment test

Coroutine that is identified as a test routine. Write data, on one clock edge, read on the next.

Parameters

dut Device under test passed from cocotb.

increment test stream

Coroutine that is identified as a test routine. Write data, in a stream to registers, then read back stream.

Parameters

dut Device under test passed from cocotb.

in_reset

```
@cocotb.test()  
async def in_reset(  
    dut  
)
```

Coroutine that is identified as a test routine. This routine tests if device stays in unready state when in reset.

Parameters

dut Device under test passed from cocotb.

no_clock

```
@cocotb.test()  
async def no_clock(  
    dut  
)
```

Coroutine that is identified as a test routine. This routine tests if no ready when clock is lost and device is left in reset.

Parameters

dut Device under test passed from cocotb.

tb_cocotb.v

AUTHORS

JAY CONVERTINO

DATES

2025/04/01

INFORMATION

Brief

Test bench wrapper for cocotb

License MIT

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tb_cocotb

```
module tb_cocotb #(
  parameter
    ADDRESS_WIDTH
    =
    16,
  parameter
    BUS_WIDTH
    =
    4
) ( input clk, input rst, output rstn, input s_wb_cyc, input s_wb_stb, input
```

Wishbone Classic slave to uP up_wishbone_classic DUT

Parameters

ADDRESS_WIDTH parameter	Width of the Wishbone address port in bits.
BUS_WIDTH parameter	Width of the Wishbone bus data port in bytes.

Ports

clk	Clock
rst	Positive reset
s_wb_cyc	Bus Cycle in process
s_wb_stb	Valid data transfer cycle
s_wb_we	Active High write, low read
s_wb_addr	Bus address
s_wb_data_i	Input data
s_wb_sel	Device Select
s_wb_ack	Bus transaction terminated
s_wb_data_o	Output data
s_wb_err	Active high when a bus error is present
up_rreq	uP bus read request
up_rack	uP bus read ack
up_raddr	uP bus read address
up_rdata	uP bus read data
up_wreq	uP bus write request
up_wack	uP bus write ack
up_waddr	uP bus write address
up_wdata	uP bus write data

INSTANTIATED MODULES

dut

```
up_wishbone_standard #(
    ADDRESS_WIDTH(ADDRESS_WIDTH),
    BUS_WIDTH(BUS_WIDTH)
) dut ( .clk(clk), .rst(rst), .s_wb_cyc(s_wb_cyc), .s_wb_stb(s_wb_stb), .s_wb_we(s_wb_we), .s_wb_addr(s_wb_addr), .s_wb_data_i(s_wb_data_i), .s_wb_data_o(s_wb_data_o), .s_wb_err(s_wb_err), .up_rreq(up_rreq), .up_rack(up_rack), .up_raddr(up_raddr), .up_rdata(up_rdata), .up_wreq(up_wreq), .up_wack(up_wack), .up_waddr(up_waddr), .up_wdata(up_wdata) );
```

Device under test, up_wishbone_standard