

# ECE551 - Homework 7

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## 1 Truncation as Filter Approximation

(a) Let  $\psi = \{\varphi_k\}$  be the basis of  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{Z}}$

$$h_d \in \mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{Z}} \Rightarrow h_d = \sum_{\varphi_k \in \psi} \alpha_k \varphi_k$$

Since  $I \subset \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\mathbb{C}^I \subset \mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{Z}}$ , where  $\mathbb{C}^I = \text{span}\{\phi^I\}$ ,  $\phi^I \subset \phi$ .

$$\begin{aligned} T_I h_d &= \sum_{\varphi_k \in \psi} w[k] \alpha_k \varphi_k \\ &= \sum_{\varphi_k \in \psi^I} 1 \cdot \alpha_k \varphi_k + \sum_{\varphi_k \in \psi / \psi^I} 0 \cdot \alpha_k \varphi_k \\ &= \sum_{\varphi_k \in \psi^I} \alpha_k \varphi_k \in \text{span}\{\psi^I\} = \mathbb{C}^I \\ \Rightarrow T_I h_d - h_d &= \sum_{\varphi_k \in \psi / \psi^I} \alpha_k \varphi_k \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \langle T_I h_d - h_d, T_I h_d \rangle = 0 \Rightarrow T_I h_d - h_d \perp T_I h_d$$

By orthogonality principal,  $T_I h_d$  is the least square approximation of  $h_d$  on  $\ell_2(I)$ .

(b)  $\forall z \in \mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{Z}}$ , we have

$$\begin{aligned} T_I z &= \sum_{\varphi_k \in \psi} \beta_k \varphi_k \perp T_I h_d - h_d = \sum_{\varphi_k \in \psi / \psi^I} \alpha_k \varphi_k \\ \Rightarrow \langle T_I z, T_I h_d - h_d \rangle &= 0, \forall z \in \mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{Z}} \end{aligned}$$

Hence,  $T_I$  is an orthogonal projection.

(c) For  $I = \{0, \dots, 4\}$ ,

$$T_I h_d = [\dots \quad 0 \quad \text{sinc}0 \quad \text{sinc}\frac{\pi}{3} \quad \text{sinc}\frac{2\pi}{3} \quad \text{sinc}1 \quad \text{sinc}\frac{4\pi}{3} \quad 0 \quad \dots]^\top$$

(d) We can choose  $I$  as  $\{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$ , so  $T_I h_d$  is

$$T_I h_d = [\dots \quad 0 \quad -\text{sinc}\frac{2\pi}{3} \quad -\text{sinc}\frac{\pi}{3} \quad \text{sinc}0 \quad \text{sinc}\frac{\pi}{3} \quad \text{sinc}\frac{2\pi}{3} \quad 0 \quad \dots]^\top$$

## 2 Lagrange Interpolation

(a)

(b)

## 3 Polynomial Spaces with Orthogonality

(a)

(b)

(c)

## 4 Polynomial Spaces vs. Spline Spaces

(a) Figure 1 shows the graph of  $s_0, s_1 \in U$

(b)

(c)

## 5 Interpolation with Shifted Symmetric Functions

(a)

(b)

(c)

## 6 Python: Interpolation Games

$N = 5$

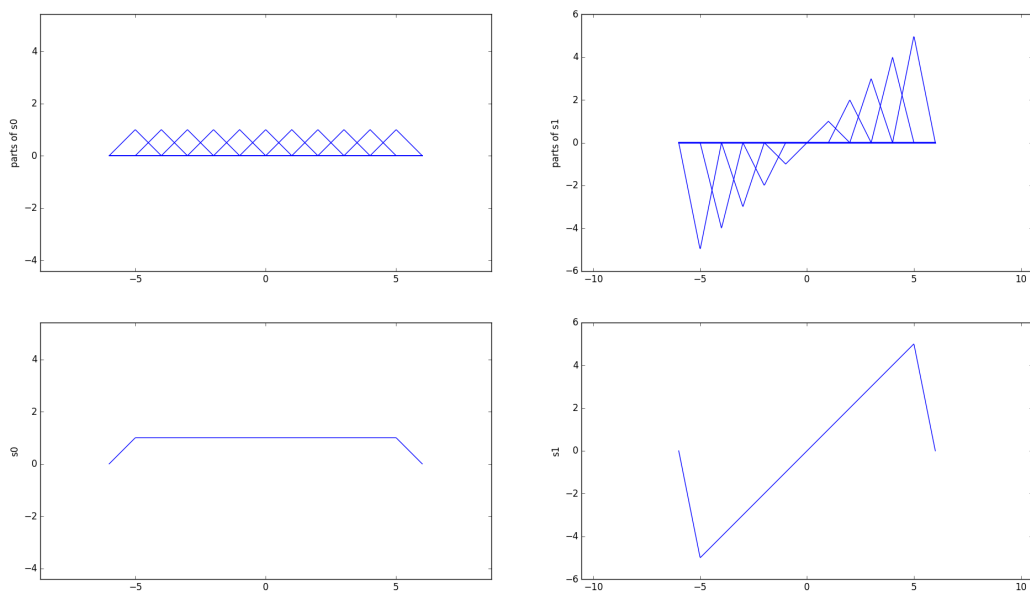


Figure 1:  $s_0$  and  $s_1$  with  $N = 5$