

DEPLOYMENT ON FLASK

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SUBMITTED TO - DATA GLACIER

DATA INFORMATION

The Iris dataset was used in R.A. Fisher's classic 1936 paper, The Use of Multiple Measurements in Taxonomic Problems, and can also be found on the UCI Machine Learning Repository.

It includes three iris species with 50 samples each as well as some properties about each flower. One flower species is linearly separable from the other two, but the other two are not linearly separable from each other.

ld	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	Iris-setosa
7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	Iris-setosa
8	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
9	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
10	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	Iris-setosa

INDEX.HTML

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
 5 <meta charset="UTF-8">
         <title>ML API</title>
         <link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Pacifico' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
 8 <link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Arimo' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
 9 9 link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Hind:300' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 <l>10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 <l>10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 <l>10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 <l
15 <div class="login">
         <h1>Flower Class Prediction</h1>
              <!-- Main Input For Receiving Query to our ML -->
             <form action="{{ url_for('predict')}}"method="post">
                <input type="text" name="Sepal_Length" placeholder="Sepal_Length" required="required" />
                    <input type="text" name="Sepal_Width" placeholder="Sepal_Width" required="required" />
              <input type="text" name="Petal Length" placeholder="Petal Length" required="required" />
              <input type="text" name="Petal_Width" placeholder="Petal_Width" required="required" />
                    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary btn-block btn-large">Predict</button>
            {{ prediction_text }}
```

BUILD MODEL

- import libraries
- load dataset
- select independent and dependent variables
- split the dataset
- feature scaling
- instantiate model
- fit model
- create pickle file

```
1 # import libraries
   import pickle
3 import pandas as pd
   from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
   from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
8 # load the dataset
9 df = pd.read_csv("Iris.csv")
10 # print(df)
12 # select independent and dependent variables
13 X = df[["SepalLengthCm", "SepalWidthCm", "PetalLengthCm", "PetalWidthCm"]]
14 y = df["Species"]
17 # split the dataset
18 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
        X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
22 sc = StandardScaler()
23 X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
   X_test = sc.fit_transform(X_test)
26 # instantiate model
27 classifier = RandomForestClassifier()
29 # fit model
   classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
33 # create pickle file
34 pickle.dump(classifier, open("model.pkl", "wb"))
```

CREATE APP

- create flask app
- load pickle model

```
2 import pickle
 3 import numpy as np
 4 from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, render_template
 6 # create flask app
 7 app = Flask(__name__)
10 model = pickle.load(open("model.pkl", "rb"))
12 @app.route("/")
13 def Home():
        return render_template("index.html")
16 @app.route("/predict", methods = ["POST"])
17 def predict():
        float_features = [float(x) for x in request.form.values()]
        features = [np.array(float_features)]
       prediction = model.predict(features)
        return render_template("index.html", prediction_text = "The flower species is {}".format(prediction))
24 if __name__ == "__main__":
        app.run(debug=True)
```

WEB APP

