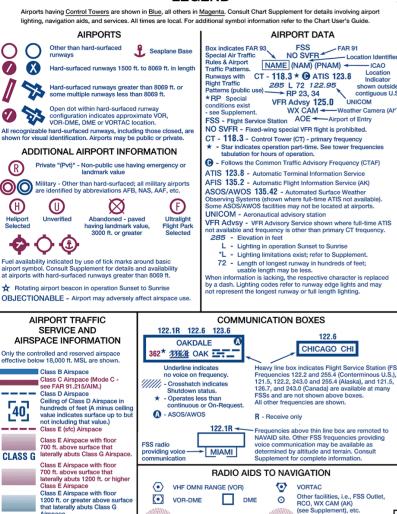
LEGEND

lighting, navigation aids, and services. All times are local. For additional symbol information refer to the Chart User's Guide.



Non-Directional Radio Beacon (NDB)

1000 ft and higher AGL

below 1000 ft AGL (above 299 ft AGL in urban area)

个

G - Glider Operations

2400 MSL Differentiates floors of Class E Airspace greater than 700 ft. above surface.

Class E Airspace exists at 1200' AGL unless otherwise designated as shown above.

Class E Airspace low altitude Federal Airways and RNAV 2 Routes are indicated by center line

Intersection - Arrows are directed towards facilities which establish intersection.

(Helicopter RNAV
Only) Waypoint
Prohibited, Restricted,
and Warning Areas;
Canadian Advisory, Danger
and Restricted Areas
"Alert Area and Military
Operations Area (MOA)

*Alert Areas do not extend into Cla

and D airspace, or Class E airport surface

Area
ADIZ - Air Defense
Identification Zone
MODE C
(See FAR 91.215/AIM.)

TR211 MTR - Military Training Route

Terminal Radar Service

V 69

169

Special Airport Traffic Area (See FAR 93 for details.) National Defense Airspace Temporary Flight Restrictio

National Security Area

RNAV

1320→

Total mileage between—>
NAVAIDs on direct Airways

T 319 TK 313

CAUTION: This chart is primarily designed for VFR navigational purposes and does not purport to indicate the presence of all power transmission and telecommunication lines, terrain or obstacles which may be encountered below reasonable and safe altitudes.

REGULATIONS REGARDING FLIGHTS OVER CHARTED NATIONAL PARK SERVICE AREAS, U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE AREAS, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT AREAS AND U.S. FOREST SERVICE AREAS

U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE AREAS, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT AREAS AND U.S. FOREST SERVICE AREAS.

The landing of aircraft is prohibited on lands or waters administered by the National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Bureau of Land Management or U.S. Forest Service thereafter referred to as Agency/Agencies without authorization from the respective agency. Exceptions include: 1) when forced to land due to an emergency beyond the control of the operator, 2) at officially designated landing sites, or 3) on approved official business of the Federal Government. All aircraft are requested to maintain a minimum altitude of 2.000 feet above the surface of the following:
National Parks, Monuments, Seashores, Lakeshores, Recreation Areas, Scenic Riverways, Wildlife Refuges, Big Game Ranges, Kollidife Ranges, Conservation Areas, Wild and Seonic Rivers, Wilderness Areas and Primitive Areas administered by the Agencies. FAA Advisory Circular (AC) 91-36, "Visual Flight Rules (VFR) Flight Near Noise-Sensitive Areas," defines the surface as: the highest terrain within 2,000 feet laterally of the route of flight, or the upper-most rim of a carryon or valley. Federal regulations also prohibit airdrops by parachute or other means of persons, cargo, or objects from aircraft on lands administered by the four agencies without authorization from the respective agency. Exceptions include: 1) emergencies involving the safety of human life, or 2) threat of serious property loss.

• • • • • • Boundary of Agency Areas

CAUTION: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) may be approved to operate above critical infrastructure including obstacles and linear features such as high-voltage powerlines _ and railroads Check NOTAMs and see AIM for details.

Boundary of NOAA Regulated National Marine Sanctuary
Designated Areas (see http://sanctuaries.noaa.gov/flight)

Flight Following Services are available on request and highly recommended in and around Class B, C, and TRSA areas.

NORTH AMERICAN AEROSPACE DEFENSE COMMAND (NORAD) PROCEDURES All aircraft operating in the U.S. national airspace, if capable, will maintain a listening watch on guard frequencies VHF 121.5 or UHF 243.0. It is incumbent upon all aviators to know and understand their responsibilities if intercepted. Review "AIM" section 5-6-13 for intercept procedures. Additionally, if U.S. military fighter jets intercept an aircraft and flares are dispensed in the area of that aircraft, aviators will pay strict attention, contact air traffic control immediately on the local frequency or on VHF guard 121.5 or UHF 243.0 and follow the interceptor visual ICAO signals. Be advised that non-compliance may result in the use of force.

— SPECIAL MILITARY ACTIVITY

The chart identifies IFR Military Training Routes and Military Operations Area within which the Department of Defense conducts periodic operations involving Unmanned Aircraft Systems. These aircraft may be accompanied by military or other aircraft which provide the pilots of the Unmanned Aircraft Systems visual observation information about other aircraft operations near them. Status of these routes and areas may be obtained by contacting the FAA/DoD facility on designated frequencies along the routes and as depicted on this chart. The lateral limits of these specified routes are shown by the Special Use Airspace symbol. Altitudes for these route segments are also shown.

Features normally used as checkpoints for controlling VFR traffic are emphasized on this series of charts so they may be readily identified.

> **POWER PLANT** Example:

The name shown is that used by the controlling personnel and is not necessarily the official name of the feature.

- MILITARY TRAINING ROUTES (MTRs) All IR and VR MTRs are shown, and may extend from the surface upwards. Only the route centerline, direction of flight along the route, and the route designator are depicted - route widths and altitudes are not shown. DoD users refer to Area Planning AP/1B Military Training Routes North and

20 AGL

South America for current routes.

- Ceiling of MTR in hundreds of feet MSL 20 AGL — Floor of MTR in hundreds of feet AGL

O

OBSTRUCTIONS

Group Obstruction

Obstruction with

NDB - DME

Wind Turbine

Elevation of the

Height above ground-

reported: position and

Under construction or

elevation unverified

(2894' UC 1

(1149)

top above mean sea level 2049

- Location Identifier

Location Indicator