# Chapter 6: ASP.NET 9 Web API Unit Testing with xUnit

#### 6.1 Introduction

Unit testing and integration testing are essential practices for ensuring the reliability, maintainability, and correctness of your ASP.NET Core Web APIs. In this chapter, we focus on using xUnit along with the WebApplicationFactory and an in-memory database provider to build a comprehensive test suite for a sample TodoApi application.

#### Key objectives:

- Set up test projects for unit and integration tests.
- Write tests covering all CRUD operations and validation rules.
- Verify HTTP status codes, response content, and error scenarios.
- Utilize best practices such as the Arrange-Act-Assert (AAA) pattern.

### 6.2 Setting Up Test Projects

To begin, create a new test project alongside your Web API project:

```
cd src/TodoApi
dotnet new xunit -n TodoApi.Tests
cd TodoApi.Tests
dotnet add reference ../TodoApi/TodoApi.csproj
dotnet add package Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.Testing
dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.InMemory
```

#### This sets up:

- xUnit for the test framework.
- Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.Testing for WebApplicationFactory<TEntryPoint>.
- Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.InMemory for the in-memory database provider.

### 6.3 Configuring the In-Memory Database

In your test project, create a custom factory to configure the in-memory database:

```
public class CustomWebApplicationFactory<TStartup> : WebApplicationFactory<TStartup> : WebApplicationFa
```

```
builder.ConfigureServices(services =>
    {
        // Remove the existing DbContext registration
        var descriptor = services.Single(
            d => d.ServiceType == typeof(DbContextOptions<TodoContext>));
        services.Remove(descriptor);
        // Add a new DbContext using InMemory provider
        services.AddDbContext<TodoContext>(options =>
            options.UseInMemoryDatabase("InMemoryTodoTest");
        });
        // Ensure database is created
        var sp = services.BuildServiceProvider();
        using var scope = sp.CreateScope();
        var db = scope.ServiceProvider.GetRequiredService<TodoContext>();
        db.Database.EnsureCreated();
    });
}
```

#### This factory:

- Removes the production DbContext registration.
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- Ensures the database is created and clean before tests run.

### **6.4 Writing Tests in** TodoApiTests.cs

Create TodoApiTests.cs in the TodoApi.Tests project. We'll cover:

- Create Todo (with validation)
- Get All Todos
- Get Todo by ID
- Update Todo
- Delete Todo
- Validation rules (empty title, max length)

```
[Fact]
public async Task CreateTodo_EmptyTitle_ReturnsBadRequest()
{
    // Arrange
    var newTodo = new { Title = "", IsComplete = false };

    // Act
    var response = await _client.PostAsJsonAsync("/api/todos", newTodo);

    // Assert
    response.StatusCode.Should().Be(HttpStatusCode.BadRequest);
}

[Fact]
public async Task GetAllTodos_ReturnsList()
{
    // Arrange
    await SeedTodo("Seed1");
    await SeedTodo("Seed2");
```

```
// Act
    var response = await client.GetAsync("/api/todos");
    var todos = await response.Content.ReadFromJsonAsync<List<TodoItem>>()
    // Assert
    response.StatusCode.Should().Be(HttpStatusCode.OK);
   todos.Should().HaveCountGreaterOrEqualTo(2);
}
[Fact]
public async Task GetTodoById ReturnsCorrectTodo()
   // Arrange
   var seeded = await SeedTodo("ByIdTest");
   // Act
    var response = await client.GetAsync($"/api/todos/{seeded.Id}");
   var todo = await response.Content.ReadFromJsonAsync<TodoItem>();
   // Assert
    response.StatusCode.Should().Be(HttpStatusCode.OK);
   todo.Title.Should().Be(seeded.Title);
}
[Fact]
public async Task UpdateTodo ReturnsNoContent()
   // Arrange
   var seeded = await SeedTodo("ToUpdate");
   var update = new { Id = seeded.Id, Title = "Updated", IsComplete = true
   // Act
    var response = await client.PutAsJsonAsync($"/api/todos/{seeded.Id}",
    // Assert
    response.StatusCode.Should().Be(HttpStatusCode.NoContent);
   // Verify update
   var get = await _client.GetAsync($"/api/todos/{seeded.Id}");
    var todo = await get.Content.ReadFromJsonAsync<TodoItem>();
    todo.Title.Should().Be("Updated");
    todo.IsComplete.Should().BeTrue();
```

```
[Fact]
public async Task DeleteTodo ReturnsNoContent()
    // Arrange
   var seeded = await SeedTodo("ToDelete");
   // Act
    var response = await client.DeleteAsync($"/api/todos/{seeded.Id}");
    // Assert
    response.StatusCode.Should().Be(HttpStatusCode.NoContent);
    var get = await client.GetAsync($"/api/todos/{seeded.Id}");
   get.StatusCode.Should().Be(HttpStatusCode.NotFound);
}
// Helper method to seed a todo
private async Task<TodoItem> SeedTodo(string title)
    var todo = new TodoItem { Title = title, IsComplete = false };
    var response = await _client.PostAsJsonAsync("/api/todos", todo);
    return await response.Content.ReadFromJsonAsync<TodoItem>();
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```

#### Notes on the test suite:

- Uses WebApplicationFactory<Program> for integration testing with real request/response flows
- Employs an in-memory database to isolate tests and ensure a fresh state.
- Arrange-Act-Assert (AAA) pattern is followed in each test.
- Validates both **successful** and **error** scenarios, including HTTP status codes and response content

## 6.5 Running the Tests

Execute the tests via the .NET CLI:

```
dotnet test TodoApi.Tests
```

Test output should show all tests passing, confirming that CRUD operations and validation rules are correctly enforced by the API.

### 6.6 Summary

In this chapter, we covered how to:

- Configure xUnit test projects for an ASP.NET Core 9 Web API.
- Use WebApplicationFactory and an in-memory database for reliable integration testing.
- Write comprehensive tests covering all CRUD operations and validation rules.
- Follow best practices like AAA, clean database state, and status code verification.

With this setup, you can confidently evolve your API, knowing that tests guard against regressions and ensure expected behavior.