

## **Display cluster connections**

ONTAP 9

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## **Display cluster connections**

You can display all the active connections in the cluster or a count of active connections on the node by client, logical interface, protocol, or service. You can also display all the listening connections in the cluster.

## Display active connections by client (cluster administrators only)

You can view the active connections by client to verify the node that a specific client is using and to view possible imbalances between client counts per node.

#### About this task

The count of active connections by client is useful in the following scenarios:

- · Finding a busy or overloaded node.
- · Determining why a particular client's access to a volume is slow.

You can view details about the node that the client is accessing and then compare it with the node on which the volume resides. If accessing the volume requires traversing the cluster network, clients might experience decreased performance because of the remote access to the volume on an oversubscribed remote node.

- Verifying that all nodes are being used equally for data access.
- Finding clients that have an unexpectedly high number of connections.
- · Verifying whether certain clients have connections to a node.

#### Step

Display a count of the active connections by client on a node by using the network connections active show-clients command.

For more information about this command, see the man page: ONTAP 9 commands

Node	Vserver Name	Client IP Address	Count
node0	vs0	192.0.2.253	1
	vs0	192.0.2.252	2
	Cluster	192.10.2.124	5
node1	vs0	192.0.2.250	1
	vs0	192.0.2.252	3
	Cluster	192.10.2.123	4
node2	vs1	customer.example.com	1
	vs1	192.0.2.245	3
	Cluster	192.10.2.122	4
node3	vs1	customer.example.org	1
	vs1	customer.example.net	3
	Cluster	192.10.2.121	4

# Display active connections by protocol (cluster administrators only)

You can display a count of the active connections by protocol (TCP or UDP) on a node to compare the usage of protocols within the cluster.

#### About this task

The count of active connections by protocol is useful in the following scenarios:

• Finding the UDP clients that are losing their connection.

If a node is near its connection limit, UDP clients are the first to be dropped.

· Verifying that no other protocols are being used.

#### Step

Display a count of the active connections by protocol on a node by using the network connections active show-protocols command.

For more information about this command, see the man page.

Node	Vserver Name	Protocol	Count
node0			
	vs0	UDP	19
	Cluster	TCP	11
node1			
	vs0	UDP	17
	Cluster	TCP	8
node2			
	vs1	UDP	14
	Cluster	TCP	10
node3			
	vs1	UDP	18
	Cluster	TCP	4

# Display active connections by service (cluster administrators only)

You can display a count of the active connections by service type (for example, by NFS, SMB, mount, and so on) for each node in a cluster. This is useful to compare the usage of services within the cluster, which helps to determine the primary workload of a node.

#### About this task

The count of active connections by service is useful in the following scenarios:

- Verifying that all nodes are being used for the appropriate services and that the load balancing for that service is working.
- Verifying that no other services are being used. Display a count of the active connections by service on a node by using the network connections active show-services command.

For more information about this command, see the man page: ONTAP 9 commands

Node	Vserver Name	Service	Count
node0			
	vs0	mount	3
	vs0	nfs	14
	vs0	nlm_v4	4
	vs0	cifs_srv	3
	vs0	port_map	18
	vs0	rclopcp	27
	Cluster	ctlopcp	60
node1			
	vs0	cifs_srv	3
	vs0	rclopcp	16
	Cluster	ctlopcp	60
node2			
	vs1	rclopcp	13
	Cluster	ctlopcp	60
node3			
	vs1	cifs_srv	1
	vs1	rclopcp	17
	Cluster	ctlopcp	60

### Display active connections by LIF on a node and SVM

You can display a count of active connections for each LIF, by node and storage virtual machine (SVM), to view connection imbalances between LIFs within the cluster.

#### About this task

The count of active connections by LIF is useful in the following scenarios:

- Finding an overloaded LIF by comparing the number of connections on each LIF.
- Verifying that DNS load balancing is working for all data LIFs.
- Comparing the number of connections to the various SVMs to find the SVMs that are used the most.

#### Step

Display a count of active connections for each LIF by SVM and node by using the network connections active show-lifs command.

For more information about this command, see the man page: ONTAP 9 commands

Node	Vserver Name	Interface Name	Count
node0			
	vs0	datalif1	3
	Cluster	node0_clus_1	6
	Cluster	node0_clus_2	5
node1			
	vs0	datalif2	3
	Cluster	node1_clus_1	3
	Cluster	node1_clus_2	5
node2			
	vs1	datalif2	1
	Cluster	node2_clus_1	5
	Cluster	node2_clus_2	3
node3			
	vs1	datalif1	1
	Cluster	node3_clus_1	2
	Cluster	node3_clus_2	2

### Display active connections in a cluster

You can display information about the active connections in a cluster to view the LIF, port, remote host, service, storage virtual machines (SVMs), and protocol used by individual connections.

#### About this task

Viewing the active connections in a cluster is useful in the following scenarios:

- Verifying that individual clients are using the correct protocol and service on the correct node.
- If a client is having trouble accessing data using a certain combination of node, protocol, and service, you can use this command to find a similar client for configuration or packet trace comparison.

#### Step

Display the active connections in a cluster by using the network connections active show command.

For more information about this command, see the man page: ONTAP 9 commands

The following command shows the active connections on the node node1:

```
network connections active show -node node1
Vserver Interface
                        Remote
Name Name:Local Port
                       Host:Port
                                           Protocol/Service
______
                                           _____
Node: node1
Cluster node1 clus 1:50297 192.0.2.253:7700
                                           TCP/ctlopcp
Cluster node1 clus 1:13387 192.0.2.253:7700
                                           TCP/ctlopcp
Cluster nodel clus 1:8340 192.0.2.252:7700
                                           TCP/ctlopcp
Cluster node1 clus 1:42766 192.0.2.252:7700
                                           TCP/ctlopcp
Cluster node1 clus 1:36119 192.0.2.250:7700
                                           TCP/ctlopcp
                         host1.aa.com:10741 UDP/port-map
vs1 data1:111
       data2:111
                         host1.aa.com:10741 UDP/port-map
vs3
vs1
      data1:111
                         host1.aa.com:12017 UDP/port-map
       data2:111
                         host1.aa.com:12017 UDP/port-map
vs3
```

The following command shows the active connections on SVM vs1:

```
network connections active show -vserver vs1

Vserver Interface Remote

Name Name:Local Port Host:Port Protocol/Service

Node: node1

vs1 data1:111 host1.aa.com:10741 UDP/port-map

vs1 data1:111 host1.aa.com:12017 UDP/port-map
```

### Display listening connections in a cluster

You can display information about the listening connections in a cluster to view the LIFs and ports that are accepting connections for a given protocol and service.

#### About this task

Viewing the listening connections in a cluster is useful in the following scenarios:

- Verifying that the desired protocol or service is listening on a LIF if client connections to that LIF fail consistently.
- Verifying that a UDP/rclopcp listener is opened at each cluster LIF if remote data access to a volume on one node through a LIF on another node fails.
- Verifying that a UDP/rclopcp listener is opened at each cluster LIF if SnapMirror transfers between two nodes in the same cluster fail.
- Verifying that a TCP/ctlopcp listener is opened at each intercluster LIF if SnapMirror transfers between two nodes in different clusters fail.

#### Step

Display the listening connections per node by using the network connections listening show command.

server Name	Interface Name:Local Port	Protocol/Service
	Interface Name. Botal For	11000001, BC1 v100
ode: node0		
luster	node0_clus_1:7700	TCP/ctlopcp
51	data1:4049	UDP/unknown
s1	datal:111	TCP/port-map
s1	datal:111	UDP/port-map
51	data1:4046	TCP/sm
s1	data1:4046	UDP/sm
31	data1:4045	TCP/nlm-v4
:1	data1:4045	UDP/nlm-v4
1	data1:2049	TCP/nfs
1	data1:2049	UDP/nfs
:1	data1:635	TCP/mount
1	data1:635	UDP/mount
uster	node0 clus 2:7700	TCP/ctlopcp

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