



Dashboard » Software Engineering » Campus Ho Chi Minh » Introduction to Software Engineering - SWE102 » SWE102-HoangNT » Chapter 2: Software Processes » Quiz

Question **1**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Which of following paradigms are the three most general paradigms of software development ?

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. Waterfall approach
- ☐ b. Iterative development
- ☐ c. Spiral model
- ☐ d. Reuse-oriented software engineering

Question **2**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

What are the four most fundamental activities that are common to all software processes ?

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. Software validation
- ☐ b. Software evolution
- ☐ c. Software design and implementation
- ☐ d. Software specification
- ☐ e. Software deployment
- ☐ f. Software testing

Question **3**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

The spiral model of software development

Select one:

- ☐ a. Ends with the delivery of the software product
- ☐ b. Is more chaotic than the incremental model
- ☐ c. Includes project risks evaluation during each iteration

Question **4**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

What are the four development stages in Reuse-oriented SE ?

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. Prototype development
- ☐ b. Component analysis
- ☐ c. Requirement analysis
- ☐ d. System design with reuse
- ☐ e. Development and integration
- ☐ f. Requirements modification

Question **5**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

What are the four advantages of using incremental development and delivery ?

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. Early increments serve as prototypes to explore requirements
- ☐ b. Reducing the amount of software to be developed and so reducing cost and risks.
- ☐ c. Early delivery of critical functionality to customer
- ☐ d. More extensive testing of critical customer functionality
- ☐ e. Lower risk of overall project failure
- ☐ f. Systems are often have good structures

Question **6**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

What are the 4 sectors in each loop in Boehm's spiral model ?

Select one or more:

- ☒ a. Risk assessment and reduction
- ☒ b. Planning
- ☒ c. Objective setting
- ☐ d. System design
- ☐ e. Specification
- ☒ f. Development and validation

Question **7**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

What are the principal requirements engineering activities ?

Select one or more:

- ☒ a. Requirements elicitation and analysis
- ☒ b. Feasibility study
- ☐ c. Requirement tracing
- ☒ d. Requirement validation
- ☐ e. Requirement capture
- ☒ f. Requirement specification

Question **8**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

The prototyping model of software development is

Select one:

- ☐ a. A risky model that rarely produces a meaningful product
- ☐ b. The best approach to use for projects with large development teams
- ☒ c. A useful approach when a customer cannot define requirements clearly
- ☐ d. A reasonable approach when requirements are well defined

Question **9**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

What are the three important stages in the testing process?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Component (or unit) testing, security testing, acceptant testing
- ☒ b. Component (or unit) testing, integration testing, acceptant testing
- ☐ c. Component (or unit) testing, integration testing, performance testing

Question **10**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

List the 3 fundamental software process frameworks that are used to create specific software processes?

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. Spiral model
- ☒ b. The Waterfall model
- ☒ c. Component – based software engineering
- ☒ d. Incremental development
- ☐ e. Scrum Model



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