Here's a comprehensive **collection and classification** of commands for **setting up**, **debugging**, **and managing** your **Kubernetes cluster**, **TensorFlow deployment**, **HPA**, **and metrics-server**.



# **TensorFlow Deployment & Management**

## **Deploy TensorFlow Model**

#### bash

kubectl apply -f tensorflow-training.yaml

## **Expose TensorFlow as a Service**

#### bash

kubectl apply -f tensorflow-service.yaml

## **Setup Horizontal Pod Autoscaler (HPA)**

#### bash

kubectl autoscale deployment tensorflow-training --min=2 --max=10 --cpu-percent=50

## **Check TensorFlow Pod Status**

#### bash

kubectl get pods -n default | grep tensorflow-training kubectl describe pod -l app=tensorflow-training kubectl logs -l app=tensorflow-training --tail=50

## **Delete & Redeploy TensorFlow**

#### bash

kubectl delete deployment tensorflow-training kubectl apply -f tensorflow-training.yaml kubectl rollout restart deployment tensorflow-training

## **Delete & Recreate HPA**

#### bash

kubectl delete hpa tensorflow-training kubectl autoscale deployment tensorflow-training --min=2 --max=10 --cpu-percent=50

# Metrics-Server Debugging

## **Verify Metrics Availability**

#### bash

kubectl get --raw "/apis/metrics.k8s.io/v1beta1/nodes" kubectl top nodes

## **Restart Metrics-Server**

#### bash

kubectl rollout restart deployment metrics-server -n kube-system kubectl logs -n kube-system deployment/metrics-server --tail=50

## **Check If Kubelet Is Exposing Metrics**

#### bash

NODE\_NAME=<your-node-name> kubectl get --raw /api/v1/nodes/\$NODE\_NAME/proxy/metrics/resource

## **Restart Kubelet**

#### bash

sudo systemctl restart kubelet

## **Check Metrics-Server APIService**

#### bash

kubectl get apiservices | grep metrics

If it's failing, re-register it:

#### bash

kubectl delete apiservice v1beta1.metrics.k8s.io kubectl apply -f https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/metricsserver/releases/latest/download/components.yaml

# X General Debugging Commands

## **Check Running Pods**

## bash

kubectl get pods -A kubectl describe pod <pod-name> kubectl logs <pod-name>

## **Check Services**

## bash

kubectl get svc -A kubectl describe svc tensorflow-service

## **Check HPA Scaling Status**

bash

# Additional Debugging Commands

## **Check Events for Issues**

#### bash

kubectl get events --sort-by='.lastTimestamp'

This helps identify any errors related to pod scheduling, failures, or Kubernetes resource issues.

## **Check Cluster Component Health**

#### bash

kubectl get componentstatuses

This ensures key components like the **API server**, **scheduler**, **and controller-manager** are running properly.

## **Troubleshoot Failed Pods**

## bash

kubectl describe pod <pod-name>
kubectl logs <pod-name>
kubectl logs -l app=tensorflow-training --tail=50

## **Check Kubelet Logs (Node-Specific Issues)**

## bash

journalctl -u kubelet --no-pager | tail -50

This helps detect whether Kubelet is failing to report pod metrics correctly.

## Advanced Metrics Debugging

## **Check APIService Registration for Metrics-Server**

#### bash

kubectl get apiservices | grep metrics kubectl describe apiservice v1beta1.metrics.k8s.io

## **Query Metrics Directly From Kubelet**

## bash

NODE\_NAME=<your-node-name>
kubectl get --raw /api/v1/nodes/\$NODE\_NAME/proxy/metrics/resource

If pod metrics are missing, Kubelet isn't reporting them properly.

## Force Metrics-Server to Refresh

#### bash

kubectl rollout restart deployment metrics-server -n kube-system kubectl logs -n kube-system deployment/metrics-server --tail=50

## TensorFlow Deployment Enhancements

## Scale Up TensorFlow Deployment Manually

#### bash

kubectl scale deployment tensorflow-training --replicas=5

This manually increases the number of TensorFlow pods.

## **Delete Everything Related to TensorFlow**

#### bash

kubectl delete deployment tensorflow-training kubectl delete service tensorflow-service kubectl delete hpa tensorflow-training kubectl delete configmap tensorflow-script

## Then, redeploy everything using:

#### bash

kubectl apply -f tensorflow-deployment.yaml kubectl apply -f tensorflow-service.yaml kubectl create configmap tensorflow-script --from-file=train\_and\_delete.py kubectl autoscale deployment tensorflow-training --min=1 --max=10 --cpu-percent=50



# Security & Resource Optimization

## **Check Resource Limits Across Namespace**

#### bash

kubectl get resourcequotas -A kubectl describe resourcequota <quota-name>

Useful if a pod is failing due to exceeding CPU/memory limits.

## **Check Network Policies (If Any)**

## bash

kubectl get networkpolicy -A kubectl describe networkpolicy <policy-name>