COMP 131 Practice Midterm Exam II 135 points

name:	

1. (5 points) Assume that x and y are variables of type int. Can the following snippet of code ever print not a root vegetable to the terminal window? Why or why not?

```
if (x == y) {
    System.out.println("carrot");
} else if (x < y) {
    System.out.println("potato");
} else if (x > y) {
    System.out.println("rutabaga");
} else {
    System.out.println("not a root vegetable");
}
```

2. (10 points) Suppose that the following method is defined in a class that has three int fields named x, y and z.

```
public int foo() {
    if (x < y) {
        if (y < z) {
            return 1;
        } else {
            return 2;
        }
    } else if (y < z) {
        return 3;
    } else {
        return 4;
    }
}</pre>
```

- (a) How many test cases are required to achieve statement coverage for this method?
- (b) What values should x, y and z be set to for each test case? (Many different combinations of values for the three fields would work for each test case you need only give one of the possibilities for each.)

- 3. (10 points) Recall the DVD and VideoStore classes from the homeworks. Some of the aspects of these classes that are relevant to this problem are:
 - the fields of the VideoStore class are storeName (a String) and dvdList (an ArrayList)
 - the fields of the DVD class are title (a String), rentalLength and nightsOut (both of type int)
 - \bullet the constructor for class DVD sets rental Length using the value of its second parameter, and sets nights Out to 0

Draw an object diagram for the object referred to by variable myStore after the following snippet of code has been executed.

```
VideoStore myStore = new VideoStore("World's Worst Video Store");
DVD glitter = new DVD("Glitter", 1);
DVD ishtar = new DVD("Ishtar", 3);
DVD batEarth = new DVD("Battlefield Earth", 4);
DVD anaconda = new DVD("Anaconda", 2);
DVD gili = new DVD("Gili", 7);
myStore.addDVD(glitter);
myStore.addDVD(ishtar);
myStore.addDVD(batEarth);
myStore.addDVD(anaconda);
myStore.addDVD(gili);
myStore.removeDVD(4);
myStore.removeDVD(0);
myStore.removeDVD(1);
```

4. (40 points) Consider the following definition of class CrewMember, which represents a member of an airline flight crew. This class will be used by the FlightCrew class, which represents an entire flight crew consisting of a pilot, copilot, and navigator.

```
public class CrewMember {
    private String name;
    private double flightHours; // number of flight hours this crew member has logged
    /** create a new crew member with the specified name and no flight hours
      * @param initName the name of the crew member */
    public CrewMember(String initName) {
        name = initName;
        flightHours = 0.0;
    /** return the name of the crew member */
    public String getName() {
        return name;
    /** return the number of flight hours logged for the crew member */
    public double getFlightHours() {
        return flightHours;
    /** increase the number of flight hours for the crew member
      * Oparam increaseBy the number of hours to increase the flight time by */
    public void increaseFlightHours(double increaseBy) {
        flightHours = flightHours + increaseBy;
    }
}
```

Fill in each of the following constructor and method definitions for class FlightCrew according to the given specifications.

}

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```
/** return the total number of flight hours logged by the three crew members */
public double totalFlightHours() {
}
/** return the crew member with the most flight hours. If there is a tie, any of
 * the crew members with the most flight hours could be returned */
public CrewMember getMostExperiencedMember() {
}
/** print the name and number of flight hours for the most experienced member of
 * of the flight crew. For full credit, do NOT repeat the code that you wrote
 * for the getMostExperiencedMember method in this method. */
public void printMostExperiencedMember() {
```

5. (15 points) Consider the following definition of class CarDealership, which tracks the inventory of cars for a car dealer. The constructor is correct, but each method in the class contains at least one error that would prevent the class from compiling, or that could cause the program to crash when it was run. Find one such error in each method, and explain why it is an error. Write your answer for each method next to that method. Assume that the Car class is correctly implemented and is defined in the same BlueJ project as the CarDealership class. Javadoc comments have intentionally been omitted to save space, so do not consider the lack of these comments to be an error.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class CarDealership {
    private String dealerName;
    private ArrayList<Car> carLot; // all cars in the dealership's inventory
    public CarDealership(String name) {
        dealerName = name;
        carLot = new ArrayList<Car>();
    }
    public Car getCar(int index) {
        if (index >= 0 && index < carLot.size()) {</pre>
            Car theCar = carLot.get(index);
            return theCar;
        } else {
            System.out.println("Error: invalid Car index!");
    }
    public Car getFirstCar() {
        Car firstCar = carLot.get(0);
        return firstCar;
    }
    public void printCar(int position) {
        if (position >= 0 && position <= carLot.size()) {</pre>
            System.out.println("The car at position " + position + " is:");
            // assume that Car has a toString method
            System.out.println(carLot.get(position));
        } else {
            System.out.println("Error: invalid Car position!");
        }
    }
}
```

6. (35 points) Consider the following Bank class that maintains a collection of Account objects (as defined in class). Complete the definition of this class by filling in the fields, constructor and method bodies. Recall that the Account class has a getBalance() method that takes no parameters and returns the account balance (in cents).

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class Bank {
    // define field or fields here
    /** create a new Bank containing no Accounts */
    public Bank() {
    }
    /** add the specified Account to the Bank
      * Oparam acct the Account to add */
    public void addAccount(Account acct) {
    }
    /** find the total balance of all Accounts in the Bank (0 if there are no Accounts)
      * @return the total balance of all Accounts */
    public int totalBalance() {
    }
    /** Find and return the account with the largest balance. If there is a tie,
       return the account that was most recently added to the bank. If the bank has
        no accounts, return null. */
    public Account largestBalance() {
```

}

```
/** create a new Bank containing all Accounts that have a balance over 900 cents
          * @return the new Bank */
        public Bank bigAccounts() {
       }
   }
7. (5 points) What output (if any) would be produced by the following snippet of code?
        for (int i = 3; i < 10; i = i + 2) {
            System.out.println(i);
8. (5 points) Assume that x is a variable of type int. List or describe all values of x that will make the
   following boolean expression false: (x \le 2) \mid | (x != 5)
9. (5 points) Assume that x is a variable of type int. List or describe all values of x that will make the
   following boolean expression true: !(x < 2) && (x < 7)
10. (5 points) Give an example of how we have used abstraction in writing programs in this class.
```