MATH 307: Group Homework X

Zhitao Chen, John Mays, Huaijin Xin, Henry Zhong $05/07/21,\,{\rm Dr.~Guo}$

Problem 1

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Problem 2

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, b = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

 A^T would obviously be:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calculating P:

$$\begin{split} P &= A(A^TA)^{-1}A^T = A(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix})^{-1}A^T \\ &= A(\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix})^{-1}A^T = A(\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix})A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0.5 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = P = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

Calculating Pb:

$$Pb = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Problem 3

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