MATH 307: Individual Homework 15

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04/01/21, Dr. Guo

Problem 1

First Inequality:

$$||A|| = \sup_{x \neq 0} \frac{||Ax||}{||x||}$$

Because ||A|| is the minimum upper bound of the possible values of the fraction, $\frac{||Ax||}{||x||}$, we can say:

$$\frac{||Ax||}{||x||} \leq ||A|| \implies ||Ax|| \leq ||A||||x||$$

Second Inequality:

$$||AB|| = \sup_{||x||=1} ||(AB)x||$$

Then, using the first inequality, we can determine that:

$$||Ax|| \le ||A|| ||x||,$$

 $||Bx|| \le ||B|| ||x||$

as well as:

$$\sup_{||x||=1}||(AB)x|| \leq \sup_{||x||=1}||A||||Bx||$$

then, from there:

$$\begin{split} \sup_{||x||=1} & ||(AB)x|| \leq \sup_{||x||=1} ||A||||Bx|| \leq \sup_{||x||=1} ||A||||B||||x|| \implies \\ \sup_{||x||=1} & ||(AB)x|| \leq \sup_{||x||=1} ||A||||B||||x|| \implies \\ & ||AB|| \leq \sup_{||x||=1} ||A||||B||||x|| \implies \\ & ||AB|| \leq ||A||||B||| \end{split}$$

Problem 2

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & -11 & 4 & -9 \\ 4 & -1 & 6 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 5 & 6 & -7 & -8 \\ -20 & 20 & 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Infinity Norm:

$$||A||_{\infty} = \max_{i} \sum_{j=1}^{n} |a_{ij}| = |-20| + |20| + |2| + |-2| + |0| = 44$$

1 Norm:

$$||A||_1 = \sup_{||x||_1 = 1} ||Ax||_1 = \max_j \sum_{i=1}^m |a_{ij}| = |4| + |-1| + |5| + |20| = 30$$

Frobenius Norm:

Problem 3

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Problem 4

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