

# CNL: A Compositional Numeric Library

John McFarlane

A9.com

# Background

# Background

The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `johnmcfarlane / cnl`. The repository is described as "A Compositional Numeric Library for C++". It has 1,072 commits, 4 branches, 1 release, and 5 contributors. The current branch is `develop`. A recent commit by `johnmcfarlane` is highlighted, showing a merge of pull request #41. The commit message is "Merge pull request #41 from johnmcfarlane/cmake\_cleanup". The commit is dated 5 hours ago. Below the commit message, a list of files changed is shown:

File	Change	Time
<code>doc</code>	make limits.h a first-class public header file	3 days ago
<code>include</code>	removed last use of include_directories from CMake files	14 hours ago
<code>src</code>	removed last use of include_directories from CMake files	14 hours ago
<code>.appveyor.yml</code>	replace include commands with add_subdirectory commands	2 months ago
<code>.editorconfig</code>	adjustment to cmake in .editorconfig	10 months ago
<code>.gitignore</code>	removed tenuous .gitignore entries	8 months ago
<code>.gitmodules</code>	change of plan with Boost library inclusion	2 years ago

# The Problem with Integers

# The Problem with Integers

1. Low resolution

# The Problem with Integers

1. Low resolution
2. Limited range

# The Problem with Integers

1. Low resolution
2. Limited range
3. 'Interesting' behavior of arithmetic operations

# The Problem with Floating-Point

## 1. Complicated

- $\pm 1.\text{significand} * 2^{\text{exponent}}$
- special values, denormalized values, -0



# The Problem with Floating-Point

## 1. Complicated

- $\pm 1.\text{significand} * 2^{\text{exponent}}$
- special values, denormalized values, -0

## 2. Occasional weirdness can surprise:

- determinism, associativity, commutativity and ordering

# The Problem with Floating-Point

## 1. Complicated

- $\pm 1.\text{significand} * 2^{\text{exponent}}$
- special values, denormalized values, -0

## 2. Occasional weirdness can surprise:

- determinism, associativity, commutativity and ordering

## 3. `<cmath>` functions lack `constexpr`

# The Problem with Floating-Point

## 1. Complicated

- $\pm 1.\text{significand} * 2^{\text{exponent}}$
- special values, denormalized values, -0

## 2. Occasional weirdness can surprise:

- determinism, associativity, commutativity and ordering

## 3. `<cmath>` functions lack `constexpr`

## 4. Variable resolution

# The Problem with Floating-Point

## 1. Complicated

- $\pm 1.\text{significand} * 2^{\text{exponent}}$
- special values, denormalized values, -0

## 2. Occasional weirdness can surprise:

- determinism, associativity, commutativity and ordering

## 3. `<cmath>` functions lack `constexpr`

## 4. Variable resolution

## 5. Costly in energy and silicon

# Analysis

# Analysis

- Floating-point problems are not *so* bad.

# Analysis

- Floating-point problems are not *so* bad.
- Integers are a powerful abstraction over registers.

# Analysis

- Floating-point problems are not *so* bad.
- Integers are a powerful abstraction over registers.
- But we can do a lot better.



# Analysis

- Floating-point problems are not *so* bad.
- Integers are a powerful abstraction over registers.
- But we can do a lot better.
- so ...

# Goal of CNL

**"Do for `int` what the STL did for `[]`."**

# Goal of CNL

"Do for `int` what the STL did for `[]`."

- Provide zero-cost abstractions over language-level features:

```
std::array<T, N> a; // T a[N]  
std::array<T, N>::iterator i = std::begin(a); // T* i
```

# Goal of CNL

"Do for `int` what the STL did for `[]`."

- Provide zero-cost abstractions over language-level features:

```
std::array<T, N> a; // T a[N]  
std::array<T, N>::iterator i = std::begin(a); // T* i
```

- Maintain a familiar interface:

```
auto const& third = a[2];  
for (auto const& element : a) { /* ... */ }
```

# Goal of CNL

"Do for `int` what the STL did for `[]`."

- Provide zero-cost abstractions over language-level features:

```
std::array<T, N> a; // T a[N]  
std::array<T, N>::iterator i = std::begin(a); // T* i
```

- Maintain a familiar interface:

```
auto const& third = a[2];  
for (auto const& element : a) { /* ... */ }
```

- Allow users to opt in to positive-cost functionality:

```
std::array<T, N> a{n};  
auto const& bad_element = a.at(n+1); // gotcha!
```

# Goal of CNL

"Do for `int` what the STL did for `[]`."

- Provide zero-cost abstractions over language-level features:

```
std::array<T, N> a; // T a[N]
std::array<T, N>::iterator i = std::begin(a); // T* i
```

- Maintain a familiar interface:

```
auto const& third = a[2];
for (auto const& element : a) { /* ... */ }
```

- Allow users to opt in to positive-cost functionality:

```
std::array<T, N> a{n};
auto const& bad_element = a.at(n+1); // gotcha!
```

- And most importantly...

# Goal of CNL

"Do for `int` what the STL did for `[]`."

- Compose!

```
using fs_cache = unordered_map<filesystem::path, vector<byte>>;
```

# Non-Goal

**"Don't do for `int` what STL doesn't do for `[]`."**



# Non-Goal

**"Don't do for `int` what STL doesn't do for `[]`."**

- Don't make the user pay for what they don't use.

# Fixed-Point Arithmetic

Definition:

```
// cnl/fixed_point.h
namespace cnl {

    template<typename Rep = int, int Exponent = 0>
    class fixed_point {
        // ...
    private:
        Rep r;
    };

}
```

# Fixed-Point Arithmetic

Definition:

```
// cnl/fixed_point.h
namespace cnl {

    template<typename Rep = int, int Exponent = 0>
    class fixed_point {
        // ...
    private:
        Rep r;
    };

}
```

Example usage:

```
using cnl::fixed_point;

void f() {
    auto n = fixed_point<int, -8>{ 0.25 };
    std::cout << n * 5; // prints "1.25"
}
```

# The Good

# The Good

```
bool foo(float f) {  
    auto fixed = fixed_point<int, -16>{f};  
    auto fixed_plus_one = fixed + 1;  
    return fixed_plus_one > fixed;  
}
```

# The Good

```
bool foo(float f) {  
    auto fixed = fixed_point<int, -16>{f};  
    auto fixed_plus_one = fixed + 1;  
    return fixed_plus_one > fixed;  
}
```

```
bool foo(float) {  
    return true;  
}
```

# The Good

```
bool foo(float f) {  
    auto fixed = fixed_point<int, -16>{f};  
    auto fixed_plus_one = fixed + 1;  
    return fixed_plus_one > fixed;  
}
```

```
bool foo(float) {  
    return true;  
}
```

x86-64 gcc 4.8.1 ▼

-std=c++11 -O3

11010

.LX0:

.text

//

\s+

Intel

Demangle

A ▼

■

```
1 foo(float):  
2   mov eax, 1  
3   ret
```

+++auto+fixed\_plus\_one+%3D+fixed+%2B+1%3B%0A+++return+fixed\_plus\_one+%3E+fixed%3B%0A%7D'),l:'5',n:'0',o:'C%2B%2B+source+%231',t:'0'),  
source:1),l:'5',n:'0',o:'x86-64+gcc+4.8.1+(Editor+%231,+Compiler+%231)',t:'0')),k:100,l:'4',m:99.99999999999999,n:'0',o:',s:1,t:'0')),version:4)

# The Good

x86-64 gcc 4.8.1 ▾ -std=c++11 -O3

11010 .LX0: .text // \s+ Intel Demangle A ▾

```
1 f():
2   movsd xmm0, QWORD PTR .LC0[rip]
3   mov edi, OFFSET FLAT:std::cout
4   jmp std::basic_ostream<char, std::char_traits<char> >& std::basic_ostream<char, std::char_traits<char> >::_M_in:
5 i():
6   movsd xmm0, QWORD PTR .LC0[rip]
7   mov edi, OFFSET FLAT:std::cout
8   jmp std::basic_ostream<char, std::char_traits<char> >& std::basic_ostream<char, std::char_traits<char> >::_M_in:
9 _GLOBAL__sub_I__Z1fv:
10  sub rsp, 8
11  mov edi, OFFSET FLAT:std::__ioinit
12  call std::ios_base::Init::Init()
13  mov edx, OFFSET FLAT:__dso_handle
14  mov esi, OFFSET FLAT:std::__ioinit
15  mov edi, OFFSET FLAT:std::ios_base::Init::~Init()
16  add rsp, 8
17  jmp __cxa_atexit
18 .LC0:
19   .long 0
20   .long 1072955392
```

rt+%3C%3Cfloat(n++5)%3B+//+prints+%221.25%22%0A%7D%0A%0Aavoid+i()+%7B%0A+++int+n+3D+.25f++256.f%3B%0A+++std::cout+%3C%3C+fontScale:0.7464959999999999,libs:!(,options:'-std%3Dc%2B%2B11+-O3',source:1),l:'5',n:'0',o:'x86-64+gcc+4.8.1+



# The Bad

# The Bad

```
// undefined behavior  
auto a = numeric_limits<fixed_point<int, -16>>::max() + 1;
```

# The Bad

```
// undefined behavior  
auto a = numeric_limits<fixed_point<int, -16>>::max() + 1;
```

```
// compiles  
static_assert(1 == 1, "this does compile");  
  
// error: static assertion failed: this does not compile  
static_assert(1 != 1, "this does not compile");  
  
// error: left shift count >= width of type  
static_assert(1 << 1000, "this does not compile");
```

# The Bad

```
// undefined behavior  
auto a = numeric_limits<fixed_point<int, -16>>::max() + 1;
```

```
// compiles  
static_assert(1 == 1, "this does compile");  
  
// error: static assertion failed: this does not compile  
static_assert(1 != 1, "this does not compile");  
  
// error: left shift count >= width of type  
static_assert(1 << 1000, "this does not compile");
```

```
static_assert(numeric_limits<fixed_point<int, -16>>::max() - 1, "OK");  
static_assert(numeric_limits<fixed_point<int, -16>>::max() + 1, "error");
```

# The Bad

```
static_assert(fixed_point<unsigned>{1} < fixed_point<signed>{-1}, "OK(!)");
```

# The Bad

```
static_assert(fixed_point<unsigned>{1} < fixed_point<signed>{-1}, "OK(!)");
```

```
static_assert(numeric_limits<int>::max() + 1, "error");  
static_assert(unsigned{1} < signed{-1}, "evaluates to true");
```

# The Bad

```
static_assert(fixed_point<unsigned>{1} < fixed_point<signed>{-1}, "OK(!)");
```

```
static_assert(numeric_limits<int>::max() + 1, "error");  
static_assert(unsigned{1} < signed{-1}, "evaluates to true");
```

```
static_assert(fixed_point{1u} < fixed_point{-1});
```

# The Ugly



# The Ugly

```
auto n = fixed_point<int, -8>{1.5};  
auto nn = n * n;    // fixed_point<int, -16>;  
  
static_assert(std::is_same_v<decltype(nn), fixed_point<int, -16>>);
```

# The Ugly

x86-64 clang 5.0.0 ▼

-std=c++17 -O2

11010

.LX0:

.text


//

\s+

Intel

Demangle

A ▼



1

ast%3Cint%3E(f++256.f)%3B%0A+++auto+nn+%3D+n++n%3B%0A+++return+nn+/+65536.f%3B%0A%7D'),l:'5',n:'0',o:'C%2B%2B+source+%231',t:'0'),

# The Ugly

# The Ugly

```
constexpr auto n = fixed_point<int, -8>{1.5};  
constexpr auto d = fixed_point<int, -8>{2.25};  
constexpr auto q = n / d;    // fixed_point<int, 0>;
```

# The Ugly

```
constexpr auto n = fixed_point<int, -8>{1.5};  
constexpr auto d = fixed_point<int, -8>{2.25};  
constexpr auto q = n / d;    // fixed_point<int, 0>;
```

```
constexpr auto n = fixed_point<int, -8>{1.5};  
constexpr auto d = fixed_point<int, -8>{2.25};  
constexpr auto q = cnl::divide(n, d);    // fixed_point<long, -31>;
```

# How Do You Solve a Problem Like Division?

# How Do You Solve a Problem Like Division?

$$\begin{array}{l} 5.5 * 5.5 = 30.25 \\ 55. * .55 = 30.25 \end{array}$$

# How Do You Solve a Problem Like Division?

$$\begin{array}{l} 5.5 * 5.5 = 30.25 \\ 55. * .55 = 30.25 \end{array}$$



# How Do You Solve a Problem Like Division?

$$5.5 * 5.5 = 30.25$$
$$55. * .55 = 30.25$$

$$1 / 100 = 0.01$$
$$10 / 5.5 = 1.8181818181\dots$$

# How Do You Solve a Problem Like Division?

```
5.5 * 5.5 = 30.25  
55. * .55 = 30.25
```

```
1 / 100 = 0.01  
10 / 5.5 = 1.8181818181...
```

```
template<typename Integer> class fraction { Integer numerator, denominator; ... };
```

# How Do You Solve a Problem Like Division?

```
5.5 * 5.5 = 30.25  
55. * .55 = 30.25
```

```
1 / 100 = 0.01  
10 / 5.5 = 1.8181818181...
```

```
template<typename Integer> class fraction { Integer numerator, denominator; ... };
```

```
AAA.BBBBBB * CCCCCC.DD = AAACCCCCC.BBBBBDD
```

# How Do You Solve a Problem Like Division?

5.5 \* 5.5 = 30.25  
55. \* .55 = 30.25

1 / 100 = 0.01  
10 / 5.5 = 1.818181818181...

```
template<typename Integer> class fraction { Integer numerator, denominator; ... };
```

AAA.BBBBBB \* CCCCCC.DD = AAACCCCCC.BBBBBDD

AAA.BBBBBB / CCCCCC.DD = AAADD.BBBBBCCCCC

# How Do You Solve a Problem Like Division?

```
5.5 * 5.5 = 30.25  
55. * .55 = 30.25
```

```
1 / 100 = 0.01  
10 / 5.5 = 1.818181818181...
```

```
template<typename Integer> class fraction { Integer numerator, denominator; ... };
```

```
AAA.BBBBBB * CCCCCC.DD = AAACCCCCC.BBBBBDD
```

```
AAA.BBBBBB / CCCCCC.DD = AAADD.BBBBBCCCCC
```

```
constexpr auto n = fixed_point<int, -8>{1.5};  
constexpr auto d = fixed_point<int, -8>{2.25};  
constexpr auto q = cnl::divide(n, d); // fixed_point<long, -31>;
```

# Elasticity

# Elasticity

```
auto n = fixed_point<uint8_t, -8>{0.99609375};  
auto nn = n * n;
```

# Elasticity

```
auto n = fixed_point<uint8_t, -8>{0.99609375};  
auto nn = n * n;    // fixed_point<int, -16>{0.9922027587890625};
```



# Elasticity

```
auto n = fixed_point<uint8_t, -8>{0.99609375};  
auto nn = n * n;    // fixed_point<int, -16>{0.9922027587890625};
```

```
auto n = fixed_point<int, -31>{0.99609375};  
auto nn = n * n;    // fixed_point<int, -62>{?!?!?!?!?!?!};
```

# Elasticity

```
template<int Digits, class Narrowest = int>  
class elastic_integer { WideEnoughInteger r; /* other stuff */ };
```

# Elasticity

```
template<int Digits, class Narrowest = int>  
class elastic_integer { WideEnoughInteger r; /* other stuff */ };
```

```
#include <cnl/elastic_integer.h>  
using cnl::elastic_integer;  
auto e = elastic_integer<31>{0x7FFFFFFFF}; // r has 31 or more digits
```

# Elasticity

```
template<int Digits, class Narrowest = int>  
class elastic_integer { WideEnoughInteger r; /* other stuff */ };
```

```
#include <cnl/elastic_integer.h>  
using cnl::elastic_integer;  
auto e = elastic_integer<31>{0x7FFFFFFFF}; // r has 31 or more digits
```

```
auto ee = e * e; // elastic_integer<62>{INT64_C(0x3FFFFFFFF00000001)}
```

# Elasticity

```
template<int Digits, class Narrowest = int>  
class elastic_integer { WideEnoughInteger r; /* other stuff */ };
```

```
#include <cnl/elastic_integer.h>  
using cnl::elastic_integer;  
auto e = elastic_integer<31>{0x7FFFFFFF}; // r has 31 or more digits
```

```
auto ee = e * e; // elastic_integer<62>{INT64_C(0x3FFFFFFF00000001)}
```

```
auto _2ee = ee + ee; // elastic_integer<63>{INT64_C(0x7FFFFFFE00000002)}
```

# Elasticity

```
template<int Digits, class Narrowest = int>
class elastic_integer { WideEnoughInteger r; /* other stuff */ };
```

```
#include <cnl/elastic_integer.h>
using cnl::elastic_integer;
auto e = elastic_integer<31>{0x7FFFFFFF}; // r has 31 or more digits
```

```
auto ee = e * e; // elastic_integer<62>{INT64_C(0x3FFFFFFF00000001)}
```

```
auto _2ee = ee + ee; // elastic_integer<63>{INT64_C(0x7FFFFFFE00000002)}
```

```
auto fpe = fixed_point<elastic_integer<31>, -31>{0.99609375};
```

# Elasticity

```
template<int Digits, class Narrowest = int>  
class elastic_integer { WideEnoughInteger r; /* other stuff */ };
```

```
#include <cnl/elastic_integer.h>  
using cnl::elastic_integer;  
auto e = elastic_integer<31>{0x7FFFFFFF}; // r has 31 or more digits
```

```
auto ee = e * e; // elastic_integer<62>{INT64_C(0x3FFFFFFF00000001)}
```

```
auto _2ee = ee + ee; // elastic_integer<63>{INT64_C(0x7FFFFFFE00000002)}
```

```
auto fpe = fixed_point<elastic_integer<31>, -31>{0.99609375};
```

```
auto sq = fpe * fpe; // fixed_point<elastic_integer<62>, -62>{0.9922027587890625}
```

# Elasticity

```
template<int Digits, class Narrowest = int>
class elastic_integer { WideEnoughInteger r; /* other stuff */ };
```

```
#include <cnl/elastic_integer.h>
using cnl::elastic_integer;
auto e = elastic_integer<31>{0x7FFFFFFF}; // r has 31 or more digits
```

```
auto ee = e * e; // elastic_integer<62>{INT64_C(0x3FFFFFFF00000001)}
```

```
auto _2ee = ee + ee; // elastic_integer<63>{INT64_C(0x7FFFFFFE00000002)}
```

```
auto fpe = fixed_point<elastic_integer<31>, -31>{0.99609375};
```

```
auto sq = fpe * fpe; // fixed_point<elastic_integer<62>, -62>{0.9922027587890625}
```

```
#include <cnl/auxiliary/elastic_fixed_point.h>
auto q = sq / sq; // fixed_point<elastic_integer<124>, -62>{1}, q), "");
```



# Run-time Safety

# Run-time Safety

```
#include <cnl/safe_integer.h>
using cnl::safe_integer;
auto i = safe_integer<uint8_t>{255};
```

# Run-time Safety

```
#include <cnl/safe_integer.h>  
using cnl::safe_integer;  
auto i = safe_integer<uint8_t>{255};
```

```
auto j = i + 1;
```

# Run-time Safety

```
#include <cnl/safe_integer.h>  
using cnl::safe_integer;  
auto i = safe_integer<uint8_t>{255};
```

```
auto j = i + 1; // safe_integer<int>{256}
```

# Run-time Safety

```
#include <cnl/safe_integer.h>  
using cnl::safe_integer;  
auto i = safe_integer<uint8_t>{255};
```

```
auto j = i + 1; // safe_integer<int>{256}
```

```
safe_integer<uint8_t> k = i + 1; // throw std::overflow_error
```

# Run-time Safety

```
#include <cnl/safe_integer.h>
using cnl::safe_integer;
auto i = safe_integer<uint8_t>{255};
```

```
auto j = i + 1; // safe_integer<int>{256}
```

```
safe_integer<uint8_t> k = i + 1; // throw std::overflow_error
```

```
constexpr safe_integer<uint8_t> k = i + 1;
static_assert(cnl::_impl::identical(safe_integer<int>{256}, k));
```

```
[ 29%] Building CXX object src/test/CMakeFiles/fp_test.dir/cppcon2017.cpp.o
/home/john/cnl/src/test/cppcon2017.cpp:151:37: fatal error: constexpr variable 'k' must be initialized
    constexpr safe_integer<uint8_t> k = i + 1;
                                   ^~~~~~
/home/john/cnl/include/cnl/overflow.h:52:40: note: subexpression not valid in a constant expression
    return condition ? value : throw std::overflow_error("");
                                   ^
```

and so on...

# Deduction and UDLs

# Deduction and UDLs

```
auto x = fixed_point{42ul}; // fixed_point<unsigned long, 0>{42}
```



# Deduction and UDLs

```
auto x = fixed_point{42ul}; // fixed_point<unsigned long, 0>{42}
```

```
auto y = fixed_point{128}; // fixed_point<int, 0>{1}
```

# Deduction and UDLs

```
auto x = fixed_point{42ul}; // fixed_point<unsigned long, 0>{42}
```

```
auto y = fixed_point{128}; // fixed_point<int, 0>{1}
```

```
using cnl::literals;  
auto z = fixed_point{128_c}; // fixed_point<int, 7>{128}
```

# Deduction and UDLs

```
auto x = fixed_point{42ul}; // fixed_point<unsigned long, 0>{42}
```

```
auto y = fixed_point{128}; // fixed_point<int, 0>{1}
```

```
using cnl::literals;
auto z = fixed_point{128_c}; // fixed_point<int, 7>{128}
```

```
auto a = fixed_point{0b100000000000000000000000000000000_c};  
// a == fixed_point<int, 40>{0b100000000000000000000000000000000}
```

# Deduction and UDLs

```
auto x = fixed_point{42ul}; // fixed_point<unsigned long, 0>{42}
```

```
auto y = fixed_point{128}; // fixed_point<int, 0>{1}
```

```
using cnl::literals;
auto z = fixed_point{128_c}; // fixed_point<int, 7>{128}
```

```
auto a = fixed_point{0b100000000000000000000000000000000_c};  
// a == fixed_point<int, 40>{0b100000000000000000000000000000000}
```

```
auto b = fixed_point{0b11111111111111111111111111111111_c};  
// b == fixed_point<long, 0>{0b11111111111111111111111111111111}
```

# Deduction and UDLs

```
auto x = fixed_point{42ul}; // fixed_point<unsigned long, 0>{42}
```

```
auto y = fixed_point{128}; // fixed_point<int, 0>{1}
```

```
using cnl::literals;
auto z = fixed_point{128_c}; // fixed_point<int, 7>{128}
```

```
auto a = fixed_point{0b100000000000000000000000000000000_c};  
// a == fixed_point<int, 40>{0b100000000000000000000000000000000}
```

```
auto b = fixed_point{0b11111111111111111111111111111111_c};  
// b == fixed_point<long, 0>{0b11111111111111111111111111111111_l}
```

# Deduction and UDLs

# Deduction and UDLs

```
auto c = elastic_integer{2017_c}; // elastic_integer<11>{2017}
```

# Deduction and UDLs

```
auto c = elastic_integer{2017_c}; // elastic_integer<11>{2017}
```

```
auto e = 0x7f000_elastic; // fixed_point<elastic_integer<7>, 12>{0x7f000}
```



# Interoperability - Boost.Multiprecision

```
#include <cnl/auxiliary/boost.multiprecision.h>
using namespace boost::multiprecision;

template<int NumBits, int Exponent = 0>
using mp_fixed_point = cnl::fixed_point<
    number<cpp_int_backend<NumBits, NumBits, signed_magnitude, unchecked, void
    Exponent>;
```

# Interoperability - Boost.Multiprecision

```
#include <cnl/auxiliary/boost.multiprecision.h>
using namespace boost::multiprecision;

template<int NumBits, int Exponent = 0>
using mp_fixed_point = cnl::fixed_point<
    number<cpp_int_backend<NumBits, NumBits, signed_magnitude, unchecked, void
    Exponent>;
```

Fixed-Point + Boost.Multiprecision:

# Interoperability - Boost.Multiprecision

```
#include <cnl/auxiliary/boost.multiprecision.h>
using namespace boost::multiprecision;

template<int NumBits, int Exponent = 0>
using mp_fixed_point = cnl::fixed_point<
    number<cpp_int_backend<NumBits, NumBits, signed_magnitude, unchecked, void
    Exponent>;
```

Fixed-Point + Boost.Multiprecision:

- googol ( $10^{100}$ ) ✓

# Interoperability - Boost.Multiprecision

```
#include <cnl/auxiliary/boost.multiprecision.h>
using namespace boost::multiprecision;

template<int NumBits, int Exponent = 0>
using mp_fixed_point = cnl::fixed_point<
    number<cpp_int_backend<NumBits, NumBits, signed_magnitude, unchecked, void
    Exponent>;
```

Fixed-Point + Boost.Multiprecision:

- googol ( $10^{100}$ ) ✓
- googolth ( $1 / \text{googol}$ ) ✓

# Interoperability - Boost.Multiprecision

```
#include <cnl/auxiliary/boost.multiprecision.h>
using namespace boost::multiprecision;

template<int NumBits, int Exponent = 0>
using mp_fixed_point = cnl::fixed_point<
    number<cpp_int_backend<NumBits, NumBits, signed_magnitude, unchecked, void
    Exponent>;
```

Fixed-Point + Boost.Multiprecision:

- googol ( $10^{100}$ ) ✓
- googolth ( $1 / \text{googol}$ ) ✓
- googolplex ( $10^{\text{googol}}$ ) ✗

# Interoperability - Boost.SIMD

```
#include <cnl/auxiliary/boost.simd.h>
using boost::simd::pack;

template<class T, std::size_t N, int Exponent>
using fixed_point_pack = fixed_point<pack<T, N>, Exponent>;
```

# Interoperability - Boost.SIMD

```
#include <cnl/auxiliary/boost.simd.h>
using boost::simd::pack;

template<class T, std::size_t N, int Exponent>
using fixed_point_pack = fixed_point<pack<T, N>, Exponent>;
```

```
using fpp = fixed_point_pack<int, 4, -16>;
using initializer = initializer<fpp>;

auto expected = fpp{initializer{7.9375+-1, -8.+.125, 0+-5, 3.5+-3.5}};
auto augend = fpp{initializer{7.9375, -8., 0, 3.5}};
auto addend = fpp{initializer{-1, .125, -5, -3.5}};
auto sum = augend + addend;
```

# Interoperability - Boost.SIMD

```
#include <cnl/auxiliary/boost.simd.h>
using boost::simd::pack;

template<class T, std::size_t N, int Exponent>
using fixed_point_pack = fixed_point<pack<T, N>, Exponent>;
```

```
using fpp = fixed_point_pack<int, 4, -16>;
using initializer = initializer<fpp>;

auto expected = fpp{initializer{7.9375+-1, -8.+.125, 0+-5, 3.5+-3.5}};
auto augend = fpp{initializer{7.9375, -8., 0, 3.5}};
auto addend = fpp{initializer{-1, .125, -5, -3.5}};
auto sum = augend + addend;
```



# CNL Today and Tomorrow

# CNL Today and Tomorrow

[github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl](https://github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl)

# CNL Today and Tomorrow

[github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl](https://github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl)

- Arbitrary width

# CNL Today and Tomorrow

[github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl](https://github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl)

- Arbitrary width
- Full Support for Rounding and Overflow

```
template<class Rep = int, class RoundingTag = closest_rounding_tag>  
class precise_integer;
```

# CNL Today and Tomorrow

[github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl](https://github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl)

- Arbitrary width
- Full Support for Rounding and Overflow

```
template<class Rep = int, class RoundingTag = closest_rounding_tag>  
class precise_integer;
```

- Full complement of operators for `safe_integer` and `precise_integer`

# CNL Today and Tomorrow

[github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl](https://github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl)

- Arbitrary width
- Full Support for Rounding and Overflow

```
template<class Rep = int, class RoundingTag = closest_rounding_tag>  
class precise_integer;
```

- Full complement of operators for `safe_integer` and `precise_integer`
- Full complement of free functions

```
add(saturated_overflow, UINT32_C(0xFFFFFFFF), UINT32_C(0x12345678))  
divide(closest_rounding_tag, 2, 3);
```

# CNL Today and Tomorrow

[github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl](https://github.com/johnmcfarlane/cnl)

- Arbitrary width
- Full Support for Rounding and Overflow

```
template<class Rep = int, class RoundingTag = closest_rounding_tag>  
class precise_integer;
```

- Full complement of operators for `safe_integer` and `precise_integer`
- Full complement of free functions

```
add(saturated_overflow, UINT32_C(0xFFFFFFFF), UINT32_C(0x12345678))  
divide(closest_rounding_tag, 2, 3);
```

- Better Literals

```
auto a = 0b1111.1111_elastic; // fixed_point<elastic_integer<8>, -4>
```