

Formal *Epsilon* – *N* Proof

Prove: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n}{n+1} = 2$

Compute:

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \frac{2n}{n+1} - 2 \right| &= \left| \frac{2n - 2(n+1)}{n+1} \right| \\ &= \left| \frac{2n - 2n - 2}{n+1} \right| \\ &= \left| \frac{-2}{n+1} \right| \\ &= \frac{2}{n+1} \end{aligned}$$

Given any $\varepsilon > 0$, choose N such that

$$\frac{2}{N+1} < \varepsilon$$

Solving for N gives:

$$N+1 > \frac{2}{\varepsilon} \implies N > \frac{2}{\varepsilon} - 1$$

A convenient choice is:

$$N = \left\lceil \frac{2}{\varepsilon} \right\rceil$$

Then for every $n \geq N$, we have

$$|a_n - 2| \leq \frac{2}{n+1} \leq \frac{2}{N+1} < \varepsilon$$

Thus, $a_n \rightarrow 2$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$.

This completes the proof for $a_n = \frac{2n}{n+1}$.

The sequence converges to 2, as required.