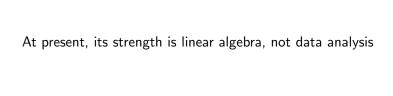
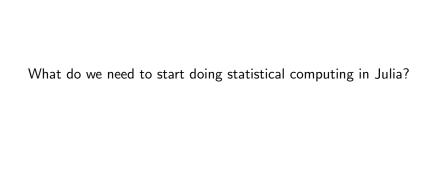
Getting Julia Ready for Statistical Computing

John Myles White

April 27, 2012

Julia is a promising new language





► NA type (Harlan Harris)

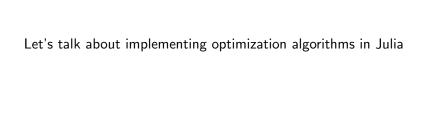
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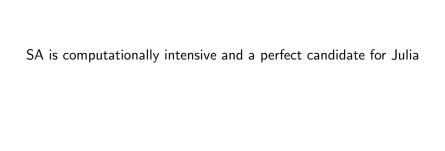
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- Optimization (JMW)



Simulated Annealing is a randomized search method



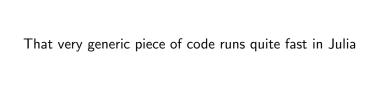
Set our current state to the specified intial state. s = s0

Set the best state we've seen to the intial state. best_s = \$0

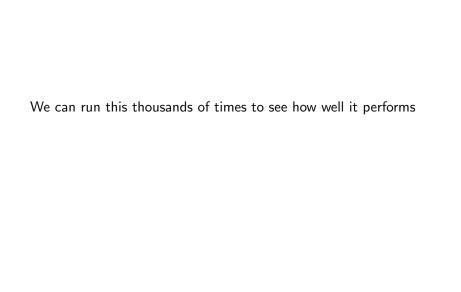
```
# We always perform a fixed number of iterations.
for i = 1: iterations
  # Find the proper temperature at time i.
  t = temperature(i)
  # Randomly generate a neighbor of our current state.
  s_n = neighbor(s)
  # Evaluate the cost function.
  y = cost(s)
  y_n = cost(s_n)
```

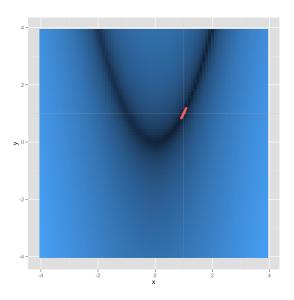
```
if y_n \le y
  # We always move to superior states.
  s = s_n
else
  # We probabilistically move to inferior states.
  p = exp(-((y_n - y) / t))
  if rand() <= p</pre>
    s = s_n
  else
    s = s
  end
end
```

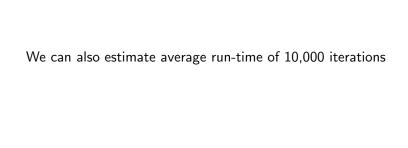
```
# Keep a record of the best state we've seen.
    if cost(s) < cost(best_s)</pre>
      best_s = s
    end
  end
  # Return the best state or the last state we've seen.
  if keep_best
    best_s
  else
    S
  end
end
```



```
function rosenbrock(x, y)
  (1 - x)^2 + 100(y - x^2)^2
end
function neighbors(z)
  [rand\_uniform(z[1] - 1, z[1] + 1),
   rand_uniform(z[2] - 1, z[2] + 1)
end
simulated\_annealing(z \rightarrow rosenbrock(z[1], z[2]),
                     [0. 0].
                     neighbors,
                     i -> 1 / log(i),
                     10000,
                     true)
```

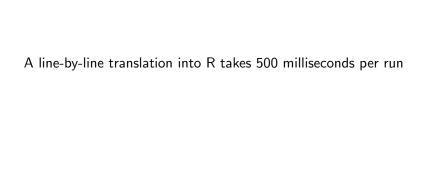






end

Each run of 10,000 iterations takes 25 milliseconds in Julia



Julia has a lot of promise, but it needs you

Julia needs people to implement algorithms

Julia needs feedback on language design