Gimbal Interface Definition and Protocols

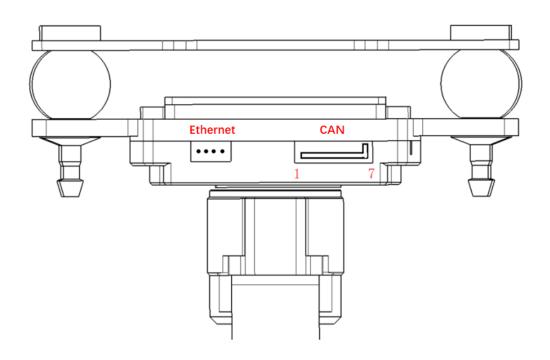
Chapter 1 Physical Interface and Functional Description

1.1 IDU Physical Interface Diagram

CAN interface standard: SATA 7Pin

CAN Functional definition

No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Name	CAN L-	CAN H+	null	null	USART RX	USART TX	GND



1.2 Description

Physical Interface	Description	Remark			
Ethernet	1.Login camera web GUI, Get video streaming	Camera IP: 192.168.42.108			
Ethernet	2.Control gimbal	IDU Board IP:192.168.42.200 Port: 2000			
CAN	1.Control gimbal	CAN ID: 0x00000F01			
	2.Gimbal feedback	CAN ID: 0x030F0001			
(1M/S)	3.Receive UAV/Drone status information	GPS CAN ID: 0x0000FF15			

Н	CAN ID:	0x0000FF16	l
θ	CAN ID:	0x0000FF13	l

1.3 Video Streaming Address

Type	Stream	Address			
Ontinal	Main	rtsp://admin:admin@ <ip>:554/cam/realmonitor?channel=1&subtype=0</ip>			
Optical Series	Sub 1	rtsp://admin:admin@ <ip>:554/cam/realmonitor?channel=1&subtype=1</ip>			
Sub 2		rtsp://admin:admin@ <ip>:554/cam/realmonitor?channel=1&subtype=2</ip>			
Dual-	Main	rtsp://admin:admin@ <ip>:554/cam/realmonitor?channel=1&subtype=0</ip>			
Sensor	Sub 1	rtsp://admin:admin@ <ip>:554/cam/realmonitor?channel=1&subtype=1</ip>			
Series	Thermal	rtsp://admin:admin@ <ip>:554/cam/realmonitor?channel=1&subtype=2</ip>			

Chapter 2 The CAN Protocols

CAN baud rate: 1M/S, Using extended frames ID, Message Length =8

2.1 Gimbal Control

CAN ID: 0x00000F01

S ID	CMD	DATA1	DATA2	DATA3	DATA4	DATA5	DATA6
_							

Components	CMD(1 bytes)	DATA(6 bytes)
		Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image(%), [-
	0x01: TapZoom	10000,10000]
	0x01. 1ap200111	Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image(%), [-
		10000,10000]
	0x02: Forward	
	0x03: One Key to 1×	
Gimbal	Image	
0x0F	0x04: Gimbal Control	Byte1-2: Pan Speed(°/Sec)*100,[-10000, 10000]
0.001	0x04. Giribai Control	Byte3-4: Tilt Speed(°/Sec)*100, [-10000, 10000]
		Byte1-2: Horizontal coordinates of the center point of the
		rectangular box [0, 8191] 1Low 2High
	0x05: Tracking	Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular
	0x05. Hacking	box [0, 8191] 3Low 4High
		Byte5: lengths (X)/16
		Byte6: width(Y)/16

		Note: Top left corpor of the corpor (0, 0) Pottom right (0404				
		Note: Top left corner of the screen (0, 0) Bottom right. (8191, 8191)				
	Ov06:Tracking stan	6191)				
	0x06:Tracking stop					
	0x07: One key to down	Data Controllaria de Co				
		Byte1: Control type 1, 2, 3				
		Byte1=1:				
		Byte2-3: Angle of Yaw*10[0,3600] 2 Low 3 High;				
		Byte1=2:				
	0x08: Specified Angle	Byte2-3: Angle of Pitch *10[-1000,600] 2 Low 3 High;				
		Byte1=3:				
		Byte2-3: Zoom*100[100,3000(3500)] 2Low 3 High				
		Byte4: Airframe coordinate system				
		else: Geodetic coordinate system				
		Byte1:				
		0x01: single shot				
		0x02: continuous shooting				
		0x03: time-lapse shooting				
	0x10: Snapshot	0x04: timed shot				
	OXTO. Shapshot	0x05: Stop shooting.				
		Byte2:				
		If Byte1= 0x02, Byte2= Number of continuous shots				
		If Byte1= 0x03, Byte2= Delayed time (Sec)				
		If Byte1= 0x04, Byte2= Timed time (Sec)				
	Ov11. Deceding	Byte1=1: Start recording.				
	0x11: Recoding	Byte1=2: Stop the video.				
		Byte1=1: Zoom in				
		Byte1=2: Zoom out				
		Byte1=3: Stop				
	0x12: Zoom	Byte1=4: ZOOM=1				
		Byte1=5: 2× Zoom in				
		Byte1=6: 2× Zoom out				
		Byte1=1: Focus +				
		Byte1=2: Focus -				
	0x13: Focus	Byte1=3: Stop				
		Byte1=4: auto Focus				
		Byte1-2: Horizontal coordinates of the center point of the				
		rectangular box [0,8191] 1 Low 2 High				
		Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular				
	0x14: TapFocus	box [0,8191] 3 low 4 High				
	ONIT. IUPI OOUS	Byte5: 25				
		Byte6: 25				
		Note: Top left corner of the screen (0,0) Bottom right. (8191,8191)				
		(7)				
0x0F	0xF0: Quick Calibration					

Ox1F Ox1F Ox04:Gimbal Control Byte1=2: Zoom out Byte1=2: Zoom out Byte1=3: Stop			Didd 4 Zerosia
Sensor Sylet=2: 250ff out		0x12: Digital Zoom (Dual-	Byte1=1: Zoom in
0x04: Gimbal Control (Dual-Sensor)	0x1F		
Ox1F (Dual-Sensor) Byte3-4: Pitch Speed("Sec)"100. [-10000,10000] Byte1-2: Horizontal coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box [0,8191] 1 Low 2 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box [0,8191] 3 Low 4 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box [0,8191] 3 Low 4 High Byte5: lengths (X)'16 Byte6: width("Y)'16 Note: Top left corner of the screen (0,0) Bottom right. (8191,8191) Ox1F Ox07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=1 bligh contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue			Byte1=3: Stop
Ox1F Ox07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box [0,8191] 1 Low 2 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box [0,8191] 3 Low 4 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box [0,8191] 3 Low 4 High Byte5: lengths (X)/16 Byte6: width(Y)/16 Note: Top left corner of the screen (0,0) Bottom right. (8191,8191)		0x04:Gimbal Control	Byte1-2: Yaw Speed(°/Sec)*100, [-10000,10000]
Ox1F Ox1F Ox05: Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Ox07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Ox1F Ox07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Ox1F Ox1F Ox1F Ox07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Ox07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Ox1F Ox1F Ox1F Ox07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Ox08: Picture-in-picture Ox1F Ox08: Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box (0,8191) and (0,8191) along the image (%), [-10000,1000] Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box (0,8191) along the image (%), [-10000,1000] Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box (0,8191) along 4 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box (0,8191) along 4 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box (0,8191) along 4 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box (0,8191) along 4 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box (0,8191) along 4 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box (0,8191) along 4 High Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box (0,8191) along (0,910) along (0	0x1F	(Dual-Sensor)	Byte3-4: Pitch Speed(°/Sec)*100, [-10000,10000]
Ox1F Ox05: Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular box [0,8191] 3 Low 4 High Byte5: lengths (X)/16 Byte6: width(Y)/16 Note: Top left corner of the screen (0,0) Bottom right. (8191,8191) Ox1F Ox07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Lee blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue Ox1F			Byte1-2: Horizontal coordinates of the center point of the
0x1F 0x05: Tracking (Dual-Sensor) box [0.8191] 3 Low 4 High			rectangular box [0,8191] 1 Low 2 High
Ox1F Sensor) Sensor			Byte3-4: Vertical coordinates of the center point of the rectangular
Sensor) Byte5: lengths (X)/16 Byte6: width(Y)/16 Note: Top left corner of the screen (0,0) Bottom right. (8191,8191) 0x07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a lce blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=6 Cryogenic blue 0x01F Ox03: Picture-in-picture	0x1F	0x05: Tracking (Dual-	box [0,8191] 3 Low 4 High
Note: Top left corner of the screen (0,0) Bottom right. (8191,8191) 0x01F 0x07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue		Sensor)	Byte5: lengths (X)/16
Ox1F Ox07: Stop Tracking (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [-10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a lce blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue Ox1F Ox03: Picture-in-picture			Byte6: width(Y)/16
Ox1F (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue Ox1F Ox03: Picture-in-picture			Note: Top left corner of the screen (0,0) Bottom right. (8191,8191)
Ox1F (Dual-Sensor) Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue Ox1F Ox03: Picture-in-picture		0x07: Stop Tracking	
0x1F	0x1F		
Ox1F Sensor) Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue Ox1F Ox03: Picture-in-picture			Byte1-2: Horizontal distance from the center of the image (%), [-
Ox1F Sensor) Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [- 10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue Ox1F Ox03: Picture-in-picture		0x01: TapZoom (Dual-	10000,10000]
10000,10000] Byte1: pp Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x1F 0x1F	0x1F		Byte3-4: Longitudinal distance from the center of the image (%), [-
Thermal: pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue		,	10000,10000]
pp=0 Blackhot pp=1 Whitehot pp=2 Iron-red pp=3 Rainbows pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue			Byte1: pp
0x1F 0x1F 0x02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) 0x04: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) 0x05: Rainbows 0x06: Rainbows 0x07: Rainbows 0x08: Rainbows 0x08: Palettes (Dual-Sensor) 0x18: Palettes (Dual-Sensor) 0x			Thermal:
Dx1F Ox1F Ox1F Ox02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) Ox02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue Ox1F Ox1F			pp=0 Blackhot
0x1F 0x1F 0x02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) 0x02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) 0x1F 0x1F 0x1F 0x02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) p=6 molten metal pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=9 Lee blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x1F 0x1F			pp=1 Whitehot
0x02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) 0x02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) pp=4 Lava pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x05: Picture-in-picture			pp=2 Iron-red
0x1F 0x02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) pp=5 Rainbow enhancement pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x1F			pp=3 Rainbows
0x1F 0x1F 0x02: Color Palettes (Dual-Sensor) pp=6 molten metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x1F 0x1F			pp=4 Lava
Sensor) pp=6 motern metal pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x1F 0x1F			pp=5 Rainbow enhancement
pp=7 Blue-red pp=8 Amber pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x03: Picture-in-picture	0x1F		pp=6 molten metal
pp=9 Amber Reversal. pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x03: Picture-in-picture		Sensor)	pp=7 Blue-red
pp=a Ice blue pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x03: Picture-in-picture			pp=8 Amber
pp=b High contrast pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x03: Picture-in-picture			pp=9 Amber Reversal.
pp=c Grayscale reversal pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x03: Picture-in-picture			pp=a lce blue
pp=d High temperature red pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x03: Picture-in-picture			pp=b High contrast
pp=e Cryogenic blue 0x03: Picture-in-picture			pp=c Grayscale reversal
0x03: Picture-in-picture			pp=d High temperature red
0x1F			pp=e Cryogenic blue
0x1F mode cycle switching		0x03: Picture-in-picture	
	0x1F	·	

2.1.1 Example

0x01: TapZoom

The ground station sends the position of the "target point" to the gimbal, which turns the

"target point" to the center of the screen, and Zoom in twice. With regard to the position of the "target point", it shall be converted to the horizontal and vertical axis [-10000,10000] coordinate system.

Coordinate axis: top left (-10000, -10000), bottom right (10000, 10000)

0x04: Gimbal Control

If you keep sending this command, the gimbal will keep rotating, 50ms at a time is recommended; if you stop sending it, it will stop rotating.

0x05: Tracking

The ground station sends the center point position of the target box to the gimbal with the length and width, i.e. turning on target tracking.

Coordinate axis: upper left (0, 0); lower right (8191, 8191)

0x08: Specified Angle

Directional angle commands, where the angle is a relative north-side angle when the flight control attitude is accessed.

When not in the flight control attitude, the angle is the angle of clamping relative to the head direction of the UAV/Drone.

Examples of common functions:

Function Describe		CANDATA (HEX)							
0x02 Forward		0F	02	00	00	00	00	00	00
0x04 Gimbal	Turn left 5°/Sec	0F	04	0C	FE	00	00	00	00
Control	Pull up 5°/Sec	0F	04	00	00	F4	01	00	00
0x08 Specified	Yaw: 45	0F	08	01	C2	01	00	00	00
Angle	Pitch: -45	0F	08	02	3E	FE	00	00	00
	Zoom: 10	0F	08	03	E8	03	00	00	00
0x10: Snapshot	Single shot	0F	10	01	00	00	00	00	00
0x11: Recording	Recording	0F	11	01	00	00	00	00	00

2.2 Gimbal Feedback

Gimbal feedback sent by CAN in four frames, sending one full frame every 500ms. The protocol for the complete frame is as follows.

Data	Function	Lengths (bytes)	Remark
0	Head	2	0xEB 0x90
2	length	1	0x0C
3		9	0x00
12	CMD+DID	2	0x210xFE
14	C_ID	1	Device ID 0x0F
15	Data_id	1	0x01
16	g_type	1	Gimbal Type (Note 1)

17	trace_flag	1	Determining whether or not it's tracking
18	Control_mode	1	(Note 2)
19	theta	2	Pitch angel *100
19	ineta	2	Range: [-11000, 6000], low and ahead
			Yaw angle*100
21	21 psi	2	(Geomagnetic)
			Range: [0, 36000], low and ahead
		2	Yaw motor*100
23			Range: [-17000, 17000]
23	Motor_psi		/ (3.5× Zoom)
			[-32500, 32500]
25	Crc	2	Checkpoint code, Note3
2731	0x00	5	Note 4

Data	Function	Lengths (bytes)	Remark
0	Head	2	0xEB 0x90
2	length	1	0x10
3		9	0x00
12	CMD+DID	2	0x210xFE
14	C_ID	1	Device ID 0x0F
15	Data_id	1	0x01
	Distance		
16	measuring	1	Gimbal Type (Note 1)
	success markers		
17	Target distance	2	0.1m
19	Target height	2	0.1m
21	Target longitude	4	*1e7deg, s32
25	Target latitude	4	*1e7deg, s32
29	Crc	2	Checkpoint code, Note3
31	0x00	5	Note 4

Note 1:

Gimbal Type:

01: 35× Zoom 2Mp/30X Zoom 4K Resolution

02: 30× Zoom, 5MP Resolution

03: 3.5× Zoom

04: 3.5× Zoom Dual-Sensor

05: Laser distance measurement

07: 30× Zoom Dual-Sensor

Note 2:

1: Full lock. (speed controlled) 2: course-following 3: Locking (angle controlled)

Note 3:

Note 4:

The gimbal sends this protocols data via CAN, which sends 8 valid bytes at a time, so that the entire message length is less than a multiple of 8.

2.3 Receive UAV/Drone status information

2.3.1 GPS

Type Content.		Content.	Remark					
	ID	0x0000FF15	Transmitter: 0x00, Recipient: 0xFF, Frame Number: 0x15					
L	engths	0x08	Latitude and Longitude					
	Data[0]	pos_lat	Latitude, @1e7deg, s32					
	Data[1]	pos_lat>>8						
	Data[2]	pos_lat>>16						
Data	Data[3]	pos_lat>>24						
Data	Data[4]	pos_lng						
	Data[5]	pos_Ing>>8	Fusion Longitude @1e7dem e22					
	Data[6]	pos_lng>>16	Fusion Longitude, @1e7deg, s32					
	Data[7]	pos_lng>>24						

2.3.2 Flight Altitude

Туре		Content.	Remark		
ID		0x0000FF16	Transmitter: 0x00, Recipient: 0xFF, Frame Number: 0x16		
Lengths		0x08	Altitude		
	Data[0]	Н			
Data	Data[1]	H>>8	Altitude*400 e22		
Data	Data[2]	H>>16	Altitude*100, s32		
	Data[3]	H>>24			

2.3.3 UAV/Drone Attitude Angle

Type Content.		Content.	Remark				
ID		0x0000FF13	Transmitter: 0x00, Recipient: 0xFF, Frame Number: 0x13				
Lengths		0x08	UAV/Drone Attitude Angle				
	Data[0]	Ditale	*100, s16				
	Data[1]	Pitch angle	100, 510				
Data	Data[2]	Dollando	*100, s16				
	Data[3]	Roll angle					
	Data[4]	Vou angle	*100, s16				
	Data[5]	Yaw angle					
	Data[6]						
	Data[7]						

2.3.4 Other Info

Туре		Content.	Remark			
ID		0x02008201	0x02008202			
Lengths		0x08	Message sending frame			
	Data[0]					
	Data[1]	ASCII				
5.	Data[2]		Message ID for message writing starting with 0x02008201, 8 bytes per			
	Data[3]		frame.			
Data	Data[4]		Intermediate frame ID: 0x02008201.			
	Data[5]		End frame ID: 0x02008202.			
	Data[6]					
	Data[7]					

Chapter 3 The TCP Protocols

This protocol is used for TCP access IDU control of the gimbal.

HEAD+CANDATA+CRC

0xEB	0x90	0x0A	0x00						
0x00	0x00	0x40	0x88	Can0	Can1	Can2	Can3	Can4	Can5
Can6	Can7	CRC							

CANDATA 14-21: please check Chapter 2 CAN Protocols ——2.1 Gimbal Control

CRC 22-23: from EB90 to CAN7, please check Chapter 2 CAN Protocols—2.2 Gimbal feedback

For example, "One key to down":

EB 90 0A 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 40 88 0F 07 00 00 00 00 00 68 5e

TTL sends GPS info protocols:

0xEB	0x90	0x0B	CAN_ID				0x00	0x00	0x00
0x00	0x00	0x40	0x88				Can3	Can4	Can5
Can6	Can7	CRC (not	calibrated)						

For example:

Longitude 118.1234567 (0x46683587) Latitude: 31.1234567 (0x128D1007)

Altitude :506.78 (0xC5F6)

EB 90 0B 00 00 FF 15 00 00 00 00 00 40 88 07 10 8D 12 87 35 68 46 00 00

EB 90 0B 00 00 FF 16 00 00 00 00 40 88 f6 c5 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00