# Dataset description

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## 1 Dataset Description Report

### 1.1 Group Members

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#### 1.2 Introduction

This report provides a detailed description of two datasets used for analysis: a weather dataset predicting rainfall and a salary dataset. Each dataset's characteristics, attributes, and significance are discussed.

#### 1.3 Dataset 1: Weather Observations Dataset

#### 1.3.1 Context

The first dataset comprises daily weather observations collected over approximately ten years from various locations across Australia. This dataset enables the prediction of next-day rain, answering the crucial question of whether to carry an umbrella. Link to Kaggle.

### 1.3.2 Characteristics

- Samples: Approximately 10 years of daily observations (exact count of samples may vary).
- Attributes: 22 attributes, including both numerical and categorical types.

#### 1.3.3 Attribute Types and Unique Values

		Unique	Missing	
Attribute	Type	Values	Values	Description
Date	Ordinal	3436	0	The date of observation.
Location	Nominal	49	0	The name of the weather station location.
MinTemp	Ratio	389	1485	Minimum temperature in degrees Celsius.
MaxTemp	Ratio	505	1261	Maximum temperature in degrees Celsius.
Rainfall	Ratio	681	3261	Amount of rainfall recorded for the day in
				mm.
Evaporation	Ratio	358	62790	Class A pan evaporation (mm) in the 24
				hours to 9am.

_		Unique	Missing	
Attribute	Type	Values	Values	Description
Sunshine	Ratio	145	69835	Number of hours of bright sunshine in the day.
WindGustDir	Nominal	16	10326	Direction of the strongest wind gust in the last 24 hours.
WindGustSpeed	l Ratio	67	10263	Speed (km/h) of the strongest wind gust in the last 24 hours.
WindDir9am	Nominal	16	10566	Direction of the wind at 9am.
WindDir3pm	Nominal	16	4228	Direction of the wind at 3pm.
WindSpeed9am	Ratio	43	1767	Wind speed (km/h) averaged over 10 minutes prior to 9am.
WindSpeed3pm	Ratio	44	3062	Wind speed (km/h) averaged over 10 minutes prior to 3pm.
Humidity9am	Ratio	101	2654	Humidity (percent) at 9am.
Humidity3pm	Ratio	101	4507	Humidity (percent) at 3pm.
Pressure9am	Ratio	546	15065	Atmospheric pressure (hPa) at 9am.
Pressure3pm	Ratio	549	15028	Atmospheric pressure (hPa) at 3pm.
Cloud9am	Ratio	10	55888	Fraction of sky obscured by cloud at 9am (in oktas).
Cloud3pm	Ratio	10	1767	Fraction of sky obscured by cloud at 3pm (in oktas).
Temp9am	Ratio	441	3609	Temperature (degrees C) at 9am.
Temp3pm	Ratio	502	1485	Temperature (degrees C) at 3pm.
RainToday	Nominal	2	3261	Yes if precipitation (mm) exceeds 1mm, otherwise No.
RainTomorrow	Nominal	2	3267	Indicates whether it will rain tomorrow $(Yes/No)$ .

## 1.3.4 Comments on Reformatting

• Date: Should be reformatted to datetime for better handling in time series analysis.

## 1.3.5 Target Attribute

• RainTomorrow: This binary attribute indicates whether it will rain the following day (Yes/No). It is crucial for predicting weather patterns and making informed decisions.

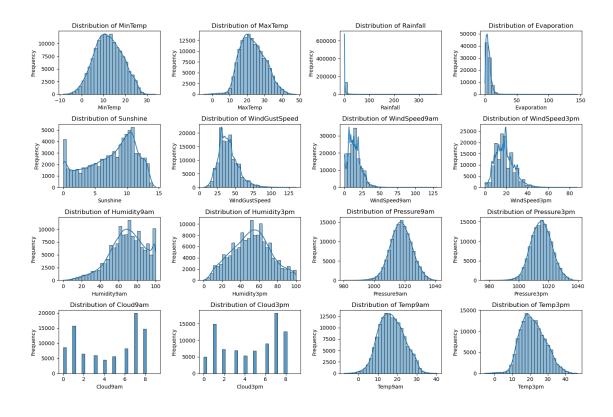
### 1.3.6 Importance of Dataset

Understanding the distribution of values in attributes helps in preprocessing steps, such as handling missing values and feature selection, to build accurate predictive models.

	0	1	2	3	4
Date	2008-12-01	2008-12-02	2008-12-03	2008-12-04	2008-12-05
Location	Albury	Albury	Albury	Albury	Albury
MinTemp	13.400000	7.400000	12.900000	9.200000	17.500000
MaxTemp	22.900000	25.100000	25.700000	28.000000	32.300000
Rainfall	0.600000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000
Evaporation	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
Sunshine	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
WindGustDir	W	WNW	WSW	NE	W
${\bf WindGustSpeed}$	44.000000	44.000000	46.000000	24.000000	41.000000
WindDir9am	W	NNW	W	SE	ENE
WindDir3pm	WNW	WSW	WSW	$\mathbf{E}$	NW
${\bf WindSpeed9am}$	20.000000	4.000000	19.000000	11.000000	7.000000
${\bf WindSpeed3pm}$	24.000000	22.000000	26.000000	9.000000	20.000000
Humidity9am	71.000000	44.000000	38.000000	45.000000	82.000000
Humidity3pm	22.000000	25.000000	30.000000	16.000000	33.000000
Pressure9am	1007.700000	1010.600000	1007.600000	1017.600000	1010.800000
Pressure3pm	1007.100000	1007.800000	1008.700000	1012.800000	1006.000000
Cloud9am	8.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	7.000000
Cloud3pm	NaN	NaN	2.000000	NaN	8.000000
Temp9am	16.900000	17.200000	21.000000	18.100000	17.800000
Temp3pm	21.800000	24.300000	23.200000	26.500000	29.700000
RainToday	No	No	No	No	No
RainTomorrow	No	No	No	No	No

### 1.3.7 Dataset visualizations

- 1.  ${f Distribution\ of\ RainTomorrow}$  understanding the balance between classes
- 2. Histograms of Numeric Attributes



### 1.4 Dataset 2: Employee Salary Dataset

#### 1.4.1 Context

The second dataset provides annual salary information, including gross and overtime pay, for all active, permanent employees of Montgomery County, MD, for the calendar year 2016. This data is essential for analyzing salary distribution and identifying trends in employee compensation.

Link to OpenML

#### 1.4.2 Characteristics

• Samples: 9222 employee records

• Attributes: 13 attributes with a mix of numeric and categorical types.

#### 1.4.3 Attribute Types and Unique Values

Attribute	Type	Unique Values	Missing Values	Description
Attilbute	туре	varues	varues	Description
full_name	Nominal	9222	0	Employee's full name.
gender	Nominal	1 2	17	Employee's gender (F, M).
$current\_annual\_sala$	r <b>y</b> Ratio	3403	0	Employee's current annual salary in
				USD.
2016_gross_pay_rec	e <b>Rad</b> io	8977	100	Total gross pay received in 2016.

Attribute	Type	Unique Values	Missing Values	Description
2016 overtime pay	Ratio	6176	2917	Total overtime pay received in 2016.
department	Nomina	ıl 37	0	Department of the employee.
department_name	Nomina	l 37	0	Full name of the department.
division	Nomina	l 694	0	Division of the employee within the
				department.
assignment_category	Nomina	l 2	0	Employment category (Fulltime-Regular,
				Parttime-Regular).
employee_position_t	ti <b>tN</b> omina	l 385	0	Job title of the employee.
underfilled_job_title	Nomina	ıl 84	0	Job title of the position being
				underfilled, if applicable.
$date\_first\_hired$	Ordinal	2264	0	Date the employee was first hired.
$year\_first\_hired$	Interval	51	0	Year the employee was first hired.

### 1.4.4 Target Attribute

• current\_annual\_salary: The primary target attribute used for salary analysis and modeling. Understanding its distribution is crucial for various analyses, including equity and budgeting.

### 1.4.5 Comments on Reformatting

• date\_first\_hired: Should be reformatted to datetime for better handling in time analysis.

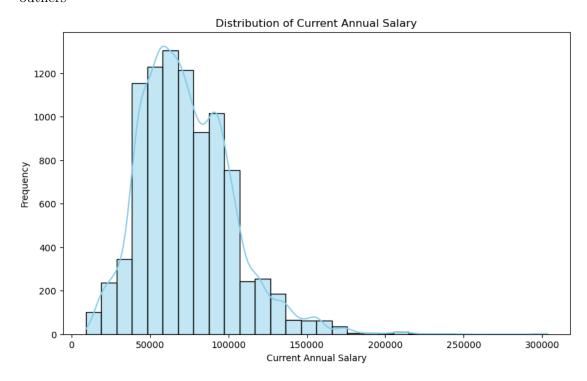
### 1.4.6 Importance of Dataset

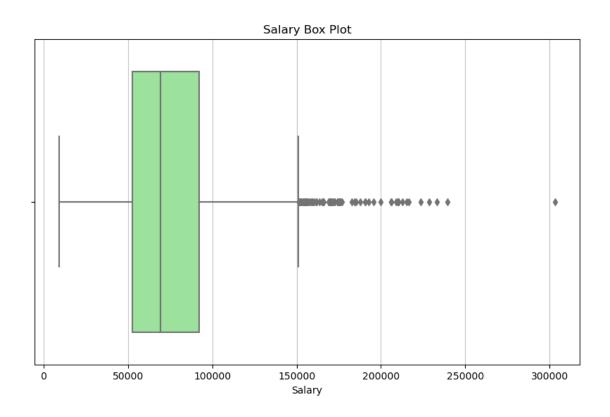
The distribution of numeric values in the salary dataset provides insight into compensation trends, while the categorical data (such as gender and department) allows for analyzing disparities and ensuring equitable pay practices.

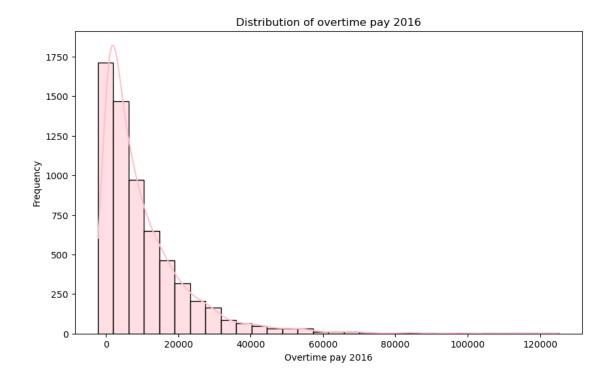
	0
full_name	Aarhus, Pam J.
gender	F
current_annual_salary	69222.180000
2016_gross_pay_received	71225.980000
2016_overtime_pay	416.100000
department	POL
$department\_name$	Department of Police
division	MSB Information Mgmt and Tech Division Records Management Section
assignment_category	Fulltime-Regular
$employee\_position\_title$	Office Services Coordinator
$underfilled\_job\_title$	NaN
$date\_first\_hired$	09/22/1986
year_first_hired	1986

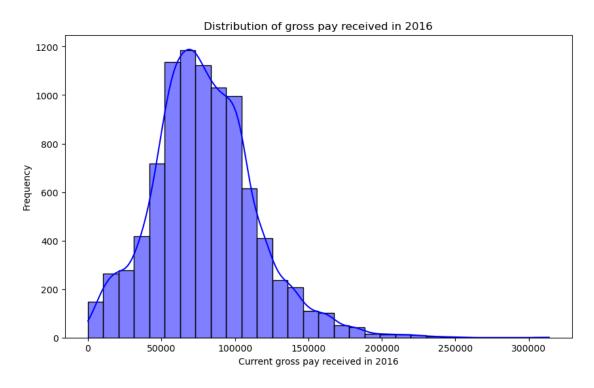
## 1.4.7 Dataset visualizations

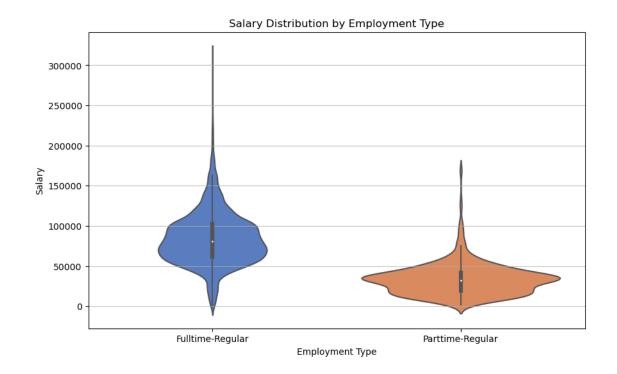
1.  $\bf Distribution$  of  $\bf Current$   $\bf Annual$   $\bf Salary$  - analyzing salary ranges and identifying any outliers

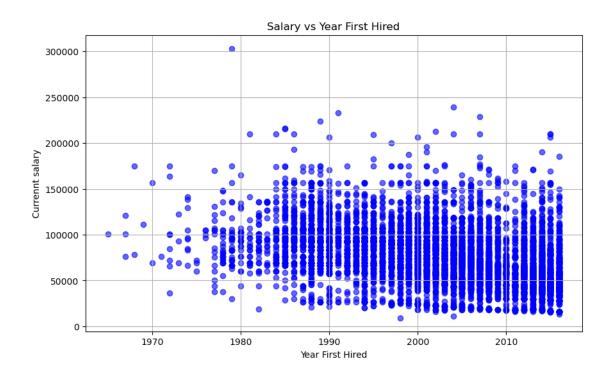












## 2. Histograms of Numeric Attributes

## 1.4.8 Conclusion

Both datasets offer valuable insights into weather prediction and employee compensation. By understanding their characteristics, distributions, and the significance of attributes, we can apply appropriate data preprocessing techniques and build effective predictive models.