

# Bonsai3 IDO Security Audit Report

PREPARED FOR:

**Bonsai3 Crypto** 

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#### **Revision history**

Date	Reason	Commit
01/08/2024	Initial Audit Scope	#0a8c2a6f542ed38b194a68d25368cb1379 d96346
	Review Of Remediations	



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#### **Automated Audit**

Static Analysis with Slither

**Unit Test Coverage** 

<u>Disclaimer</u>



## **Executive Summary**

### 1. Introduction and Audit Scope

Bonsai3 engaged Arcadia to perform a security audit of their main smart contracts version 2. Our review of their codebase occurred on the commit hash

#### #0a8c2a6f542ed38b194a68d25368cb1379d96346

#### a. Review Team

Jihed Chalghaf - Security Researcher and Engineer

Joel Farris - Project Manager

#### b. Project Background

**Bonsai3** offers a pioneering no-code toolkit designed by developers, aiming to be the WordPress equivalent for Web3. It empowers teams to deploy projects swiftly, affordably, and securely at any scale. The platform ensures community ownership and decentralized asset management, featuring unique tool sets for token creation, pre-sales, smart contract management, and market-making strategies.

#### c. Coverage

For this audit, we performed research, test coverage, investigation, and review of Bonsai3's main contract followed by issue reporting, along with mitigation and remediation instructions as outlined in this report. The following code repositories, files, and/or libraries are considered in scope for the review.

File	Line s	nLine s	nSLO C	Commen t Lines	Complex . Score
src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol	541	428	375	20	221
src/FeeManager.sol	288	270	224	20	112
src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol	179	156	120	19	101
src/Libraries/Bonsai3Sale.sol	84	54	47	6	15
src/TokenFactory.sol	41	35	29	1	47
src/Libraries/TokenDetails.sol	39	26	21	1	6
src/Interfaces/IFeeManager.sol	53	23	17	9	28



src/Libraries/Sale.sol	13	13	11	1	1
src/Libraries/Token.sol	12	12	10	1	1
src/Libraries/SelfDestruct.sol	13	10	7	1	1
src/Interfaces/ICombinedEscrow.sol	51	10	5	13	28
src/Interfaces/IBonsai3Launchpad.so					
I	83	6	3	5	44

## 2. Audit Summary

#### a. Audit Methodology

Arcadia completed this security review using various methods, primarily consisting of dynamic and static analysis. This process included a line-by-line analysis of the in-scope contracts, optimization analysis, analysis of key functionalities and limiters, and reference against intended functionality.

The followings are the steps we have performed while auditing the smart contracts:

- Investigating the project and its technical architecture overview through its documentation
- Understanding the overview of the smart contracts, the functions of the contracts, the inheritance, and how the contracts interface with each other thanks to the graph created by <u>Solidity Visual Developer</u>
- Manual smart contract audit:
  - Review the code to find any issue that could be exploited by known attacks listed by <u>Consensys</u>
  - Identifying which existing projects the smart contracts are built upon and what are the known vulnerabilities and remediations to the existing projects
  - Line-by-line manual review of the code to find any algorithmic and arithmetic related vulnerabilities compared to what should be done based on the project's documentation
  - Find any potential code that could be refactored to save gas
  - Run through the unit-tests and test-coverage if exists
- Static Analysis:
  - Scanning for vulnerabilities in the smart contracts using Static Code Analysis
     Software



- Making a static analysis of the smart contracts using Slither
- Additional review: a follow-up review is done when the smart contracts have any new update. The follow-up is done by reviewing all changes compared to the audited commit revision and its impact to the existing source code and found issues.

#### b. Summary

There were **65** issues found, **7** of which were deemed to be 'critical', and **3** of which were rated as 'high'. At the end of these issues were found throughout the review of a rapidly changing codebase and not a final static point in time.

Severity Rating	Number of Original Occurrences	Number of Remaining Occurrences
CRITICAL	7	7
HIGH	3	3
MEDIUM	16	16
LOW	14	14
INFORMATIONAL	15	15
GAS	10	10



# **Findings in Manual Audit**

 Missing input validation could cause createNewToken to pass without creating a token

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-1

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Critical, likelihood: High

```
function createNewToken(
        uint256 _id,
        uint256 _totalSupply,
        string calldata _tokenName,
        string calldata _tokenTicker,
        uint8 template,
        address userWallet
    public payable override contractTurnedOn returns (address) {
        require(
            _totalSupply > 0,
            "You cannot send a negative supply of 0 or less!"
        _handleFeePayment(_template);
        ChildToken storage newChildToken = tokenDetails[_id];
        require(newChildToken.id = 0, "Token has already been
created"):
        newChildToken.id = _id;
        newChildToken.tokenTemplate = _template;
        newChildToken.owner = userWallet;
        newChildToken.totalSupply = _totalSupply;
        newChildToken.saleToken = _createToken(
            _tokenName,
            _tokenTicker,
            _totalSupply,
            _template,
            userWallet
```



)

#### **Description**

During the creation of a new token, users specify **\_template** to determine the token's type, which can be **Token** if **\_template** equals one or **Seed** if \_template equals two.

Otherwise, no tokens will be created, and the **TokenFactory::deployToken** function will return the new token's address as **address(0)**.

If **\_template** is greater than five, the transaction will be reverted during the fee payment process when calling **feeManager.getFeeAmount(\_template)**, so there is no need to worry.

However, if **\_template** <= 5, it could still be one of {0,3,4,5}, preventing the fee payment process from reverting because it accepts values in that range, thus disregarding the function's purpose.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

#### Proof of concept

Consider adding this fuzz test into your existing tests at **test/Bonsai3Launchpad.t.sol**. It will pass when given a template <= 5



#### Recommendation

Consider validating **\_template** at the start of the function:

```
require(_template = 1 || _template = 2, "createNewToken: invalid
template");
```

**2.** An off-by-one error may result in griefing attacks, potentially leading to locked funds

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-2

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Critical, likelihood: High

#### **Description**

The functions **createNewToken** and **createNewSale** do not require the **\_id** input parameter to be greater than zero, resulting in bypassing the existing validations:



This means that a malicious user can either overwrite the token stored at the 0 id, preventing the original token owner at id == 0 from listing their token for sale if they have not already done so.

Furthermore, a malicious user may choose to overwrite an existing sale with **id == 0**, locking the participants' funds because the sale's **escrowContract** is updated with each sale creation.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

#### **Proof of concept**

\_

#### Recommendation

Validate that the given **\_id** is greater than zero in both functions.

3. The absence of sale token validation could result in the use of dangerous tokens

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-3

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Critical, likelihood: High

```
function createNewSale(
     uint256 _id,
     uint256 _totalSaleSupply,
```



```
uint256 _presalePrice, // AKA to token price
        uint256 _softCap,
        uint256 _startTime,
        uint256 _endTime,
        address saleToken,
        address _purchaseToken,
        address _userWallet
    public payable override contractTurnedOn {
        require(
            saleDetails[_id].id = 0,
            "createNewSale: Sale ID is incorrect"
        );
        require(
            _endTime > _startTime,
            "Your start time cannot be before your end time"
        );
        _handleFeePayment(4);
        _handleERCPayment(_saleToken, _totalSaleSupply);
        _setTokenState(_id, Token.TokenState.Insale);
        NewSale storage newUserSale = saleDetails[_id];
        newUserSale.id = _id;
        newUserSale.presalePrice = _presalePrice; // change to price *
token quantity.
        newUserSale.softCap = _softCap; //
        newUserSale.saleToken = _saleToken;
```

The function **createNewSale** enables users to sell their created tokens via the launchpad. However, the function does not validate the **\_saleToken** legitimacy.

A malicious user can start a sale using a dangerous token with a blacklisting feature. Then he can track the sale's progress, collect participants' addresses, and wait for it to reach the soft cap.

If there are any tokens left for sale, the malicious seller can take part in his own sale, allowing him to claim the tokens when the sale ends and make the most profit instead of waiting for the first participant to claim his tokens and blacklists the rest of participants.

Just before the sale's end, the seller blacklists all other participants, preventing them from using the **userClaimTokens** function because the sale token transfers will fail.



The seller finally calls **userClaimTokens**, which sends him the purchase tokens paid by the participants, while the sale tokens are stuck on the sale's **escrowContract** and cannot be withdrawn by **Bonsai3Launchpad** nor sent to their proper owners.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

#### **Proof of concept**

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#### Recommendation

Remove the \_saleToken parameter and use tokenDetails[\_id].saleToken instead.

4. Lack of **msg.value** validation may cause launchpad's funds to drain

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-4

#### Status

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Critical, likelihood: High

```
function _handleFeePayment(uint8 key) internal {
    if (msg.value > 0) {
        require(msg.value > 0, "please add more eth to pay for

fees.");
    }
    require(
        feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:

feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(
        key, //todo last change should be made here @bufo
```



```
msg.sender
),
"please pay fee"
);
}
```

The functions **createNewToken**, **createNewSale**, and **userClaimTokens** rely on the \_handleFeePayment function, which does not ensure that the caller has sent enough ETH before calling **feeManager.chargeFeeByType**.

This could result in sending the required fee amount from the contract's funds, assuming the user has supplied sufficient ETH.

Additionally, fees can be in the form of ERC20 tokens. This means that the contract is always assuming that fees are in ETH and trying to send from its own funds, even when we do not need to send ETH.

#### **Code location**

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

#### Proof of concept

\_

#### Recommendation

Consider changing to:



This way, both fee currencies (native ETH and ERC20) will be managed by feeManager.chargeFeeByType.

Launchpad's flawed refund mechanism could result in locked funds

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-5

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Critical, likelihood: High

#### **Code Segment**

```
function userClaimTokens(uint256 _id) public override {
    ...
} else if (saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Refund) {
    saleLocalObj.escrowContract.withdraw(payable(msg.sender));
    emit UserClaimedRefund(
        _id,
        msg.sender,
        saleLocalObj.totalUserPurchases[msg.sender]
    );
}
...
```

#### Description

In a sale where the state is set to **Refund**, any participant trying to claim their tokens will result in the contract refunding their purchase tokens, which can be either native ETH or ERC20 tokens. As shown in the implementation, the function only manages refunding purchase tokens in the form of native ETH. As a result, if the purchase token was an ERC20 token, the function will revert, resulting in the participants' purchase tokens being stuck in



the **Bonsai3Launchpad** contract and the sale owner's sale tokens being stuck in the **escrow** contract.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

#### **Proof of concept**

- User creates a sale, accepting **USDC** as the purchase token.
- Multiple users take part in the sale without reaching the sale's **softCap**.
- Sale's endTime was reached.
- Any eligible participant calling userClaimTokens will result in the transaction reverting with no way to get their tokens back; the same applies for the sale owner's sale tokens.

#### Recommendation

Consider handling both cases when refunding purchase tokens.

```
if (saleLocalObj.purchaseToken = address(0)) {
   saleLocalObj.escrowContract.withdraw(payable(msg.sender));
} else {
   IERC20(saleLocalObj.purchaseToken).safeTransfer(
       msg.sender,
       saleLocalObj.totalUserPurchases[msg.sender]
   );
}
```

**6.** Absence of refund to the sale's owner will result in locked funds

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-6

#### **Status**

Unresolved



#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Critical, likelihood: High

#### **Code Segment**

At Bonsai3Launchpad.\_endSale()

```
if (saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold < saleLocalObj.softCap) {
   saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Refund;
   saleLocalObj.escrowContract.enableRefunds();
}</pre>
```

#### Description

The first eligible participant to call userClaimTokens will pay for the sale state's update by entering <code>\_endSale()</code>. In the case of a sale that has not reached the <code>softCap</code>, the sale state will be marked as <code>Refund</code> and the <code>escrowContract</code>'s state will also be updated to <code>Refunding</code>. The issue is that the contract is not sending the sale owner's tokens back, resulting in their tokens being stuck in both the <code>escrowContract</code> and the <code>Bonsai3Launchpad</code> contracts.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
```

#### Recommendation

```
if (saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold < saleLocalObj.softCap) {
    saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Refund;
    saleLocalObj.escrowContract.enableRefunds();
    uint256 refundAmountAtEscrow =
    saleLocalObj.escrowContract.getTotalERCBalance();
//1. refund the amount sent to the escrow through participateInSale
//calls
    saleLocalObj.escrowContract.withdrawAfterRefund();
//2. refund the remaining amount from this contract
    IERC20(saleLocalObj.saleToken).transfer(
        saleLocalObj.owner,
        saleLocalObj.totalSupply - refundAmountAtEscrow
    );</pre>
```



Erroneous payment check logic at FeeManager can lead to underflow

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-7

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Critical, likelihood: High

#### Code Segment

```
function _checkPayment(
    address payee,
    uint256 balanceBefore,
    uint256 requiredBalance,
    address currency
) internal returns (bool) {
    uint256 userBalance;
    if (currency = address(0)) {
        userBalance = payee.balance - balanceBefore;
    } else {
        userBalance = IERC20(currency).balanceOf(payee) -
balanceBefore;
    }
    emit PaymentSuccess(true, payee);
    return (userBalance ≥ requiredBalance);
}
```

#### **Description**

For each fee-related function at Bonsai3Launchpad (createNewSale, createNewToken, participateInSale), the contract calls FeeManager. chargeFeeByType which uses the above function at the end to confirm that the user has supplied sufficient funds.

Nonetheless, the **userBalance** assignments are inversed since the function is subtracting



the pre-payment balance from the current balance, potentially leading to an underflow and causing unexpected behavior.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

#### Recommendation

```
if (currency = address(0)) {
        userBalance = balanceBefore - payee.balance;
    } else {
        userBalance = balanceBefore
-IERC20(currency).balanceOf(payee);
    }
```

8. Unhandled post-payment check at **FeeManager** could lead to users bypassing fee payments

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-8

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: High, likelihood: Medium

```
function _handleTokenPayment(
    uint256 balanceBefore,
    IFeeManager.FeeTypes key,
    uint256 _purchaseAmount,
    address user
) internal {
    ...
    _checkPayment(user, balanceBefore, _purchaseAmount,
    fees[key].currency);
```



The return value of the payment check function is not used, potentially allowing users to bypass fees payment, potentially draining the **Bonsai3Launchpad** ETH funds.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Validate the payment check return value by using it inside a require statement.

```
require(_checkPayment(user, balanceBefore, _purchaseAmount,
fees[key].currency), "Failed payment check.");
```

**9.** Tokens with a fee-on-transfer mechanism will break the protocol

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-9

#### Status

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: High, likelihood: Medium

```
// at Bonsai3Launchpad
function _handleERCPayment(
    address _saleToken,
    uint256 amount
) internal returns (bool) {
    IERC20 saleToken = IERC20(_saleToken);
    uint256 balanceBefore = saleToken.balanceOf(address(this));
    saleToken.transferFrom(msg.sender, address(this), amount);
```



```
return (saleToken.balanceOf(address(this)) ≥ balanceBefore
amount);
// at CombinedEscrow
function depositERC20(
        uint256 amount,
        address bonsaiHoldings,
        address payee
    ) external nonReentrant onlyOwner contractNotDestroyed {
        require(
            state() = State.Active,
            "ConditionalEscrow: depositERC20 Users can only deposit
tokens when sale is active."
        );
        require(amount > 0, "Amount must be greater than 0");
        require(
            _saleToken.transferFrom(bonsaiHoldings, address(this),
amount),
            "ConditionalEscrow: depositERC20 Transfer failed"
        userErc20Balances[address(_saleToken)][payee] += amount;
        totalErcBalance += amount;
// at CombinedEscrow
function withdrawERC20(
        address pavee
    ) external nonReentrant onlyOwner contractNotDestroyed returns
(uint256) {
        require(
            state() = State.Closed,
            "ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 Users can only deposit
tokens when sale is active."
        );
        uint256 amount =
userErc20Balances[address(_saleToken)][payee];
        require(amount > 0, "No funds to withdraw");
        userErc20Balances[address( saleToken)][payee] = 0;
        require(
            _saleToken.transfer(payee, amount),
            "ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 Transfer failed"
        totalErcBalance -= amount;
        require(
            totalErcBalance ≥ 0,
            "ConditionalEscrow: ERC Balance insufficient"
        );
        return amount;
```



```
// at CombinedEscrow
function withdrawAfterRefund()
        public
        nonReentrant
        onlyOwner
        contractNotDestroyed
    {
        require(
            state() = State.Refunding,
            "CombinedEscrow: saleOwner can only withdraw project
tokens when the sale is refunded"
        );
        require(
            _saleToken.transfer(address(beneficiary()),
totalErcBalance),
            "CombinedEscrow: withdrawAfterRefund transfer failed"
        );
```

During the creation and participation of sales, the function \_handleERCPayment is utilized. The received amount will, however, be less than the transferred amount when transferring fee-on-transfer tokens. Sales involving these tokens will therefore have a lower supply than what is kept at totalSupply. Additionally, totalErcBalance and userErc20Balances mapping will contain improper amounts. Resulting in one hand, if the sale is set to an ending state, users may make more claims than they ought to, which would cause the final participant to claim to revert. On the other hand, if the sale is set to a refund state, the sale owner's refund call during the first participant's claim will revert since the actual escrow's balance is less than the registered totalErcBalance. Causing locked funds for both the sale's owner and the participants.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol
```



#### Recommendation

Consider storing the actual sale supply received during sale creation and storing the correct amount purchased for each user during their participation and the correct balances on the escrow contract.

# 10. Usage of the wrong user balance may lead to invalid payment checks

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-10

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: High, likelihood: High

```
function chargeFeeByType(
        // IFeeManager.FeeTypes key,
        uint8 key,
        address user
    ) public payable onlyBonsai3 noReentrant returns (bool) {
        FeeObject memory invoices = fees[catalouge[key]];
        invoices.amount = fees[catalouge[key]].amount;
        invoices.currency = fees[catalouge[key]].currency;
        FeesOccurred storage userPurchase = chargedFees[user];
        userPurchase.feeCodes.push(catalouge[key]);
        userPurchase.amount += fees[catalouge[key]].amount;
        userPurchase.currency = fees[catalouge[key]].currency;
        if (invoices.currency = address(0)) {
            require(
                msg.value > fees[catalouge[key]].amount,
                "MSG. Value insufficient"
            _handleTokenPayment(user.balance, catalouge[key],
msg.value, user);
            userPurchase.paid = true;
            return true;
        } else {
```



At Bonsai3Launchpad.\_handleFeePayment, the user was supposedly charged for the fee amount before the FeeManager.chargeFeeByType call. Which means that user.balance at chargeFeeByType represents the current user balance after paying fees, not the actual pre-payment balance that \_handleTokenPayment is looking for. As a result, during the payment check, legitimate payments will be considered invalid. Possibly DOS every fee payment made with native ETH.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Consider changing to:

```
_handleTokenPayment(user.balance + msg.value, catalouge[key], msg.value, user);
```

This change will only be valid if the fix from **BI3-4** is applied.



**11.** Missing validation may cause a user to take part in a sale without making the required payment and without any tokens to claim

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-11

#### Status

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Medium, likelihood: Medium

```
function participateInSale(
        uint256 _id,
        uint256 _purchaseAmount
        public
        payable
        override
        requiredSaleState(_id)
        dontHogTheSaleBro(_id, _purchaseAmount)
        returns (bool)
    {
        require(block.timestamp \le saleDetails[_id].endTime, "Sale has
ended"):
        require(saleDetails[_id].id = _id, "Sale ID is incorrect");
        handleFeePayment(5);
        NewSale storage saleLocalObj = saleDetails[_id];
        if (saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Pending) {
            _handleSaleState(saleLocalObj);
        }
        require(
            saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Active,
            "participateInSale: sale pending"
        );
        uint256 msgValue = msg.value;
       msgValue -= feeManager.getFeeAmount(5); // Payment without fee
       _handleUserPurchase(saleLocalObj, _purchaseAmount);
        if (saleLocalObj.purchaseToken = address(0)) {
```



```
_handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj);
        } else {
           _handleERCPayment(
                saleLocalObj.purchaseToken,
                saleLocalObj.participatedAmount
            );
       saleLocalObj.totalUserPurchases[msg.sender] += saleLocalObj
            .participatedAmount; // add purchase token amount to total
       _handleTokenDeposit(
            saleLocalObj.escrowContract,
            _purchaseAmount,
            saleLocalObj.saleToken
        );
       participatedSales[msg.sender].push(saleLocalObj.id); // user
joined investor list;
       saleLocalObj.userList.push(msg.sender); // add user to sale
object list << these two indexes may be different but >>
       emit UserParticipates(
            msg.sender,
            id,
            saleLocalObj.participatedAmount,
            saleLocalObj.totalUserTokens[msg.sender]
        );
       return true;
```

For each sale participant, the real purchase amount is **saleLocalObj.participatedAmount** which is being set at: \_handleUserPurchase(saleLocalObj, \_purchaseAmount);

However, this amount can be equal to zero if **presalePrice** equals **zero** and

\_purchaseAmount is less than one hundred because of the following:



```
_purchaseAmount
);
} else {
    saleLocalObj.participatedAmount = _calculateUserTokens( //
dutch auction price = 0
    saleLocalObj.id,
    _purchaseAmount
);
}
```

The above formula can be shortened to: \_tokenQuantity / 100

In other words, users will not be able to buy less than 100 (in Wei) of any particular sale token. Rather, either the transaction will revert if **purchaseToken** is native ETH (caused by **Escrow::deposit()**) or they will pay the participation fees and become participants, but they won't receive any tokens at the conclusion of the sale.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Reevaluate the formula used at \_calculateUserTokens.

Additionally, consider checking the **participatedAmount** value after its assignment:

```
_handleUserPurchase(saleLocalObj, _purchaseAmount);
require(saleLocalObj.participatedAmount > 0, "participateInSale:
unsufficient purchase amount");
```



12. A missing check of the **saleToken** state can result in the sale of an improper token

#### Issue ID

BI3-12

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Medium, likelihood: High

#### **Code Segment**

```
function createNewSale(
       uint256 _id,
       uint256 _totalSaleSupply,
       uint256 _presalePrice, // AKA to token price
       uint256 _softCap,
       uint256 _startTime,
       uint256 _endTime,
       address _saleToken,
       address _purchaseToken,
       address _userWallet
    ) public payable override contractTurnedOn {
       require(
            saleDetails[_id].id = 0,
            "createNewSale: Sale ID is incorrect"
        );
       require(
            _endTime > _startTime,
            "Your start time cannot be before your end time"
       _handleFeePayment(4);
       _handleERCPayment(_saleToken, _totalSaleSupply);
```

#### **Description**

The **createNewSale** function allows users to offer their token for sale only once. The current implementation makes it impossible to determine whether the **\_saleToken** has the



correct state. This increases the risk of users creating sales with different ids and the same \_saleToken.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

#### **Proof of concept**

\_

#### Recommendation

Consider adding the following require statement:

```
require(tokenDetails[_id].tokenState = Token.TokenState.Created,
"createNewSale: invalid token state");
```

# Insufficient input validation during sale creation can lead to stuck funds

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-13

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Medium, likelihood: Low

```
function createNewSale(
    uint256 _id,
    uint256 _totalSaleSupply,
    uint256 _presalePrice, // AKA to token price
    uint256 _softCap,
    uint256 _startTime,
    uint256 _endTime,
    address _saleToken,
```



```
address _purchaseToken,
   address _userWallet
) public payable override contractTurnedOn {
   require(
       saleDetails[_id].id = 0,
       "createNewSale: Sale ID is incorrect"
);
   require(
       _endTime > _startTime,
       "Your start time cannot be before your end time"
);
   _handleFeePayment(4);
   // irrelevant code removed
}
```

The user may inadvertently select a **\_startTime** that is too far in the future when creating a sale. Which causes his sale tokens to become trapped in the **Bonsai3Launchpad** contract.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

#### Recommendation

Consider validating that the **\_startTime** field is not too far away in the future, for example it should be max 1 year in the future.

Launchpad sales are incompatible with custom tokens such as USDT

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-14

#### **Status**

Unresolved



#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Medium, likelihood: Medium

#### **Code Segment**

```
function _handleTokenDeposit(
        CombinedEscrow escrow,
        uint256 _purchaseAmount,
        address _saleToken
    ) internal {
        uint256 balanceBefore =
IERC20(_saleToken).balanceOf(address(escrow));
        IERC20(_saleToken).approve(address(escrow), _purchaseAmount);
        escrow.depositERC20(_purchaseAmount, address(this),
msg.sender);
        require(
            IERC20(_saleToken).balanceOf(address(escrow)) >
                balanceBefore + _purchaseAmount,
            "Payment failure, final transaction balance is not
correct."
        );
```

#### **Description**

Some ERC20 tokens (like **USDT**) do not work when changing the allowance from an existing non-zero allowance value to protect against front-running changes of approvals.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Set the allowance to zero before increasing the allowance and use **safeApprove** or **safeIncreaseAllowance** from Openzeppelin's **safeERC20**.



# **15.** Fee-on-transfer tokens are not supported as sale tokens

#### Issue ID

BI3-15

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Medium, likelihood: Medium

#### Code Segment

#### Description

The highlighted require statement will revert when transferring **fee-on-transfer** tokens because the actual received amount will be less.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol



#### Recommendation

It is possible to update the \_handleTokenDeposit function to check for the actual received amount by the escrow contract. To withdraw the correct amount during participants' claims, you should also think about updating escrow.depositERC20 to store the actual received amount on the userErc20Balances mapping and the totalErcBalance state variable.

Or clearly document that only standard ERC20 tokens are supported. Which is unlikely since **Seed** also applies fees on transfer.

# 16. Not all ERC20 tokens transfer/transferFrom return a boolean

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-16

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Medium, likelihood: Medium

```
function depositERC20(
    uint256 amount,
    address bonsaiHoldings,
    address payee
) external nonReentrant onlyOwner contractNotDestroyed {
    require(
        state() = State.Active,
        "ConditionalEscrow: depositERC20 Users can only deposit
tokens when sale is active."
    );
    require(amount > 0, "Amount must be greater than 0");
    require(
        _saleToken.transferFrom(bonsaiHoldings, address(this),
amount),
```



```
"ConditionalEscrow: depositERC20 Transfer failed"
);
userErc20Balances[address(_saleToken)][payee] += amount;
totalErcBalance += amount;
}
```

```
function _handleTokenPayment(
        uint256 balanceBefore,
        IFeeManager.FeeTypes key,
        uint256 _purchaseAmount,
        address user
    ) internal {
        if (fees[key].currency = address(0)) {
            require(
                user.balance ≥ _purchaseAmount,
                "User does not have the balance"
            );
            // Using address(0) to represent native currency
            require(msg.value = purchaseAmount, "Incorrect ETH
amount sent");
            // Transfer Ether to the recipient address
            // vault.sendValue
            (bool sent, ) = payable( vault).call{value:
purchaseAmount ("");
            require(sent, "Failed to send Ether");
        } else {
            IERC20 saleToken = IERC20(fees[key].currency);
            require(
                saleToken.balanceOf(user) > _purchaseAmount,
                "User does not have the balance"
            );
            require(
                saleToken.transferFrom(user, __vault,
purchaseAmount),
                "Token transfer failed"
            );
        _checkPayment(user, balanceBefore, _purchaseAmount,
fees[key].currency);
```

```
function withdrawERC20(
        address payee
    ) external nonReentrant onlyOwner contractNotDestroyed returns
(uint256) {
```



```
require(
            state() = State.Closed,
            "ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 Users can only deposit
tokens when sale is active."
        );
        uint256 amount =
userErc20Balances[address(_saleToken)][payee];
        require(amount > 0, "No funds to withdraw");
        userErc20Balances[address(_saleToken)][payee] = 0;
        require(
            _saleToken.transfer(payee, amount),
            "ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 Transfer failed"
        totalErcBalance -= amount;
        require(
            totalErcBalance ≥ 0,
            "ConditionalEscrow: ERC Balance insufficient"
        );
        return amount;
function withdrawAfterRefund()
        public
        nonReentrant
        onlyOwner
        contractNotDestroyed
    {
        require(
            state() = State.Refunding,
            "CombinedEscrow: saleOwner can only withdraw project
tokens when the sale is refunded"
        );
        require(
            _saleToken.transfer(address(beneficiary()),
totalErcBalance).
            "CombinedEscrow: withdrawAfterRefund transfer failed"
        );
```

Some tokens (like USDT) do not implement the EIP20 standard correctly and their transfer/transferFrom function return void instead of a success boolean. Calling these functions with the correct EIP20 function signatures will revert.



#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Consider using OpenZeppelin's **SafeERC20** versions with the **safeTransfer** and **safeTransferFrom** functions that manage the return value check as well as non-standard-compliant tokens.

 Decrementing totalTokensSold after the sale's end causes an incorrect state

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-17

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Medium, likelihood: High

```
function userClaimTokens(uint256 _id) public override {
   NewSale storage saleLocalObj = saleDetails[_id];
   require(
        (saleDetails[_id].totalUserPurchases[msg.sender] > 0),
        "User did not participate"
   );
```



At the end of a sale where **X** tokens were sold, the sale's **totalTokensSold** variable will always be equal to 0 when it is not the case.

Additionally, it'll provide improper return values when calling **getSaleProgress()** and **getParticipatedAmount()**.

# Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
```

## Recommendation

Consider adding a new field to the **Bonsai3Sale.NewSale** struct called for example **debtInTokens** and use it where fit it instead of **totalTokensSold**. Also, consider incrementing **totalTokensSold** each time a user claims a certain token amount.

```
// at Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens
saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold -= transferAmt;
saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold += transferAmt;
```

```
// at Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro
```



```
// at Bonsai3Launchpad._handleUserPurchase
require(
    saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold + _purchaseAmount 
    saleLocalObj.totalSupply,
    "You cannot buy more tokens than are for sale"
);
saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold += _purchaseAmount; // total tokens sold
for presale
}
require(
    saleLocalObj.debtInTokens + _purchaseAmount 
    saleLocalObj.totalSupply,
    "You cannot buy more tokens than are for sale"
);
saleLocalObj.debtInTokens += _purchaseAmount; // total tokens sold for
presale
}
```

```
// at Bonsai3Launchpad._endSale
if (saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold < saleLocalObj.softCap)
if (saleLocalObj.debtInTokens < saleLocalObj.softCap)</pre>
```

**18.** Invalid check will result in sales not being marked as closed after conclusion

### **Issue ID**

BI3-18

### **Status**

Unresolved



### **Risk Level**

Severity: Medium, likelihood: High

```
function userClaimTokens(uint256 _id) public override {
       NewSale storage saleLocalObj = saleDetails[_id];
        require(
            (saleDetails[_id].totalUserPurchases[msg.sender] > 0),
            "User did not participate"
        );
       if (saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Active) {
            endSale(saleLocalObj);
        }
        require(
            (saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Ended ||
                saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Refund),
            "Sale has not ended"
        );
        if (saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Ended) {
            uint256 transferAmt =
saleLocalObj.escrowContract.withdrawERC20(
                msg.sender
            );
            saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold -= transferAmt; //
subtracting the total sale until closed. @auditor please tell me if
more efficient way to do this.
            emit UserClaimedTokens(_id, msg.sender, transferAmt);
        } else if (saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Refund) {
            saleLocalObj.escrowContract.withdraw(payable(msg.sender));
            emit UserClaimedRefund(
                _id,
                msg.sender,
                saleLocalObj.totalUserPurchases[msg.sender]
            );
        if (saleLocalObj.totalSupply = 0) {
            saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Closed;
```



The condition that is highlighted will never be true because **totalSupply** has never decreased. Which implies that the sales will never be marked as **Closed**.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Consider adding a new field **debtInTokens** to the **Bonsai3Sale.NewSale** struct, increment it each time a user takes part in a sale and increment the sale's **totalTokensSold** by **transferAmt** each time a user claims his tokens. Please check out the detailed recommendation on the related **BI3-17** issue.

Finally, replace the highlighted condition above with:

```
if(saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold = saleLocalObj.debtInTokens) {
   saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Closed;
}
```

# **19.** Faulty payment logic with a variety of tokens

# **Issue ID**

BI3-19

# Status

Unresolved

## **Risk Level**

Severity: Medium, likelihood: High

```
struct FeesOccurred {
    IFeeManager.FeeTypes[] feeCodes;
    uint256 amount;
    bool paid;
    address currency;
```



The protocol accepts various tokens for paying fees, but the paid amount for each fee is aggregated inside the amount field without factoring token decimals (USDC: 6, WETH: 18, etc.). Additionally, currency reflects only the latest payment information, disregarding previous payments.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Consider storing all the currencies and the amount per currency.

Furthermore, the paid field is initially set to true when a user pays fees; after that, it remains set to true indefinitely and is reset to true each time a user pays a fee, which is a gas waste. Think again about the reasoning behind it.

```
struct FeesOccurred {
    IFeeManager.FeeTypes[] feeCodes;
    uint256[] amounts;
    bool paid;
    address[] currencies;
}
```

**20.** Invalid check can result in fee payment failure even though user has provided enough ETH

# **Issue ID**

BI3-20

# **Status**

Unresolved



#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Medium, likelihood: Medium

# **Code Segment**

# **Description**

By determining whether user.balance exceeds \_purchaseAmount, the

\_handleTokenPayment function attempts to determine whether the user has contributed enough ETH through the Bonsai3Launchpad contract. However, the balance used for the check was registered after the payment was made, so any funds that were sent to Bonsai3Launchpad prior to the FeeManager call had already been subtracted from the balance of the current user. Because they do not have a specific amount left, users may not pass the fees check consequently.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

## **Proof of Concept**

- Bob attempts to create a new Seed token with a current balance of 0.08 ETH (equivalent to 8e16 Wei)



- Bob initiates the **Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken** function, providing the required fee which currently equals 5e16 Wei and paying for the transaction gas fees. Bob's remaining balance now is a bit less than 3e16 Wei.
- During the token creation process, the fee payment is initiated. The highlighted require statement will look like this: require(~3e16 ≥ 5e16) which will revert with the given message "User does not have the balance".

#### Recommendation

Consider removing the highlighted require statement.

# 21. Unable to pay fees with excess received ETH

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-21

#### **Status**

Unresolved

# **Risk Level**

Severity: Medium, likelihood: High



The contract only accepts the received amount that matches \_purchaseAmount when paying with ETH.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

# Recommendation

Consider changing to:

```
require(msg.value ≥ _purchaseAmount, "Incorrect ETH amount sent");
```

# 22. Absence of refund mechanism at FeeManager

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-22

## **Status**

Unresolved

## **Risk Level**

Severity: Medium, likelihood: High

```
function chargeFeeByType(
    // IFeeManager.FeeTypes key,
    uint8 key,
    address user
) public payable onlyBonsai3 noReentrant returns (bool) {
    FeeObject memory invoices = fees[catalouge[key]];
    invoices.amount = fees[catalouge[key]].amount;
    invoices.currency = fees[catalouge[key]].currency;
    FeesOccurred storage userPurchase = chargedFees[user];
    userPurchase.feeCodes.push(catalouge[key]);
    userPurchase.amount += fees[catalouge[key]].amount;
    userPurchase.currency = fees[catalouge[key]].currency;
    if (invoices.currency = address(0)) {
        require(
```



```
msg.value > fees[catalouge[key]].amount,
                "MSG. Value insufficient"
            );
            handleTokenPayment(user.balance, catalouge[key],
msg.value, user);
            userPurchase.paid = true;
            return true;
        } else {
            _handleTokenPayment(
                IERC20(invoices.currency).balanceOf(user),
                catalouge[key],
                fees[catalouge[key]].amount,
                user
            );
            userPurchase.paid = true;
            return true;
        }
```

Users interacting with payable functions from the Bonsai3Launchpad contract can send a larger amount than the required fee, which will sent to the FeeManager contract, when applying the recommended mitigation from BI3-4. But the FeeManager contract does not give the user a refund for the extra ETH.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Consider implementing the following refund mechanism:



# 23. Usage of transfer() instead of call() when sending ETH

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-23

#### **Status**

Unresolved

# **Risk Level**

Severity: Medium, likelihood: Medium

# Code Segment

```
function beneficiaryWithdraw()
    public
    override
    nonReentrant
    onlyOwner
    contractNotDestroyed
{
    require(
        state() = State.Closed,
        "CombinedEscrow: beneficiary can only withdraw while

closed"
    );
    beneficiary().transfer(((address(this).balance) * 95) / 100);
    vault.transfer(address(this).balance);
    require(address(this).balance = 0, "Balance issue");
}
```

# **Description**

This has some notable shortcomings when the recipient is a smart contract or a multisig wallet. The transfer will inevitably fail when the smart contract:



- does not implement a payable fallback function, or
- implements a payable fallback function which would incur more than 2300 gas units (applies to multisig wallets), or
- implements a payable fallback function incurring less than 2300 gas units but is called through a proxy that raises the call's gas usage above 2300.

# **Code location**

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol

#### Recommendation

Consider using call() with its returned Boolean checked in combination with re-entrancy guard.

**24.** Missing check could lead to taking part in a sale before its official start time

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-24

#### **Status**

Unresolved

## **Risk Level**

Severity: Medium, likelihood: High

```
function participateInSale(
     uint256 _id,
     uint256 _purchaseAmount
)
    public
    payable
    override
```



```
requiredSaleState(_id)
    dontHogTheSaleBro(_id, _purchaseAmount)
    returns (bool)
{
    require(block.timestamp \le saleDetails[_id].endTime, "Sale has
ended");
    require(saleDetails[_id].id = _id, "Sale ID is incorrect");
    _handleFeePayment(5);
    // irrelevant code removed
```

When taking part in a sale, the contract does not check whether the sale has started. As a result, users may participate in a sale that is supposed to begin at a later date.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Consider adding the following check:

```
function participateInSale(
          uint256 _id,
          uint256 _purchaseAmount
)
    public
    payable
    override
    requiredSaleState(_id)
    dontHogTheSaleBro(_id, _purchaseAmount)
    returns (bool)
    {
        require(block.timestamp ≥ saleDetails[_id].startTime, "Sale
has not started");
        require(block.timestamp ≤ saleDetails[_id].endTime, "Sale has ended");
```



# **25.** Tautology expression

## **Issue ID**

BI3-25

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Low, likelihood: High

# **Code Segment**

```
function withdrawERC20(
        address payee
    ) external nonReentrant onlyOwner contractNotDestroyed returns
(uint256) {
        require(
            state() = State.Closed,
            "ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 Users can only deposit
tokens when sale is active."
        );
        uint256 amount =
userErc20Balances[address(_saleToken)][payee];
        require(amount > 0, "No funds to withdraw");
        userErc20Balances[address(_saleToken)][payee] = 0;
        require(
            _saleToken.transfer(payee, amount),
            "ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 Transfer failed"
        totalErcBalance -= amount;
        require(
            totalErcBalance ≥ 0,
            "ConditionalEscrow: ERC Balance insufficient"
        return amount;
```

# **Description**

totalErcBalance type is uint256 so it will always be greater than or equal to 0.



#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol

# Recommendation

Consider removing the highlighted tautology.

**26.** Missing post-transfer assignment can lead to an incorrect state

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-26

#### **Status**

Unresolved

# **Risk Level**

Severity: Low, likelihood: High



After sending **totalErcBalance** of the sale token to the beneficiary, the variable tracking the escrow's balance should be zeroed to maintain a proper state and avoid any unexpected behavior.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol

#### Recommendation

Make sure to set **totalErcBalance** to zero during the transfer process.

# 27. Invalid/misleading revert messages

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-27

## Status

Unresolved

# Risk Level

Severity: Low, likelihood: High

```
// at CombinedEscrow
function withdrawERC20(
    address payee
  ) external nonReentrant onlyOwner contractNotDestroyed returns
(uint256) {
    require(
        state() = State.Closed,
        "ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 Users can only deposit
tokens when sale is active."
    );
uint256 amount = userErc20Balances[address(_saleToken)][payee];
    require(amount > 0, "No funds to withdraw");
```

```
// at FeeManager
```



```
modifier notPaused() {
        require(__paused ≠ true, "not paused.");
        _;
    }
```

Throughout the code base, there are multiple invalid, or misleading revert messages that can cause users' confusion.

# Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Consider implementing the following changes:

```
-"ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 Users can only deposit tokens when sale is active."
+"ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 Users can only withdraw tokens when sale is closed."
-"No funds to withdraw"
+"ConditionalEscrow: withdrawERC20 insufficient payee balance"
-"not paused."
+"paused."
```



-"You cannot send a negative supply of 0 or less!" +"Bonsai3Launchpad: createNewToken Insufficient supply"

# **28.** Missing events on crucial functions and important state changes

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-28

#### **Status**

Unresolved

## **Risk Level**

Severity: Low, likelihood: High

# **Description**

It has been observed that important functionality is missing emitting events for some

functions: CombinedEscrow .depositERC20, CombinedEscrow .withdrawERC20,

Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp, Bonsai3Launchpad.updateFactory and

**Bonsai3Launchpad.updateFeeManager**. These functions should emit events. Events are a method of informing the transaction initiator about the actions taken by the called function.

# Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

#### Recommendation

Make sure to emit events in all essential functions.



# 29. Missing zero address checks could lead to redeploying FeeManager

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-29

#### **Status**

Unresolved

## **Risk Level**

Severity: Low, likelihood: Low

# Code Segment

```
constructor(address _bonsai_address, address payable _vault) {
    _grantRole(ADMIN_ROLE, msg.sender);
    _grantRole(BONSAI3, _bonsai_address);
    _setRoleAdmin(ADMIN_ROLE, ADMIN_ROLE);
    _vault = _vault;
```

#### Description

During the **FeeManager** deployment, the deployer can mistakenly provide a zero address for either **\_\_vault** or **\_bonsai\_address** with no way of updating them after the deployment. This could result in redeploying the whole contract and loss of gas caused by the first deployment.

# Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

## Recommendation

Consider adding the zero address checks for both state variables.



# **30.** Hardcoding fees in USD at **FeeManager** constructor can be misleading

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-30

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Low, likelihood: High

# **Code Segment**

```
constructor(address _bonsai_address, address payable _vault) {
    // irrelevant code removed
        0, //$0

    // irrelevant code removed
        880000000000000, //$2

    // irrelevant code removed
        50000000000000000, // $100

    // irrelevant code removed
        25000, // $5

    // irrelevant code removed
}
```

# **Description**

At **FeeManager**'s constructor, fees in Wei are commented with the equivalent values in **USD**. Since ETH is not a stable coin, these comments can be misleading.

# Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Consider removing the comments to avoid any confusion.



# 31. Misplaced PaymentSuccess event emission at FeeManager

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-31

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Low, likelihood: High

# Code Segment

# **Description**

The **PaymentSuccess** event is emitted at the **\_checkPayment** function before checking the final condition which confirms the payment's validity. This could result in emitting a misleading successful payment event.



#### Code location

# bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol

# Recommendation

Consider changing the return statement of \_checkPayment to void and replacing the return statement with a require statement: require (userBalance > requiredBalance).

Then, emit the event after the \_checkPayment call at \_handleTokenPayment.

Alternatively, since the **\_checkPayment** function is only used once, consider removing it and implementing the logic directly into **\_handleTokenPayment** to save gas.

# **32.** Presence of TODOs and comments implying unfinished code

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-32

## Status

Unresolved

## Risk Level

Severity: Low, likelihood: Low

```
// At FeeManager
//TODO set fee
//TODO Make payment token updateable
```

```
// At Bonsai3Launchpad
function _handleFeePayment(uint8 key) internal {
    if (msg.value > 0) {
        require(msg.value > 0, "please add more eth to pay for fees.");
    }
```



```
// At IFeeManager
// Maybe i can use this to change paymetn type
    enum PaymentCurrency {
        USDC,
        ETHEREUM,
        USDT,
        SEED
    }
```

Open TODOs can point to architecture or programming issues that still need to be resolved.

# **Code location**

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Interfaces/IFeeManager.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Consider resolving the TODOs before deploying.



# 33. Lack of zero address validation when setting up Bonsai3Launchpad could result in contract redeployment

#### Issue ID

BI3-33

#### Status

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Low, likelihood: Low

# Code Segment

```
function setUp(
    IFactory _factory,
    IFeeManager _feemanager,
    address payable _vault
) public onlyRole(DEFAULT_ADMIN_ROLE) {
    require(_setup = false, "contract has already been setup");
    feeManager = _feemanager;
    _tokenFactory = _factory;
    __vault = _vault;
    _setup = true;
}
```

# **Description**

The **setUp** function is only called once for setting up the **bonsai3Launchpad** contract. As a result, it is important to validate the given addresses, essentially when the **\_\_vault** state variable is not modifiable outside the **setUp** function, which could result in contract redeployment if things go wrong.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol



#### Recommendation

Consider implementing the required zero address checks.

# **34.** Missing validation can lead to duplicate array items

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-34

#### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Low, likelihood: Medium

```
function participateInSale(
        uint256 _id,
       uint256 _purchaseAmount
       public
        payable
        override
       requiredSaleState(_id)
        dontHogTheSaleBro(_id, _purchaseAmount)
        returns (bool)
        // irrelevant code removed
        participatedSales[msg.sender].push(saleLocalObj.id); // user
joined investor list;
        saleLocalObj.userList.push(msg.sender); // add user to sale
object list << these two indexes may be different but >>
        emit UserParticipates(
            msg.sender,
            _id,
            saleLocalObj.participatedAmount,
            saleLocalObj.totalUserTokens[msg.sender]
        );
        return true;
```



If a user takes part X times in the same sale, the **participatedSales[user]** array will hold X duplicates of the sale's id. Additionally, the sale's **userList** array will hold X duplicates of the user's address.

#### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
```

# Recommendation

Consider revising the logic behind using arrays.

**35.** Misuse of the "==" operator will result in an improper token state

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-35

#### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Low, likelihood: Medium

```
function _endSale(NewSale storage saleLocalObj) internal returns
(bool) {
    require(
        block.timestamp > saleLocalObj.endTime,
        "Sale time has not elapsed"
    );
    if (saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold < saleLocalObj.softCap) {
        saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Refund;
        saleLocalObj.escrowContract.enableRefunds();
    } else {</pre>
```



The use of the comparison operator instead of the assignment operator will leave the token in an incorrect state at the end of a sale.

# Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
```

# Recommendation

Implement the following change:

```
tokenDetails[saleLocalObj.id].tokenState =
    Token.TokenState.Inmarket;
```

# **36.** Flawed self-destruction mechanism at

# CombinedEscrow

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-36

# **Status**

Unresolved

# **Risk Level**

Severity: Low, likelihood: High



# Code Segment

# **Description**

The **burnAfterReading** function is never used in the **CombinedEscrow** contract. As a result, the **\_current** state variable will always be equal to the default value which is **SelfDestruct.Inactive**, rendering the self-destruction mechanism irrelevant.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol

# Recommendation

Consider revising the self-destruction mechanism.

# **37.** Floating pragma version

# Issue ID

BI3-37

# **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Low, likelihood: Medium



The smart contracts in the project use floating version of Solidity (^0.8.19). There is a list of known bugs in Solidity versions, many of them can affect smart contract functionality in unexpected way: https://github.com/ethereum/solidity/blob/develop/docs/bugs.json.

Furthermore, if compiled with **0.8.20** there may be unexpected reverts when deployed as some chains still do not support **PUSH0** (e.g., Optimism, BSC, etc.).

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/\*.sol

#### Recommendation

Consider using a static version.

# **38.** Using an older version of **OpenZeppelin** libraries may be dangerous

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-38

#### **Status**

Unresolved

# **Risk Level**

Severity: Low, likelihood: Medium

```
{
   "name": "openzeppelin-solidity",
   "description": "Secure Smart Contract library for Solidity",
   "version": "4.9.1",
...
}
```



Currently the protocol is using version 4.9.1 of the **OpenZeppelin** contracts which are continuously updated to eliminate any bugs and vulnerabilities.

# Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/lib/openzeppelin-contracts/package.json
bonsai3-smart-contracts/lib/openzeppelin-contracts-upgradeable/packa
ge.json
bonsai3-smart-contracts/lib/openzeppelin-solidity/package.json
```

# Recommendation

Consider using the latest version (5.0.1 so far).

**39.** Unused code present in the codebase

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-39

#### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

```
// At Bonsai3Sale
struct SaleData {
    uint256 totalSupply;
    uint256 presalePrice;
    uint256 softCap;
    uint256 startTime;
    uint256 endTime;
    uint256 totalTokensSold;
}
struct SaleAddress {
    address purchaseToken;
```



```
address saleToken;
address owner;
address[] userList;
}
```

Throughout the codebase, the highlighted structs and modifiers were never used.

## Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/Bonsai3Sale.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

#### Recommendation

To improve the readability of the codebase and limit the potential attack surface, consider always removing unnecessary lines of code.

# **40.** Inadequate naming can lead to confusion

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-40



#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Informational

# Description

Throughout the code base, there are multiple confusing, or misleading variable names.

At CombinedEscrow constructor: projectTreasury is not really the project's treasury address, it reflects the beneficiary state variable at the inherited Openzeppelin's RefundEscrow. Additionally, getTotalERCBalance() and totalErcBalance do not reflect the nature of the ERC token, which is in this case an ERC20. Lastly, getERC20Balance can be renamed to getUserERC20Balance to enhance clarity.

At **FeeManager**, the **catalogue** mapping name is misspelled as **catalouge**. Additionally, at the **\_checkPayment** function, the **requiredBalance** parameter is not really a balance, it represents the required amount that a user must pay. Added to that, in the same function, the **userBalance** variable is not the actual user's balance, it tends to refer to the user's paid amount.

At Bonsai3Launchpad, the \_handleERCPayment function only handles ERC20 tokens, so it's better to indicate that on the name. In addition, this function was used on multiple occasions with both sale and purchase tokens which is contradictory with the \_saleToken argument. Furthermore, getTokenDetails can be a little deceptive as it only returns a portion of the tokenDetails mapping. Aside from that, the return value of getTokenAddresses is not limited to addresses. It returns an uint8 along with two addresses. Besides, getSalePurchaseToken and getTokenSaleAddress at Bonsai3Launchpad can be renamed to getPurchaseToken and getSaleToken to preserve consistency and improve clarity. Lastly, saleLocalObj at userClaimTokens() is not really



a local object since it is declared as **storage**, consider renaming to a more appropriate name such as **sale**.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Interfaces/IBonsai3Launchpad.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol

### Recommendation

To favor explicitness and readability, we suggest renaming the variables and functions in question.

# **41.** Incomplete comment

# **Issue ID**

BI3-41

## **Status**

Unresolved

## **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

# **Description**

The following comment explaining **depositERC20** is incomplete: "depositERC20 is the function called after at the end of participate function. This will only be withdrawn to the".

# Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Interfaces/ICombinedEscrow.sol bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol



#### Recommendation

Consider finishing the comment to give a clear idea about the function.

# **42.** Typo in comments

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-42

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

# Description

The following comments contain typos:

The owner of the reundescrow contract will be this contract which holds the eth. combined can execute transactions on refund but only through bonsai proxy.

Maybe i can use this to change paymetn type

# Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Interfaces/IFeeManager.sol

#### Recommendation

Consider changing to:

The owner of the RefundEscrow contract will be this contract which holds the eth. Combined can execute transactions on refund but only through bonsai proxy.

Maybe I can use this to change payment type



# **43. IFeeManager** contains functions that are not defined on **FeeManager**

# **Issue ID**

BI3-43

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

# **Code Segment**

```
function setSaleFeeRate(uint256 _saleFeeRate) external;
function buildCharge(FeeTypes key, address user) external;
function calculateSaleFee(
    uint256 saleAmount
  ) external view returns (uint256);
function payFees(address user) external;
```

# **Description**

Functions that are not defined in the **FeeManager** contract are present in the **IFeeManager** interface. This leads to ambiguity, and contracts that communicate with the **FeeManager** via the interface could end up contacting functions that do not exist there.

# Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Interfaces/IFeeManager.sol



#### Recommendation

Consider removing those functions from the interface or implementing them on the **FeeManager** contract.

# 44. Redundant getter for FeeManager.owner

## **Issue ID**

BI3-44

#### **Status**

Unresolved

# **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

# **Code Segment**

```
// irrelevant code removed
address public owner;
function getOwner() external view returns (address) {
    return owner;
}
```

# **Description**

The compiler will generate a public getter for the **owner** property with the same name since it's a public contract variable.

# Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Interfaces/IFeeManager.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

## Recommendation

Consider either:



- Removing **getOwner()** definition from the contract and renaming it to **owner()** at the interface.
- Changing the owner state variable visibility to private.

# **45.** Function name does not represent the inner logic

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-45

#### **Status**

Unresolved

#### Risk Level

Severity: Informational

```
function endSale(NewSale storage saleLocalObj) internal returns
(bool) {
        require(
            block.timestamp ≥ saleLocalObj.endTime,
            "Sale time has not elapsed"
        );
        if (saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold < saleLocalObj.softCap) {</pre>
            saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Refund;
            saleLocalObj.escrowContract.enableRefunds();
        } else {
            saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Ended;
            saleLocalObj.escrowContract.close();
            saleLocalObj.escrowContract.beneficiaryWithdraw();
            tokenDetails[saleLocalObj.id].tokenState =
                Token.TokenState.Inmarket;
        emit SaleIsOver(saleLocalObj.id, saleLocalObj.saleState);
        return true;
```



The function mentioned above has three different outcomes: it can either revert without changing the sale's state or mark its state to one of **Ended / Refund**. As a result, the present name can be misleading.

### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

## Recommendation

Consider renaming it to a more appropriate name such as **\_evaluateSale** or **\_concludeSaleIfReady**.

# 46. Improper visibility

### **Issue ID**

BI3-46

### **Status**

Unresolved

### Risk Level

Severity: Informational

### Description

The functions Bonsai3Launchpad.initialize, Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp,

Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken, Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale,

Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale, Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens,

Bonsai3Launchpad.pause, Bonsai3Launchpad.unpause,

Bonsai3Token.createNewToken, Bonsai3Sale.createNewSale,

Bonsai3Sale.participateInSale, Bonsai3Sale.userClaimTokens,



FeeManager.haltOperations, FeeManager.serThePatientMadeIt,

FeeManager.chargeFeeByType, FeeManager.removeFee and

**TokenFactory.deployToken** visibilities are declared as **public**. However, these functions are intended to be called only from the outside. As a result, it is better to mark the visibility as **external**. It might also save gas since external functions read function arguments from **calldata** instead of having to allocate memory.

### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/TokenFactory.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/Bonsai3Sale.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/Bonsai3Token.sol

### Recommendation

Consider changing the visibility to **external** for the mentioned functions.

# 47. Uninitialized FeeManager.owner state variable

## **Issue ID**

BI3-47

### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

### **Description**

The **owner** state variable is never assigned throughout the **FeeManager** contract.



### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol

### Recommendation

Consider assigning or removing the **owner** state variable.

# 48. FeeManager.\_\_vault can be set as immutable

### **Issue ID**

BI3-48

### Status

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

### **Description**

The **\_\_vault** state variable is only assigned in the constructor. It can be declared as immutable to make it read-only, but only assignable in the constructor, reducing gas costs.

## **Code location**

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol

### Recommendation

Consider marking the **\_\_vault** state variable as **immutable**.

49. Using literals with too many digits reduces visibility

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-49



### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

## Code Segment

## **Description**

At the **FeeManager**'s constructor, literals with too many digits were used when setting fees.

This causes ambiguity and reduces visibility.

### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

### Recommendation

Consider using scientific notations. For example, 1000 is equivalent to 1e3.

# **50.** Boolean equality

## **Issue ID**

BI3-50

### **Status**

Unresolved

### Risk Level

Severity: Informational



### Code Segment

```
// At FeeManager
modifier whenPaused() {
        require(__paused = true, "not paused.");
        -;
}
modifier notPaused() {
        require(__paused ≠ true, "not paused.");
        -;
}
```

```
// At Bonsai3Launchpad
require(_setup = false, "contract has already been setup");
require(_setup = true, "Please Start Contract");
```

## Description

Boolean equality was used on multiple occasions.

### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
```

### Recommendation

Change to the following:

```
// At FeeManager
modifier whenPaused() {
         require(__paused, "not paused.");
         _;
}
modifier notPaused() {
         require(!__paused, "paused.");
         _;
}
// At Bonsai3Launchpad
require(!_setup, "contract has already been setup");
require(_setup, "Please Start Contract");
```



# **51.** Non-conformance to Solidity naming conventions

#### Issue ID

BI3-51

#### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

### Description

Throughout the code base, several non-conformances to Solidity naming convention were spotted. It is advisable to adhere to these naming conventions to improve clarity and avoid ambiguity. These issues are reported through Slither as follows:

```
INFO:Detectors:
Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp(IFactory,IFeeManager,address)._factory
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#82) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp(IFactory,IFeeManager,address)._feemanager
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#83) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp(IFactory,IFeeManager,address)._vault
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#84) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,ad
dress)._id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#117) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,ad
dress)._totalSupply (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#118) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,ad
dress)._tokenName (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#119) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,ad
dress)._tokenTicker (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#120) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256, uint256, string, string, uint8, ad
dress)._template (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#121) is not in mixedCase
```



```
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256
,uint256,address,address,address)._id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#175)
is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256
,uint256,address,address,address)._totalSaleSupply
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#176) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256
,uint256,address,address,address)._presalePrice
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#177) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256
,uint256,address,address,address)._softCap
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#178) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256
,uint256,address,address,address)._startTime
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#179) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256
,uint256,address,address,address)._endTime
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#180) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256
,uint256,address,address,address)._saleToken
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#181) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256
,uint256,address,address,address). purchaseToken
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#182) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256
,uint256,address,address,address)._userWallet
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#183) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#217) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)._purchaseAmount
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#218) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256)._id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256)._id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#429) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256)._id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434) is not in mixedCase
```



```
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)._id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#447) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256.address). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#454) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#461) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256)._id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#480) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenDetails(uint256). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#504) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAddresses(uint256). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#514) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.updateFactory(address)._newFactory
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#531) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.updateFeeManager(address)._feeManager
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#537) is not in mixedCase
Variable Bonsai3Launchpad. deployer (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#69) is
not in mixedCase
Variable Bonsai3Launchpad.__vault (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#70) is not
in mixedCase
Variable Bonsai3Launchpad._tokenFactory (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#73)
is not in mixedCase
Variable Bonsai3Launchpad._setup (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#74) is not
in mixedCase
Variable FeeManager.__paused (src/FeeManager.sol#11) is not in
mixedCase
Variable FeeManager.__vault (src/FeeManager.sol#14) is not in
mixedCase
Parameter
Factory.deployToken(string,string,uint256,uint256,address). name
(src/TokenFactory.sol#15) is not in mixedCase
Factory.deployToken(string,string,uint256,uint256,address)._ticker
(src/TokenFactory.sol#16) is not in mixedCase
Factory.deployToken(string, string, uint256, uint256, address)._supply
(src/TokenFactory.sol#17) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Factory.deployToken(string,string,uint256,uint256,address)._template
(src/TokenFactory.sol#18) is not in mixedCase
```



#### Parameter

Factory.deployToken(string,string,uint256,uint256,address).\_from (src/TokenFactory.sol#19) is not in mixedCase

### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/TokenFactory.sol
```

#### Recommendation

Follow the Solidity naming convention.

# 52. Lacking comments and NatSpec documentation

### **Issue ID**

BI3-52

### Status

Unresolved

## **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

### **Description**

The documentation's lacking makes it hard to understand the code and to review that the implemented functionality matches the intended behavior.

### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/\*.sol

#### Recommendation

Consider adding clear comments when needed and use **NatSpec** comments for documenting every public interface.



# **53.** Order of functions is not respected

### **Status**

Unresolved

## **Risk Level**

Severity: Informational

## **Description**

Ordering helps readers identify which functions they can call and to find the constructor and fallback definitions easier.

### **Code location**

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/\*.sol

### Recommendation

Consider applying the order of functions for each contract.

# **54.** Extra space at revert message

## **Issue ID**

BI3-54

### **Status**

Unresolved

## **Risk Level**

Severity: Gas

## **Code Segment**

"CombinedEscrow: Please send a non zero amount"



Every character count when using revert messages, removing unwanted characters saves a bit of gas. Additionally, there is a presence of a grammatical error that should be fixed.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol

### Recommendation

Change to the following:

```
"CombinedEscrow: Please send a non-zero amount"
```

# **55.** Redundant pre-transfer check

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-55

### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Gas

## Code Segment



Since the user's balance will be checked during the transfer, it is unnecessary to check it before starting the transfer. Furthermore, even if the user has the necessary funds to transfer, the transaction may still fail if the **FeeManager** contract does not have sufficient allowance.

### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol

### Recommendation

Consider removing the highlighted require statement.

# **56.** Duplicate assignments

## Issue ID

BI3-56

### **Status**

Unresolved

### Risk Level

Severity: Gas



### Code Segment

```
function chargeFeeByType(
    // IFeeManager.FeeTypes key,
    uint8 key,
    address user
) public payable onlyBonsai3 noReentrant returns (bool) {
    FeeObject memory invoices = fees[catalouge[key]];
    invoices.amount = fees[catalouge[key]].amount;
    invoices.currency = fees[catalouge[key]].currency;
```

## **Description**

Duplicate assignments are made for the **amount** and **currency** fields after the **invoices** variable has been assigned.

### Code location

```
bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol
```

### Recommendation

Consider removing the duplicate assignments.

**57.** Reading from storage after assigning a local memory variable

### **Issue ID**

BI3-57

### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Gas

## Code Segment

```
function chargeFeeByType(
```



```
// IFeeManager.FeeTypes key,
        uint8 key,
        address user
    public payable onlyBonsai3 noReentrant returns (bool) {
        FeeObject memory invoices = fees[catalouge[key]];
        invoices.amount = fees[catalouge[key]].amount;
        invoices.currency = fees[catalouge[key]].currency;
        FeesOccurred storage userPurchase = chargedFees[user];
        userPurchase.feeCodes.push(catalouge[key]);
        userPurchase.amount += fees[catalouge[key]].amount;
        userPurchase.currency = fees[catalouge[key]].currency;
        if (invoices.currency = address(0)) {
            require(
                msg.value > fees[catalouge[key]].amount,
                "MSG. Value insufficient"
            );
            _handleTokenPayment(user.balance, catalouge[key],
msg.value, user);
            userPurchase.paid = true;
            return true;
        } else {
            handleTokenPayment(
                IERC20(invoices.currency).balanceOf(user),
                catalouge[key],
                fees[catalouge[key]].amount,
                user
            );
            userPurchase.paid = true;
            return true;
        }
```

After assigning the **invoices** memory variable, it is more gas-efficient to use it instead of reading multiple times from the contract's storage.

### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol



#### Recommendation

Consider replacing the highlighted occurrences with the **invoices** variable.

# **58.** Unused local variable assignment

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-58

#### Status

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Gas

## **Code Segment**

```
function participateInSale(
        uint256 _id,
        uint256 _purchaseAmount
        public
        payable
        override
        requiredSaleState(_id)
        dontHogTheSaleBro(_id, _purchaseAmount)
        returns (bool)
        require(block.timestamp \le saleDetails[_id].endTime, "Sale has
ended");
        require(saleDetails[_id].id = _id, "Sale ID is incorrect");
        _handleFeePayment(5);
        NewSale storage saleLocalObj = saleDetails[_id];
        if (saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Pending) {
            _handleSaleState(saleLocalObj);
        }
        require(
            saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Active,
            "participateInSale: sale pending"
        uint256 msgValue = msg.value;
        msgValue -= feeManager.getFeeAmount(5); // Payment without fee
        _handleUserPurchase(saleLocalObj, _purchaseAmount);
```



```
if (saleLocalObj.purchaseToken = address(0)) {
            _handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj);
        } else {
            _handleERCPayment(
                saleLocalObj.purchaseToken,
                saleLocalObj.participatedAmount
            );
        }
        saleLocalObj.totalUserPurchases[msg.sender] += saleLocalObj
            .participatedAmount; // add purchase token amount to total
        _handleTokenDeposit(
            saleLocalObj.escrowContract,
            _purchaseAmount,
            saleLocalObj.saleToken
        );
        participatedSales[msg.sender].push(saleLocalObj.id); // user
joined investor list;
        saleLocalObj.userList.push(msg.sender); // add user to sale
object list << these two indexes may be different but >>
        emit UserParticipates(
            msg.sender,
            _id,
            saleLocalObj.participatedAmount,
            saleLocalObj.totalUserTokens[msg.sender]
        );
        return true;
```

After assigning and decrementing the msgValue local variable, it has remained unutilized.

### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

### Recommendation

Consider removing the highlighted lines or reassess the logic behind them.



# **59.** Meaningless if clause

## **Issue ID**

BI3-59

### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Gas

## **Code Segment**

```
function _handleFeePayment(uint8 key) internal {
    if (msg.value > 0) {
        require(msg.value > 0, "please add more eth to pay for
fees.");
    }
```

## **Description**

The if clause mentioned above adds nothing but gas consumption that is not necessary.

### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

### Recommendation

Consider removing the highlighted if clause.

# 60. Redundant check

### **Issue ID**

BI3-60

### **Status**

Unresolved



#### **Risk Level**

Severity: Gas

### **Code Segment**

```
function _handleSaleState(NewSale storage saleLocalObj) internal {
        // First user to participate in sale will spend the gas to
write state object
        if (saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Pending) {
            require(
                saleLocalObj.startTime < block.timestamp,</pre>
                "Sale has not started yet"
            );
            saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Active; //
required sale to be active
function participateInSale(
        uint256 _id,
        uint256 _purchaseAmount
    )
        public
        payable
        override
        requiredSaleState( id)
        dontHogTheSaleBro(_id, _purchaseAmount)
        returns (bool)
        require(block.timestamp \le saleDetails[_id].endTime, "Sale has
ended");
        require(saleDetails[_id].id = _id, "Sale ID is incorrect");
        _handleFeePayment(5);
        NewSale storage saleLocalObj = saleDetails[ id];
        if (saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Pending) {
            _handleSaleState(saleLocalObj);
```

### Description

The if clause at **\_handleSaleState** is redundant since the same condition is being validated at **participateInSale** before calling **\_handleSaleState** as shown.



#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

### Recommendation

Consider either leaving participateInSale unchanged and change \_handleSaleState to:

Or leave handleSaleState unchanged and change participateInSale as follows:

```
function participateInSale(
        uint256 _id,
        uint256 _purchaseAmount
        public
       payable
        override
        requiredSaleState(_id)
        dontHogTheSaleBro(_id, _purchaseAmount)
        returns (bool)
   {
        require(block.timestamp < saleDetails[_id].endTime, "Sale has</pre>
ended");
        require(saleDetails[_id].id = _id, "Sale ID is incorrect");
        handleFeePayment(5);
       NewSale storage saleLocalObj = saleDetails[_id];
        _handleSaleState(saleLocalObj);
```



## **61.** Redundant validation

### **Issue ID**

BI3-61

### **Status**

Unresolved

### Risk Level

Severity: Gas

## Code Segment

## **Description**

The highlighted validation was already made when calling participateInSale through the dontHogTheSaleBro modifier prior to calling \_handleUserPurchase.

### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol



#### Recommendation

Consider removing the highlighted require statement from the **\_handleUserPurchase** function.

# **62.** Duplicate validation

### Issue ID

BI3-62

### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Gas

## **Code Segment**

### Description

The highlighted validation was already made prior to the function call at

\_handleUserPurchase since saleLocalObj was initially assigned as: NewSale storage
saleLocalObj = saleDetails[\_id];



### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

#### Recommendation

Consider removing the highlighted require statement from the **\_calculateTotalCost** function.

# **63.** Use custom errors instead of require statements

### **Issue ID**

BI3-63

### **Status**

Unresolved

### **Risk Level**

Severity: Gas

## **Description**

Custom errors are available from solidity version **0.8.4**. Instead of using error strings, to reduce deployment and runtime cost, you should use custom errors.

## Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/\*.sol

## Recommendation

Consider replacing the require statements with **if (something) revert CustomError()** type of checks.



# Automated Audit

# Static Analysis with Slither

We run a static analysis against the source code using Slither, which is a Solidity static analysis framework written in Python 3. Slither runs a suite of vulnerability detectors, prints visual information about contract details. Slither enables developers to find vulnerabilities, enhance their code comprehension, and quickly prototype custom analyses.

The following shows the results found by the static analysis by Slither. We reviewed the results, and, except the Reentrancy issues that are identified as above, all the other issues found by Slither are false positives.

```
INFO:Detectors:
FeeManager._handleTokenPayment(uint256,IFeeManager.FeeTypes,uint256,address)
(src/FeeManager.sol#164-193) uses arbitrary from in transferFrom:
require(bool,string)(saleToken.transferFrom(user,__vault,_purchaseAmount),Token transfer
failed) (src/FeeManager.sol#187-190)
CombinedEscrow.depositERC20(uint256,address,address)
(src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#111-127) uses arbitrary from in transferFrom:
require(bool,string)(_saleToken.transferFrom(bonsaiHoldings,address(this),amount),Conditio
nalEscrow: depositERC20 Transfer failed) (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#121-124)
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#arbitrary-from-in-transferfr
INFO:Detectors:
Bonsai3Launchpad. handleFeePayment(uint8) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#336-347) sends eth to
arbitrary user
       Dangerous calls:
        - require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
Disperse.disperseEther(address[],uint256[]) (src/Disperse.sol#15-21) sends eth to
arbitrary user
       Dangerous calls:
       address(recipients[i]).transfer(values[i]) (src/Disperse.sol#17)
        address(msg.sender).transfer(balance) (src/Disperse.sol#20)
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#functions-that-send-ether-to
-arbitrary-destinations
INFO:Detectors:
Reentrancy in FeeManager.chargeFeeByType(uint8,address) (src/FeeManager.sol#200-230):
       External calls:
        - handleTokenPayment(user.balance,catalouge[key],msg.value,user)
(src/FeeManager.sol#217)
                - (sent) = address(__vault).call{value: _purchaseAmount}()
(src/FeeManager.sol#179)
```



```
require(bool,string)(saleToken.transferFrom(user, vault, purchaseAmount),Token transfer
failed) (src/FeeManager.sol#187-190)
       External calls sending eth:
        handleTokenPayment(user.balance,catalouge[key],msg.value,user)
(src/FeeManager.sol#217)
                - (sent) = address(__vault).call{value: _purchaseAmount}()
(src/FeeManager.sol#179)
       State variables written after the call(s):
        - userPurchase.paid = true (src/FeeManager.sol#218)
       FeeManager.chargedFees (src/FeeManager.sol#54) can be used in cross function
reentrancies:
        - FeeManager.chargeFeeByType(uint8,address) (src/FeeManager.sol#200-230)
        FeeManager.chargedFees (src/FeeManager.sol#54)
Reentrancy in FeeManager.chargeFeeByType(uint8,address) (src/FeeManager.sol#200-230):
       External calls:
handleTokenPayment(IERC20(invoices.currency).balanceOf(user),catalouge[key],fees[cataloug
e[key]].amount,user) (src/FeeManager.sol#221-226)
                (sent) = address(__vault).call{value: _purchaseAmount}()
(src/FeeManager.sol#179)
require(bool,string)(saleToken.transferFrom(user,__vault,_purchaseAmount),Token transfer
failed) (src/FeeManager.sol#187-190)
       External calls sending eth:
handleTokenPayment(IERC20(invoices.currency).balanceOf(user),catalouge[key],fees[cataloug
e[key]].amount,user) (src/FeeManager.sol#221-226)
                - (sent) = address(__vault).call{value: _purchaseAmount}()
(src/FeeManager.sol#179)
       State variables written after the call(s):
        - userPurchase.paid = true (src/FeeManager.sol#227)
       FeeManager.chargedFees (src/FeeManager.sol#54) can be used in cross function
reentrancies:
        - FeeManager.chargeFeeByType(uint8,address) (src/FeeManager.sol#200-230)

    FeeManager.chargedFees (src/FeeManager.sol#54)

Reentrancy in
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214):
       External calls:
        handleFeePayment(4) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#193)
                 require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        - _handleERCPayment(_saleToken,_totalSaleSupply) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#194)
                 saleToken.transferFrom(msg.sender,address(this),amount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#317)
       External calls sending eth:
        - handleFeePayment(4) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#193)
                require(bool,string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
       State variables written after the call(s):
        - newUserSale.id = id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#198)
       Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:
        Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
```



```
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.presalePrice = _presalePrice (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#199)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.softCap = _softCap (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#200)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:
        Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
```



```
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.saleToken = saleToken (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#201)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.startTime = startTime (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#202)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:
        Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
```



```
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.endTime = endTime (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#203)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.totalSupply = _totalSaleSupply (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#204)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:
        Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
```



```
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.owner = userWallet (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#205)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.purchaseToken = purchaseToken (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#206)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:
        Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
```



```
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Pending (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#207)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
        - newUserSale.escrowContract = new
CombinedEscrow(address(__vault),address(_userWallet),IERC20(_saleToken))
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#208-212)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateUserTokens(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
```



```
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)

        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#116-146):
        External calls:
        _handleFeePayment(_template) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#128)
                  require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        - newChildToken.saleToken =
createToken( tokenName, tokenTicker, totalSupply, template,userWallet)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#135-141)
(_tokenFactory.deployToken(_tokenName,_tokenTicker,_totalSupply,_template,_from))
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#163-171)
        External calls sending eth:
        - _handleFeePayment(_template) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#128)
                  require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        State variables written after the call(s):
        setTokenState( id, Token.TokenState.Created) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#142)
                  tokenDetails[_id].tokenState = _state (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#152)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.tokenDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#77) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:
        - Bonsai3Launchpad. endSale(Bonsai3Sale.NewSale)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#409-426)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad._setTokenState(uint256, Token.TokenState)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#148-153)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#116-146)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAddresses(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#513-521)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenDetails(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#503-511)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.tokenDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#77)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266):
        External calls:

    handleFeePayment(5) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#229)

                - require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
```



```
    handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#242)

                - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.deposit{value:
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount}(address(msg.sender)) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#298-300)

    handleERCPayment(saleLocalObj.purchaseToken,saleLocalObj.participatedAmount)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#244-247)
                - saleToken.transferFrom(msg.sender.address(this).amount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#317)
       External calls sending eth:
        - _handleFeePayment(5) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#229)
                  require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        _handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#242)
                - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.deposit{value:
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount}(address(msg.sender)) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#298-300)
       State variables written after the call(s):

    saleLocalObj.totalUserPurchases[msg.sender] += saleLocalObj.participatedAmount

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#249-250)
       Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)
        Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateUserTokens(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)
         Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)

       - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
       - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
       - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)

        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266):
       External calls:
        - _handleFeePayment(5) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#229)
                - require(bool,string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        - _handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#242)
                - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.deposit{value:
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount}(address(msg.sender)) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#298-300)
         handleERCPayment(saleLocalObj.purchaseToken,saleLocalObj.participatedAmount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#244-247)
                saleToken.transferFrom(msg.sender,address(this),amount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#317)
```



```
handleTokenDeposit(saleLocalObj.escrowContract, purchaseAmount,saleLocalObj.saleToken)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#251-255)
                IERC20(_saleToken).approve(address(escrow),_purchaseAmount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#327)
                 escrow.depositERC20(_purchaseAmount,address(this),msg.sender)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#328)
        External calls sending eth:
        - _handleFeePayment(5) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#229)
                  require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        _handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#242)
                 - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.deposit{value:
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount}(address(msg.sender)) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#298-300)
        State variables written after the call(s):
        saleLocalObj.userList.push(msg.sender) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#258)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)
         Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities
INFO:Detectors:
Bonsai3Launchpad. handleERCPayment(address,uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#311-319)
ignores return value by saleToken.transferFrom(msg.sender,address(this),amount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#317)
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unchecked-transfer
INFO:Detectors:
FeeManager.owner (src/FeeManager.sol#13) is never initialized. It is used in:
         FeeManager.getOwner() (src/FeeManager.sol#281-283)
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#uninitialized-state-variable
INFO:Detectors:
```



```
Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256,uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
performs a multiplication on the result of a division:
- (((((_tokenQuantity * 1e18) / saleDetails[_id].totalSupply) / 100) *
saleDetails[_id].totalSupply) / 1e18) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#364-365)
Reference:
https://github.com/crvtic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#divide-before-multiply
INFO:Detectors:
CombinedEscrow.beneficiaryWithdraw() (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#76-90) uses a
dangerous strict equality:
         require(bool, string)(address(this).balance == 0,Balance issue)
(src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#89)
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dangerous-strict-equalities
INFO:Detectors:
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407):
        External calls:
        _endSale(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#383)
                 saleLocalObj.escrowContract.enableRefunds()
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#416)
                 saleLocalObj.escrowContract.close() (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#419)

    saleLocalObj.escrowContract.beneficiaryWithdraw()

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#420)
        - transferAmt = saleLocalObj.escrowContract.withdrawERC20(msg.sender)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#391-393)
        State variables written after the call(s):

    saleLocalObj.totalTokensSold -= transferAmt (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#394)

        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256,uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407):
        External calls:
        - _endSale(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#383)
                  saleLocalObj.escrowContract.enableRefunds()
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#416)
```



```
    saleLocalObj.escrowContract.close() (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#419)

    saleLocalObj.escrowContract.beneficiaryWithdraw()

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#420)
        - transferAmt = saleLocalObj.escrowContract.withdrawERC20(msg.sender)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#391-393)
        - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.withdraw(address(msg.sender))
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#397)
        State variables written after the call(s):
        - saleLocalObj.saleState = Sale.SaleState.Closed (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#405)
        Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76) can be used in cross
function reentrancies:

    Bonsai3Launchpad._calculateTotalCost(uint256, uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#368-374)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad. calculateUserTokens(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#360-366)
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.dontHogTheSaleBro(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#107-114)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#428-432)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#446-451)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475-477)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#479-501)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434-438)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467-469)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#460-465)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471-473)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#453-458)

    Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.requiredSaleState(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#98-105)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.saleDetails (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#76)
        - Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407)
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-1
INFO:Detectors:
CombinedEscrow.withdrawERC20(address) (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#130-150) contains
a tautology or contradiction:
        require(bool, string)(totalErcBalance >= 0,ConditionalEscrow: ERC Balance
insufficient) (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#145-148)
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#tautology-or-contradiction
INFO:Detectors:
Bonsai3Launchpad._handleTokenDeposit(CombinedEscrow,uint256,address)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#321-334) ignores return value by
IERC20(_saleToken).approve(address(escrow),_purchaseAmount) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#327)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-return
INFO:Detectors:
CombinedEscrow.depositERC20(uint256,address,address)
(src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#111-127) should emit an event for:
        - totalErcBalance += amount (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#126)
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-events-arithmetic
INFO:Detectors:
Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp(IFactory,IFeeManager,address)._vault (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#84)
lacks a zero-check on :
                - __vault = _vault (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#89)
```



```
FeeManager.constructor(address,address). vault (src/FeeManager.sol#56) lacks a zero-check
                  __vault = _vault (src/FeeManager.sol#60)
CombinedEscrow.constructor(address,address,IERC20). vault
(src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#31) lacks a zero-check on :
                - vault = vault (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#35)
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validat
ion
INFO:Detectors:
Disperse.disperseEther(address[],uint256[]) (src/Disperse.sol#15-21) has external calls
inside a loop: address(recipients[i]).transfer(values[i]) (src/Disperse.sol#17)
Disperse.disperseToken(IERC20,address[],uint256[]) (src/Disperse.sol#23-30) has external
calls inside a loop: require(bool)(token.transfer(recipients[j],values[j]))
(src/Disperse.sol#29)
Disperse.disperseTokenSimple(IERC20,address[],uint256[]) (src/Disperse.sol#32-35) has
external calls inside a loop:
require(bool)(token.transferFrom(msg.sender,recipients[i],values[i]))
(src/Disperse.sol#34)
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation/#calls-inside-a-loop
INFO:Detectors:
Reentrancy in
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214):
        External calls:

    handleFeePayment(4) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#193)

                  require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        - _handleERCPayment(_saleToken,_totalSaleSupply) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#194)
                saleToken.transferFrom(msg.sender.address(this).amount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#317)
       External calls sending eth:
        _handleFeePayment(4) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#193)
                - require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
       State variables written after the call(s):

    setTokenState( id, Token.TokenState.Insale) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#195)

                 tokenDetails[_id].tokenState = _state (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#152)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#116-146):
        External calls:
        _handleFeePayment(_template) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#128)
                  require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        State variables written after the call(s):
        - newChildToken.id = id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#131)
        - newChildToken.tokenTemplate = _template (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#132)
        - newChildToken.owner = userWallet (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#133)
        - newChildToken.totalSupply = _totalSupply (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#134)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#116-146):
       External calls:
        - _handleFeePayment(_template) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#128)
                  require(bool.string)(feeManager.chargeFeeBvTvpe{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
```



```
- newChildToken.saleToken =
createToken(_tokenName,_tokenTicker,_totalSupply,_template,userWallet)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#135-141)
(_tokenFactory.deployToken(_tokenName,_tokenTicker,_totalSupply,_template,_from))
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#163-171)
        External calls sending eth:
        - _handleFeePayment(_template) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#128)
                  require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        State variables written after the call(s):
        userCreatedTokens[userWallet].push(_id) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#143)
Reentrancy in Factory.deployToken(string,string,uint256,uint256,address)
(src/TokenFactory.sol#14-36):
       External calls:
        - seed = new Seed(_name,_ticker,_from,_supply) (src/TokenFactory.sol#28)
        - seed.transferOwnership(_from) (src/TokenFactory.sol#29)
        State variables written after the call(s):
        - tokenCount += 1 (src/TokenFactory.sol#31)
        tokens.push(address(seed)) (src/TokenFactory.sol#30)
Reentrancy in CombinedEscrow.depositERC20(uint256,address,address)
(src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#111-127):
        External calls:
require(bool,string)(_saleToken.transferFrom(bonsaiHoldings,address(this),amount),Conditio
nalEscrow: depositERC20 Transfer failed) (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#121-124)
        State variables written after the call(s):

    totalErcBalance += amount (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#126)

        - userErc20Balances[address(_saleToken)][payee] += amount
(src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#125)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256.uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266):
       External calls:
        _handleFeePayment(5) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#229)
                - require(bool,string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        _handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#242)
                - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.deposit{value:
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount}(address(msg.sender)) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#298-300)
         _handleERCPayment(saleLocalObj.purchaseToken,saleLocalObj.participatedAmount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#244-247)
                  saleToken.transferFrom(msg.sender,address(this),amount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#317)
handleTokenDeposit(saleLocalObj.escrowContract, purchaseAmount,saleLocalObj.saleToken)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#251-255)
                IERC20(_saleToken).approve(address(escrow),_purchaseAmount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#327)
                escrow.depositERC20( purchaseAmount,address(this),msg.sender)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#328)
       External calls sending eth:
        - _handleFeePayment(5) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#229)
                 require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        _handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#242)
                 saleLocalObj.escrowContract.deposit{value:
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount}(address(msg.sender)) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol<mark>#298-300</mark>)
       State variables written after the call(s):
```



```
- participatedSales[msg.sender].push(saleLocalObj.id)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#257)
Reentrancy in CombinedEscrow.withdrawERC20(address)
(src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#130-150):
        External calls:
        - require(bool, string)(_saleToken.transfer(payee, amount), ConditionalEscrow:
withdrawERC20 Transfer failed) (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#140-143)
        State variables written after the call(s):

    totalErcBalance -= amount (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#144)

Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-2
INFO:Detectors:
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad._endSale(Bonsai3Sale.NewSale)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#409-426):
        External calls:
        - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.enableRefunds() (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#416)
        - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.close() (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#419)
        - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.beneficiaryWithdraw() (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#420)
        Event emitted after the call(s):

    SaleIsOver(saleLocalObj.id,saleLocalObj.saleState)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#424)
Reentrancy in FeeManager. handleTokenPayment(uint256,IFeeManager.FeeTypes,uint256,address)
(src/FeeManager.sol#164-193):
        External calls:
        - (sent) = address( vault).call{value: purchaseAmount}()
(src/FeeManager.sol#179)
        require(bool,string)(saleToken.transferFrom(user,_vault, purchaseAmount),Token
transfer failed) (src/FeeManager.sol#187-190)
        External calls sending eth:
        - (sent) = address(__vault).call{value: _purchaseAmount}()
(src/FeeManager.sol#179)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
        PaymentSuccess(true,payee) (src/FeeManager.sol#244)
                _checkPayment(user,balanceBefore, purchaseAmount,fees[key].currency)
(src/FeeManager.sol#192)
Reentrancy in
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#174-214):
        External calls:

    handleFeePayment(4) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#193)

                 - require(bool,string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        - _handleERCPayment(_saleToken,_totalSaleSupply) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#194)
                saleToken.transferFrom(msg.sender,address(this),amount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#317)
        External calls sending eth:
        _handleFeePayment(4) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#193)
                - require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
        - CreateSale(_id,_endTime - _startTime) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#213)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#116-146):
        External calls:
        - _handleFeePayment(_template) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#128)
                  require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeBvTvpe{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
```



```
- newChildToken.saleToken =
createToken(_tokenName,_tokenTicker,_totalSupply,_template,userWallet)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#135-141)
(_tokenFactory.deployToken(_tokenName,_tokenTicker,_totalSupply,_template,_from))
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#163-171)
        External calls sending eth:
        - _handleFeePayment(_template) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#128)
                  require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
        CreatedToken(_tokenName,_tokenTicker,_totalSupply)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#162)
                - newChildToken.saleToken =
createToken(_tokenName,_tokenTicker,_totalSupply,_template,userWallet)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#135-141)

    NewToken(_id,userWallet,newChildToken.saleToken) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#144)

Reentrancy in Factory.deployToken(string,string,uint256,uint256,address)
(src/TokenFactory.sol#14-36):
       External calls:
        - seed = new Seed(_name,_ticker,_from,_supply) (src/TokenFactory.sol#28)
        - seed.transferOwnership( from) (src/TokenFactory.sol#29)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
        TokenDeployed(address(seed)) (src/TokenFactory.sol#32)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266):
        External calls:
        _handleFeePayment(5) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#229)
                - require(bool,string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        _handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#242)
                - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.deposit{value:
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount}(address(msg.sender)) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#298-300)

    handleERCPayment(saleLocalObj.purchaseToken,saleLocalObj.participatedAmount)

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#244-247)
                 saleToken.transferFrom(msg.sender,address(this),amount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#317)
handleTokenDeposit(saleLocalObj.escrowContract,_purchaseAmount,saleLocalObj.saleToken)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#251-255)
                IERC20( saleToken).approve(address(escrow), purchaseAmount)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#327)
                escrow.depositERC20(_purchaseAmount,address(this),msg.sender)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#328)
        External calls sending eth:
        _handleFeePayment(5) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#229)
                - require(bool, string)(feeManager.chargeFeeByType{value:
feeManager.getFeeAmount(key)}(key,msg.sender),please pay fee)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#340-346)
        - _handleEthPayment(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#242)
                - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.deposit{value:
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount}(address(msg.sender)) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#298-300)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
UserParticipates(msg.sender,_id,saleLocalObj.participatedAmount,saleLocalObj.totalUserToke
ns[msg.sender]) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#259-264)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407):
        External calls:

    endSale(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#383)
```



```
saleLocalObj.escrowContract.enableRefunds()
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#416)
                - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.close() (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#419)
                saleLocalObj.escrowContract.beneficiaryWithdraw()
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#420)
        - transferAmt = saleLocalObi.escrowContract.withdrawERC20(msg.sender)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#391-393)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
        - UserClaimedTokens(_id,msg.sender,transferAmt) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#395)
Reentrancy in Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376-407):
        External calls:
        - _endSale(saleLocalObj) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#383)
                saleLocalObj.escrowContract.enableRefunds()
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#416)
                - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.close() (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#419)

    saleLocalObj.escrowContract.beneficiaryWithdraw()

(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#420)
        - saleLocalObj.escrowContract.withdraw(address(msg.sender))
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#397)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
        UserClaimedRefund( id,msg.sender,saleLocalObj.totalUserPurchases[msg.sender])
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#398-402)
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-3
INFO:Detectors:
Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#216-266)
uses timestamp for comparisons
        Dangerous comparisons:
        - require(bool,string)(block.timestamp <= saleDetails[_id].endTime,Sale has ended)</pre>
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#227)
Bonsai3Launchpad._handleSaleState(Bonsai3Sale.NewSale) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#349-358)
uses timestamp for comparisons
        Dangerous comparisons:
        - require(bool,string)(saleLocalObj.startTime <= block.timestamp,Sale has not</pre>
started yet) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#352-355)
Bonsai3Launchpad._endSale(Bonsai3Sale.NewSale) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#409-426) uses
timestamp for comparisons
        Dangerous comparisons:
        - require(bool,string)(block.timestamp >= saleLocalObj.endTime,Sale time has not
elapsed) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#410-413)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#block-timestamp
INFO:Detectors:
Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp(IFactory,IFeeManager,address) (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#81-91)
compares to a boolean constant:
        -require(bool,string)(_setup == false,contract has already been setup)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#86)
Bonsai3Launchpad.contractTurnedOn() (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#93-96) compares to a boolean
constant:
        -require(bool,string)( setup == true,Please Start Contract)
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#94)
FeeManager.whenPaused() (src/FeeManager.sol#132-135) compares to a boolean constant:
        -require(bool,string)(__paused == true,not paused.) (src/FeeManager.sol#133)
FeeManager.notPaused() (src/FeeManager.sol#137-140) compares to a boolean constant:
        -require(bool,string)(__paused != true,not paused.) (src/FeeManager.sol#138)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#boolean-equality
INFO:Detectors:
CombinedEscrow.burnAfterReading() (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#152-154) is never used
and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code
INFO:Detectors:
```



```
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to
be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version^0.8.19 (src/Disperse.sol#7) necessitates a version too recent to be
trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/FeeManager.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be
trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Interfaces/IBonsai3Launchpad.sol#2) necessitates a version too
recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Interfaces/ICombinedEscrow.sol#2) necessitates a version too
recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Interfaces/IFeeManager.sol#2) necessitates a version too
recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Libraries/Bonsai3Sale.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent
to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol#2) necessitates a version too
recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Libraries/Sale.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be
trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Libraries/SelfDestruct.sol#2) necessitates a version too
recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Libraries/Token.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be
trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/Libraries/TokenDetails.sol#2) necessitates a version too
recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
Pragma version>=0.8.19 (src/TokenFactory.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be
trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
solc-0.8.19 is not recommended for deployment
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidi
INFO:Detectors:
Low level call in
FeeManager._handleTokenPayment(uint256,IFeeManager.FeeTypes,uint256,address)
(src/FeeManager.sol#164-193):
        - (sent) = address(__vault).call{value: _purchaseAmount}()
(src/FeeManager.sol#179)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls
INFO:Detectors:
Bonsai3Launchpad (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#30-541) should inherit from IBonsai3Mod
(src/Interfaces/IBonsai3Launchpad.sol#4-83)
Disperse (src/Disperse.sol#14-37) should inherit from Destroy
(src/Libraries/SelfDestruct.sol#4-13)
Factory (src/TokenFactory.sol#9-41) should inherit from IFactory
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#18-28)
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-inheritance
INFO:Detectors:
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp(IFactory, IFeeManager, address). factory
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#82) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp(IFactory,IFeeManager,address). feemanager
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#83) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.setUp(IFactory,IFeeManager,address)._vault
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#84) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#117) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address)._totalSupply
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#118) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address)._tokenName
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#119) is not in mixedCase
```



```
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address). tokenTicker
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#120) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewToken(uint256,uint256,string,string,uint8,address)._template
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#121) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address)._id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#175) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address)._totalSaleSupply (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#176) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address). presalePrice (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#177) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address)._softCap (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#178) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address). startTime (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#179) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address). endTime (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#180) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address)._saleToken (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#181) is not in mixedCase
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,add
ress,address)._purchaseToken (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#182) is not in mixedCase
Parameter
Bonsai3Launchpad.createNewSale(uint256.uint256.uint256.uint256.uint256.uint256.uint256.address.add
ress,address)._userWallet (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#183) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256)._id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#217) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.participateInSale(uint256,uint256). purchaseAmount
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#218) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.userClaimTokens(uint256). id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#376) is
not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getListOfUsers(uint256)._id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#429) is
not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleProgress(uint256)._id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#434) is
not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getParticipatedAmount(uint256)._id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#447) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getUserPurchaseRecord(uint256,address)._id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#454) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser(uint256,address). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#461) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getSalePurchaseToken(uint256). id
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#467) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenSaleAddress(uint256)._id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#471)
is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getPreSalePrice(uint256). id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#475) is
not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getSaleNumbers(uint256)._id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#480) is
not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenDetails(uint256). id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#504) is
not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.getTokenAddresses(uint256)._id (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#514)
is not in mixedCase
```



```
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.updateFactory(address)._newFactory
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#531) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Bonsai3Launchpad.updateFeeManager(address). feeManager
(src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#537) is not in mixedCase
Variable Bonsai3Launchpad.<u>__deployer</u> (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#69) is not in mixedCase
Variable Bonsai3Launchpad.__vault (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#70) is not in mixedCase
Variable Bonsai3Launchpad._tokenFactory (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#73) is not in mixedCase
Variable Bonsai3Launchpad._setup (src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol#74) is not in mixedCase
Variable FeeManager.__paused (src/FeeManager.sol#11) is not in mixedCase
Variable FeeManager.__vault (src/FeeManager.sol#14) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Factory.deployToken(string,string,uint256,uint256,address). name
(src/TokenFactory.sol#15) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Factory.deployToken(string, string, uint256, uint256, address)._ticker
(src/TokenFactory.sol#16) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Factory.deployToken(string, string, uint256, uint256, address)._supply
(src/TokenFactory.sol#17) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Factory.deployToken(string,string,uint256,uint256,address)._template
(src/TokenFactory.sol#18) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Factory.deployToken(string, string, uint256, uint256, address)._from
(src/TokenFactory.sol#19) is not in mixedCase
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-nami
ng-conventions
INFO:Detectors:
FeeManager.constructor(address,address) (src/FeeManager.sol#56-114) uses literals with too
many digits:
          fees[IFeeManager.FeeTypes.TokenTemplate1] =
FeeObject(0x01,IFeeManager.FeeTypes.TokenTemplate1,88000000000000, vault,(address(0)))
(src/FeeManager.sol#71-77)
FeeManager.constructor(address,address) (src/FeeManager.sol#56-114) uses literals with too
many digits:
        - fees[IFeeManager.FeeTvpes.TokenTemplate2] =
FeeObject(0x02,IFeeManager.FeeTypes.TokenTemplate2,50000000000000000,_vault,((address(0)))
) (src/FeeManager.sol#80-86)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits
INFO:Detectors:
FeeManager.owner (src/FeeManager.sol#13) should be constant
Reference:
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-b
e-declared-constant
INFO:Detectors:
FeeManager. vault (src/FeeManager.sol#14) should be immutable
https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-b
e-declared-immutable
```



# **Unit Test Coverage**

```
Running 1 test for test/TokenFactory.t.sol:TestTokenFactory
[PASS] testMint() (gas: 3959889)
Test result: ok. 1 passed; 0 failed; 0 skipped; finished in 2.50s
```

```
Running 11 tests for test/Bonsai3Launchpad.t.sol:Bonsai3Test
[PASS] testCreateManySales() (gas: 12272351)
[PASS] testCreateManyTokens() (gas: 4004024)
[PASS] testCreateNewSale() (gas: 2664168)
[PASS] testCreateNewSaleFullRun() (gas: 3018727)
[PASS] testCreateNewSaleParticipate() (gas: 3012291)
[PASS] testCreateToken() (gas: 983841)
[PASS] testFullRunNativePC() (gas: 2951161)
[PASS] testFullRunNativeRefund() (gas: 2950666)
[PASS] testFullRunTemplate2() (gas: 5079777)
[PASS] testManyParticipate() (gas: 13575823)
[PASS] testRealCase() (gas: 2952092)
Test result: ok. 11 passed; 0 failed; 0 skipped; finished in 10.01s
```

File	% Lines	% Statements	% Branches	% Funcs
	0.00% (0/10)	0.00% (0/12)	100.00% (0/0)	0.00% (0/1)
script/Disperse.s.sol	0.00% (0/3)	0.00% (0/3)	100.00% (0/0)	0.00% (0/1)
script/NewFactory.s.sol	0.00% (0/5)	0.00% (0/5)	100.00% (0/0)	0.00% (0/1)
script/NewFeeManager.s.sol	0.00% (0/4)	0.00% (0/4)	100.00% (0/0)	0.00% (0/1)
script/SingleToken.s.sol	0.00% (0/4)	0.00% (0/4)	100.00% (0/0)	0.00% (0/1)
script/UpgradeBonsai.s.sol	0.00% (0/6)	0.00% (0/7)	100.00% (0/0)	0.00% (0/1)
src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol	77.21% (105/136)	77.24% (112/145)	35.71% (20/56)	51.43% (18/35)
src/Disperse.sol	0.00% (0/13)	0.00% (0/21)	0.00% (0/8)	0.00% (0/3)
src/FeeManager.sol	59.52% (25/42)	62.50% (30/48)	15.00% (3/20)	38.46% (5/13)
src/Libraries/CombinedEscrow.sol	74.19% (23/31)	71.88% (23/32)	6.67% (2/30)	50.00% (6/12)
src/TokenFactory.sol	86.67% (13/15)	76.19% (16/21)	50.00% (2/4)	50.00% (1/2)

For the **TokenFactory** contract, the uncovered lines are related to not calling

getAddress() and not calling deployToken() with a template greater than 2.

```
34 : ; }
35 : 0: return address(0);
36 : ; }
37 : : ;
38 : function getAddress() external
view returns (address) {
39 : 0: return address(this);
40 : ; }
```

As for **FeeManager**, the missing test cases are related to:

1. **pausing** and **unpausing** the contract



```
function haltOperations() public
    156
                         :
onlyAdmin notPaused {
    157
                                    0:
                                                __paused = true;
    158
    159
    160
                                            function serThePatientMadeIt()
public onlyAdmin whenPaused {
                                                __paused = false;
    161
                                    0:
    162
```

2. fee payments made with ERC20 currencies were not tested, which is an important missing test.

```
[ # # ]:
                                              require(sent, "Failed to send
180
                             49:
Ether");
                                               } else {
    181
                                                   IERC20 saleToken =
    182
                                   0:
IERC20(fees[key].currency);
    183
                [ # # ]:
                                   0:
                                                   require(
saleToken.balanceOf(user) ≥ _purchaseAmount,
                                                       "User does not have
the balance"
    186
                                                   );
                [ # # ]:
    187
                                                   require(
saleToken.transferFrom(user, __vault, _purchaseAmount),
                                                       "Token transfer
    189
failed"
    190
                                                   );
    191
                                               }
```

```
220
                                           } else {
    221
                                    0:
                                                     handleTokenPayment(
IERC20(invoices.currency).balanceOf(user),
                         :
                                                        catalouge[key],
fees[catalouge[key]].amount,
    225
                                                        user
    226
                                                    );
    227
                                                    userPurchase.paid = true;
    228
                                                    return true;
```

```
241 : ; } else {
    242 : 0 : userBalance =
IERC20(currency).balanceOf(payee) - balanceBefore;
```



```
243 : : }
```

3. unused functions which are: iFfeeExists, getFeeMapping, removeFee and getOwner.

```
255
                                        function iFfeeExists(uint8 feeId)
external view returns (bool) {
                                                 if (
                 [ # # ]:
     257
fees[IFeeManager.FeeTypes(feeId)].feeType =
IFeeManager.FeeTypes(feeId)
     259
                                                 ) {
     260
                                     0:
                                                      return true;
                                                 } else {
     261
                                       :
                                                     return false;
     262
                                     0:
     263
                                                 }
                                       :
     264
                                             }
     265
     266
                                             function getFeeMapping(
     267
                                                 uint8 index
     268
                                             ) external view returns
(IFeeManager.FeeTypes) {
     269
                                                 return catalouge[index];
     270
     271
                                             // Remove a fee for a specific
     272
address.
                                             function
removeFee(IFeeManager.FeeTypes feeId) public onlyAdmin {
                                                 delete fees[feeId];
     274
                                     0:
     275
                                       :
                                             function getOwner() external view
     281
                                       :
returns (address) {
                                                 return owner;
     282
                                     0:
                                             }
     283
                                       :
     284
                                             function getVault() external view
     285
returns (address) {
     286
                                     0:
                                                 return
                                                          vault;
     287
```

The contract's tests are lacking. It is therefore highly recommended to create suitable test-cases to cover what is missing.



#### **Issue ID**

BI3-64

#### Risk level

Severity: Medium, Likelihood: Medium

### **Description**

Missing unit tests to cover:

- fees made in ERC20 currencies.
- haltOperations, serThePatientMadeIt, iFfeeExists, getFeeMapping, removeFee and getOwner functions.
- functions are reverting when they are supposed to.

#### Code location

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/FeeManager.sol

# Recommendation

Write additional test-cases to cover the uncovered code.

-----

-----

As for the **Bonsai3Launchpad** contract, the missing test cases are related to:

pausing and unpausing the contract:

```
- 57 : : function pause() public onlyRole(PAUSER_ROLE) {
- 58 : 0 : _pause();
- 59 : : }
- 60 : : : function unpause()
public onlyRole(PAUSER_ROLE) {
- 62 : 0 : _unpause();
- 63 : : }
```

- Not handling user purchases from sales with a **presalePrice** equaling zero:

```
- 279 [ + #]: 10 : if
  (saleLocalObj.presalePrice ≠ 0) {
```



```
10:
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount = calculateTotalCost(
     281
saleLocalObj.id,
     282
                                                          purchaseAmount
     283
                                                      );
     284
                                                  } else {
     285
saleLocalObj.participatedAmount = _calculateUserTokens( // dutch
auction price = 0
     286
saleLocalObj.id,
                                                          _purchaseAmount
     287
     288
                                                      );
     289
```

Not calling the following functions: getListOfUsers, getSaleProgress,
getListOfSalesByAddress, getUserPurchaseRecord,
getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser, getSalePurchaseToken,
getSaleNumbers, getTokenDetails, getTokenAddresses, updateFactory
and updateFeeManager.

As the missing test cases are important to guarantee the proper functioning of the contract, it is crucial to assess all the scenarios. Also, there were no unit tests covering reverts.

#### **Issue ID**

BI3-65

#### Risk level

Severity: Medium, Likelihood: Medium

## **Description**

Missing unit tests to cover:

- Sales and purchases with a presalePrice equaling zero.
- pause, unpause, getListOfUsers, getSaleProgress, getListOfSalesByAddress, getUserPurchaseRecord, getTokenAllotmentForSaleByUser, getSalePurchaseToken, getSaleNumbers, getTokenDetails, getTokenAddresses, updateFactory and updateFeeManager functions.
- functions are reverting when they are supposed to.



# **Code location**

bonsai3-smart-contracts/src/Bonsai3Launchpad.sol

### Recommendation

Write additional test-cases to cover the uncovered code.



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