Homework 8 (Due Thursday, July 17)

1. Let

$$I = \int_0^2 f(x) \, dx$$

where $f(x) = e^{-x}$. Denote by L_N and M_N approximations to I obtained using the left endpoint and midpoint rules with N subdivisions. Plot $\ln |L_N - I|$ and $\ln |M_N - I|$ as functions of N on the same plot. Submit the code, the plot, and your interpretation of the plot.

2. Repeat the previous exercise with

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & x \neq 1, \\ 0, & x = 1. \end{cases}$$

What is the value of the integral? What affect does the discontinuity of the function have on it?

3. Find the following double integrals. Confirm symbolic answers using Matlab.

(a)
$$\iint_R (x^3 + y^3) dA$$
, $R = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \le x, y \le 1\}$

(b)
$$\iint_R \ln(x+y) dA$$
, $R = \{(x,y) \mid 1 \le x, y \le 2\}$

(c)
$$\iint_R \sin(x) \sin(y) dA$$
, $R = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \le x, y \le \pi\}$

4. In each case below, conjecture a formula for the integral. Then validate your conjectures using special cases:

(a)
$$\iint_R f(x) + g(y) dA$$
, $R = \{(x, y) \mid a \le x \le b, c \le y \le d\}$

(b)
$$\iint_{R} f(x) g(y) dA$$
, $R = \{(x, y) \mid a \le x \le b, c \le y \le d\}$

(c)
$$\iint_{R} \sum_{n=1}^{N} f_n(x) g_n(y) dA, R = \{(x, y) \mid a \le x \le b, c \le y \le d\}$$

5. Approximate the value of the integral correct to four decimal places:

$$I = \iint_R J_0(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}) dA, \quad R = \{(x, y) \mid 0 - 1 \le x, y \le 1\}.$$

Here J_0 is the Bessel J-function of order zero (besselj in Matlab).

6. Let

$$I = \iint_R (x^2 + y^2) \, dA.$$

Write a program that approximates I for the case when R is a unit disk centered at the origin. If that proves difficult, explain what the difficulty is.

- 7. Repeat the previous exercise with R being a triangle. Any triangle.
- 8. Let R be some domain in the plane. What can you say about the integral $\iint_R 1 \, dA$?