

Question 1:

Lab 1

• Written questions

# 1. a)  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{12}$

b)  $\frac{1}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } \text{Var}(x) &= E[x^2] - (E[x])^2 \\ &= \left[ \cancel{0^2 \times (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6})} + 1^2 (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3}) \right] \\ &\quad - \left[ \cancel{0 \times (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6})} + 1 (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3}) \right]^2 \\ &= \frac{35}{144} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{d) } \text{Var}(x|Y=1) = \left( 1^2 \times \frac{1}{3} \right) - \left( 1 \times \frac{1}{3} \right)^2 = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$\text{e) } E[x^3 + x^2 + 3Y^7 | Y=1] = \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^3 + \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^2 + 3 \times 1 = \frac{85}{27}$$

Question 2:

$$V_1 = [1, 1, 1]$$

$$V_2 = [1, 0, 0]$$

$$\cancel{P_1 = [1, 1, 1]} \quad P_1 = [3, 3, 3]$$

$$P_2 = [1, 2, 3]$$

$$P_3 = [0, 0, 1]$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_1 \text{ Projected on Subspace } \mathbb{R}^3 &= \frac{\langle P_1, V_1 \rangle}{\langle V_1, V_1 \rangle} V_1 + \frac{\langle P_1, V_2 \rangle}{\langle V_2, V_2 \rangle} V_2 \\ &= \frac{9}{3} [1, 1, 1] + \frac{3}{1} [1, 0, 0] \\ &= [6, 3, 3] \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} P_2 \text{ Projected on Subspace } \mathbb{R}^3 &= \frac{\langle P_2, V_1 \rangle}{\langle V_1, V_1 \rangle} V_1 + \frac{\langle P_2, V_2 \rangle}{\langle V_2, V_2 \rangle} V_2 \\ &= \frac{6}{3} [1, 1, 1] + [1, 0, 0] \\ &= [3, 2, 2] \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} P_3 \text{ Projected on Subspace } \mathbb{R}^3 &= \frac{\langle P_3, V_1 \rangle}{\langle V_1, V_1 \rangle} V_1 + \frac{\langle P_3, V_2 \rangle}{\langle V_2, V_2 \rangle} V_2 \\ &= \frac{1}{3} [1, 1, 1] = [\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}] \end{aligned}$$

Coordinates:

$$(6, 3, 3), (3, 2, 2), (\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3})$$

Question 3:

Using CLT,

$$\text{Let } X = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{WP } \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & \text{WP } \frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$$

since  $X_i$  are iid and Binomially distributed

$$\mu = E[X_i] = np = 1 \left( \frac{2}{3} \right) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \text{var}(X_i) = np(1-p) = 1 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$S_{100} = \sum_{i=1}^{100} X_i$$

$$P[S_{100} \leq 50] = P\left[\frac{S_{100} - 100\mu}{\sqrt{100\sigma^2}} \leq \frac{50 - 66.6}{10\sqrt{\frac{2}{9}}}\right]$$

$$= P\left[\frac{S_{100} - 100\mu}{\sqrt{100\sigma^2}} \leq -3.53\right]$$

$$= 1 - \Phi(-3.53)$$

$$= 1 - .99979 = .50021$$

$\approx 50\%$