```
!pip install python-chess
→ Collecting python-chess
       Downloading python_chess-1.999-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (776 bytes)
     Collecting chess<2,>=1 (from python-chess)
       Downloading chess-1.11.1.tar.gz (156 kB)
                                                   - 156.5/156.5 kB 12.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
       Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
     Downloading python_chess-1.999-py3-none-any.whl (1.4 kB)
     Building wheels for collected packages: chess
       Building wheel for chess (setup.py) ... done
       Created wheel for chess: filename=chess-1.11.1-py3-none-any.whl size=148497 sha256=f6497053b45ccd7c0c8c0b7df5801515c0fd2be
       Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/2e/2d/23/1bfc95db984ed3ecbf6764167dc7526d0ab521cf9a9852544e
     Successfully built chess
     Installing collected packages: chess, python-chess
     Successfully installed chess-1.11.1 python-chess-1.999
import chess
import chess.pgn
from chess import Board, Move
from enum import Enum
from google.colab import drive
import io
import itertools
import os
import pandas as pd
from pandas import DataFrame
import numpy as np
import sys
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
from torch.nn.utils.rnn import pad_sequence
import torch.optim as optim
from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader, random_split
from typing import Iterator, List
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
→ Mounted at /content/drive
token = "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"
rm -rf /content/chess-ml
!git clone https://{token}@github.com/johnsonlarryl/chess-ml.git
→ Cloning into 'chess-ml'...
     remote: Enumerating objects: 158, done.
     remote: Counting objects: 100% (158/158), done.
     remote: Compressing objects: 100% (104/104), done.
    remote: Total 158 (delta 62), reused 134 (delta 44), pack-reused 0 (from 0) Receiving objects: 100% (158/158), 101.61 KiB | 14.52 MiB/s, done.
     Resolving deltas: 100% (62/62), done.
os.environ["POSTGRES HOSTNAME"]=''
os.environ["POSTGRES_DATABASE"]=''
os.environ["POSTGRES_USERNAME"]="
os.environ["POSTGRES_PASSWORD"]="
os.environ["POSTGRES_TOTAL_GAMES"]=''
sys.path.append("/content/chess-ml/chess-ml-dao")
from chess_ml_dao.dao.postgres import PGNDAO
from chess_ml_dao.algo import ChessMoveModel
from chess_ml_dao.model.transformation import PlayerTurn
from chess_ml_dao.util.transformation import get_board_array, \
                                              get_move_mask, \
                                              get_players_turn_array, \
                                              generate_all_possible_white_promotion_moves, \
                                              generate_all_possible_black_promotion_moves, \
```

denerate standard nossible moves. \

```
pgn_records_colab_prediction_london_vs_bobbyai_12_14_2024_15_40.ipynb - Colab
                                              generate_black_castling, \
                                              generate_white_castling, \
                                              POSSIBLE_MOVES
class ChessMoveModel(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, number_of_possible_moves):
        super(ChessMoveModel, self).__init__()
        # Convolutional Layers
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=14, out_channels=32, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.bn1 = nn.BatchNorm2d(32)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(in channels=32, out channels=64, kernel size=3, stride=2, padding=1) # Stride reduces spatial si
        self.bn2 = nn.BatchNorm2d(64)
        self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=64, out_channels=128, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.bn3 = nn.BatchNorm2d(128)
        self.conv4 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=128, out_channels=256, kernel_size=3, stride=2, padding=1) # Stride reduces spatial
        self.bn4 = nn.BatchNorm2d(256)
        self.conv5 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=256, out_channels=512, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.bn5 = nn.BatchNorm2d(512)
        self.conv6 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=512, out_channels=512, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.bn6 = nn.BatchNorm2d(512)
        # Global Average Pooling
        self.global_pool = nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((1, 1)) # Global pooling
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(512, 512)
        self.bn_fc = nn.BatchNorm1d(512)
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(512, number_of_possible_moves)
    def forward(self, x):
        x = F.relu(self.bn1(self.conv1(x)))
        x = F.relu(self.bn2(self.conv2(x))) # Stride reduces spatial dimensions
        x = F.relu(self.bn3(self.conv3(x)))
        x = F.relu(self.bn4(self.conv4(x))) # Stride reduces spatial dimensions
        x = F.relu(self.bn5(self.conv5(x)))
        x = F.relu(self.bn6(self.conv6(x)))
        # Global Average Pooling
        x = self.global_pool(x) # Shape: (batch_size, 512, 1, 1)
        x = x.view(x.size(0), -1) # Flatten to (batch_size, 512)
        # Fully Connected Layers
        x = F.relu(self.bn_fc(self.fc1(x)))
        x = self.fc2(x)
        return x
# Load your trained model
number_of_possible_moves=len(POSSIBLE_MOVES)
model = ChessMoveModel(number_of_possible_moves=number_of_possible_moves)
model.load_state_dict(torch.load('/content/drive/MyDrive/UNT/CSCE 5218/Semester Project/models/cnn.12.14.2024.11.46.pytorch'))
model.eval() # Set the model to evaluation mode

→ <ipython-input-11-02908f1794d8>:4: FutureWarning: You are using `torch.load` with `weights_only=False` (the current default)

      model.load_state_dict(torch.load('/content/drive/MyDrive/UNT/CSCE 5218/Semester Project/models/cnn.12.14.2024.11.46.pytorc
    ChessMoveModel(
       (conv1): Conv2d(14, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (bn1): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
      (conv2): Conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1))
       (bn2): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
      (conv3): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (bn3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
      (conv4): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1))
      (bn4): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
      (conv5): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1)) (bn5): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
       (conv6): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (bn6): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
      (global_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=(1, 1))
```

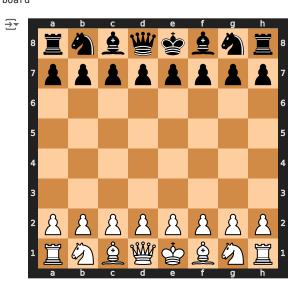
(fc1): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=512, bias=True)

```
12/14/24 4:08 PM
                                             pgn_records_colab_prediction_london_vs_bobbyai_12_14_2024_15_40.ipynb - Colab
          (bn_fc): BatchNorm1d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
          (fc2): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=4548, bias=True)
   def prepare input tensor(board: chess.Board) -> torch.Tensor:
       board_array = get_board_array(board)
       players_turn = np.full((8, 8), 1 if board.turn == chess.WHITE else -1, dtype=np.float32)
       if board.turn:
         current_player = chess.WHITE
       else:
         current_player = chess.BLACK
       players_turn = get_players_turn_array(board, current_player)
       pieces = PGNDAO.get_piece_channels(board)
       board_features = np.vstack([
           np.expand_dims(board_array, axis=0),
           np.expand_dims(players_turn, axis=0),
           pieces
       ])
       input_tensor = torch.tensor(board_features, dtype=torch.float32).unsqueeze(0) # Shape: (1, 14, 8, 8)
       return input_tensor
   def make_move(board: chess.Board) -> str:
       Generate a move for the computer using legal moves.
       legal_moves = list(board.legal_moves) # Get all legal moves
       if not legal_moves:
           raise ValueError("No legal moves available.")
       # Pick a random legal move (or implement your logic here)
       chosen_move = legal_moves[0] # Example: pick the first legal move
       return chosen_move.uci() # Return the move in UCI format
   def filter_model_outputs(outputs: torch.Tensor, possible_moves: list, original_moves: list) -> torch.Tensor:
       # Map reduced moves to their indices in the original move set
       indices = [original_moves.index(move) for move in possible_moves]
       # Filter the logits to include only reduced moves
       return outputs[:, indices]
   def generate_original_moves() -> list:
       # Standard moves
       standard_moves = generate_standard_possible_moves()
       # Promotions
       white_promotions = generate_all_possible_white_promotion_moves()
       black_promotions = generate_all_possible_black_promotion_moves()
       # Castling
       castling_moves = generate_white_castling() + generate_black_castling()
       # Combine all moves
       all_moves = standard_moves + white_promotions + black_promotions + castling_moves
       # Ensure the total matches 4612
       while len(all moves) < len(POSSIBLE MOVES):</pre>
           all_moves.append(f"placeholder_move_{len(all_moves)}")
       return all_moves
   # Define ORIGINAL_MOVES
   ORIGINAL_MOVES = generate_original_moves()
   print(f"Number of ORIGINAL_MOVES: {len(ORIGINAL_MOVES)}") # Should print 4612
    Number of ORIGINAL_MOVES: 4548
```

```
def make_move(board: chess.Board) -> str:
    input_tensor = prepare_input_tensor(board)
   # Get model predictions
   with torch.no_grad():
        outputs = model(input_tensor) # Shape: (1, num_original_moves)
   # Filter outputs to match the reduced move set
   outputs = filter_model_outputs(outputs, POSSIBLE_MOVES, ORIGINAL_MOVES)
    # Generate the move mask
    move_mask = get_move_mask(board)
   move_mask_tensor = torch.tensor(move_mask, dtype=torch.float32)
   # Apply the mask to outputs
   masked_outputs = outputs * move_mask_tensor
    # Handle edge case: no valid moves
    if move_mask_tensor.sum() == 0:
        if board.is_checkmate():
            raise ValueError("Checkmate: No valid moves available.")
        elif board.is_stalemate():
            raise ValueError("Stalemate: No valid moves available.")
        else:
            raise ValueError("No valid moves available; the game is over or an error occurred.")
   # Get the best move index
    _, best_move_index = masked_outputs.max(dim=1)
   # Map the index to a UCI move
   predicted_move = POSSIBLE_MOVES[best_move_index.item()]
   # Validate the predicted move
    legal_moves = {move.uci() for move in board.legal_moves}
    if predicted_move not in legal_moves:
        print(f"Invalid move generated: {predicted_move}. Falling back to best legal move.")
        # Find the best legal move
        legal_moves_indices = [POSSIBLE_MOVES.index(move) for move in legal_moves]
        legal_logits = outputs[0, legal_moves_indices] # Logits for legal moves only
        best_legal_index = legal_moves_indices[legal_logits.argmax().item()]
        predicted_move = POSSIBLE_MOVES[best_legal_index]
    return predicted_move
def human_move(board: Board, move: str) -> Board:
 move = chess.Move.from uci(move)
 board.push(move)
  return board
def computer_move(board: chess.Board) -> chess.Board:
    move = make_move(board)
    print(f"Computer: {move}")
        board.push(chess.Move.from_uci(move))
    except chess.InvalidMoveError:
       print(f"Invalid move generated: {move}")
    return board
def get_move_mask(board: chess.Board) -> np.ndarray:
    # Initialize the move mask
   move_mask = np.zeros(len(POSSIBLE_MOVES), dtype=np.float32)
    # Get all legal moves in UCI format (filtered by python-chess to handle checks)
    legal_moves = {move.uci() for move in board.legal_moves}
   # Iterate over all possible moves and mark legal ones
    for i, move in enumerate(POSSIBLE_MOVES):
        if move in legal_moves:
            move mask[i] = 1
```

return move_mask

Create a new chess board (starting position)
board = chess.Board()
board



computer_move(board)



human_move(board, "e7e5")





human_move(board, "b8c6")



→ Computer: f1c4



human_move(board, "f8c5")



computer_move(board)

Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: e1g1



human_move(board, "d7d6")



computer_move(board)



human_move(board, "c5d4")



computer_move(board)

Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: f3d4



human_move(board, "c6d4")



computer_move(board)



human_move(board, "g8f6")



Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: c3e2



human_move(board, "f6e4")



Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: e2d4



human_move(board, "e8g8")



computer_move(board)



human_move(board, "g8h8")



Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: f1e1



human_move(board, "c8e6")



Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: f3e5



human_move(board, "d6e5")



computer_move(board)

Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: e1e4



human_move(board, "d8d1")



Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: c4f1



human_move(board, "f8d8")



Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: e4e5



human_move(board, "e6c4")



computer_move(board)

Invalid move generated: a1a2. Falling back to best legal move. Computer: e5g5



human_move(board, "c4f1")

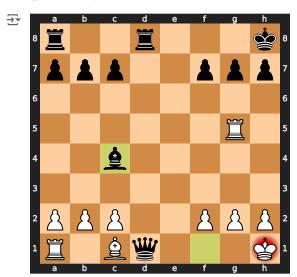




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human_move(board, "f1c4")



computer_move(board)



aluaFrror Tracaback (most recent call last)