## **Project 1 Part 2**

Convert the above ER diagram into relational schemas.

- 1. Entity: Customers
  - a. Name of the relation: Customers
  - b. Names of the Attributes:

customer\_id (primary key), first\_name, last\_name, age, gender, zip\_code

c. Domain of each attribute:

customer\_id (INT) first\_name (VARCHAR2(30)) last\_name (VARCHAR2(30)) age (INT) gender (VARCHAR2 (1)) zip\_code (VARCHAR2 (10))

- d. Primary key: customer id
- e. Foreign key: None
- 2. Entity: Transactions
  - a. Name of the relation: Transactions
  - b. Names of the Attributes:

Transaction id (primary key), transaction date, payment method, total

c. Domain of each attribute:

transaction\_id (INT)
transaction\_date (DATE)
payment\_method (VARCHAR2(255))
total (DECIMAL (10,2))
customer\_id (INT, foreign key references Customers(customer\_id))

- d. Primary key: transaction\_id
- **e.** Foreign key: customer\_id references Customer(customer\_id)
- 3. Entity: Products
  - a. Name of the relation: Products
  - b. Names of the Attributes:

UPC, product\_name, brand, category, product\_description, marked\_price, quantity in stock

c. Domain of each attribute:

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product_id (INT)
upc (VARCHAR2(30))
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product\_name (VARCHAR2(30)) brand (VARCHAR2(30)) category (VARCHAR2(30)) product\_description (VARCHAR2(30)) marked\_price (number) quantity\_in\_stock (number)

d. Primary key: UPCf. Foreign key: None

## 4. Entity: Contains

a. Name of the relation: contains

b. Names of the Attributes:

transaction\_id , upc , quantity

c. Domain of each attribute:

transaction\_id (INT) upc (INT) quantity (INT)

d. Primary key: transaction\_id, upc

e. Foreign key:

foreign key (transaction\_id) references transactions(transaction\_id), foreign key (upc) references products(upc)