ETL Project

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Extraction:

We used Kaggle to extract four different csv files. Three of our data sets are based on space launches/missions. The last csv file was a dataset of astronauts. The following files is the datasets we used from Kaggle.

- Astronauts.csv
- Space_walks.csv
- Space missions.csv
- Global space launches.csv

Transformation:

After we extracted our csv files, we used pandas to read the files into DataFrames (Figure 1). From there we scanned the DataFrames to see what needed to be cleaned. To clean our data, we first dropped unwanted columns (Figure 2). In our datasets, we had different formats for dates (figure 3). We used the datetime function so that the date column in each DataFrame would be in the same format (Figure 4). We finished cleaning our data by renaming some columns.

Figure 1:

```
In [3]: 1 astr_df = pd.read_csv('CSVs/astronauts.csv')
2 spacewalks_df = pd.read_csv('CSVs/space_walks.csv')
3 spacemissions_df = pd.read_csv('CSVs/space_missions.csv')
4 global_launches_df = pd.read_csv('CSVs/global_space_launches.csv')
```

Figure 2:

Drop Columns

```
in [8]: 1 spacemissions_df.drop(labels=['Unnamed: 0', 'Unnamed: 0.1'], axis=1, inplace=True)
2 global_launches_df.drop(labels=['DateTime', 'Year', 'Month', 'Day', 'Time'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

Figure 3:

Date Conversions

```
date_df = pd.DataFrame({"Global Launches Dates": global_launches_df.Date,
                                 Spacemissions Dates": spacemissions_df.Datum,
                               "Spacewalks Dates": spacewalks_df.Date})
   date_df.head()
   Global Launches Dates
                           Spacemissions Dates Spacewalks Dates
            07/08/2020 Fri Aug 07, 2020 05:12 UTC
0
            06/08/2020 Thu Aug 06, 2020 04:01 UTC March 16-17, 1966
2
            04/08/2020 Tue Aug 04, 2020 23:57 UTC
                                                    06/05/1966
3
            30/07/2020 Thu Jul 30, 2020 21:25 UTC
                                                    07/19/1966
            30/07/2020 Thu Jul 30, 2020 11:50 UTC
                                                   07/20/1966
```

Figure 4:

```
## Splicing string to get rid of time and timezone
2 spacemissions_df.Datum = spacemissions_df.Datum.apply(lambda x: x[0:16])
1 # Built-in Pandas datetime function
global_launches_df.Date = pd.to_datetime(global_launches_df.Date, format='%d/%m/%Y', errors = "coerce")
5
   spacemissions_df.Datum = pd.to_datetime(spacemissions_df.Datum, format= '%a %b %d, %Y', errors='coerce')
7 spacewalks df.Date = pd.to datetime(spacewalks df.Date, format= "%m/%d/%Y", errors="coerce")
1 # Re-running date_df to verify conversions were successful
2 date_df = pd.DataFrame({"Global Launches Dates": global_launches_df.Date,
                            "Spacemissions Dates": spacemissions_df.Datum
                            , "Spacewalks Dates": spacewalks_df.Date})
5 date df.head()
  Global Launches Dates Spacemissions Dates Spacewalks Dates
           2020-08-07
                            2020-08-07
                                           1965-06-03
1
           2020-08-06
                            2020-08-06
                                                NaT
2
           2020-08-04
                            2020-08-04
                                           1966-06-05
           2020-07-30
3
                            2020-07-30
                                           1966-07-19
4
           2020-07-30
                            2020-07-30
                                           1966-07-20
```

Load:

Our final step was to get our cleaned data into a Database. To do this we created an engine to connect to postgres. We used pandas to sql formula to transfer our DataFrames into a database (figure 5).

Figure 5:

Creating connection to space_db and converting dataframes to sql tables

```
password = os.environ.get('postgres_password')

engine = create_engine(f"postgresql://postgres:{password}@localhost:5432/space_db")

global_launches_df.to_sql("global_launches", engine)

spacemissions_df.to_sql("space_missions", engine)

spacewalks_df.to_sql("spacewalks", engine)

astr_df.to_sql("astronauts", engine)
```

Summary:

We used this data because we wanted to answer the following questions about space launches/missions:

- How has space launch activity changed from year to year by country, mission type or scope?
- How many space missions are moon landings, space walks, science experiments or other?
- How do you become a US Astronaut -- review of background of US Astronauts over the years and how their backgrounds have changed?

After we pulled our data into a database we were able to run a few queries to answer some of our questions (figure 6).

Figure 6:

```
SELECT spacewalks.crew, spacewalks.country,
   space_missions.company_name, spacewalks.vehicle,
    spacewalks.date
FROM spacewalks
JOIN space_missions
ON spacewalks.date = space_missions.date
ORDER BY date ASC;
SELECT * FROM spacewalks
WHERE date BETWEEN '1969-01-01' AND '1969-12-30';
SELECT * FROM space_missions
WHERE date BETWEEN '1969-01-01' AND '1969-12-30'
order by date asc;
SELECT * FROM global_launches
WHERE country_of_launch = 'USA'
AND company_name = 'NASA'
ORDER BY date ASC;
SELECT * FROM astronauts
WHERE missions LIKE '%Apollo%';
SELECT * FROM spacewalks
WHERE purpose LIKE '%First%';
```