CMSC351: Big Notation

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1 The Big-O Notation

Definition: For Big O, we say

$$f(x) = O(g(x))$$
 if $\exists x_0, C > 0$ such that $\forall x \ge x_0, f(x) \le Cg(x)$

Essentially, we need to find some C where g(x) is greater than f(x) at some x_0 . Example:

Notice that

Definition: For Big Ω , we say

$$f(x) = \Omega(g(x))$$
 if $\exists x_0, B > 0$ such that $\forall x \ge x_0, f(x) \ge B(g(x))$