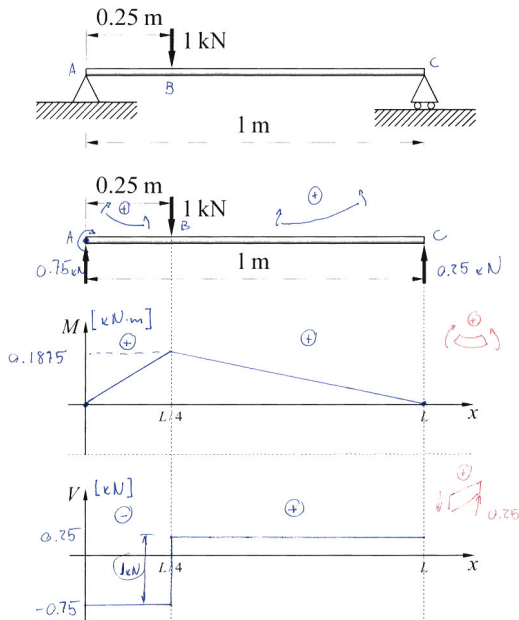


Example 2.1 – Plot the bending moment and shear force diagrams for the following beams:

a)



$$\sum M_{@A}^{cw} = 0 \quad \therefore (1 \text{ kN})(0.25 \text{ m}) - R_C(1 \text{ m}) = 0$$

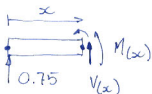
$$R_C = 0.25 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$R_A + R_C - 1 \text{ kN} = 0$$

$$R_A = 0.75 \text{ kN}$$

Span AB:



$$\sum M_{@x}^{cw} = 0$$

$$M(x) - (0.75)(x) = 0$$

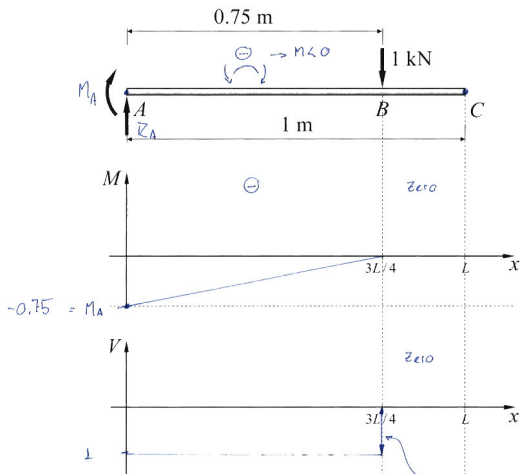
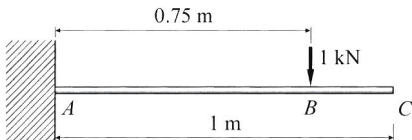
$$M(x) = 0.75x$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad \therefore (0.75 \text{ kN}) + V(x) = 0$$

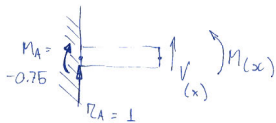
$$\therefore V(x) = -0.75 \text{ kN}$$



b)



"Jump" in shear force must be equal to the magnitude of the point load?



$$\sum M_x^{ccw} = 0$$

$$M(x) - M_A - R_A(x) = 0$$

$$M(x) + 0.75 - 1x = 0$$

$$M(x) = x - 0.75$$

$$\text{So for } \begin{cases} x = 0, & M(x) = -0.75 \text{ kNm} \\ M(x) = 0, & x = 0.75 \text{ m} \end{cases}$$

$$\sum M_{@A}^{cw} = 0 \quad \therefore \quad M_A + (1 \text{ kN})(0.75 \text{ m}) = 0$$

$$M_A = -0.75 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad \therefore \quad R_A = 1 \text{ kN}$$

c)

