EXERCISE - 1

AIM: To implement a line-drawing algorithm (e.g., DDA or Bresenham's algorithm) in C to draw a straight line between two points.

Procedure (Using Bresenham's Algorithm)

- 1. Input:
 - o Two endpoints (x1,y1) and (x2,y2).
- 2. Calculate the differences:
 - o $\Delta x = x2 x1$
 - o $\Delta y = y2 y1$
- 3. Determine the decision parameters:
 - o Set $p = 2\Delta y \Delta x$ for the initial decision variable.
- 4. Iteratively plot points:
 - o Start from the first endpoint and move toward the second endpoint.
 - o Based on the decision variable p, determine whether to increment the y-coordinate.
- 5. Repeat until the second endpoint is reached.

SAMPLE CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <graphics.h>

void bresenhamLine(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
  int dx = x2 - x1;
  int dy = y2 - y1;

int p = 2 * dy - dx; // Initial decision parameter
  int x = x1, y = y1;

// Plot the first point
  putpixel(x, y, WHITE);

// Iterate through the points
  while (x < x2) {
    x++;</pre>
```

```
if (p < 0) {
       p += 2 * dy; // Mid-point below the line
     } else {
       y++;
       p += 2 * (dy - dx); // Mid-point above or on the line
     putpixel(x, y, WHITE); // Plot the next point
  }
}
int main() {
  int gd = DETECT, gm;
  int x1, y1, x2, y2;
  // Initialize the graphics system
  initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
  // Input endpoints
  printf("Enter the coordinates of the first point (x1, y1):");
  scanf("%d %d", &x1, &y1);
  printf("Enter the coordinates of the second point (x2, y2): ");
  scanf("%d %d", &x2, &y2);
  // Draw the line using Bresenham's algorithm
  bresenhamLine(x1, y1, x2, y2);
  // Wait for user input to close the graphics window
  getch();
  closegraph();
  return 0;
}
```



