A proof of Doug Lea's memory manager

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Glossary of macros, typedefs and minor routines

```
MALLOC_ALIGNMENT = 8
MAX_SIZE_T
                = FFFF FFFF_h
SIZE_T_SIZE
                = 4
SIZE_T_BITSIZE = 32
SIZE_T_ZERO
                = 0
SIZE_T_ONE
                = 1
SIZE_T_TWO
SIZE_T_FOUR
TWO_SIZE_T_SIZES = 8
FOUR\_SIZE\_T\_SIZES = 16
SIX\_SIZE\_T\_SIZES = 24
{\tt HALF\_MAX\_SIZE\_T} = 7FFF \ FFFF_h
{\tt CHUNK\_ALIGN\_MASK} \quad = \ 111_b
          = struct malloc_chunk
mchunk
mchunkptr
                = mchunk*
sbinptr
                = mchunk*
bindex_t
                = unsigned int
binmap_t
                = unsigned int
flag_t
                = unsigned int
MCHUNK_SIZE
                = 16
CHUNK_OVERHEAD = 4
MIN_CHUNK_SIZE = 16
chunk2mem(p)
             = p + 8
mem2chunk(mem) = mem - 8
                 = 2^{32} - 63
MAX_REQUEST
MIN_REQUEST
                 = 11
pad_request(req) = [req + 4]_8
request2size(req) = \max\{16, \lceil req + 4 \rceil_8\}
```

```
PINUSE_BIT
                            = 1_b
CINUSE_BIT
                            = 10_b
                            = 100_{b}
FLAG4_BIT
INUSE_BITS
                            = 11_b
FLAG_BITS
                            = 111_{h}
                            = flags(p) = \nabla_{-}
cinuse(p)
                            = flags(p) = \_ \blacktriangle
pinuse(p)
                            = flags(p) \in \{ \mathbf{V}_{-}, \nabla \triangle \}
is_inuse(p)
is_mmapped(p)
                            = flags(p) = \nabla \triangle
                            = size(p)
chunksize(p)
\{flags(p) = C_{\perp}\}\ clear_pinuse(p) \{flags(p) = C \triangle\}
chunk_plus_offset(p,s) = p+s
chunk_minus_offset(p,s) = p-s
next_chunk(p)
                           = next(p)
prev_chunk(p)
                           = prev(p)
                           = flags(next(p)) = \_ \blacktriangle
next_pinuse(p)
                            = prev_foot(p+s)
get_foot(p,s)
\{prev\_foot(p+s) = \_\} set_foot(p,s) \{prev\_foot(p+s) = s\}
\int size(p) = \_ \land flags(p) = \_\_
                             set_size_and_pinuse_of_free_chunk(p,s)
 \land prev\_foot(p+s) = \_
                            (size(p) = \_ \land flags(p) = \_\_)
 \land prev\_foot(p+s) = \_
 \land flags(p+s) = \_
tchunk
                            = malloc_tree_chunk
tchunkptr
                            = tchunk*
                            = tchunk*
tbinptr
                                child_0(*t) if child_0(*t) \neq 0
leftmost_child(t)
                                child_1(*t) otherwise
NSMALLBINS
NTREEBINS
                            = 32
SMALLBIN_SHIFT
                            = 3
SMALLBIN_WIDTH
TREEBIN_SHIFT
                            = 8
MIN_LARGE_SIZE
                            = 256
MAX_SMALL_SIZE
                            = 255
MAX_SMALL_REQUEST
mstate
                            = struct malloc_state
                            = struct malloc_params
mparams
is_small(s)
                            = s < 256
small_index(s)
                            = |s/8|
small_index2size(i)
                            = 8 \times i
MIN_SMALL_INDEX
                            = 2
```

```
\left\{ \texttt{smallbins}[2\texttt{i}+2] \mapsto C_1 * \texttt{smallbins}[2\texttt{i}+3] \mapsto C_2 \right\} \texttt{ x } := \texttt{smallbin\_at}(\texttt{M},\texttt{i}) \ \left\{ \texttt{x.fd} \mapsto C_1 * \texttt{x.bk} \mapsto C_2 \right\} 
                                                                                  = treebins[i]
 \left\{ \mathbf{I} = \_ \right\} \; \mathsf{compute\_tree\_index}(\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{I}) \; \left\{ \mathbf{I} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 0 & \text{if } \mathbf{S} < 256 \\ 31 & \text{if } \mathbf{S} > 2^{24} \\ 2(\log_2 \|\mathbf{S}\| - 8) & \text{if } 0 \leq \{\!\!\{\mathbf{S}\}\!\!\} < \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{S}\| \\ 2(\log_2 \|\mathbf{S}\| - 8) + 1 & \text{if } \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{S}\| \leq \{\!\!\{\mathbf{S}\}\!\!\} < \|\mathbf{S}\| \end{array} \right\} \right. 
bin_for_tree_index(i) = \begin{cases} 31 & \text{if } i = 31 \\ \lfloor i/2 \rfloor + 6 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
leftshift_for_tree_index(i) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i = 31 \\ 25 - \lfloor i/2 \rfloor & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
minsize_for_tree_index(i) = \begin{cases} 2 << (\lfloor i/2 \rfloor + 7) & \text{if i even} \\ 3 << (\lfloor i/2 \rfloor + 7) & \text{if i odd} \end{cases}
idx2bit(i)
 \left\{ smallmap[i] = \_ \right\}  mark_smallmap(M,i) \left\{ smallmap[i] = 1 \right\}
   smallmap_is_marked(M,i) = smallmap[i] = 1
  \{ treemap[i] = \_ \} mark\_treemap(M,i) \{ treemap[i] = 1 \}
  \left\{ \text{treemap}[i] = \_ \right\} \text{ clear\_treemap(M,i)} \left\{ \text{treemap}[i] = 0 \right\}
 treemap_is_marked(M,i)
                                                                                   = \begin{cases} \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{0} & \text{if } \mathbf{x}_i = 1 \land \forall j < i. \, \mathbf{x}_j = 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & \text{if } \mathbf{x} = 0 \end{cases}
= \begin{cases} \mathbf{1} & \mathbf{0} & \text{if } \mathbf{x}_i = 1 \land \forall j < i. \, \mathbf{x}_j = 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & \text{if } \mathbf{x} = 0 \end{cases}
= \begin{cases} \mathbf{1} & \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{0} & \text{if } \mathbf{x}_i = 1 \land \forall j < i. \, \mathbf{x}_j = 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & \text{if } \mathbf{x} = 0 \end{cases}
= \begin{cases} \mathbf{1} & \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{0} & \text{if } \mathbf{x}_i = 1 \land \forall j < i. \, \mathbf{x}_j = 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & \text{if } \mathbf{x} = 0 \end{cases}
least_bit(x)
left_bits(x)
 same_or_left_bits(x)
```

Describing chunks

Define

We begin by tackling a simplified scenario, in which we ignore treebins. Assume chunks have sizes that are multiples of 8 bytes up to 256 bytes (exclusive). All free chunks are thus contained in one of 32 smallbins. We shall also ignore the smallmap for now.

```
node_S(C) \Leftrightarrow busynode_S(C) \lor freenode_S(C)
  busynode_S(C) \Leftrightarrow \exists S', C_n.
                                    *C.cinuse \mapsto 1
                                     *C.size \mapsto S' * S' \geq S
                                     *C_n \doteq C + S'
                                     * node_0(C_n)
                                    *C_n.pinuse \mapsto 1
  freenode_S(C) \Leftrightarrow \exists S', C_n.
                                    *C.cinuse \mapsto 0
                                     *C.size \xrightarrow{.5} S' *S' > S
                                     *snode_S(C)
                                     *C_n \doteq C + S'
                                     * busynode_0(C_n)
                                     *C_n.prevfoot \mapsto S'
       *C_n.pinuse \mapsto 0
snode_S(C) \Leftrightarrow \exists C' \neq C. C \in C' * C' \in C^* C
sbinheader_S(B) \Leftrightarrow B \mathfrak{S} B \vee \exists C \neq B. B \mathfrak{S} C * C \mathfrak{S}^* B
```

If start is the address of the first chunk in the arena, then the entire state can be described by:

$$node_0(\mathtt{start}) * \forall^* i \in [2, 32). sbin_{8i}(\mathtt{smallbins} + 2i)$$

TODO:

• make a special case for the first node (its PINUSE flag should be permanently set)

Operations on smallbins and trees

Then let

```
\begin{array}{ccc} sbinempty(B) & \Leftrightarrow & B \not \subset B \\ sbinnonempty(S,B) & \Leftrightarrow & \exists C \neq B. \, B \not \subset C * C \not \subset *B \\ & sbin(S,B) & \Leftrightarrow & sbinempty(B) \vee sbinnonempty(S,B) \end{array}
```

The following predicate describes a valid smallbins array and corresponding smallmap vector.

```
sbinAndMap(i) \iff \exists S,B. \ i \in [2,32) * S = 8i * B = smallbins + 2i * \\ (\&smallmap_i \mapsto 0 * sbinempty(B) \\ \lor \&smallmap_i \mapsto 1 * sbinnonempty(S,B)) sbinsOK \iff \forall^*i \in [2,32). sbinAndMap(i)
```

The insert_small_chunk macro can be specified like so. Note that it preserves the sbinsOK predicate:

```
\left\{\exists i.\, i \dot{\epsilon}[2,32) * \texttt{S} \dot{=} 8i * \texttt{P} \overset{\texttt{S}}{\sim} \_ * \_ \\ \sim \texttt{P} * sbinsOK \right\} \texttt{insert\_small\_chunk(M,P,S)} \left\{ sbinsOK \right\}
```

The details are as follows.

```
 \left\{ \exists i.i\dot{\epsilon}[2,32) * S \stackrel{=}{=}8i * P \stackrel{S}{\sim}_{-} * \_ \sim P * sbinsOK \right\}  bindex_t I = small_index(S);  \left\{ P \stackrel{S}{\sim}_{-} * \_ \sim P * sbinsOK * I\dot{\epsilon}[2,32) * S \stackrel{=}{=}8I \right\}   \left\{ P \stackrel{S}{\sim}_{-} * \_ \sim P * (sbinAndMap(I) \twoheadrightarrow sbinsOK) * sbinAndMap(I) * I\dot{\epsilon}[2,32) * S \stackrel{=}{=}8I \right\}  mchunkptr B = smallbin_at(M, I);  \left\{ P \stackrel{S}{\sim}_{-} * \_ \sim P * (sbinAndMap(I) \twoheadrightarrow sbinsOK) * sbinAndMap(I) * I\dot{\epsilon}[2,32) * S \stackrel{=}{=}8I * B \stackrel{=}{=}smallbins+2I \right\}  mchunkptr F = B; assert(S >= MIN_CHUNK_SIZE);  \left\{ P \stackrel{S}{\sim}_{-} * \_ \sim P * (sbinAndMap(I) \twoheadrightarrow sbinsOK) * sbinAndMap(I) \right\}  if \dot{\epsilon}[2,32) * S \stackrel{=}{=}8I * B \stackrel{=}{=}smallbins+2I * F \stackrel{=}{=}B \right\}  if (!smallmap_is_marked(M, I))  \left\{ P \stackrel{S}{\sim}_{-} * \_ \sim P * (sbinAndMap(I) \twoheadrightarrow sbinsOK) * \&smallmap_I \mapsto 0 * sbinempty(B) \right\}  if \dot{\epsilon}[2,32) * S \stackrel{=}{=}8I * B \stackrel{=}{=}smallbins+2I * F \stackrel{=}{=}B \right\}  mark_smallmap(M, I);  \left\{ P \stackrel{S}{\sim}_{-} * \_ \sim P * (sbinAndMap(I) \twoheadrightarrow sbinsOK) * \&smallmap_I \mapsto 1 * sbinempty(B) \right\}  if \dot{\epsilon}[2,32) * S \stackrel{=}{=}8I * B \stackrel{=}{=}smallbins+2I * F \stackrel{=}{=}B \right\}
```

```
\left( \mathsf{P}^{\mathsf{S}}_{\mathsf{A}} * \_ \mathsf{P} * (sbinAndMap(\mathsf{I}) * sbinsOK) * \& \mathsf{smallmap}_{\mathsf{I}} \mapsto 1 * \mathsf{BCF} \right)
          * I \in [2,32) * S = 8I * B = smallbins + 2I * F = B * B \neq P
else if (RTCHECK(ok_address(M, B->fd)))
            \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{S} & * & \sim \mathbb{P} * (sbinAndMap(\mathbb{I}) \twoheadrightarrow sbinsOK) * \& \mathtt{smallmap}_{\mathbb{I}} \mapsto 1 * sbinnonempty(\mathbb{S}, \mathbb{B}) \end{array} \right)
          * I\dot{\epsilon}[2,32) * S\dot{\epsilon}8I * B\dot{\epsilon}smallbins+2I
          \widehat{\mid} \exists C \neq \mathtt{B}. \, \mathtt{P} \stackrel{\mathtt{S}}{\mathrel{\sim}} \_ \, \ast \, \_ \, \mathtt{\sim} \, \mathtt{P} \, \ast \, (sbinAndMap(\mathtt{I}) \, \twoheadrightarrow \, sbinsOK) \, \ast \, \&\mathtt{smallmap}_\mathtt{I} \, \mapsto \, 1 \, \ast \, \mathtt{B} \, \mathfrak{S}C \, \ast \, C \, \overset{\mathtt{S}}{\mathfrak{S}} \, \ast \, \mathtt{B} \, \Big| \, \mathsf{B} \, \mathsf{
           * I \in [2,32) * S = 8I * B = smallbins + 2I * B \neq P
          \left( \mathsf{P}^{\mathsf{S}}_{\mathrel{^{\sim}}\_} * \_ \!\!\!\sim \!\!\! \mathsf{P} * (sbinAndMap(\mathtt{I}) \twoheadrightarrow sbinsOK) * \& \mathtt{smallmap}_{\mathtt{I}} \mapsto 1 * \mathsf{B} \mathcal{C} \mathsf{F} * \mathsf{F} \mathcal{C}^{\mathsf{S}} \mathsf{B} \right) \right)
          *I\dot{\epsilon}[2,32)*S\dot{\epsilon}8I*B\dot{\epsilon}smallbins+2I*B\dot{\epsilon}P*F\dot{\epsilon}B
else {
         CORRUPTION_ERROR_ACTION(M);
 \left( \mathsf{P}^{\mathsf{S}} - * - \mathsf{P} * (sbinAndMap(\mathsf{I}) * sbinsOK) * \& \mathsf{smallmap}_{\mathsf{I}} \mapsto 1 * \mathsf{B} \mathcal{C} \mathsf{F} * \mathsf{F} \mathcal{C}^* \mathsf{B} \right)
  \star I \in [2,32) \star S = 8I \star B = smallbins + 2I \star B \neq P
\star I\dot{\epsilon}[2,32) \star S\dot{\epsilon}8I \star B\dot{\epsilon}smallbins+2I \star B\dot{\epsilon}P
\star I\dot{\epsilon}[2,32) \star S\dot{=}8I \star B\dot{=}smallbins+2I \star B\dot{\neq}P
 \int_{-} \sim P * (sbinAndMap(I) * sbinsOK) * \&smallmap_I \mapsto 1 * B \neg P * P \circlearrowleft F * F \circlearrowleft * B)
  \times 1\dot{\epsilon}[2,32) \times S\dot{\epsilon}81 \times B\dot{\epsilon}smallbins+21 \times B\dot{\epsilon}P
 \left\{ (sbinAndMap(\mathbf{I}) - *sbinsOK) * \& smallmap_{\mathbf{I}} \mapsto 1 * B \mathbb{C}P * P \mathbb{C}F * F \mathbb{C}^*B \right\}
 \star \dot{\mathsf{I}} \dot{\mathsf{e}} [2,32) \star \dot{\mathsf{S}} \dot{=} 8 \dot{\mathsf{I}} \star \dot{\mathsf{B}} \dot{=} \mathsf{smallbins} + 2 \dot{\mathsf{I}} \star \dot{\mathsf{B}} \dot{\neq} \mathsf{P}
  \widehat{\big|} (sbinAndMap(\mathtt{I}) \twoheadrightarrow sbinsOK) \ast \mathtt{\&smallmap}_{\mathtt{I}} \mapsto 1 \ast \mathtt{B} \mathbf{CP} \ast \mathtt{P} \overset{S}{\mathbf{C}} \ast \mathtt{B} \big|
   * I \in [2,32) * S = 8I * B = smallbins + 2I * B \neq P
    \{(sbinAndMap(\mathtt{I}) + sbinsOK) * \mathtt{\&smallmap}_\mathtt{I} \mapsto 1 * sbinnonempty(\mathtt{S}, \mathtt{smallbins} + 2\mathtt{I}) * \mathtt{I} \dot{\in} [2,32) * \mathtt{S} \dot{=} \mathtt{SI} \}
     (sbinAndMap(I) * sbinsOK) * sbinAndMap(I)
    |sbinsOK|
```

tmalloc_small

tmalloc_large

sys_alloc

dlmalloc

We now give the entire source code of dlmalloc, interspersed with an explanatory commentary and annotations for the safety proof. We shall prove that a successful call to dlmalloc(mem) allocates a chunk with payload no less that mem bytes. I think it's probably sufficient to provide only a lower bound on the payload size – it certainly simplifies the proof!

Allocating small chunks

```
bindex_t idx; binmap_t smallbits;  \begin{aligned} &\text{binmap_t smallbits}; \\ &\text{nb} = (\text{bytes} < \text{MIN_REQUEST})? \text{ MIN_CHUNK_SIZE} : \text{pad_request(bytes)}; \\ &\left\{ P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \right\} \text{ where } P_{nb} = \max\{16, \lceil \text{bytes} + 4 \rceil_8 \} \\ &\text{idx} = \text{small\_index(nb)}; \\ &\left\{ P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge \text{idx} = \lceil \text{nb}/8 \rceil \right\} \\ &\text{smallbits} = \text{gm->smallmap} >> \text{idx}; \\ &\left\{ P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge \text{idx} = \lceil \text{nb}/8 \rceil \right. \\ &\left. \wedge \forall i \in [0, 32 - \text{idx}). \text{ smallbits}[i] = 0 \Leftrightarrow smallbin(i + \text{idx}) = \varnothing \right. \\ &\text{if ((smallbits & 0x3U) != 0) } \left\{ \ /* \text{ Remainderless fit to a smallbin. } */ \\ &\left\{ P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge \text{idx} = \lceil \text{nb}/8 \rceil \wedge (smallbin(\text{idx}) \neq \varnothing \vee smallbin(\text{idx} + 1) \neq \varnothing) \right\} \end{aligned}
```

'Remainderless' fit to a smallbin

```
mchunkptr b, p;
idx += ~smallbits & 1; /* Uses next bin if idx empty */
```

```
\{P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land (idx = |nb/8| \lor idx = |nb/8| + 1) \land smallbin(idx) \neq \emptyset\}
   b = smallbin_at(gm, idx);
   \left\{P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land (\mathtt{idx} = [\mathtt{nb}/8] \lor \mathtt{idx} = [\mathtt{nb}/8] + 1) \land \mathtt{b} = smallbin(\mathtt{idx}) \land \mathtt{b} \neq \emptyset\right\}
   p = b \rightarrow fd:
    P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge (\text{idx} = \lfloor \text{nb/8} \rfloor \vee \text{idx} = \lfloor \text{nb/8} \rfloor + 1)
    \land b = smallbin(idx) \land b = p :: ps \land flags(p) = 01
   assert(chunksize(p) == small_index2size(idx));
   unlink_first_small_chunk(gm, b, p, idx);
    (P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge (\mathtt{idx} = |\mathtt{nb/8}| \vee \mathtt{idx} = |\mathtt{nb/8}| + 1))
     \wedge b = smallbin(idx) \wedge b = ps
    \land flags(p) = \nabla \blacktriangle
   set_inuse_and_pinuse(gm, p, small_index2size(idx));
    (P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge (idx = \lfloor nb/8 \rfloor \vee idx = \lfloor nb/8 \rfloor + 1))
     \wedge b = smallbin(idx) \wedge b = ps
    mem = chunk2mem(p);
   check_malloced_chunk(gm, mem, nb);
    (P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge (idx = \lfloor nb/8 \rfloor \vee idx = \lfloor nb/8 \rfloor + 1)
     \wedge b = smallbin(idx) \wedge b = ps
     \land flags(p) = \bigvee \triangle \land flags(next(p)) = \triangle \land mem = p - 2
   goto postaction;
else if (nb > gm->dvsize) {
    (P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge idx = |nb/8|)
     \land \forall i \in [0, 32 - idx). smallbits[i] = 0 \Leftrightarrow smallbin(i + idx) = \emptyset
    \land smallbin(idx) = smallbin(idx + 1) = \emptyset
   if (smallbits != 0) { /* Use chunk in next nonempty smallbin */
        [P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge \mathtt{idx} = \lfloor \mathtt{nb/8} \rfloor]
        \land \forall i \in [0, 32 - \mathtt{idx}). \, \mathtt{smallbits}[i] = 0 \Leftrightarrow smallbin(i + \mathtt{idx}) = \varnothing
         \land \exists i \in [idx + 2, 32). smallbin(i) \neq \emptyset
```

'Remainderful' fit to a smallbin

```
mchunkptr b, p, r; size_t rsize; bindex_t i; binmap_t leftbits = (smallbits << idx) & left_bits(idx2bit(idx)); \begin{cases} P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge idx = \lfloor nb/8 \rfloor \\ \wedge \forall i \in [idx+1,32).leftbits[i] = 0 \Leftrightarrow smallbin(i) = \emptyset \end{cases} \\ \wedge \exists i \in [idx+2,32).smallbin(i) \neq \emptyset \end{cases} binmap_t leastbit = least_bit(leftbits); \begin{cases} P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge idx = \lfloor nb/8 \rfloor \\ \wedge \forall i \in [idx+1,32).leftbits[i] = 0 \Leftrightarrow smallbin(i) = \emptyset \\ \wedge \lfloor \log_2(leastbit) \rfloor = \min\{i \in [idx+2,32) \mid smallbin(i) \neq \emptyset\} \end{cases} compute_bit2idx(leastbit, i);
```

```
P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge \mathtt{idx} = |\mathtt{nb/8}|
  \land \ \forall i \in [\texttt{idx} + 1, 32). \ \texttt{leftbits}[i] = 0 \Leftrightarrow smallbin(i) = \emptyset
  \land i = \min\{i \in [idx + 2, 32) \mid smallbin(i) \neq \emptyset\} 
 \left\{ P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land \mathtt{i} \ge |\mathtt{nb}/8| + 2 \land smallbin(\mathtt{i}) \ne \emptyset \right\}
b = smallbin_at(gm, i);
\left\{ P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land i \ge \lfloor nb/8 \rfloor + 2 \land b = smallbin(i) \land b \ne \emptyset \right\}
p = b - > fd:
\{P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land i \ge \lfloor nb/8 \rfloor + 2 \land b = smallbin(i) \land b = p :: ps \}
assert(chunksize(p) == small_index2size(i));
unlink_first_small_chunk(gm, b, p, i);
 \int P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge \mathbf{i} \ge \lfloor \mathbf{nb/8} \rfloor + 2 \wedge \mathbf{b} = smallbin(\mathbf{i}) \wedge \mathbf{b} = ps
 \land flags(p) = \nabla \blacktriangle
rsize = small_index2size(i) - nb;
\{P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land flags(p) = \nabla \blacktriangle \land rsize = size(p) - nb\}
/* Fit here cannot be remainderless if 4byte sizes */
if (SIZE_T_SIZE != 4 && rsize < MIN_CHUNK_SIZE)</pre>
   set_inuse_and_pinuse(gm, p, small_index2size(i));
   set_size_and_pinuse_of_inuse_chunk(gm, p, nb);
   \{P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land flags(p) = \bigvee \triangle \land size(p) = nb \land rsize = size(p) - nb\}
   r = chunk_plus_offset(p, nb);
   \Big(P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land flags(\mathbf{p}) = \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle \land size(p) = \mathtt{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} = size(p) - \mathtt{nb}\Big)
    \wedge \mathbf{r} = \mathbf{p} + \mathbf{nb}
   set_size_and_pinuse_of_free_chunk(r, rsize);
   P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge flags(p) = \bigvee \triangle \wedge size(p) = \text{nb} \wedge \text{rsize} = size(p) - \text{nb}
   \land r = p + nb \land flags(r) = \nabla \blacktriangle \land size(r) = rsize
   replace_dv(gm, r, rsize);
    (P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land flags(p) = \bigvee \blacktriangle \land size(p) = \mathtt{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} = size(p) - \mathtt{nb})
     \wedge r = p + nb \wedge flags(r) = \nabla \triangle \wedge size(r) = rsize
    \wedge dv = r \wedge dvsize = rsize
mem = chunk2mem(p);
check_malloced_chunk(gm, mem, nb);
 P_{small} \land P_{nb} \land flags(p) = \bigvee \land size(p) = nb \land rsize = size(p) - nb
 \land r = p + nb \land flags(r) = \nabla \triangle \land size(r) = rsize \land mem = p + 2
goto postaction;
```

Using a treebin instead

```
else if (gm->treemap != 0 && (mem = tmalloc_small(gm, nb)) != 0) {  \begin{cases} P_{small} \wedge P_{nb} \wedge \mathrm{idx} = \lfloor \mathrm{nb}/8 \rfloor \wedge \forall i \in [\mathrm{idx}, 32). \, smallbin(i) = \varnothing \\ \wedge \, \mathrm{mem} = p + 2 \wedge flags(p) = \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle \wedge size(p) \geq \mathrm{nb} \end{cases}  check_malloced_chunk(gm, mem, nb); goto postaction;
```

```
}
}
.
```

Allocating large chunks

Using the designated victim

```
\{P_{nb}\}
if (nb <= gm->dvsize) {
   \{P_{nb} \land \mathtt{nb} \leq \mathtt{dvsize}\}
   size_t rsize = gm->dvsize - nb;
    ig\{ P_{nb} \land \mathtt{nb} \leq \mathtt{dvsize} \land \mathtt{rsize} = \mathtt{dvsize} - \mathtt{nb} ig\}
   mchunkptr p = gm->dv;
    ig\{ P_{nb} \land \mathtt{nb} \leq size(\mathtt{p}) \land \mathtt{rsize} = size(\mathtt{p}) - \mathtt{nb} \land flags(\mathtt{p}) = 
abla ig\}
   if (rsize >= MIN_CHUNK_SIZE) { /* split dv */
       \{P_{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} = size(\mathtt{p}) - \mathtt{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} \ge 16 \land flags(\mathtt{p}) = \nabla \blacktriangle \}
       mchunkptr r = gm->dv = chunk_plus_offset(p, nb);
       \left\{ P_{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} = size(\mathtt{p}) - \mathtt{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} \geq 16 \land \mathtt{r} = \mathtt{p} + \mathtt{nb} \land flags(\mathtt{p}) = \triangledown \blacktriangle \right\}
       gm->dvsize = rsize;
       set_size_and_pinuse_of_free_chunk(r, rsize);
        igl| P_{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} = size(\mathtt{p}) - \mathtt{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} \ge 16 \land \mathtt{r} = \mathtt{p} + \mathtt{nb} \land flags(\mathtt{p}) = igtriangledown igwedge
       \land flags(r) = \nabla \blacktriangle \land size(r) = rsize
       set_size_and_pinuse_of_inuse_chunk(gm, p, nb);
       \int P_{nb} \wedge \mathtt{rsize} \geq 16 \wedge \mathtt{r} = \mathtt{p} + \mathtt{nb} \wedge flags(\mathtt{p}) = \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle \wedge size(p) = \mathtt{nb}
         \land flags(r) = \nabla \blacktriangle \land size(r) = rsize
   else { /* exhaust dv */
       \{P_{nb} \land (size(p) = nb \lor size(p) = nb + 8) \land flags(p) = \nabla \blacktriangle \}
       size_t dvs = gm->dvsize;
       gm->dvsize = 0;
       gm->dv = 0;
```

```
\begin{split} & \text{set\_inuse\_and\_pinuse(gm, p, dvs);} \\ & \left\{ P_{nb} \land (size(\textbf{p}) = \textbf{nb} \lor size(\textbf{p}) = \textbf{nb} + 8) \land flags(\textbf{p}) = \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle \right\} \\ & \left\{ P_{nb} \land (size(\textbf{p}) = \textbf{nb} \lor size(\textbf{p}) = \textbf{nb} + 8) \land flags(\textbf{p}) = \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle \right\} \\ & \text{mem = chunk2mem(p);} \\ & \text{check\_malloced\_chunk(gm, mem, nb);} \\ & \left\{ P_{nb} \land (size(\textbf{p}) = \textbf{nb} \lor size(\textbf{p}) = \textbf{nb} + 8) \land flags(\textbf{p}) = \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle \land \text{mem} = \textbf{p} + 2 \right\} \\ & \text{goto postaction;} \end{split}
```

Using the top chunk

```
else if (nb < gm->topsize) { /* Split top */
   \{P_{nb} \land \mathtt{nb} < size(\mathtt{top})\}
   size_t rsize = gm->topsize -= nb;
   \{P_{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} = size(\mathtt{top}) - \mathtt{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} > 0\}
   mchunkptr p = gm->top;
   \big\{P_{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} = size(\mathtt{p}) - \mathtt{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} > 0\big\}
   mchunkptr r = gm->top = chunk_plus_offset(p, nb);
   \{P_{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} = size(\mathtt{p}) - \mathtt{nb} \land \mathtt{rsize} > 0 \land \mathtt{r} = \mathtt{p} + \mathtt{nb}\}
   r->head = rsize | PINUSE_BIT;
   \left\{P_{nb} \land size(\mathbf{r}) = size(\mathbf{p}) - \mathbf{nb} \land size(\mathbf{r}) > 0 \land flags(\mathbf{r}) = \nabla \blacktriangle \land \mathbf{r} = \mathbf{p} + \mathbf{nb}\right\}
   set_size_and_pinuse_of_inuse_chunk(gm, p, nb);
   \{P_{nb} \land size(p) = nb \land flags(p) = \bigvee \triangle \land size(r) > 0 \land flags(r) = \bigvee \triangle \land r = p + nb\}
   mem = chunk2mem(p);
   \big\{P_{nb} \land size(\mathtt{p}) = \mathtt{nb} \land flags(\mathtt{p}) = \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle \land \mathtt{mem} = \mathtt{p} + 2\big\}
   check_top_chunk(gm, gm->top);
   check_malloced_chunk(gm, mem, nb);
   goto postaction;
```

Obtaining memory from the system

```
mem = sys_alloc(gm, nb);
postaction:
   POSTACTION(gm);
   return mem;
}
return 0;
```

dlfree

```
void dlfree(void* mem) {
  if (mem != 0) {
   mchunkptr p = mem2chunk(mem);
#if FOOTERS
   mstate fm = get_mstate_for(p);
   if (!ok_magic(fm)) {
     USAGE_ERROR_ACTION(fm, p);
     return;
   }
#else /* FOOTERS */
#define fm gm
#endif /* FOOTERS */
   if (!PREACTION(fm)) {
     check_inuse_chunk(fm, p);
     if (RTCHECK(ok_address(fm, p) && ok_inuse(p))) {
       size_t psize = chunksize(p);
       mchunkptr next = chunk_plus_offset(p, psize);
       if (!pinuse(p)) {
         size_t prevsize = p->prev_foot;
         if (is_mmapped(p)) {
          psize += prevsize + MMAP_FOOT_PAD;
           if (CALL_MUNMAP((char*)p - prevsize, psize) == 0)
            fm->footprint -= psize;
           goto postaction;
         }
         else {
          mchunkptr prev = chunk_minus_offset(p, prevsize);
          psize += prevsize;
          p = prev;
           if (RTCHECK(ok_address(fm, prev))) { /* consolidate backward */
            if (p != fm->dv) {
              unlink_chunk(fm, p, prevsize);
            else if ((next->head & INUSE_BITS) == INUSE_BITS) {
              fm->dvsize = psize;
              set_free_with_pinuse(p, psize, next);
              goto postaction;
```

18 CHAPTER 8. DLFREE

```
}
   else
     goto erroraction;
if (RTCHECK(ok_next(p, next) && ok_pinuse(next))) {
 if (!cinuse(next)) { /* consolidate forward */
   if (next == fm->top) {
     size_t tsize = fm->topsize += psize;
     fm->top = p;
     p->head = tsize | PINUSE_BIT;
     if (p == fm->dv) {
      fm->dv = 0;
       fm->dvsize = 0;
     if (should_trim(fm, tsize))
       sys_trim(fm, 0);
     goto postaction;
   else if (next == fm->dv) {
     size_t dsize = fm->dvsize += psize;
     fm->dv = p;
     set_size_and_pinuse_of_free_chunk(p, dsize);
     goto postaction;
   else {
     size_t nsize = chunksize(next);
     psize += nsize;
     unlink_chunk(fm, next, nsize);
     set_size_and_pinuse_of_free_chunk(p, psize);
     if (p == fm->dv) {
       fm->dvsize = psize;
       goto postaction;
   }
 }
   set_free_with_pinuse(p, psize, next);
 if (is_small(psize)) {
   insert_small_chunk(fm, p, psize);
   check_free_chunk(fm, p);
 }
 else {
   tchunkptr tp = (tchunkptr)p;
   insert_large_chunk(fm, tp, psize);
   check_free_chunk(fm, p);
   if (--fm->release_checks == 0)
     release_unused_segments(fm);
 goto postaction;
```

```
erroraction:
    USAGE_ERROR_ACTION(fm, p);
postaction:
    POSTACTION(fm);
}
#if !FOOTERS
#undef fm
#endif /* FOOTERS */
}
```