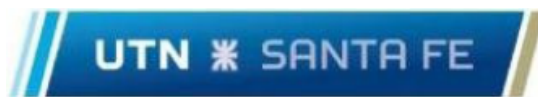




Encuentro Provincial Santafesino de Programación Competitiva



Warm up

26 de Septiembre de 2009

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PROBLEM 1

Adding Reversed Numbers

The Antique Comedians of Malidinesia prefer comedies to tragedies. Unfortunately, most of the ancient plays are tragedies. Therefore the dramatic advisor of ACM has decided to transfigure some tragedies into comedies. Obviously, this work is very hard because the basic sense of the play must be kept intact, although all the things change to their opposites. For example the numbers: if any number appears in the tragedy, it must be converted to its reversed form before being accepted into the comedy play.

Reversed number is a number written in arabic numerals but the order of digits is reversed. The first digit becomes last and vice versa. For example, if the main hero had 1245 strawberries in the tragedy, he has 5421 of them now. Note that all the leading zeros are omitted. That means if the number ends with a zero, the zero is lost by reversing (e.g. 1200 gives 21). Also note that the reversed number never has any trailing zeros.

ACM needs to calculate with reversed numbers. Your task is to add two reversed numbers and output their reversed sum. Of course, the result is not unique because any particular number is a reversed form of several numbers (e.g. 21 could be 12, 120 or 1200 before reversing). Thus we must assume that no zeros were lost by reversing (e.g. assume that the original number was 12).

INPUT

The input consists of N cases (equal to about 10000). The first line of the input contains only positive integer N. Then follow the cases. Each case consists of exactly one line with two positive integers separated by space. These are the reversed numbers you are to add.

OUTPUT

For each case, print exactly one line containing only one integer - the reversed sum of two reversed numbers. Omit any leading zeros in the output.

SAMPLE

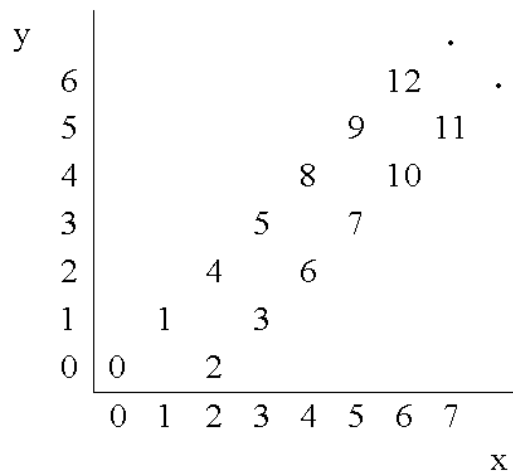
INPUT	OUTPUT
3	34
24 1	1998
4358 754	1
305 794	

PROBLEM 2

Number Steps

Starting from point $(0, 0)$ on a plane, we have written all non-negative integers $0, 1, 2, \dots$ as shown in the figure. For example, 1, 2, and 3 has been written at points $(1, 1)$, $(2, 0)$, and $(3, 1)$ respectively and this pattern has continued.

You are to write a program that reads the coordinates of a point (x, y) , and writes the number (if any) that has been written at that point. (x, y) coordinates in the input are in the range $0 \dots 10000$.



INPUT

The first line of the input is N , the number of test cases for this problem. In each of the N following lines, there is x , and y representing the coordinates (x, y) of a point.

OUTPUT

For each point in the input, write the number written at that point or write No Number if there is none.

SAMPLE

INPUT	OUTPUT
3	6
4 2	12
6 6	No Number
3 4	