Week 4 Assignment: Database Development and Class Registration

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CST499: Capstone for Computer Software Technology

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August 19th, 2024

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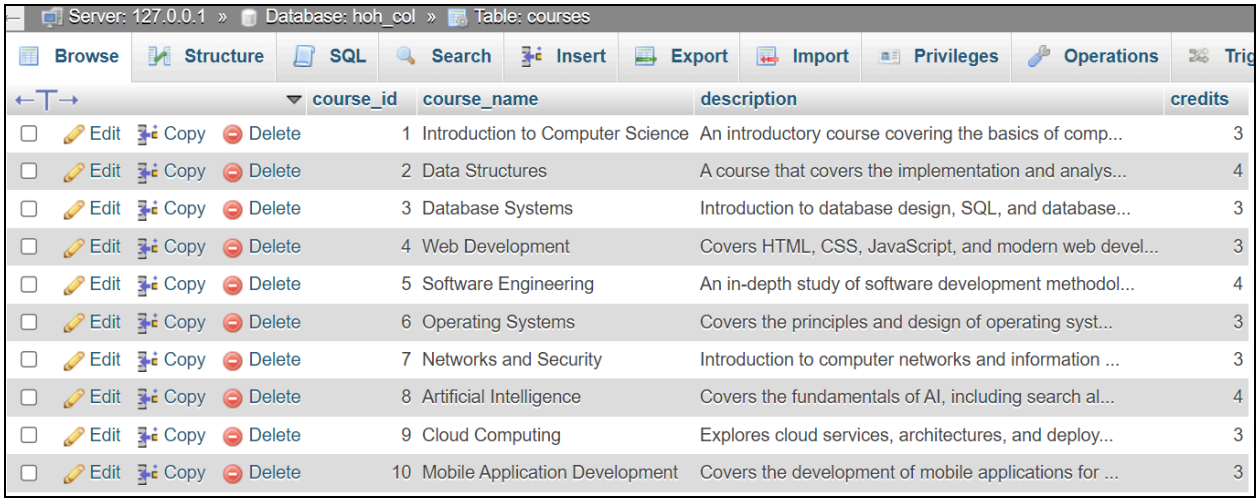
A structured approach was taken to enhance the MySQL database and the web application to meet the project's requirements. I first created the additional tables, one for courses and a registrations table to link users to their selected courses. Each table was designed to store essential data, such as user credentials, course details, and registration information. Figure 1 depicts the course table. The example course information was added via a SQL script. Figure 2 depicts the registration table. Data would exist once a student registers for a course.

Figure 1

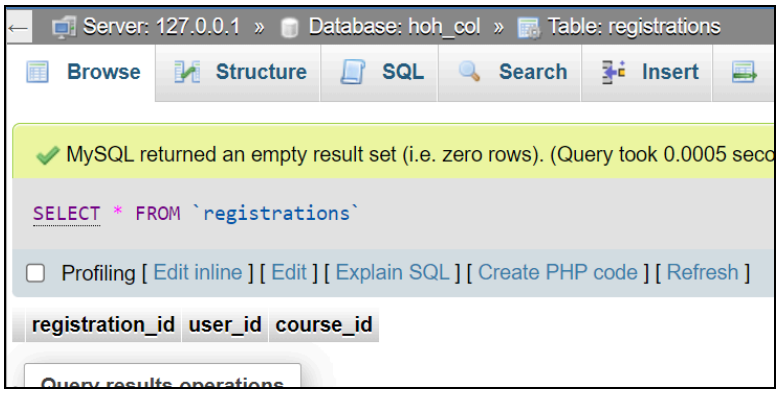
The courses table with example course information.



	course_id	course_name	description	credits
Edit Copy Delete	1	Introduction to Computer Science	An introductory course covering the basics of comp...	3
Edit Copy Delete	2	Data Structures	A course that covers the implementation and analys...	4
Edit Copy Delete	3	Database Systems	Introduction to database design, SQL, and database...	3
Edit Copy Delete	4	Web Development	Covers HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and modern web devel...	3
Edit Copy Delete	5	Software Engineering	An in-depth study of software development methodol...	4
Edit Copy Delete	6	Operating Systems	Covers the principles and design of operating syst...	3
Edit Copy Delete	7	Networks and Security	Introduction to computer networks and information ...	3
Edit Copy Delete	8	Artificial Intelligence	Covers the fundamentals of AI, including search al...	4
Edit Copy Delete	9	Cloud Computing	Explores cloud services, architectures, and deploy...	3
Edit Copy Delete	10	Mobile Application Development	Covers the development of mobile applications for ...	3

Figure 2

The registration table.



Next, I connected the backend PHP pages to the MySQL database, ensuring seamless communication between the front-end forms and the stored data. First was the addition of a new navigation button, *Course Registry*. This button will only show once a user has successfully logged in after creating a new user account. Figure 3 shows the code, and Figure 4 shows the button on the front end.

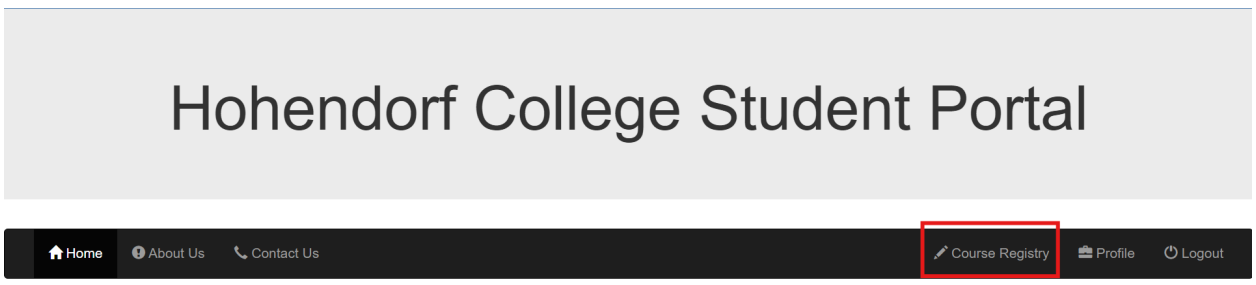
Figure 3

PHP code of Course Registry navigation button.

```
<ul class="nav navbar-nav navbar-right">
    <?php
    if (isset($_SESSION['email'])) {
        echo '<li><a href="register_class.php"><span class="glyphicon glyphicon-pencil"></span> Course Registry</a></li>';
        echo '<li><a href="profile.php"><span class="glyphicon glyphicon-briefcase"></span> Profile</a></li>';
        echo '<li><a href="index.php?Logout=1"><span class="glyphicon glyphicon-off"></span> Logout</a></li>';
```

Figure 4

Screenshot of Course Registry navigation button.



The *Course Registry* button would call a newly created page called register_class.php. Figures 5 & 6 show the code that the new file contains. There is a dropdown list of available courses for the user to select. Each selection will reload the page with a message at the top stating whether the action was successful or not. During this point in development, I switched from PDO to MySQLi. The reason for this change was that, while examining different methods of execution, I needed help getting PDO with full utilization of the db_action class and the proper passing of required information. Figure 7 is a screenshot of the webpage with the dropdown menu. Figure 8 shows the success message when a student registers for a course. Finally, Figure 9 exhibits the updated registrations table.

Figure 5

PHP code of register_class.php part 1.

cst499_project > register_class.php > ...

```php
<?php
require "header.php";
error_reporting(E_ALL ^ E_NOTICE);
include 'db_actions.php';
require_once 'protected/db_config.php';
$db_action = new Database();
$host = DBHOST;
$db = DBNAME;
$uname = DBUSER;
$db_pass = DBPASS;
$con = ["mysql:host=$host;dbname=$db", "$uname", "$db_pass"];
$stmt = new mysqli($host,$uname,$db_pass,$db);
if ($_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "POST") {
    $user_id = $_POST['user_id'];
    $course_id = $_POST['course_id'];

    $sql = "INSERT INTO registrations (`user_id`, `course_id`) VALUES ('$user_id', '$course_id')";

    if ($db_action->executeQuery($con, $sql)) {
        echo "Successfully registered for the course!";
    } else {
        echo "Error";
    }
}

$courses_query = "SELECT * FROM Courses";
$courses_result = $stmt->query($courses_query);

```

Figure 6

PHP code of register_class.php part 2.

```
cst499_project > register_class.php > ...
31   <html lang="en">
42   <body>
43       <?php include 'master.php'; ?>
44       <div class="container text-center">
45           <h1>Please Register for a Class Below</h1>
46       </div>
47       <div>
48           <form method="POST" action="register_class.php">
49           <label for="course_id">Select Course:</label>
50           <select name="course_id" id="course_id">
51               <?php while($course = $courses_result->fetch_assoc()): ?>
52                   <option value="<?php echo $course['course_id']; ?>">
53                       <?php echo $course['course_name']; ?>
54                   </option>
55               <?php endwhile; ?>
56           </select>
57           <input type="hidden" name="user_id" value="<?php echo $_SESSION['user_id']; ?>">
58           <button type="submit">Register</button>
59       </form>
60   </div>
61       <?php include 'footer.php'; ?>
62   </body>
63
64   </html>
```

Figure 7

Menu of available courses for a student to register for.

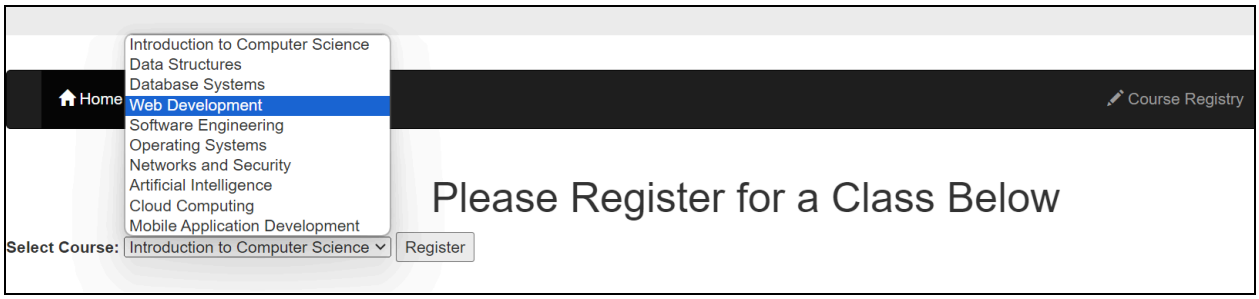


Figure 8

PHP code of register_class.php part 2.

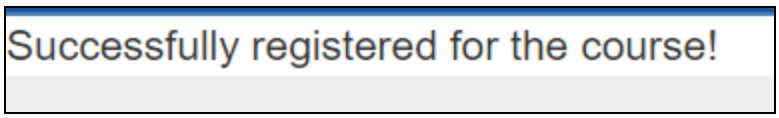
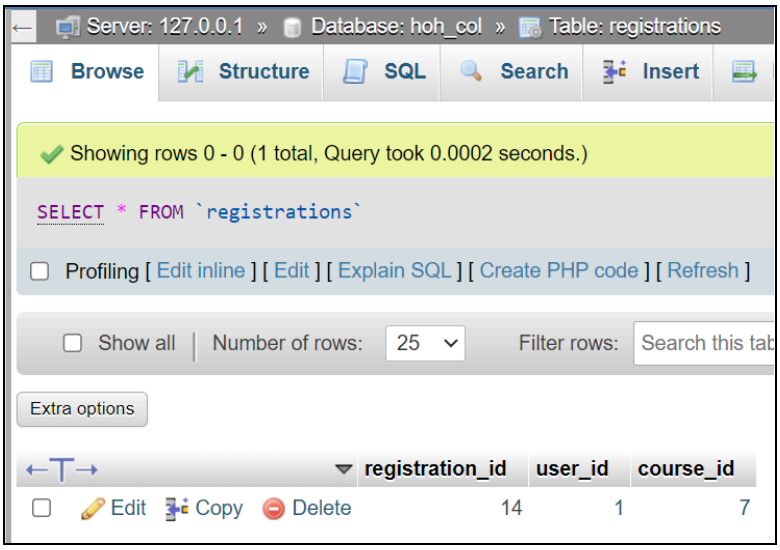


Figure 9

Updated registrations table.



Additionally, I developed a feature to list all the courses a user is currently registered for by querying the database and displaying the results in a clear format. Displaying the course information was pretty straightforward. A recursive method creates a new line for each course.

The final development piece was to allow the users to delete their registration. A form with just a button was designed that passed the course_id to an awaiting header method. This method would delete the registration from the registrations table.

Figure 10

PHP code of updated profile.php part 1.

```
cst499_project > profile.php > ...
 8  $conn = new mysqli($host,$uname,$db_pass,$db);
 9  $query = "SELECT courses.course_name, courses.description, courses.credits, courses.course_id
10  FROM registrations JOIN courses ON registrations.course_id = courses.course_id WHERE registrations.user_id = ?";
11
12  $stmt = $conn->prepare($query);
13  $stmt->bind_param("i", $_SESSION['user_id']);
14  $stmt->execute();
15  $result = $stmt->get_result();
16  $stmt->close();
17  $conn->close();
18
19  if ($_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "POST") {
20      $conn = new mysqli($host,$uname,$db_pass,$db);
21      $course_id = $_POST['course_id'];
22
23      echo $_POST['course_id'];
24      //echo $_SESSION['user_id'];
25      $stmt = $conn->prepare("DELETE FROM Registrations WHERE user_id = ? AND course_id = ?");
26      $stmt->bind_param("ii", $_SESSION['user_id'], $course_id);
27
28      if ($stmt->execute()) {
29          header("Location: profile.php");
30      } else {
31          echo "Error: " . $stmt->error;
32      }
33
34      $stmt->close();
35      $conn->close();
36  }
```

Figure 11

PHP code of updated profile.php part 2.

```
74              <td>Enrolled Courses: </td>
75              </tr>
76              </table>
77              <ul>
78               <?php while ($row = $result->fetch_assoc()): ?>
79                          <li>
80                              <?php echo $row['course_id']; ?> -
81                              <?php echo $row['course_name']; ?> -
82                              <?php echo $row['description']; ?> -
83                              <?php echo $row['credits']; ?> credits
84                              <form method="POST" action="profile.php" >
85                                  <input type="hidden" name='course_id' value="<?php echo $row['course_id']; ?>" >
86                                  <button type="submit">Delete</button>
87                              </form>
88                          </li>
89                      <?php endwhile; ?>
90                  </ul>
```

Figure 12

Updated profile page with registered courses.

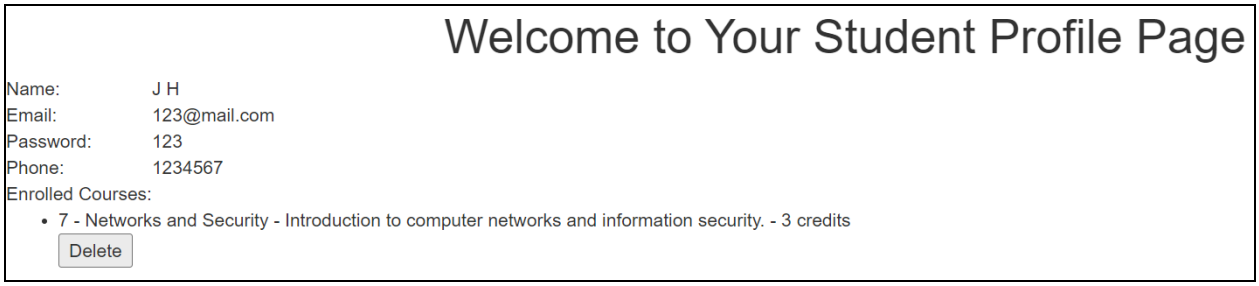
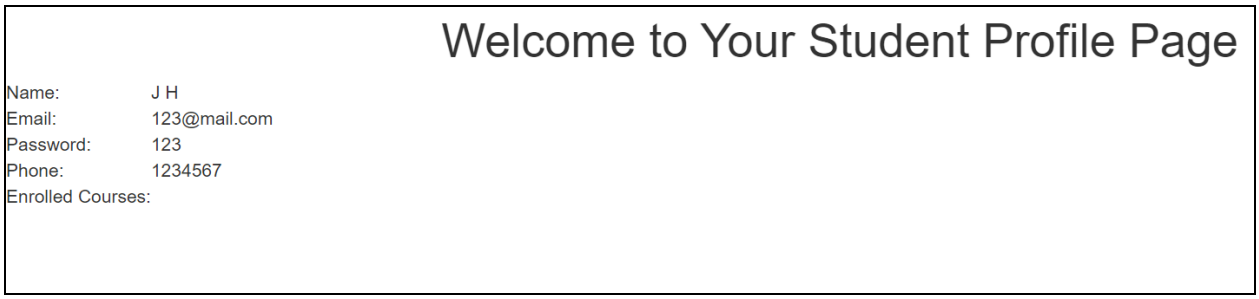


Figure 13

Profile page after deleting registration record.



This comprehensive approach completed the project, delivering a fully functional course registration system that met all the specified requirements. Unfortunately, due to the difficulty I experienced with the course registration piece, I could not develop the waitlist feature.

References

Gharehyazie, M., Ray, B., & Filkov, V. (2017). Some from Here, Some from There: Cross-Project Code Reuse in GitHub. *2017 IEEE/ACM 14th International Conference on Mining Software Repositories (MSR)*, 291–301. doi:10.1109/MSR.2017.15

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