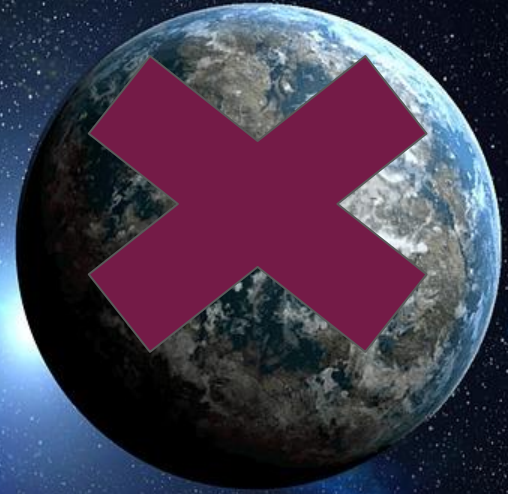


# Galaxy

A LONG TIME AGO IN A GALAXY FAR, FAR AWAY,  
BIOINFORMATIC TOOLS ARE EASY TO USE,  
INTERPRETATION OF THE RESULT IS SIMPLE,  
EVERYTHING IS JUST ONE CLICK AWAY ...



# Important link

Documentation and training material:

- <https://training.galaxyproject.org/training-material/>

Galaxy platform:

- <https://galaxyproject.org/use/> ⇒ <https://usegalaxy.eu/>

Workflow repository:

- <https://workflowhub.eu/> ⇒ <https://workflowhub.eu/projects/27#workflows>

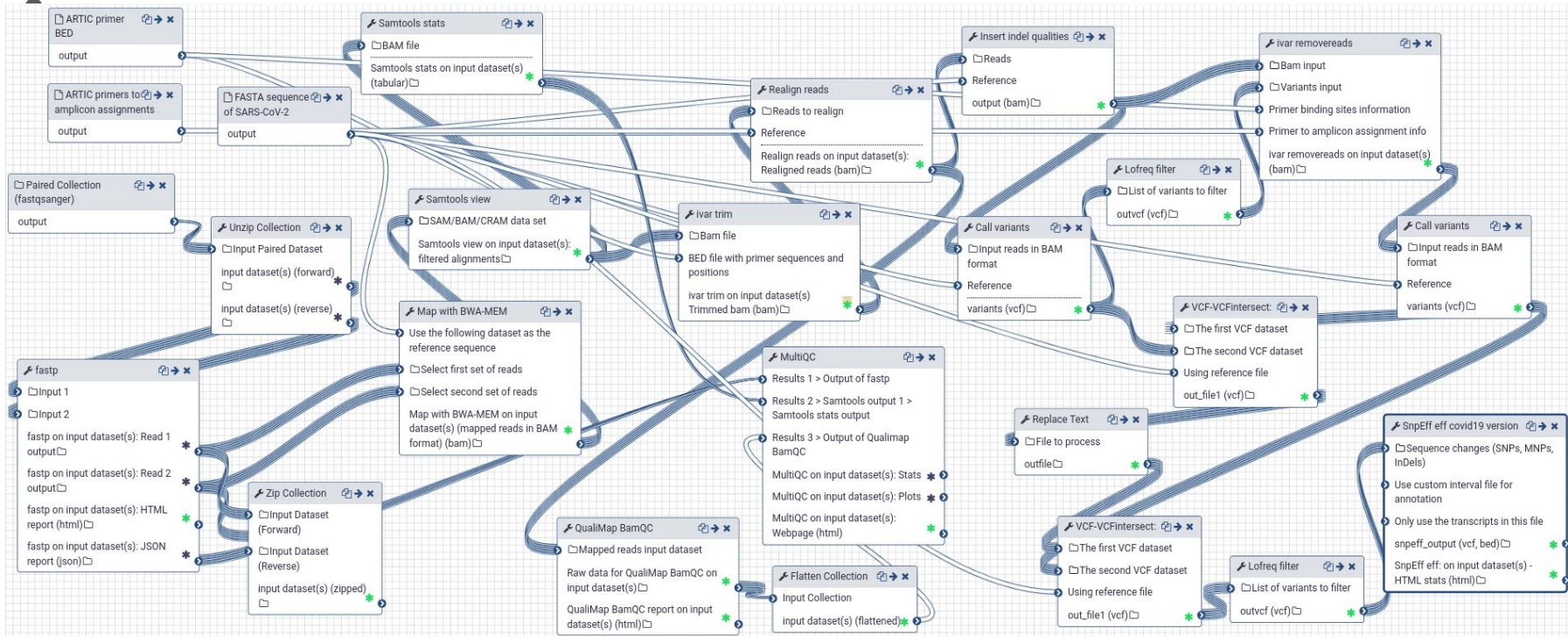
Download prepared référence:

- <https://usegalaxy.eu/u/phytopat/h/reference-data>



# May the force be with us

- Workflow in galaxy <https://usegalaxy.eu/workflows/list>

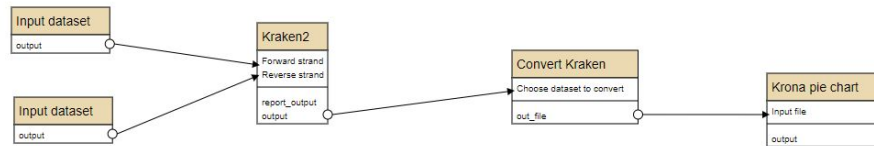


Find variant in covid19: <https://covid19.galaxyproject.org/artic/>

# Kraken: a new hope

Workflow proposal: 1: Plant virus detection with kraken2

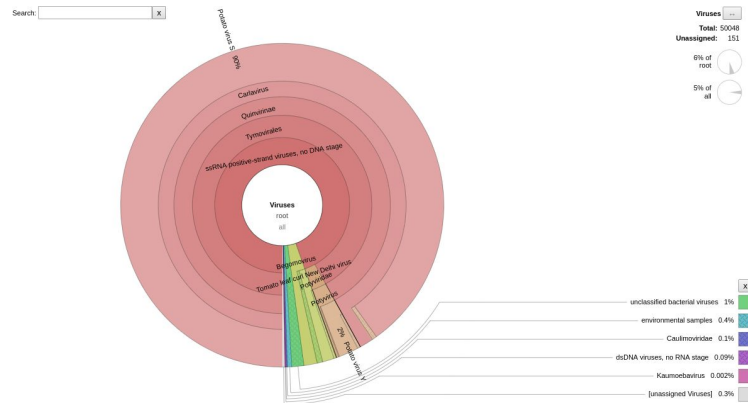
Make a list of candidate virus:



⇒ A lot of false hits

⇒ Don't miss any present known virus (so far)

You can change the database !



# BLAST: the old king Mapping: the young Jedi

## Workflow proposal: **2: Plant virus confirmation**

### I) Map the candidate virus (on reads)

⇒ List of [refseq plant virus](#)

⇒ List of kraken2 virus (manual)

⇒ Reference may not be the closest

⇒ A lot of non viral read will map

⇒ Mapping profiles can confirm presence of viruses

### II) DeNovo contig of the mapped read

⇒ A lot of non viral contigs

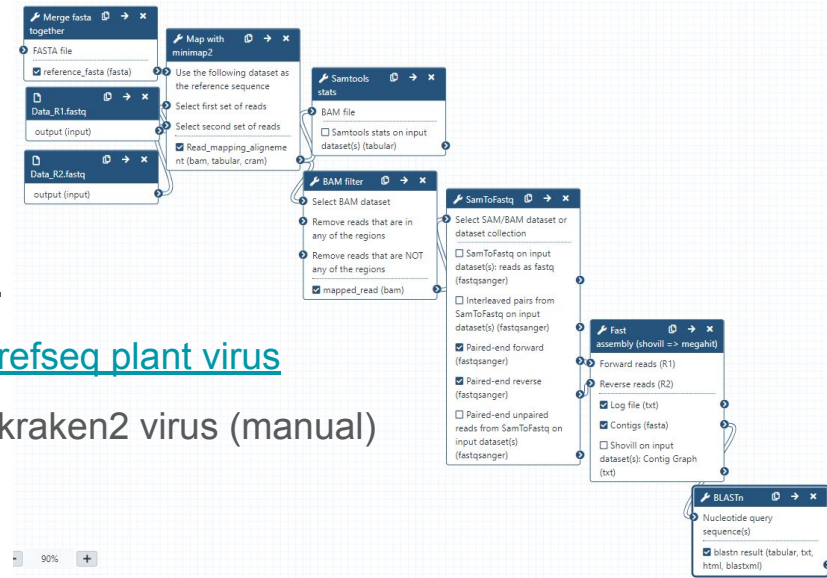
⇒ Intentionally favourise numerous short contig

### III) Blastn these contigs

⇒ Confirm presence of virus

⇒ Find the closest reference

⇒ Hard to read the result



# Tools combination: Infinity and beyond

Workflow proposal: **3: Plant virus exploration**

I) Reads cleaning (trimming, merging, host removing, deduplicating ...)

⇒ May vary according to your objective

II) DeNovo assembly

⇒ Favorise short or long contig according to your objective

III) Blast or mapping to flag contig

⇒ Lead to further exploration

# Use case: find new viruses

To boldly go where no human has gone before

Clues about new viruses in your datasets:

- Kraken2 reads repartition between specie, genus and family can indicate new viruses.
- A tblastx on global DeNovo contig can find distant hit leading to new viruses.
- HMM analysis on protein from global DeNovo contig can find distant hit leading to new viruses.

# Use case: Bacterial 16S

The dark side of Qiime underestimate you must not



Qiime is available on Galaxy, but fully dedicated team have developed specialized workflow/tools for bacterial analysis like:



université  
PARIS-SACLAY

FROGS on [MIGALE platform](#)



FROGS article: *Escudie F., et al. Bioinformatics, 2018. FROGS: Find, Rapidly, OTUs with Galaxy Solution.*

- 16S [analysis](#) using migale [Galaxy instance](#)
- [Tutorial and training](#)

Same for pasteur: [Galaxy instance](#) (several original tools)

Same for South Green: [Galaxy instance](#) (plant analysis)

Same for phylogeny: <https://ngphylogeny.fr/>

To try to find some resources(tool/platform) for [France](#), [Germany](#) or [worldwide](#)



# Conclusion:

## Advantage:

- Reproducible
- Easy to use
- Easy to explore intermediary analysis
- Goes well with networking party (and dataset sharing)
- User have to understand BioIT step !

## Drawback:

- Fixed tool and database
- Difficult visualization (compared to Geneious)
- User have to understand BioIT step !

**0: View complete virus identification** ⇒ Non-functional workflow to get a global view of possibilities for plant virus classification.