Putting the GDR's Legacy Effect under the Microscope:

Eastern Female STEM Professionals in Reunified Germany.

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Motivation

Previous Literature Research Question

Empirical Approach

Econometric Specification Data

Preliminary Results

Validity
Main Findings
Discussion

Conclusion



☐ Motivation

Motivation



<u>Definition.</u> STEM, field and curriculum centred on education in the disciplines of Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (Hallinen, 2024).



Figure: Time Trend (by Region and Gender), 1984–2017

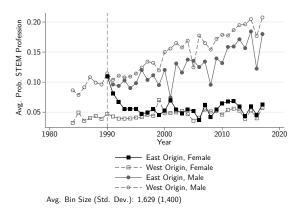




Figure: Time Trend (by Region and Gender), 1984–2017

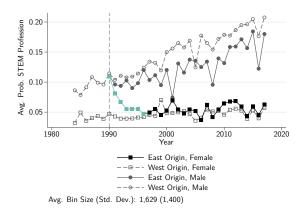
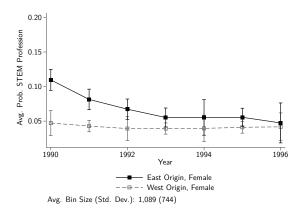




Figure: Time Trend (by Region and Gender), 1990-1996





Previous Literature

- ▶ 92% of all female apprentices in the GDR were concentrated in thirteen occupational groups, compared to five in the FRG (Menschik and Leopol, 1974) (check source).
- ► Horizontal segregation in the labour sector in the GDR was not nearly as high as in the societies of the Western bloc (Lane, 1983).



- Of the female apprentices who successfully passed their skilled labour examination (Facharbeiterprüfung) in 1980, 17% were in the STEM field (Staatliche Zentralverwaltung für Statistik, 1981, p. 293).
- Unlike in the FRG, in the GDR there was the same school curriculum for boys and girls with the same emphasis on science and maths (Fuchs-Schündeln and Masella, 2016; Lippmann and Senik, 2018).



Research Question

What drives the downward trend of East German females in STEM professions in the first six years after reunification?



Empirical Approach



- Compare East German females with East German males.
 - East German males and females had the same probability of working as a STEM professional in 1990 (what about before?).
 - Examine in what way they each were affected by the reunification.
- ightharpoonup Define the treatment as years after unification imes being female (binary).



ISCO-88 Code	Professional title
[2149]	Architects, engineers and related scientists
[3152]	Health, environmental and quality inspectors
[3119]	Materials and engineering specialists
[2142]	Civil engineers
[3121]	Data processing assistants
[3111]	Chemo- and physicotechnician
[2145]	Mechanical engineers
[3114]	Electronics and telecommunications technology
[3120]	Data processing specialists
[2144]	Electronics and telecommunications engineers



Econometric Specification

$$Stem_{itr} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Dist_Reunification_t + \beta_2 Female_i + \beta_3 Dist_Reunification \times Female_{it} + X_{itr}\gamma + \epsilon_{itr}$$
(1)

with
$$Dist_Reunification_t = Survey_Year_t - 1990$$
.



Putting the GDR's Legacy Effect under the Microscope

Empirical Approach

Data

Data



Preliminary Results





Putting the GDR's Legacy Effect under the Microscope

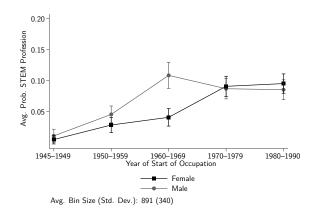
Preliminary Results

Validity

Validity



Figure: Cohorts (Start of Occupation by Gender), 1945-1990





Source: Mayer (1995). Own calculations.

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Preliminary Results

Main Findings

Main Findings



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Discussion

Discussion



Conclusion





References

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