# ST5209/X Assignment 3

Due 4 Mar, 11.59pm

## Set up

- 1. Make sure you have the following installed on your system: LATEX, R4.2.2+, RStudio 2023.12+, and Quarto 1.3.450+.
- 2. Pull changes from the course repo.
- 3. Create a separate folder in the root directory of the repo, label it with your name, e.g. yanshuo-assignments
- 4. Copy the assignment1.qmd file over to this directory.
- 5. Modify the duplicated document with your solutions, writing all R code as code chunks.
- 6. When running code, make sure your working directory is set to be the folder with your assignment .qmd file, e.g. yanshuo-assignments. This is to ensure that all file paths are valid.<sup>1</sup>

#### **Submission**

- 1. Render the document to get a .pdf printout.
- 2. Submit both the .qmd and .pdf files to Canvas.

#### 1. Holt-Winters, residuals, and forecast accuracy

Consider the antidiabetic drug sales time series which can be loaded using the following code snippet.

```
diabetes <- read_rds("../_data/cleaned/diabetes.rds") |>
select(TotalC)
```

- a. Fit the following exponential smoothing models on the entire time series:
  - Holt-Winters with multiplicative noise and seasonality,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>You may view and set the working directory using getwd() and setwd().

- Holt-Winters with a log transformation, with additive noise and seasonality,
- Holt-Winters with multiplicative noise and seasonality, and damping.
- b. Make ACF plots for the innovation residuals of these three models. What can you say about stationarity of the residuals from the plot?
- c. Calculate the p-value from a Ljung-Box test on the residuals with lag h=8. What can you say about the stationarity of the residuals from the p-value? What does this mean about the model?
- d. Perform time series cross-validation for the three methods, using .init = 50 and .step = 10, and with the forecast horizon h = 4. Which method has the best RMSSE? How many data points is the error averaged over in total?

### 2. Moving averages and differences

Consider the linear trend model

$$X_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 t + W_t.$$

Define a time series  $(Y_t)$  by taking a moving average of  $(X_t)$  with a symmetric window of size 7. Define another times series  $(Z_t)$  by taking a difference of  $(X_t)$ .

- a. What is the mean function for  $(Y_t)$ ? What is the ACVF for  $(Y_t)$ ?
- b. What is the mean function for  $(Z_t)$ ? What is its ACVF?
- c. What is the CCF of  $(Y_t)$  and  $(Z_t)$ ?
- d. Are  $(Y_t)$  and  $(Z_t)$  jointly stationary?

#### 3. Sample vs population ACF

Consider the signal plus noise model

$$X_t = \sin(2\pi t/5) + W_t.$$

- a. What is the ACF of  $(X_t)$ ?
- b. Simulate a time series  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_{200}$  from this model and plot its sample ACF.
- c. Why does the sample ACF not look like the population ACF function?
- d. Why does the asymptotic normality theorem for the ACF not apply?