Dogs and tennis balls An ROC and AUC example Emily Miller

<u>Reference</u>

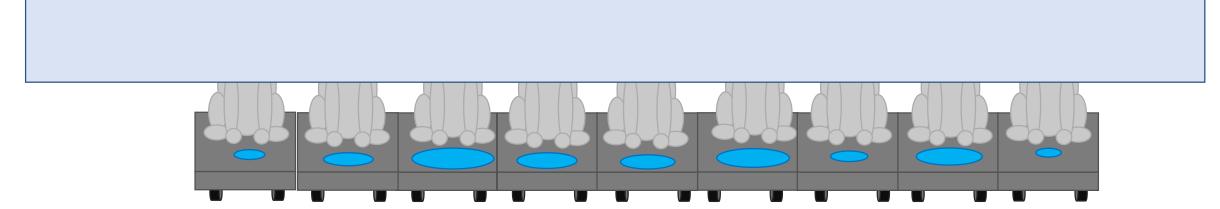
Fawcett, T. (2006). An introduction to ROC analysis. *Pattern recognition letters*, 27(8), 861-874.

9 dogs, each on a rolling platform behind a screen



4 tennis balls

Each tennis ball is held by a dog; each dog can hold at most one tennis ball.



9 dogs, each on a rolling platform behind a screen

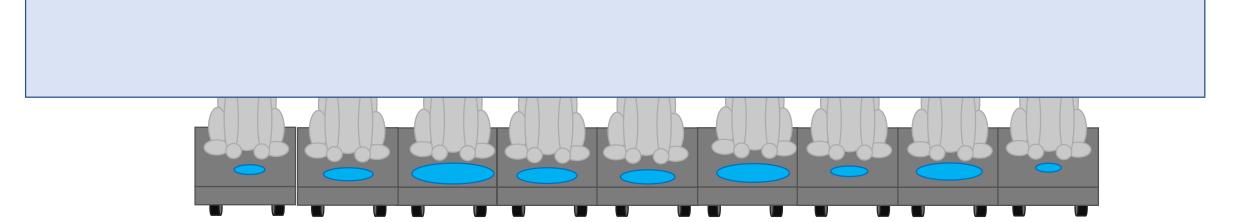


4 tennis balls



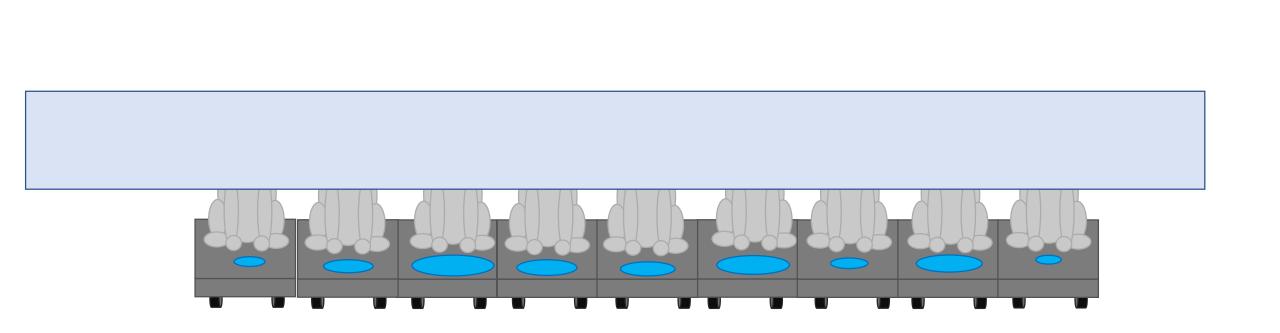
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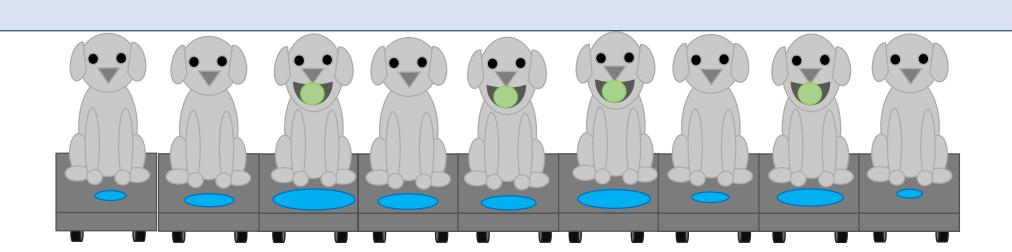
Let's consider two models that predict which dogs are holding tennis balls.



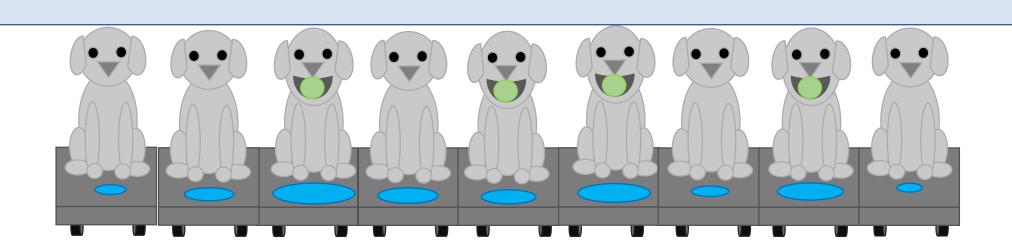
Model 1

We suppose that the farther a dog is now sitting to the left, the more likely that dog is to have a tennis ball.

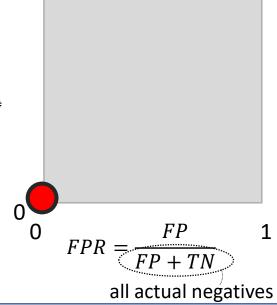


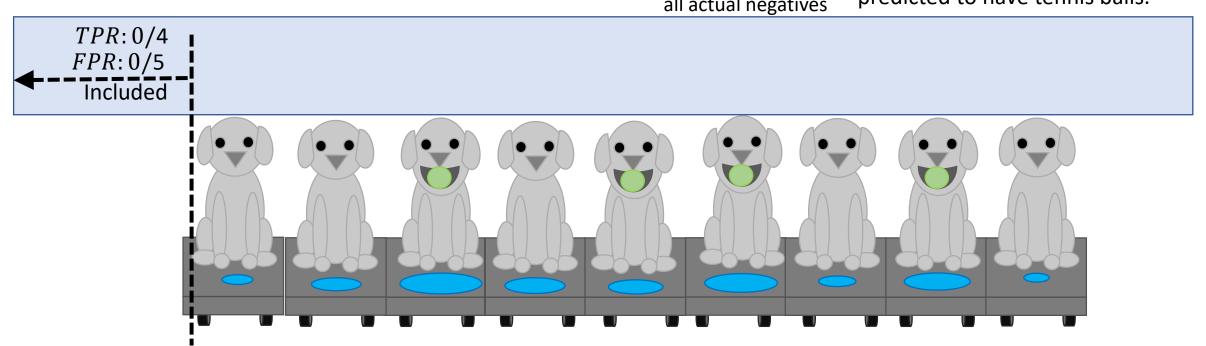


 $TPR = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$ all actual positives

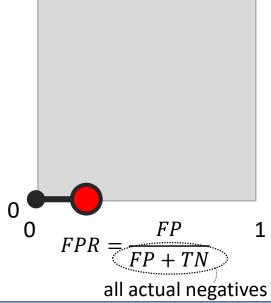


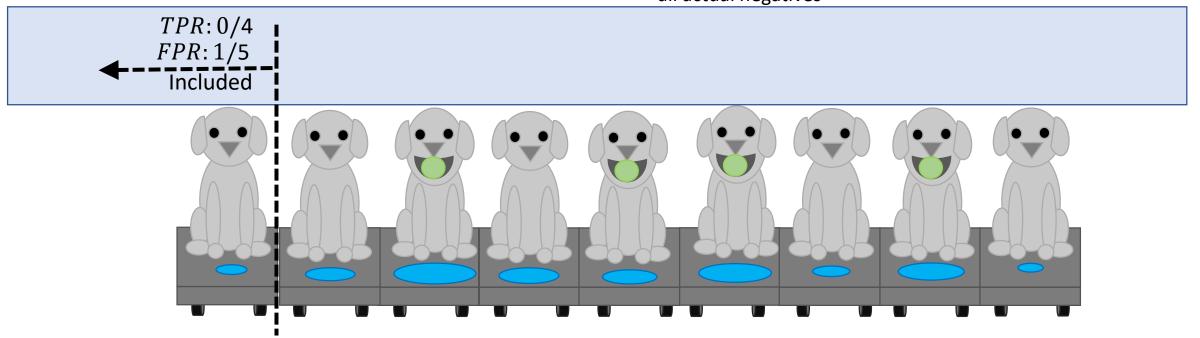
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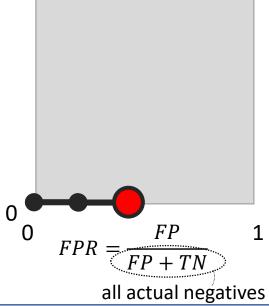


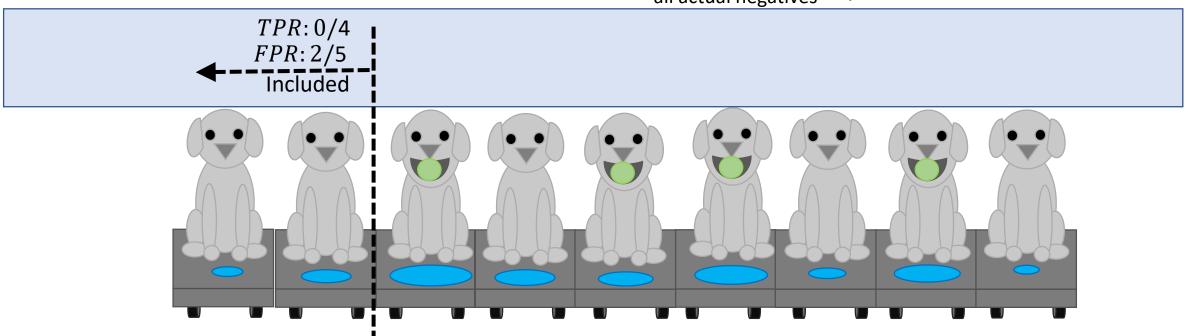
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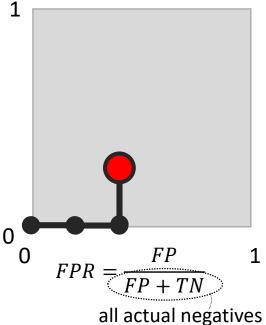


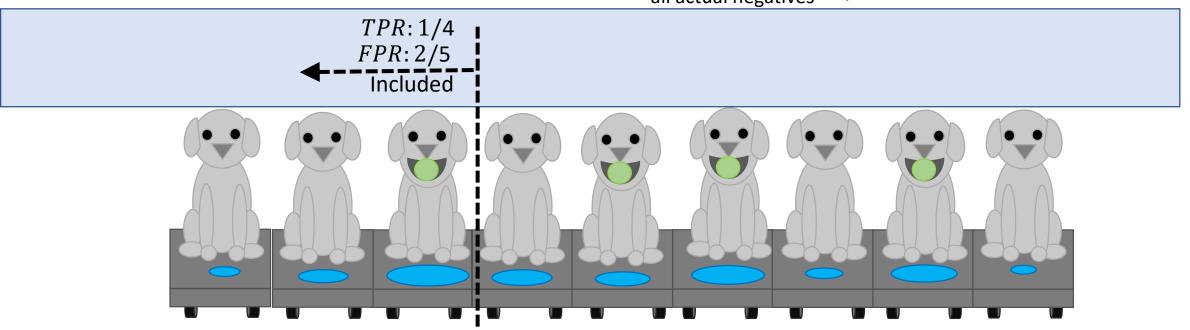
 $TPR = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$ all actual positives



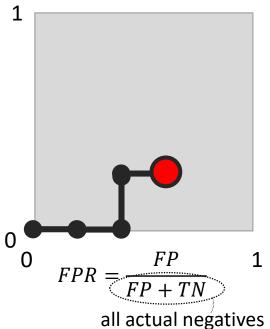


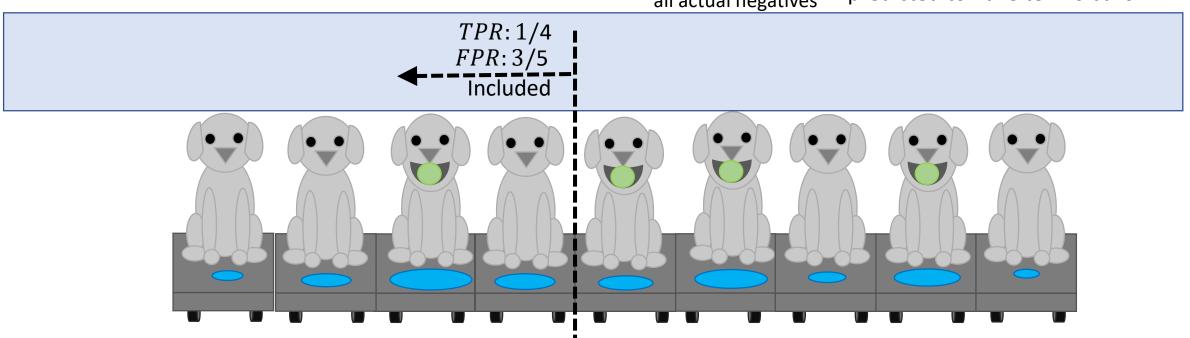
 $TPR = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$ all actual positives



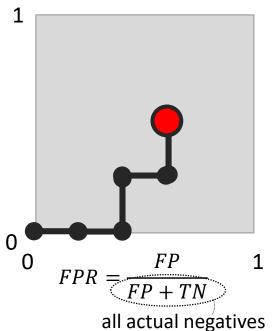


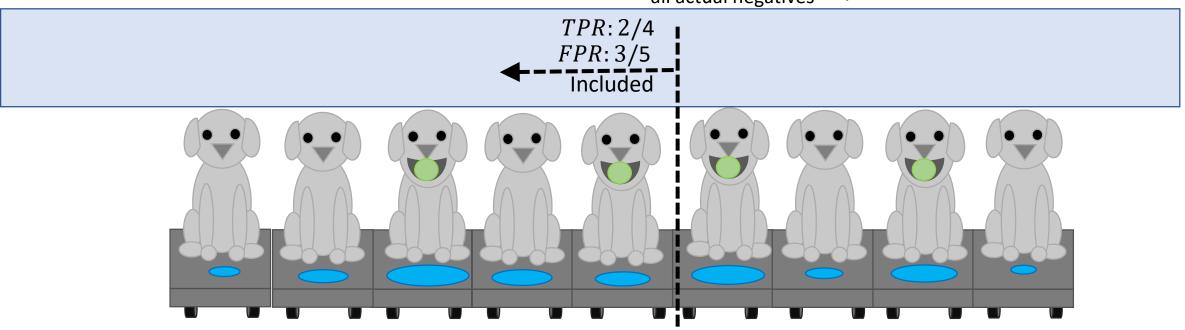
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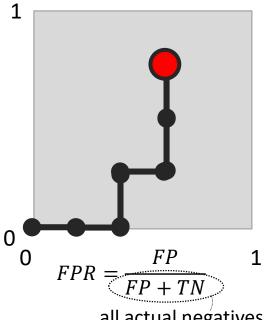


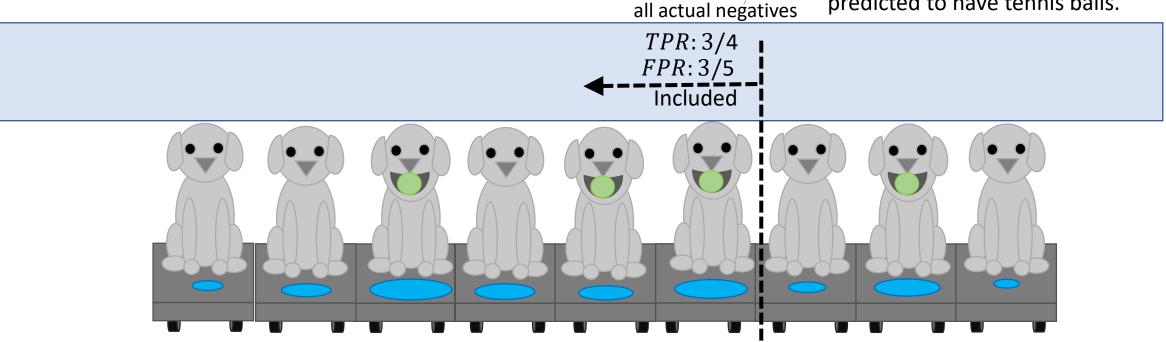
 $TPR = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$ all actual positives



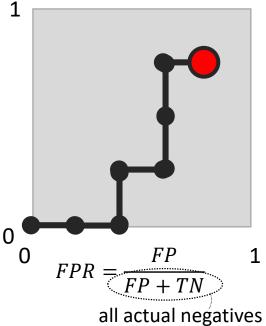


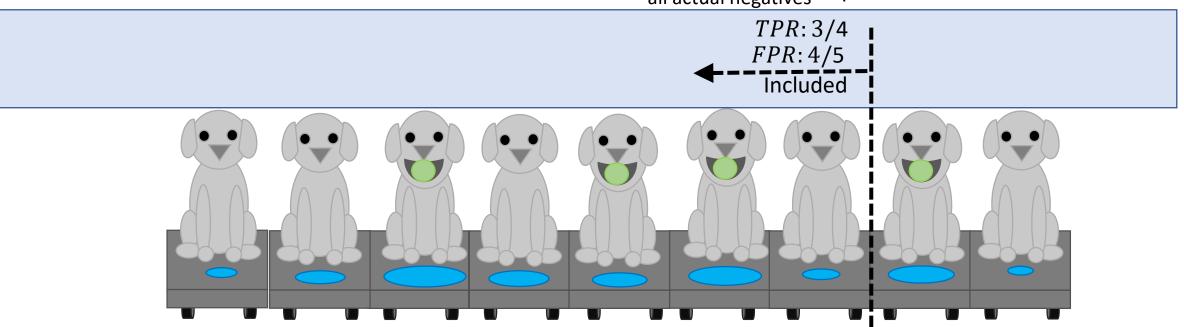
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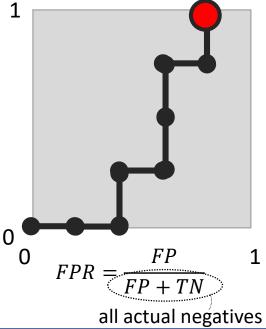


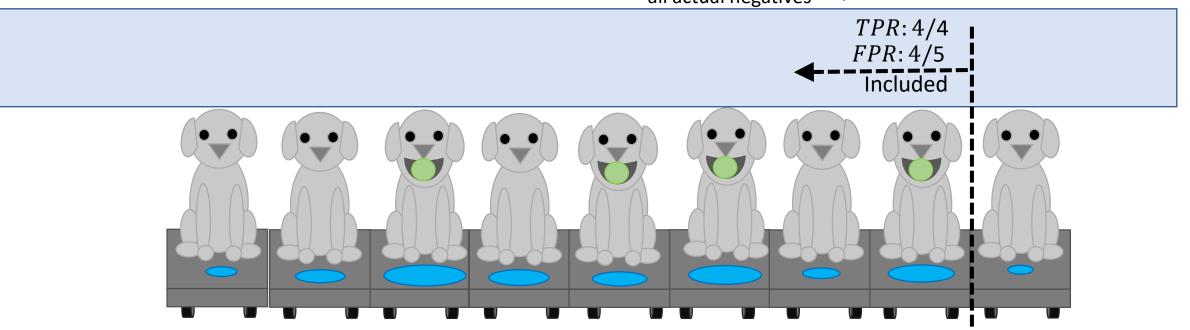
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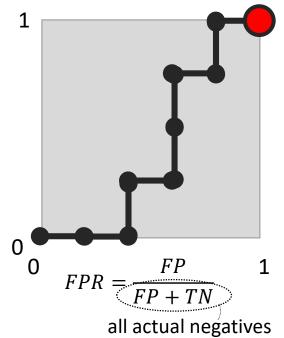


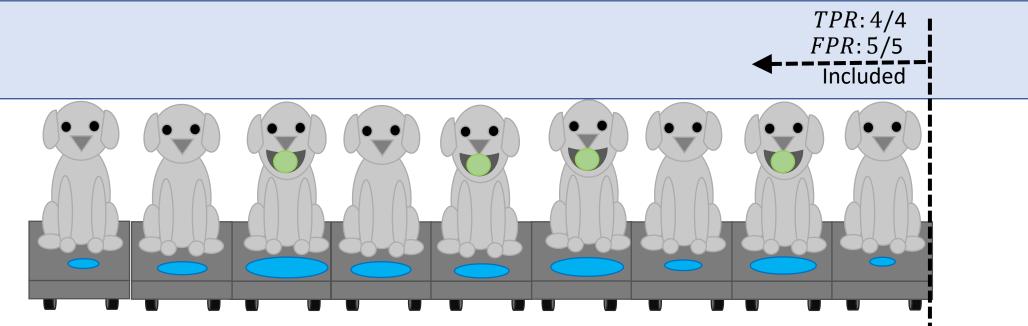
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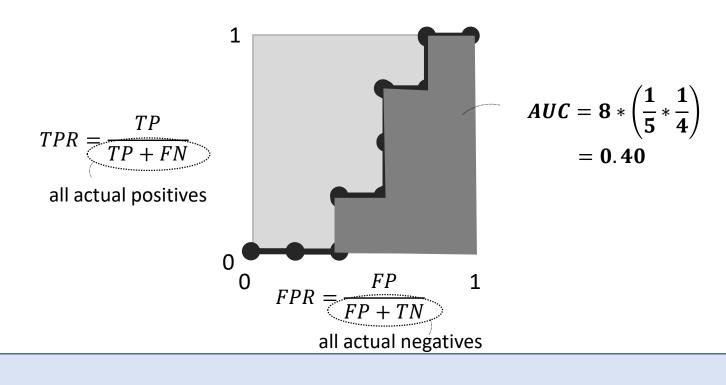


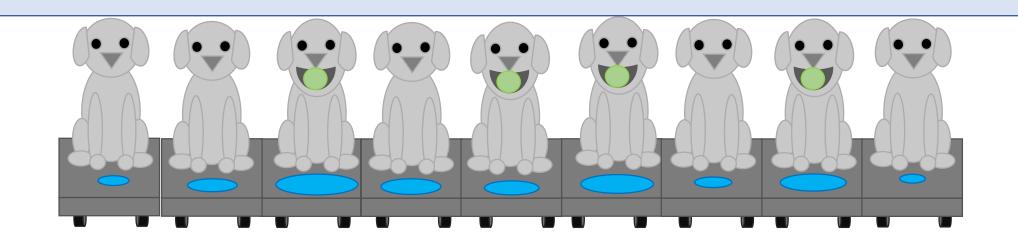


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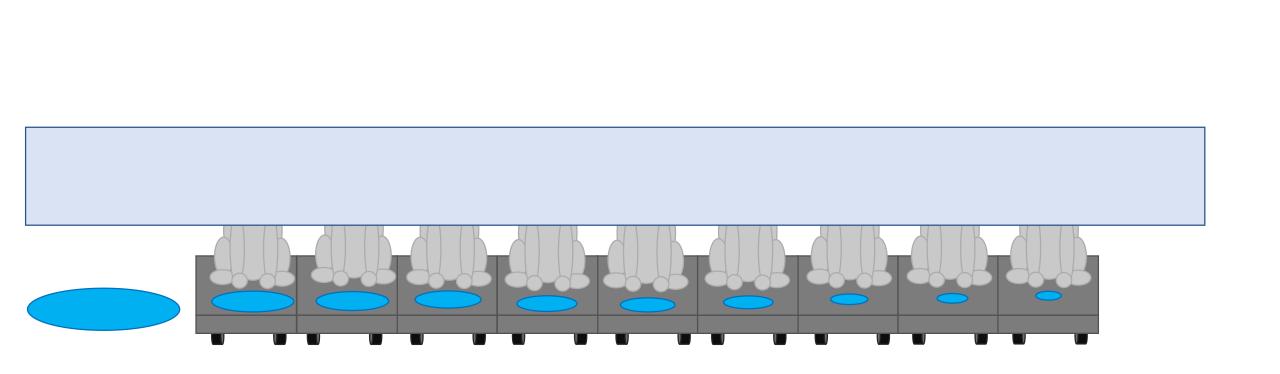


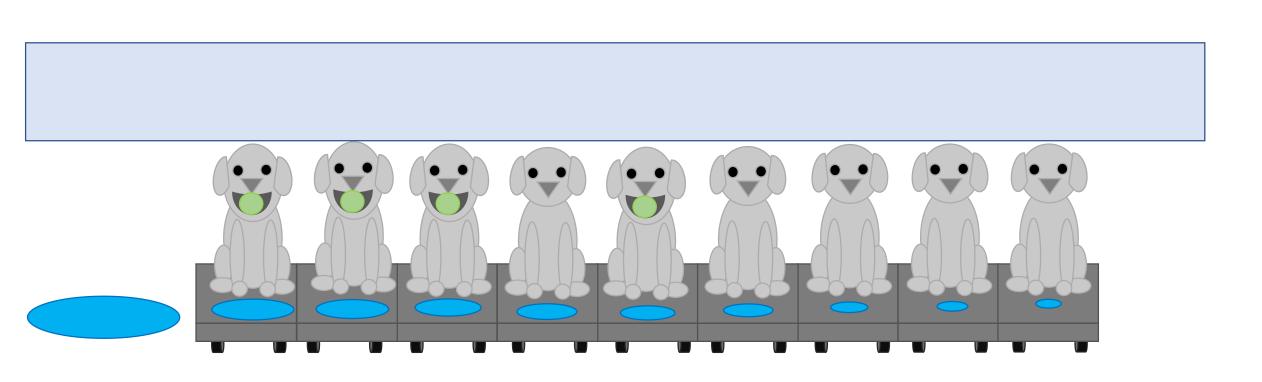




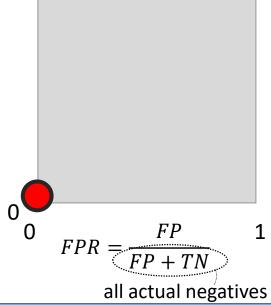
Model 2

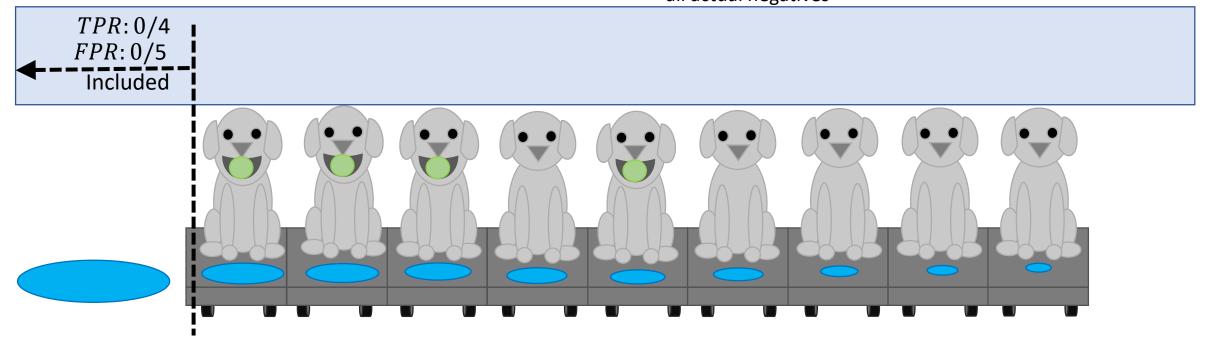
We suppose that the more a dog has drooled, the more likely that dog is to have a tennis ball.



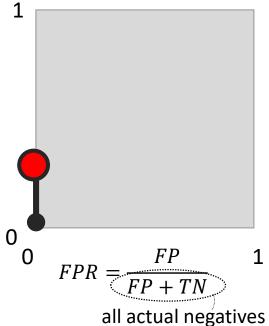


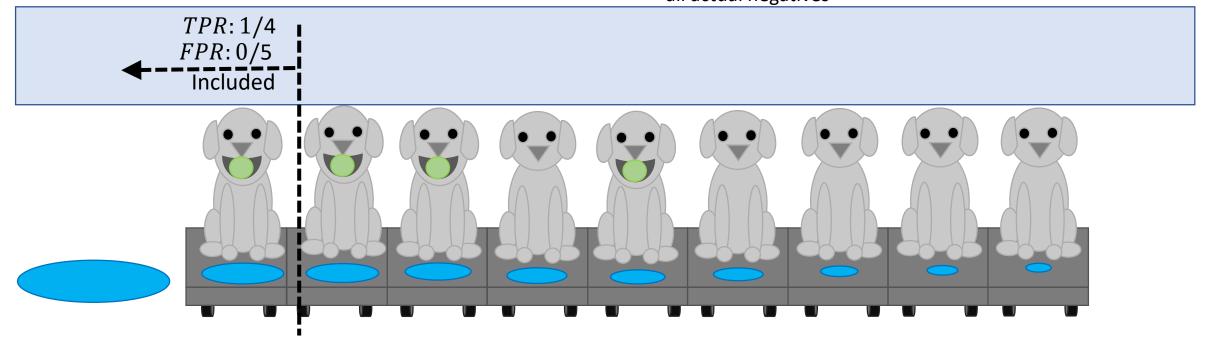
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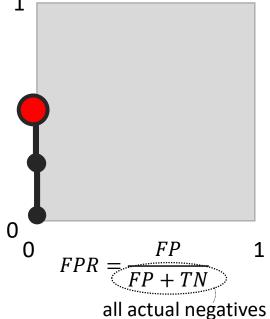


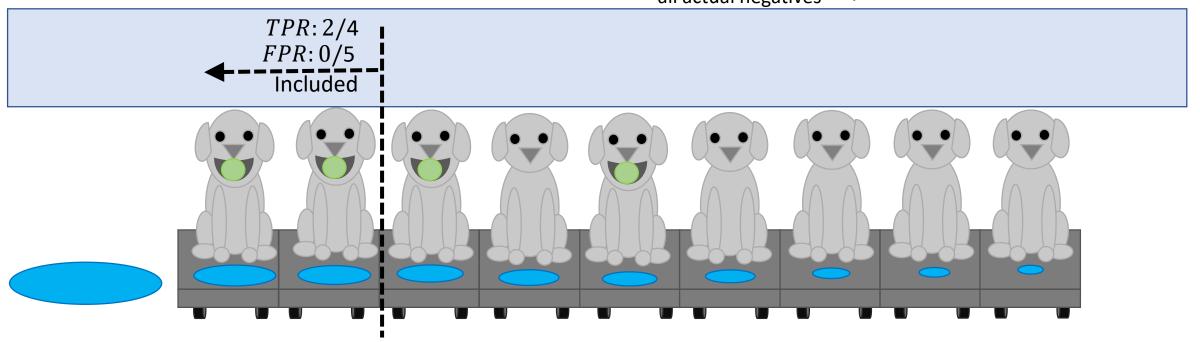
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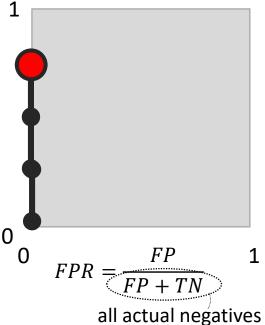


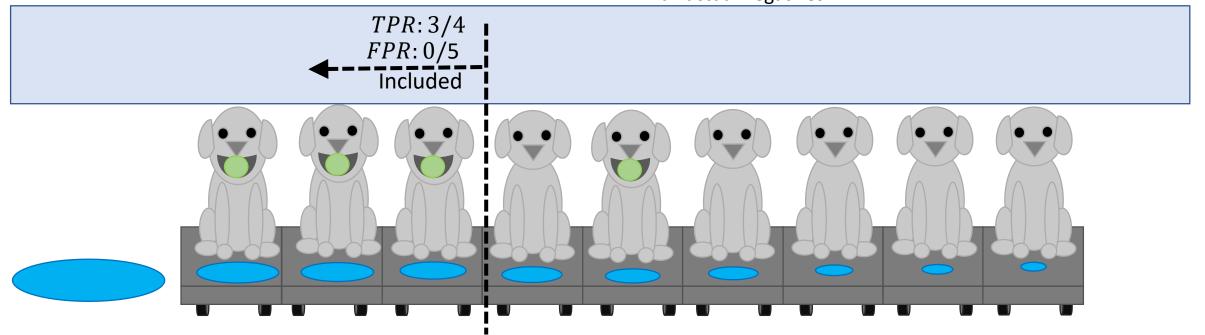
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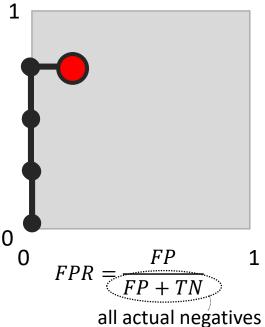


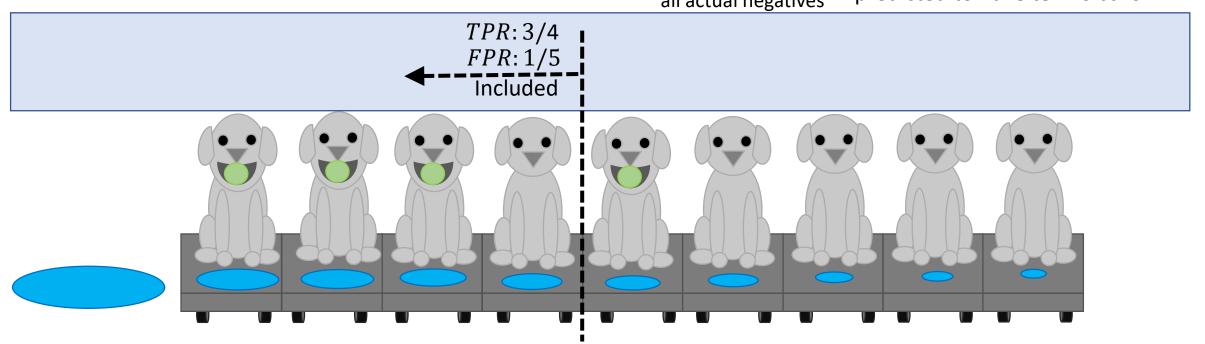
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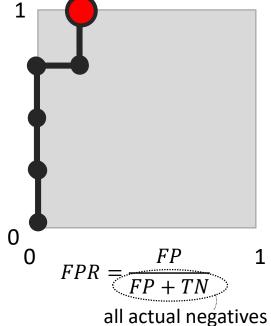


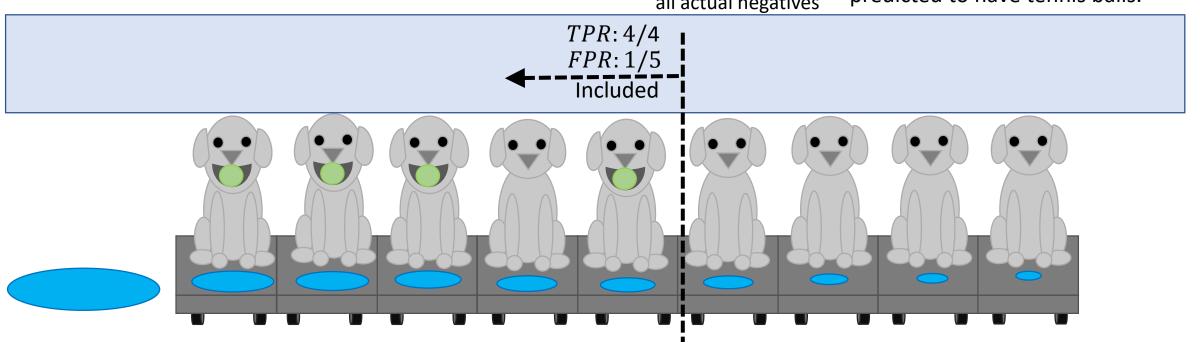
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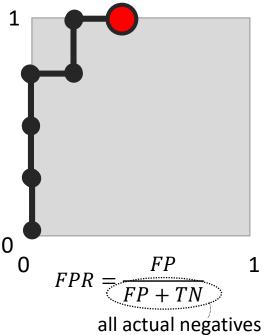


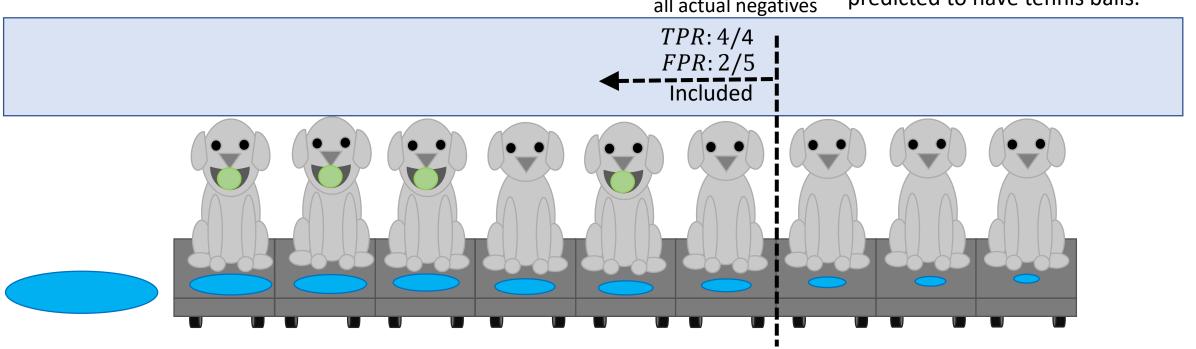
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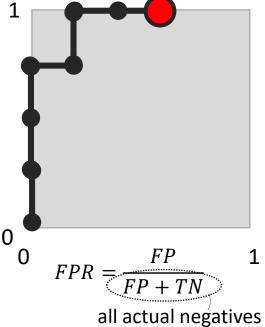


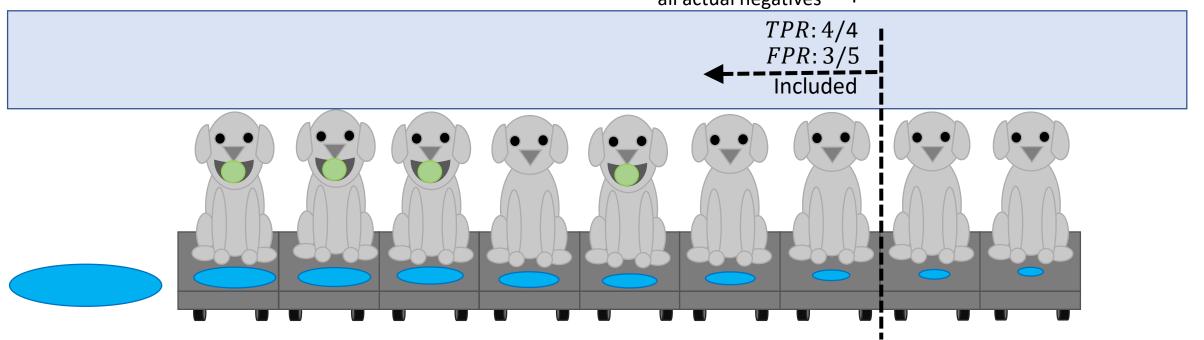
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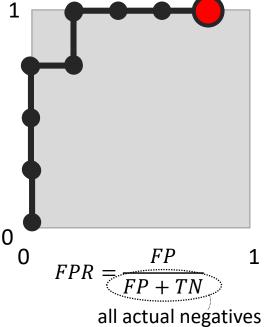


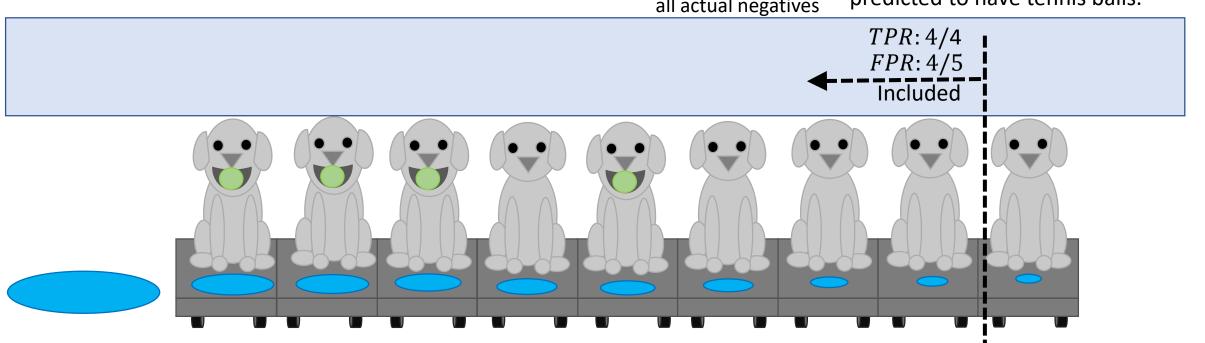
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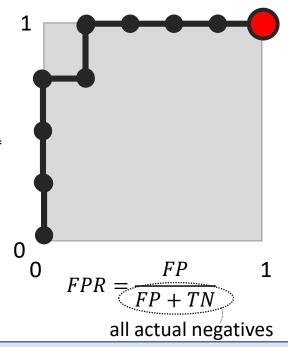


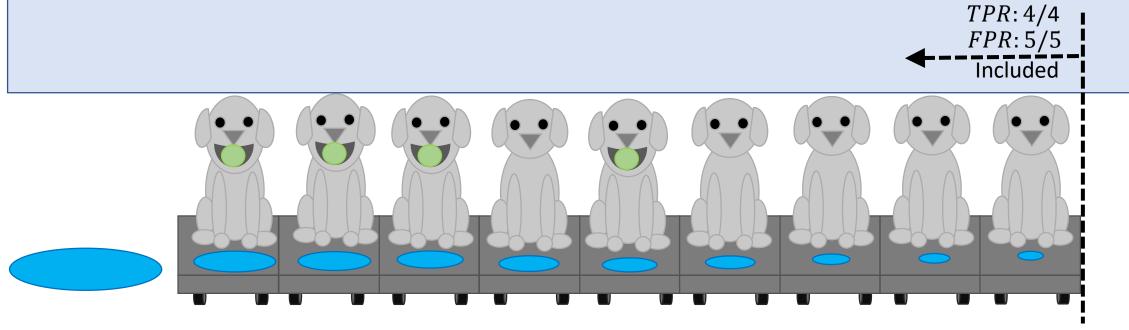
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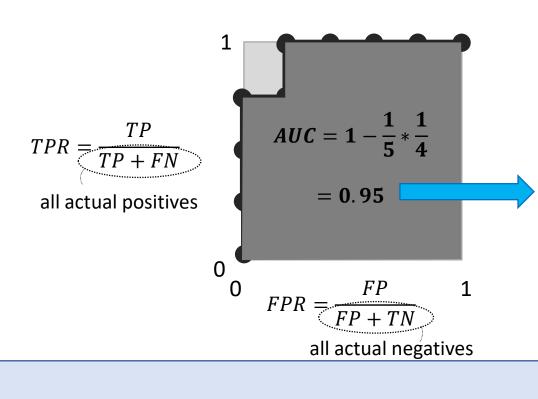




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Model 1's AUC: 0.40 Model 2's AUC: 0.95

Drool pool size is a much better classifier here.

