

## Section 1: Identification

**MANUFACTURER:** PACE Technologies  
3601 E. 34<sup>th</sup> St.  
Tucson, AZ 85713

**INFORMATION PHONE:** 520-882-6598

**EMERGENCY PHONE:** CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (US) Day or night  
Customer No. 16568

**TRADE NAME:** Marble's Reagent


**CHEMICAL FAMILY:** Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (hydrochloric acid, cupric sulfate mixture)

**HMIS RATING:** HEALTH: 3 FLAMMABILITY: 0 REACTIVITY: 2

**HAZARD RATING:**

LEAST: 0 SLIGHT: 1 MODERATE: 2 HIGH: 3 EXTREME: 4

## Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

<b>GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)</b>	Corrosive to metals (Category 1), H290 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301 Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335 Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410
<b>PICTOGRAM(s):</b>	
<b>SIGNAL WORD:</b>	Danger
<b>HAZARD STATEMENTS:</b>	<b>Hazard Statement(s):</b> H290 - May be corrosive to metals H301- Toxic if swallowed H314- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

	H318 - Causes serious eye damage H335- May cause respiratory irritation H400- Very toxic to aquatic life H410- Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
<b>PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:</b>	<p><b>Precautionary Statement(s):</b></p> <p><b>Preventions:</b>  P234- Keep only in original container.  P260- Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  P261-Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  P264- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  P270- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  P273- Avoid release to the environment.  P280- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</p> <p><b>Response:</b>  P301+310- IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  P301+P330+P331- IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  P304+P340-IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  P305+P351+P338- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  P310- Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  P312-Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  P321- Specific treatment (see Section 4 SDS).  P330- Rinse mouth.  P390- Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.  P391- Collect spillage. Hazardous to the aquatic environment</p> <p><b>Storage:</b>  P403+P233- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  P404- Store in a closed container.  P405- Store locked up.</p> <p><b>Disposal:</b>  P501- Dispose of contents/container to Federal, State and Local Regulations.</p>

### Emergency Overview

**POISON! DANGER! CORROSIVE. LIQUID AND MIST CAUSE SEVERE BURNS TO ALL BODY TISSUE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED.**

Health Rating: 3 - Severe (Poison)

Flammability Rating: 0 - None

Reactivity Rating: 2 - Moderate

Contact Rating: 4 - Extreme (Corrosive)

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES & SHIELD; LAB COAT & APRON; VENT HOOD;  
PROPER GLOVES

Storage Color Code: White (Corrosive)

### Potential Health Effects

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#### **Inhalation:**

Corrosive! Inhalation of vapors can cause coughing, choking, inflammation of the nose, throat, and upper respiratory tract, and in severe cases, pulmonary edema, circulatory failure, and death.

#### **Ingestion:**

Corrosive! Swallowing hydrochloric acid can cause immediate pain and burns of the mouth, throat, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, and in severe cases, death.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Corrosive! Can cause redness, pain, and severe skin burns. Concentrated solutions cause deep ulcers and discolor skin.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Corrosive! Vapors are irritating and may cause damage to the eyes. Contact may cause severe burns and permanent eye damage.

#### **Chronic Exposure:**

Long-term exposure to concentrated acid vapors may cause erosion of teeth. Long term exposures seldom occur due to the corrosive properties of the acid. Prolonged or repeated skin exposure to copper sulfate may cause dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated exposure to dusts of copper salts may cause discoloration of the skin or hair, blood and liver damage, ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum, runny nose, metallic taste, and atrophic changes and irritation of the mucous membranes.

#### **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**

Persons with pre-existing skin disorders, impaired liver, kidney, or pulmonary function, glucose 6-phosphate-dehydrogenase deficiency, or pre-existing Wilson's disease may be more susceptible to the effects of this material. Also persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye disease may be more susceptible to the effects of this substance.

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## Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

### HAZARD INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL	CAS NUMBER	% PRESENT	Hazardous
Hydrogen Chloride	7647-01-0	10-20%	Yes
Cupric Sulfate	7758-98-7	2-10%	Yes
Water	7732-18-5	70-85%	No

## **Section 4: First-Aid Measures**

### **Inhalation:**

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

### **Ingestion:**

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Give large quantities of water or milk if available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

### **Skin Contact:**

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

### **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

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## **Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

### **Fire:**

Not considered to be a fire hazard. May react with metals or heat to release flammable hydrogen gas.

### **Explosion:**

Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

### **Fire Extinguishing Media:**

Water or water spray. Neutralize with soda ash or slaked lime.

### **Special Information:**

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Structural firefighter's protective clothing is ineffective for fires involving hydrochloric acid. Stay away from ends of tanks. Cool tanks with water spray until well after fire is out.

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## **Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Neutralize with alkaline material (soda ash, lime), then absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

## **Section 7: Handling and Storage**

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Protect from physical damage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. Do not wash out container and use it for other purposes. When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Never use hot water and never add water to the acid. Water added to acid can cause uncontrolled boiling and splashing. When opening metal containers, use non-sparking tools because of the possibility of hydrogen gas being present. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

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## **Section 8: Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection**

### **Airborne Exposure Limits (Hydrochloric Acid):**

For Hydrochloric acid:

- OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):

5 ppm (Ceiling)

- ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

2 ppm (Ceiling), A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

### **Airborne Exposure Limits (Copper Sulfate):**

-OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):

1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA) for copper dusts & mists as Cu

-ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA) for copper dusts & mists as Cu

### **Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

### **Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):**

If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a full facepiece respirator with an acid gas cartridge may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. **WARNING:** Air purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

### **Skin Protection:**

Rubber or neoprene gloves and additional protection including impervious boots, apron, or coveralls, as needed in areas of unusual exposure to prevent skin contact.

**Eye Protection:**

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

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**Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

**Appearance:**

Green clear color.

**Odor:**

Pungent odor.

**Solubility:**

No information found.

**Density:**

1.5 @ 15 C (59 F)

**pH:**

No information found

**% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):**

No information found

**Boiling Point:**

101 - 103C (214 - 217F)

**Melting Point:**

No information found.

**Vapor Density (Air=1):**

No information found.

**Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):**

No information found.

**Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):**

No information found.

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**Section 10: Stability and Reactivity**

**Stability:**

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

When heated to decomposition, emits toxic hydrogen chloride fumes and will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic and corrosive fumes. Cupric oxide and sulfur oxide may form. Thermal oxidative decomposition produces toxic chlorine fumes and explosive hydrogen gas.

**Hazardous Polymerization:**

Will not occur.

**Incompatibilities:**

A strong mineral acid, concentrated hydrochloric acid is highly reactive with strong bases, metals, metal oxides, hydroxides, amines, carbonates and other alkaline materials. Incompatible with materials such as cyanides, sulfides, sulfites, and formaldehyde. Substance will ignite

hydroxylamine. Solutions are acidic and can react with magnesium to evolve flammable hydrogen gas. May react with acetylene to form dangerous acetylides.

**Conditions to Avoid:**

Heat, direct sunlight and incompatibles.

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**Section 11: Toxicological Information**

Copper Chloride - Oral rat LD50: 584 mg/kg; investigated as a mutagen.  
 (data for anhydrous material)

-----\Cancer Lists\-----			
Ingredient Category	---NTP Carcinogen---		
	Known	Anticipated	IARC
-----	-----	-----	-----
Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)	No	No	3
Cupric Sulfate (7758-98-7)	No	No	None
Water (7732-18-5)	No	No	None

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**Section 12: Ecological Information**

**Environmental Fate:**

Data for anhydrous material unless otherwise noted. When released into the soil, this material is not expected to biodegrade. When released into the soil, this material may leach into groundwater. When released into water, this material is not expected to biodegrade. When released into water, this material is not expected to evaporate significantly. This material is expected to significantly bioaccumulate. This material has an experimentally-determined bioconcentration factor (BCF) of greater than 100. Bioaccumulation data for copper.

**Environmental Toxicity:**

This material is expected to be very toxic to aquatic life. The LC50/96-hour values for fish are less than 1 mg/l. The IC50/72-hour values for algae are less than 1 mg/l. Toxicity data for copper.

**Cupric Sulfate:**

96 Hr LC50 rainbow trout: 0.1 mg/L;

48 Hr LC50 bluegill: 0.6 mg/L;

96 Hr LC50 goldfish: 0.1 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 water flea: 0.024 mg/L

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**Section 13: Disposal Considerations**

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed in a RCRA approved waste facility.

Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

## Section 14: Transportation Information

### Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

**Proper Shipping Name:** CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (hydrochloric acid, cupric sulfate mixture)

**Hazard Class:** 8

**UN/NA:** UN 3264

**Packing Group:** II

**Label Codes:** 8

Limited Quantity Shipping <1 L

**NMFC:** 44155-06

Shipping Class CL100

### International (Air, I.C.A.O.)

**Proper Shipping Name:** CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (hydrochloric acid, cupric sulfate mixture)

**Hazard Class:** 8

**UN/NA:** UN 3264

**Packing Group:** II

**Label Codes:** 8

## Section 15: Regulatory Information

-----\Chemical Inventory Status - Part 1\-----

Ingredient	TSCA	EC	Japan	Australia
Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cupric Sulfate (7758-98-7)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Water (7732-18-5)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

-----\Chemical Inventory Status - Part 2\-----

--Canada--				
Ingredient	Korea	DSL	NDSL	Phil.



# Safety Data Sheet

## Marble's Reagent

Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Cupric Sulfate (7758-98-7)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Water (7732-18-5)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

-----\Federal, State & International Regulations - Part 1\-----				
Ingredient	-SARA 302-		-----SARA 313-----	
	RQ	TPQ	List	Chemical Catg.
Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)	5000	500*	Yes	No
Cupric Sulfate (7758-98-7)	No	No	No	No
Water (7732-18-5)	No	No	No	No

-----\Federal, State & International Regulations - Part 2\-----			
Ingredient	CERCLA	-RCRA-	-TSCA-
		261.33	8 (d)
Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)	5000	No	No
Cupric Sulfate (7758-98-7)	No	No	No
Water (7732-18-5)	No	No	No

Chemical Weapons Convention: No      TSCA 12(b): No      CDTA: Yes  
SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes      Chronic: Yes      Fire: Yes      Pressure: No  
Reactivity: No      (Mixture / Liquid)

**Australian Hazchem Code:** 2R

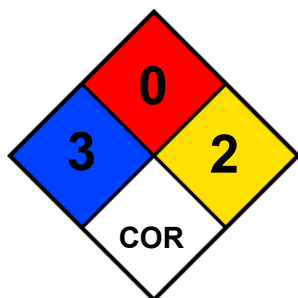
**Poison Schedule:** None allocated.

### WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

## Section 16: Other Information

### 16.1 NFPA 704



**Top, Flammability: 0 – Minimal Hazard**

**Left, Health Hazard: 3 – Severe Hazard**

**Right, Reactivity: 2 – Moderate Hazard**

**Bottom, Special Notice: COR – Corrosive**

**Label First Aid:**

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases call a physician.

**Product Use:**

Laboratory Reagent.

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