

Connect

Scissor lifts are designed for easy and safe access to elevated positions and are often used where ladders are not an option. A scissor lift's work platform provides space for tools and movement, and can lift a heavy load.

Build the Scissor Lift and investigate how its function is influenced by weight and height. Let's find out!

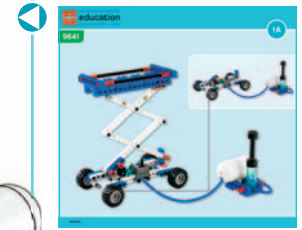
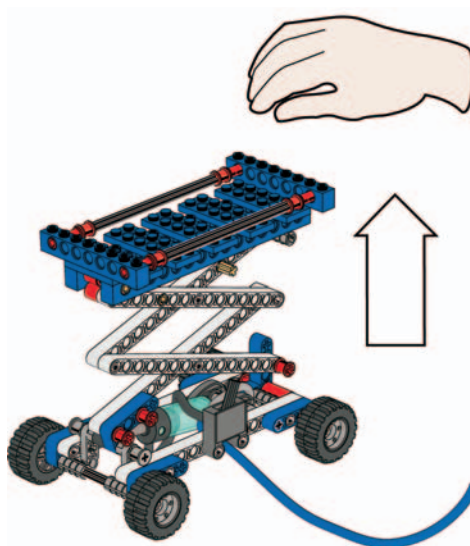
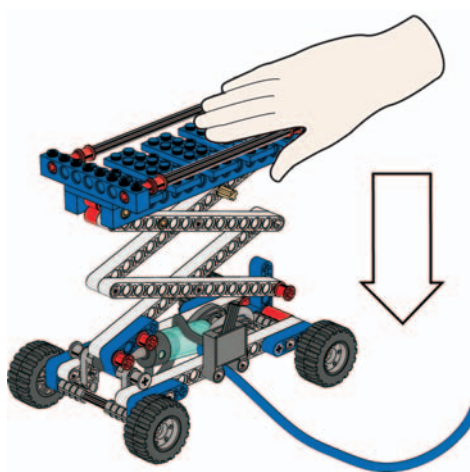
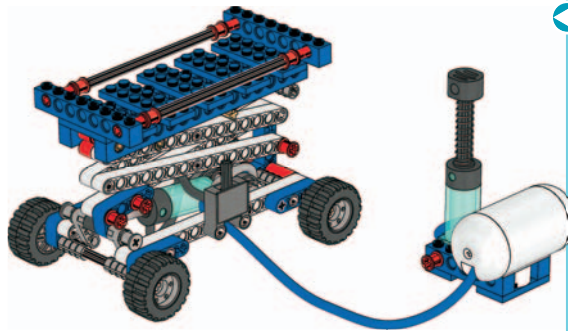


Construct

Build the Scissor Lift.

(All of book 1A and book 1B to page 11, step 15)

- Pump air into the system and make sure the Scissor Lift raises smoothly
- Press down on the platform of the raised Scissor Lift
- When you let go, the platform should bounce back up again. If not, check for air leaks
- Then lower the Scissor Lift and empty the air tank



Hint
The easiest way to empty the air tank is to disconnect the tube going from the air tank to the valve.

Contemplate

Going Up?

Find out what influence weight and height have on the number of pumps needed to raise the Scissor Lift to its maximum height.

First, predict how many pumps are needed to raise Scissor Lift A to its maximum height. *Record your predictions on the worksheet.*

Then, test how many pumps are needed. *Record your findings on the worksheet.*

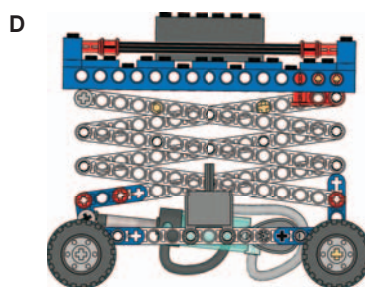
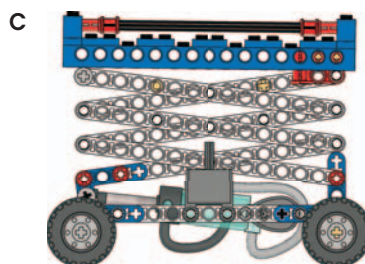
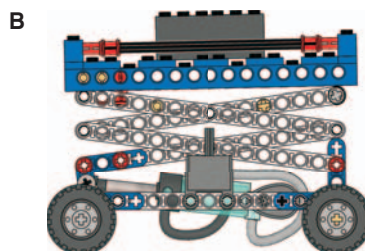
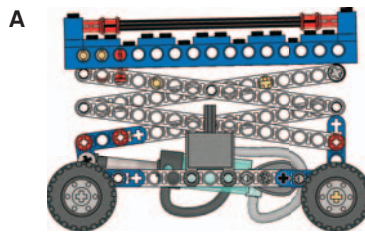
Next, follow the same procedure for Scissor Lifts B, C and D. Test several times to make sure your results are consistent.

Scissor Lift A (page 11, step 15) needs about 12 pumps

Scissor Lift B (page 12, step 16) needs about 20 pumps

Scissor Lift C (page 17, step 21) needs about 17 pumps

Scissor Lift D (page 18, step 22) needs about 28 pumps



Have the students reflect on their investigations by asking questions such as:

- What did you predict would happen and why?
- How does the Scissor Lift work?
It is a series of first class levers each squeezing the next one. The pivot points are the pegs in the centre of the beams.
- How did you make sure the tests were fair?
Did you empty the air tank?

Continue

How much pressure is needed?

You know how many pumps are needed to raise the Scissor Lift to its maximum height. Now add the manometer and find out how much pressure is needed (page 20, step 24).

First, predict how much pressure is needed to raise Scissor Lift A to its maximum height. Record your prediction on the worksheet.

Then, test how much pressure is needed. Record your findings on the worksheet.

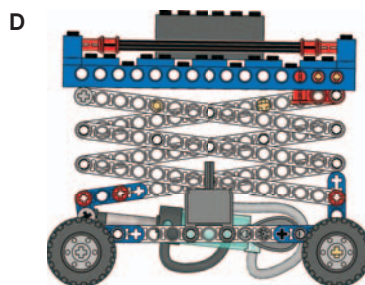
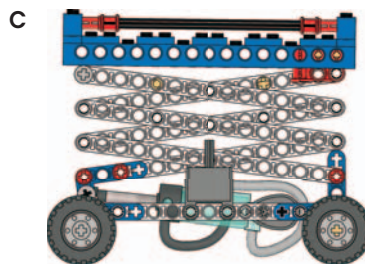
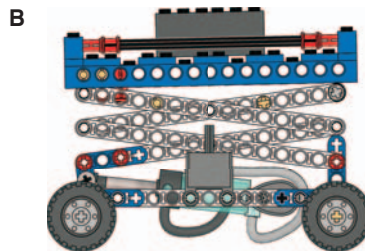
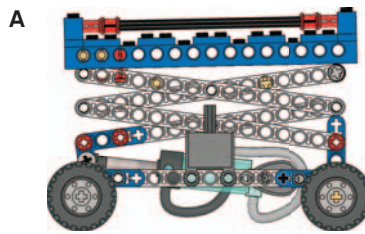
Next, follow the same procedure for Scissor Lifts B, C and D. Test several times to make sure your results are consistent.

Scissor Lift A (page 11, step 15) needs a pressure of about 1.0 bar

Scissor Lift B (page 12, step 16) needs a pressure of about 1,5 bars

Scissor Lift C (page 17, step 21) needs a pressure of about 1,4 bars

Scissor Lift D (page 18, step 22) needs a pressure of about 2,1 bars



Optional: Further investigations

- Why does the pressure drop immediately after the Scissor Lift has reached its maximum height?
When the cylinder piston extends the total area for compressed air has increased. The pressure adaptation the new total area results in a small pressure drop.

Scissor Lift

Name(s): _____

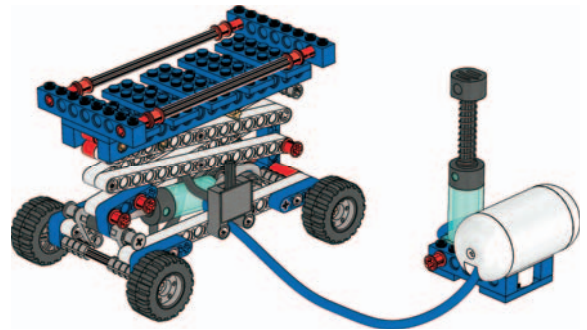
Build the Scissor Lift and investigate how its function is influenced by weight and height. Let's find out!



Build the Scissor Lift.

(All of book 1A and book 1B to page 11, step 15)

- Pump air into the system and make sure the Scissor Lift raises smoothly
- Press down on the platform of the raised Scissor Lift
- When you let go, the platform should bounce back up again. If not, check for air leaks
- Then lower the Scissor Lift and empty the air tank



Going Up?

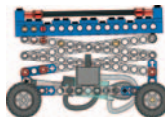
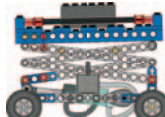
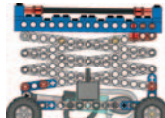

Find out what influence weight and height have on the number of pumps needed to raise the Scissor Lift to its maximum height.

First, predict how many pumps are needed to raise Scissor Lift A to its maximum height.

Then, test how many pumps are needed.

Next, follow the same procedure for Scissor Lifts B, C and D.

Test several times to make sure your results are consistent.

	My prediction	My findings
A 		
B 		
C 		
D 		

Explain your findings:

How much pressure is needed?

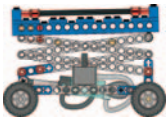
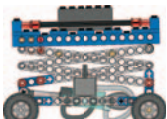
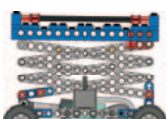
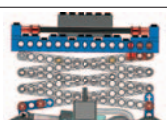
You know how many pumps are needed to raise the Scissor Lift to its maximum height. Now add the manometer and find out how much pressure is needed.

First, predict how much pressure is needed to raise Scissor Lift A to its maximum height.

Then, test how much pressure is needed.

Next, follow the same procedure for Scissor Lifts B, C and D.

Test several times to make sure your results are consistent.

	My prediction	My findings
A 		
B 		
C 		
D 		

Optional: My Amazing Pneumatic _____ !

Invent a new and useful machine that uses the same mechanism as the Scissor Lift but does a different job. Sketch it and explain the three most important features.

Optional: Further Research

Describe some of the industries and jobs the Scissor Lift is used for and what some of its limitations might be.