

University of Amsterdam at the CLEF 2024 JOKER Track

Jaap Kamps, Emma Schuurman, Mick Cazemier, Luc Buijs
University of Amsterdam

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Motivation

Is this a joke?

- State of the art AI, NLP AI models cannot cope with **humor or other non-literal meaning** in text
- Impossible to learn from **text usage alone!**
- Related to the **surface structure** of the utterance (orthography) and not the **deeper semantics**
- Important for **jokes**, but also to understand **cultural references**, or detect **harassment** and **bullying**



What Happens When Searching, Classifying and Translating Humor?

- Experiments **Humor-Aware Information Retrieval** and **Humor-Aware Machine Translation**

Task	Run	Description
1	Uams_Task1_Anserini_bm25	BM25 baseline (Anserini, stemming)
1	Uams_Task1_Anserini_rm3	RM3 baseline (Anserini, stemming)
1	Uams_Task1_bm25_CE100	BM25 + Crossencoder top 100
1	Uams_Task1_rm3_CE100	BM25/RM3 + Crossencoder top 100
1	Uams_Task1_bm25_BERT_Filter	BM25 + Filter on BERT WordPlay classifier (keeps 76%)
1	Uams_Task1_rm3_BERT_Filter	BM25/RM3 + Filter on BERT WordPlay classifier (keeps 46%)
1	Uams_Task1_rm3_T5_Filter1	BM25/RM3 + Filter on WordPlay classifier (keeps 53%)
1	Uams_Task1_rm3_T5_Filter2	BM25/RM3 + Filter on WordPlay classifier (keeps 43%)
2	Uams_Task2_BERT_ft	BERT classifier (fine-tuned)
3	Uams_Task3_Marian_ft	Marian Finetuned
3	Uams_Task3_T5-base_ft	T5-base Finetuned

Finding Humor?

#1 Topically relevant versus humorous text

Evaluate on Humor (top) or Relevant (bottom)

Run	MRR	Precision			NDCG			Bpref	MAP
		5	10	20	5	10	20		
UAmS_Task1_Anserini_bm25	0.1906	0.1167	0.1583	0.1361	0.1008	0.1598	0.2272	0.2376	0.1582
UAmS_Task1_bm25_CE50	0.1248	0.0833	0.0750	0.1028	0.0697	0.0683	0.1498	0.1155	0.0668
UAmS_Task1_bm25_CE100	0.1233	0.0833	0.0750	0.0889	0.0685	0.0682	0.1300	0.0922	0.0702
UAmS_Task1_bm25_CE1000	0.1039	0.0833	0.0750	0.0806	0.0660	0.0666	0.1188	0.0687	0.0898
UAmS_Task1_Anserini_rm3	0.2407	0.1667	0.1750	0.1250	0.1506	0.1896	0.2339	0.2989	0.1725
UAmS_Task1_rm3_CE50	0.1259	0.1000	0.0833	0.1056	0.0806	0.0754	0.1582	0.1233	0.0662
UAmS_Task1_rm3_CE100	0.1231	0.0833	0.0917	0.1028	0.0685	0.0801	0.1422	0.0921	0.0712
UAmS_Task1_rm3_CE1000	0.1038	0.0833	0.0667	0.0833	0.0660	0.0618	0.1238	0.0837	0.0957
UAmS_Task1_Anserini_bm25	0.6597	0.5500	0.5333	0.5111	0.3182	0.3477	0.4125	0.6510	0.3503
UAmS_Task1_bm25_CE50	0.8917	0.5833	0.5167	0.5056	0.3453	0.3267	0.3976	0.2897	0.1622
UAmS_Task1_bm25_CE100	0.8056	0.5167	0.5000	0.4917	0.3048	0.3076	0.3757	0.3655	0.1959
UAmS_Task1_bm25_CE1000	1.0000	0.5500	0.5083	0.5083	0.3435	0.3312	0.3935	0.6510	0.3639
UAmS_Task1_Anserini_rm3	0.7282	0.5833	0.5250	0.4944	0.3686	0.3659	0.4105	0.6682	0.3528
UAmS_Task1_rm3_CE50	0.8917	0.6000	0.5167	0.4861	0.3562	0.3312	0.3930	0.2847	0.1590
UAmS_Task1_rm3_CE100	0.8056	0.5167	0.5167	0.5111	0.3048	0.3198	0.3907	0.3652	0.1972
UAmS_Task1_rm3_CE1000	1.0000	0.5500	0.5000	0.5056	0.3435	0.3262	0.3951	0.6682	0.3682

- Neural rankers work on topical relevance, but fail dramatically on humor

#1 Relevant + Humorous

Humor-aware IR is different from topical relevance

Detecting Humor?

#2 Can we detect humorous text?

CLEF 2023 Joker Task 1: Pun Detection Revisited

- General approach to the Joker Track:
 - What if we can **detect humorous text**?
- If successful, we can create:
 - **Humor-aware Information Retrieval** by filtering results of standard IR model
 - **Humor-aware Machine Translation** by selecting from candidate translations
- Problem: Pun Detection proved very hard
 - Best 2023 system **F1 of 53.61%** — on a binary classification problem!

CLEF 2023 Joker Task 1: Pun Detection (English)

Evaluation of the CLEF 2023 Joker Pun Detection Task (English)

Model	F1 Score	Precision	Recall	Accuracy
BERT	0.70	–	–	0.72
SimpleT5_V1	0.80	0.72	0.90	0.76
SimpleT5_V2	0.80	0.74	0.87	0.77

- Pun detection is hard but “works”:
 - F1 of 80% on hold out/unseen data
 - Requiring safeguards against overfitting!
 - Best performing 2023 model F1 of 0.5361 for English
 - Majority class prediction F1 of 50% (test) and 58% (train).

CLEF 2023 Joker Task 1: Pun Detection (French)

Evaluation of the CLEF 2023 Joker Pun Detection Task (French) on 10% hold-out (top) and train/test data (bottom)

Model	n	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1 Score
Dummy-Model	399	0.49	0.47	0.52	0.50
DistilBERT-base	399	0.71	0.71	0.69	0.68
DistilBERT-FT1	399	0.72	0.71	0.69	0.70
DistilBERT-FT2	399	0.70	0.57	0.75	0.65
DistilBERT (FT1) <i>train</i>	3,999	0.9395	0.9475	0.9304	0.9389
DistilBERT (FT1) <i>test</i>	17,791	0.7518	0.7189	0.7009	0.7098

- Pun detection is hard but “works”:
 - F1 of 71% on hold out/unseen data — majority class prediction F1 of 50%
 - Best performing 2023 model F1 of 0.6645 for French.

#2 We can detect humorous text!

Can we exploit effective humor detection?

Searching for Humor?

#3 Humor-aware IR based on humor detection

Humor-Aware Information Retrieval

Run	MRR	Precision		Recall			NDCG	Bpref	MAP
		5	10	5	10	20			
Uams_Task1_Anserini_bm25	0.1873	0.0489	0.0556	0.0564	0.0819	0.1624	0.2417	0.0928	0.0800
Uams_Task1_Anserini_rm3	0.1977	0.0578	0.0622	0.0611	0.0830	0.1511	0.2677	0.0921	0.0845
Uams_Task1_bm25_CE100	0.0762	0.0356	0.0267	0.0332	0.0388	0.0964	0.1749	0.0610	0.0416
Uams_Task1_rm3_CE100	0.0749	0.0356	0.0267	0.0332	0.0388	0.0967	0.1769	0.0602	0.0410
Uams_Task1_bm25_BERT_Filter	0.1883	0.0489	0.0844	0.0590	0.1165	0.1822	0.2430	0.1173	0.0878
Uams_Task1_rm3_BERT_Filter	0.2668	0.1111	0.1156	0.0882	0.1436	0.2079	0.2739	0.1608	0.1156
Uams_Task1_rm3_T5_Filter1	0.2283	0.0933	0.1111	0.0861	0.1478	0.1943	0.2651	0.1628	0.1077
Uams_Task1_rm3_T5_Filter2	0.2604	0.1067	0.1289	0.0882	0.1508	0.2261	0.2820	0.1841	0.1207

- Lexical rankers work OK'ish, but neural zero-shot rerankers fail
 - Filtering using pun detection leads to significant improvement on all measures and all topics!

#3 Humor-aware IR works!

Humor-aware IR based on effective humor detection

Translating Humor?

#4 Humor-aware MT based on humor detection

Humor-Aware Machine Translation

Run	Text
<i>Source</i>	Save the whales, spouted Tom.
<i>Reference(s)</i>	<p>“Il faut sauver les baleines,” jeta Tom avant de se tasser. “Il faut sauver les baleines,” interjeta Tom. Moi je sauve les baleines, Tom s’en venta. Louis évent-a le projet de sauvetage des baleines. “Sauvez les baleines,” proclama Tom à tout événement. “Sauvez les baleines, cracha Toto, Cétacé!”</p>
UAms_Task3_Marian_ft UAms_Task3_T5-base_ft	<p>“Sauvez les baleines,” proclama Tom à tout événement. “Sauvez les baleines,” dit Tom.</p>

- Translating wordplay very hard, for humans and machines!
 - Some MT candidates match reference translations
 - But references differ quite a lot, and share many words with literal translations
 - So careful to interpret text overlap measures...

Humor-Aware Machine Translation

Run	n	BLEU	Precisions				Length		BERTScore			
			1	2	3	4	Rat.	Tok.	n	P	R	F1
Reference (test)	376	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	5,774	834	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
MarianMT (optimized)	376	0.5100	0.7169	0.5480	0.4520	0.3810	1.042	6,015	834	0.8985	0.8965	0.8973
MarianMT/Pun Detector	376	0.4663	0.6902	0.5085	0.4061	0.3318	1.050	6,061	834	0.8853	0.8849	0.8849

- Humor-aware machine translation
 - Careful to generate 5 candidate translations with sufficient variation
 - otherwise hit or miss (all are puns, or none are puns)
 - We filter out the single candidate with the highest expected pun detection score
 - we pick a candidate with a lower translation score in 50% of the cases
 - Evaluation on BLEU and BERTScore looks only at word overlap
 - Scores go down a little, but we score much higher on the pun detector
 - Human inspection of small sample where we pick a next candidate supports this: many are puns.

#4 Humor-aware MT works?

Humor-aware MT based on effective humor detection

Classifying Humor?

#5 Is it irony, sarcasm, exaggeration, or not funny at all...

Task 2: Classifying Humor

Run	Accuracy	Macro			Weighted		
		Precision	Recall	F1 Score	Precision	Recall	F1 Score
UAmS_Task2_BERT_ft	0.6561	0.6286	0.6090	0.5672	0.6752	0.6561	0.6254
UAmS_Task2_BERT_ft	0.6330	0.5724	0.5845	0.5221	0.6605	0.6330	0.6021

- We also participated in CLEF 2024 Joker Task 2
 - Multi-class prediction problem: incongruity-absurdity (AID), exaggeration (EX), irony (IR), sarcasm (SC), self-deprecating (SD), and wit-surprise (WS).
 - Luke-warm results, OK'ish diagonal in confusion matrix
 - Our model systematically miss-classifies sentences labeled as “irony” with “sarcasm” and “exaggeration”
 - Examples seem to contain elements of irony (typically about a situation and an opposite expectation) and of sarcasm (a form of expression, assuming the utterance appeared in some conversational context), or elements of exaggeration in some sense

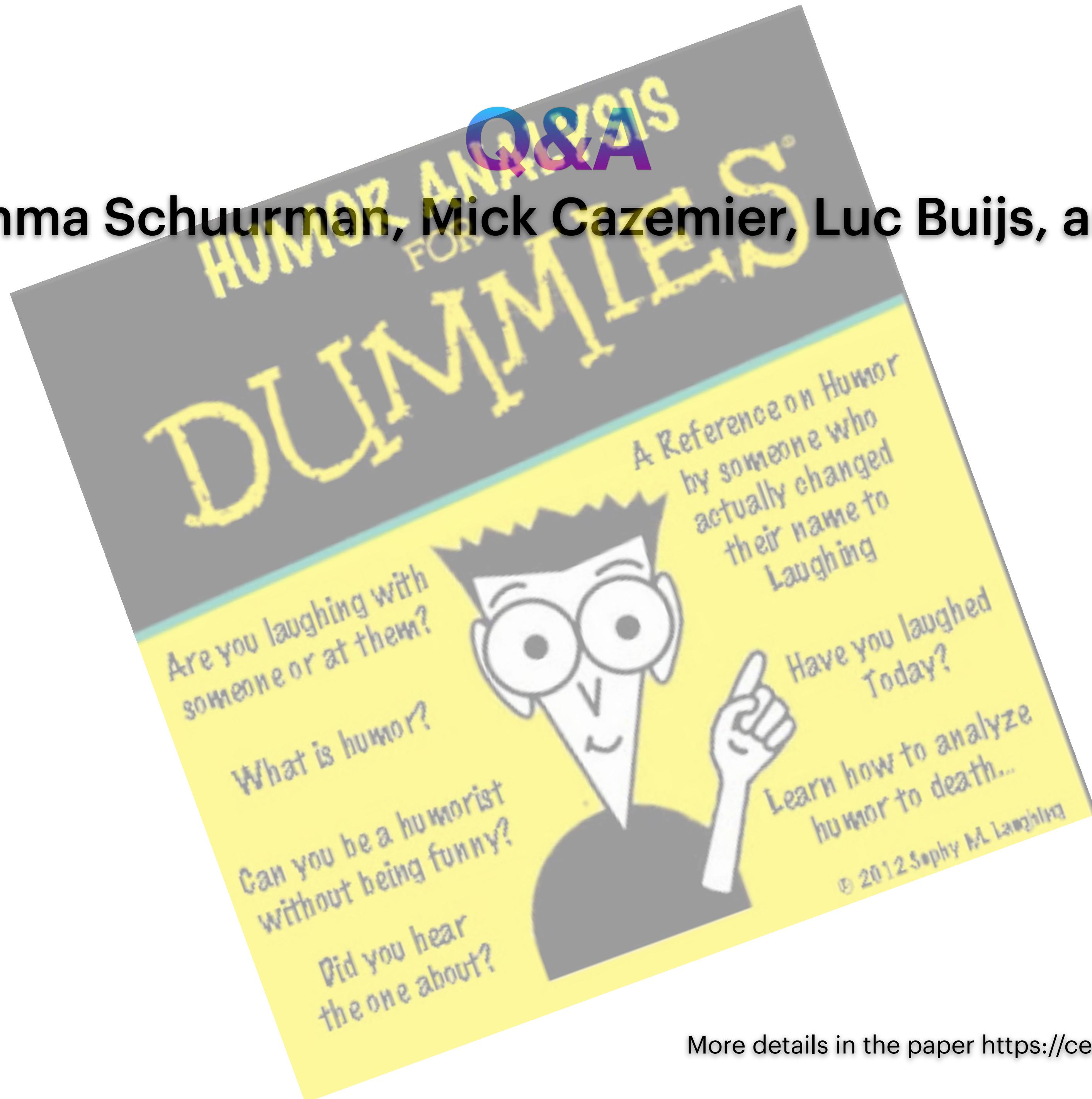
#5 What is (not) humor?

Need a rigorous taxonomy of humor

What Happens When Searching, Classifying, and Translating Humor?

- #1 Humor-aware IR is different from topical relevance
- #2 Can we exploit effective humor detection?
- #3 Humor-aware IR based on humor detection
- #4 Humor-aware MT based on humor detection
- #5 Need a rigorous taxonomy of humor

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More details in the paper <https://ceur-ws.org/Vol-3740/paper-181.pdf>

