

CSL003P1M : Probability and Statistics  
QuestionSet - 08: Expectation, Variance and Covariance of  
Random Variables

November 20, 2021

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1. Find the covariance of the number of ones and sixes in  $n$  throws of a die.
  2. Let  $n$  numbers be selected from the  $N$  numbers  $1, 2, \dots, N$ . Let  $S_n$  be the random variable which denotes the sum of selected numbers. Find  $E[S_n]$  and  $Var(S_n)$ .
  3. Consider the random variable  $X$  which has the following probability function:

$$P\{X = k\} = \frac{\lambda^k}{(e^\lambda - 1)k!}, \quad k = 1, 2, \dots$$

Find  $E[X]$  and  $Var(X)$ .

4. Suppose a box contains  $n_1$  white balls and  $n_2$  black balls. A ball is drawn successively (without replacement) until a black ball is drawn. Let  $X$  be the random variable which denotes the number of balls drawn. Find  $E[X]$ .
5. In PVR, there are  $2n + 1$  seats in a row.  $n$  females and  $n + 1$  males sit in a row at random. Find the expected number of male and female pairs who sit alternatively.
6. There are  $N$  balls numbered  $1, 2, \dots, N$ . " $n$ " balls are selected at random with replacement. Let  $X$  be the random variable which denotes that the largest selected number is  $m$ ? (a) Find  $E[X]$ . (b) Assume  $n \ll N$ , find the simplified expression of  $E[X]$ .
7. A deck of  $n$  numbered cards  $(1, 2, \dots, n)$  is arranged randomly. Let  $X$  be the random variable which denotes the number of matches (cards in their natural place). Find  $E[X]$  and  $Var(X)$ .
8. Suppose that a bag consists of  $b$  black and  $g$  green balls. A random sample of size  $r$  is taken without replacement. Let  $X$  be the random variable which denotes the number of black balls in the sample. Find  $E[X]$  and  $Var(X)$  using the formula for expectation and variance of sum of random variables.
9. In a sequence of Bernoulli trials, (a) let  $X$  be the length of the run (of either successes or failures) started by the first trial. Find  $E[X]$  and  $Var(X)$ . (b) Let  $Y$  be the length of the second run. Find  $E[Y]$  and  $Var(Y)$ .
10. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two random variables both of which assume only two values each. Suppose  $Cov(X, Y) = 0$ . Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?
11. Let  $(X, Y)$  be random variables whose joint distribution is trinomial distribution. Find  $E(X)$ ,  $Var(X)$  and  $Cov(X, Y)$  by direct computation by representing  $X$  and  $Y$  as sums of  $n$  variables each and using the methods.

12. Suppose  $n$  balls are distributed at random into  $r$  boxes. Let  $X_i = 1$  if box  $i$  is empty and let  $X_i = 0$  otherwise. Let  $S_r$  denote the number of empty boxes defined by  $S_r = X_1 + X_2 + \cdots + X_r$ . (a) For  $i \neq j$ , compute  $E[X_i X_j]$ . (b) Compute  $\text{Var}(S_r)$ .
13. Let  $X_1, X_2$  and  $X_3$  be independent random variables having finite positive variances  $\sigma_1^2$ ,  $\sigma_2^2$  and  $\sigma_3^2$  respectively. Find the correlation between  $X_1 - X_2$  and  $X_2 + X_3$ .
14. Suppose  $X$  and  $Y$  are two random variables such that  $\rho(X, Y) = 1/2$ ,  $\text{Var}(X) = 1$  and  $\text{Var}(Y) = 2$ . Compute  $\text{Var}(X - 2Y)$ .
15. A box has 3 red balls and 2 black balls. A random sample of size 2 is drawn without replacement. Let  $U$  be the number of red balls selected and let  $V$  be the number of black balls selected. Compute  $\rho(U, V)$ .