CSL003P1M: Probability and Statistics Mid-Sem

November 01, 2021

Total Marks: 32 Duration: 2 hours Maximum Marks: 30

- 1. There are two kinds of diseases D_1, D_2 and it is suspected that a patient has one of the diseases. Assume that the population who are suffering from these diseases are in the ratio 2:1. If a patient gives a test then
 - 25% of the cases of D_1 turn out to be positive.
 - 50% of the cases of D_2 turn out to be positive..

A patient who is suffering from a particular disease gives three same tests out of which two come out to be positive. Find the probability for each of the two illness. [2+2]

- 2. A box contains seven black balls numbered 1, 2, ..., 7 and three white balls numbered 8, 9, 10. Five balls are randomly selected, (a) without replacement, (b) with replacement. For each of the cases (a) and (b), give the distribution of the minimum number in the sample. [2+2]
- 3. It has been observed that two accidents happen in a factory per week. What is the probability that there will be at most two accidents, (i) during one week, (b) during two weeks and (c) in each of two weeks. [1+2+1]
- 4. An urn contains r distinct balls labeled $1, 2, \ldots, r$. Balls are drawn with replacement until exactly $k \leq r$ distinct objects have been obtained. Let S_k be the random variable which denotes the size of the sample required. Compute $E[S_k]$. (You may use the fact that $E[\sum_{i=1}^k X_i] = \sum_{i=1}^k E[X_i]$) [4]
- 5. Suppose you have INR 15 and you are participating in a game. Your strategy is as follows:
 - You bet INR 1 for the toss. If a head appears on the first toss, you receive INR 1 and then you withdraw the game. **Otherwise**, if a tail appears, you bet INR 2 for the next toss. If a head appears on the next toss, you win and withdraw the game. **Otherwise**, if a tail appears, you bet INR 4 for the next toss. If a head appears on the next toss, you win and withdraw the game. **Otherwise**, if a tail appears, you bet remaining INR 8 for the next toss. If a head appears on the next toss, you win and withdraw the game.

What is your expected gain?

[4]

- 6. Two ideal dice are thrown. Let X be the score on the first die and Y be the larger of two scores. Write down the joint distribution of X and Y. [4]
- 7. Suppose there is a family with two children. We define three random variables X_1, X_2 and X_3 . For $i = 1, 2, X_i = 1$ if ith child is a boy otherwise 0. The r.v. $X_3 = 1$ if there is only one boy in the family, otherwise 0. Are X_i 's pairwise independent? Are X_i 's mutually independent? Justify your answer in each cases.
- 8. In Banach's match box problem, find the probability that at the moment when the first box is emptied (not found empty) the other contains exactly r matches (where r = 1, 2, ..., N). [4]