Multi-period modeling in oemof.solph

An Overview

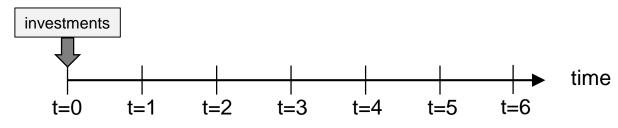
_

Motivation | Usage Example | Implementation

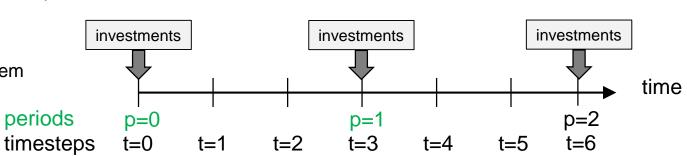
Motivation

Depict long-term developments taking into account unit lifetimes

- Status quo in oemof.solph
 - Only one timestep where investments may occur \rightarrow t=0, i.e. the begin of the optimization
 - Investments are accounted for by their annuity
 - Timesteps are a one-dimensional set
 - Classical use case: Dimensioning of a system; short-term view (e.g. one typical year)



- Idea of a multi-period optimization model
 - Depict different periods in addition to different timesteps → there are two time-related indices
 - Investments may occur in every period
 - Lifetime tracking
 - Classical use case: long-term planning of a system



multi-period modeling in oemof.solph | J. Kochems & J. Giehl

12/05/2023

periods

Example usage

Define `periods` attribute of EnergySystem

Periods now need to be defined explicitly and passed to the EnergySystem instance as an attribute.

```
import pandas as pd
import oemof.solph as solph

my_index = pd.date_range('1/1/2013', periods=17520, freq='H')

periods = [
    pd.date_range('1/1/2013', periods=8760, freq='H'),
    pd.date_range('1/1/2014', periods=8760, freq='H'),
]

my_energysystem = solph.EnergySystem(timeindex=my_index, periods=periods)
```

multi-period modeling in oemof.solph | J. Kochems & J. Giehl

Example usage

No need for changes to your "dispatch-related" system

```
hydrogen_bus = solph.buses.Bus(label="hydrogen")
coal_bus = solph.buses.Bus(label="coal")
electricity_bus = solph.buses.Bus(label="electricity")
hydrogen_source = solph.components.Source(
   label="green_hydrogen",
   outputs={
       hydrogen bus: solph.flows.Flow(
           variable_costs=[25] * 8760 + [30] * 8760
coal_source = solph.components.Source(
   label="hardcoal",
   outputs={
       coal_bus: solph.flows.Flow(variable_costs=[20] * 8760 + [24] * 8760)
   },
electrical_sink = solph.components.Sink(
   label="electricity_demand",
   inputs={
       electricity_bus: solph.flows.Flow(
           nominal_value=1000, fix=[0.8] * len(my_index)
```

Variable costs defined in TIMESTEPS.

No changes to your system for units that is not invested into.

multi-period modeling in oemof.solph | J. Kochems & J. Giehl

Example usage

Investments have new attributes

```
hydrogen_power_plant = solph.components.Transformer(
   label="hydrogen_pp",
                                                                        ep_costs used as specific investment expenses;
   inputs={hydrogen_bus: solph.flows.Flow()},
                                                                        nominal values on a period / annual basis; real values possible
   outputs={
       electricity bus: solph.flows.Flow(
                                                                        if model `discount_rate` is set to 0.
          investment=solph.Investment(
              maximum=1000,
                                                                      `lifetime` and `age` (optional; defaults to 0) for lifetime tracking
              ep costs=1e6,
              lifetime=30,
                                                                      and decommissioning
              interest rate=0.06,
              fixed_costs=100,
          variable costs=3,
   conversion_factors={electricity_bus: 0.6},
```

multi-period modeling in oemof.solph | J. Kochems & J. Giehl

Implementation – Main changes

Overview on the main changes

- Add periods to EnergySystem class.
- Add discount rate attribute to Model (default: 0.02).
- Create new timesets:
 - PERTODS: used for investment variables
 - TIMEINDEX: tuple of (period, timestep)
- Index flow variable in TIMEINDEX. Adjust every constraint that includes a flow;
 but do not change indexing of variables indexed in TIMESTEPS.
- Add additional attributes to _options.Investment, GenericStorage and SinkDSM: lifetime, age, interest rate, fixed costs.
- Add variables old, old end and old exo in investment blocks for lifetime tracking.
- Add adjusted objective value terms for multi-period model including discounting and annuities for investment.
- Adjust / restructure processing to properly retrieve results.

Implementation – oemof.solph._energy_system.py

constructor of EnergySystem – periods attribute

```
if periods is not None:
    msg = (
        "CAUTION! You specified the 'periods' attribute for your "
        "energy system.\n This will lead to creating "
        "a multi-period optimization modeling which can be "
        "used e.g. for long-term investment modeling.\n"
        "Please be aware that the feature is experimental as of "
        "now. If you find anything suspicious or any bugs, "
        "please report them."
    )
    warnings.warn(msg, debugging.SuspiciousUsageWarning)
self.periods = periods
self._extract_periods_years()
```

method EnergySystem._extract_periods_years

Implementation – oemof.solph._models.py

constructor of Model - discount rate attribute

```
def __init__(self, energysystem, discount_rate=None, **kwargs):
    if discount_rate is not None:
        self.discount_rate = discount_rate
    elif energysystem.periods is not None:
        self.discount_rate = 0.02
        msg = (
            f"By default, a discount_rate of {self.discount_rate} "
            f"is used for a multi-period model. "
            f"If you want to use another value, "
            f"you have to specify the `discount_rate` attribute."
        )
        warnings.warn(msg, debugging.SuspiciousUsageWarning)
        super().__init__(energysystem, **kwargs)
```

multi-period modeling in oemof.solph | J. Kochems & J. Giehl 12/05/2023

Implementation – oemof.solph._models.py

method Model._add_parent_block_sets

```
if self.es.periods is None:
   self.TIMEINDEX = po.Set(
        initialize=list(
           zip(
               [0] * len(self.es.timeincrement),
               range(len(self.es.timeincrement)),
       ordered=True,
   self.PERIODS = po.Set(initialize=[0])
else:
    nested_list = [
       [k] * len(self.es.periods[k])
       for k in range(len(self.es.periods))
    flattened_list = [
       item for sublist in nested_list for item in sublist
    self.TIMEINDEX = po.Set(
       initialize=list(
           zip(flattened_list, range(len(self.es.timeincrement)))
       ),
       ordered=True,
    self.PERIODS = po.Set(
       initialize=sorted(list(set(range(len(self.es.periods)))))
```

```
# (Re-)Map timesteps to periods
timesteps_in_period = {p: [] for p in self.PERIODS}
for p, t in self.TIMEINDEX:
   timesteps_in_period[p].append(t)
self.TIMESTEPS_IN_PERIOD = timesteps_in_period
```

multi-period modeling in oemof.solph | J. Kochems & J. Giehl

Implementation – oemof.solph._models.py

method Model._add_parent_block_variables

multi-period modeling in oemof.solph | J. Kochems & J. Giehl 12/05/2023

Implementation – oemof.solph._options.Investment

- overall_maximum (float, $P_{overall,max}$ or $E_{overall,max}$) Overall maximum capacity investment, i.e. the amount of capacity that can be totally installed at maximum in any period (taking into account decommissionings); only applicable for multi-period models
- overall_minimum (float $P_{overall,min}$ or $E_{overall,min}$) Overall minimum capacity investment that needs to be installed in the last period of the optimization (taking into account decommissionings); only applicable for multi-period models
- lifetime (int, l) Units lifetime, given in years; only applicable for multiperiod models
- age (int, a) Units start age, given in years at the beginning of the simulation; only applicable for multi-period models
- interest_rate (float, ir) Interest rate for calculating annuities when
 investing in a particular unit; only applicable for multi-period models. If
 nothing else is specified, the interest rate is the same as the model
 discount rate of the multi-period model.
- fixed_costs (float or list of float, $c_{fixed}(p)$) Fixed costs in each period (given in nominal terms); only applicable for multi-period models

multi-period modeling in oemof.solph | J. Kochems & J. Giehl

Implementation – oemof.solph.flows._invest_flow

```
self.invest = Var(
    self.INVESTFLOWS,
    m.PERIODS,
    within=NonNegativeReals,
    bounds=_investvar_bound_rule,
# Total capacity
self.total = Var(self.INVESTFLOWS, m.PERIODS, within=NonNegativeReals)
if m.es.multi_period:
    self.old = Var(
        self.INVESTFLOWS, m.PERIODS, within=NonNegativeReals
    # Old endogenous capacity to be decommissioned (due to lifetime)
    self.old_end = Var(
        self.INVESTFLOWS, m.PERIODS, within=NonNegativeReals
    # Old exogenous capacity to be decommissioned (due to lifetime)
    self.old_exo = Var(
        self.INVESTFLOWS, m.PERIODS, within=NonNegativeReals
```

 $\textbf{multi-period modeling in oemof.solph} \mid \textbf{J. Kochems \& J. Giehl}$

12/05/2023

12

Implementation – oemof.solph.flows._invest_flow

```
for i, o in self.CONVEX_INVESTFLOWS:
   lifetime = m.flows[i, o].investment.lifetime
   interest = m.flows[i, o].investment.interest_rate
    if interest == 0:
        warn(
            msg.format(m.discount_rate),
            debugging.SuspiciousUsageWarning,
        interest = m.discount_rate
   for p in m.PERIODS:
        annuity = economics.annuity(
            capex=m.flows[i, o].investment.ep_costs[p],
            n=lifetime,
            wacc=interest,
        investment_costs_increment = (
            self.invest[i, o, p]
            * annuity
            * lifetime
            * ((1 + m.discount_rate) ** (-m.es.periods_years[p]))
        investment_costs += investment_costs_increment
        period_investment_costs[p] += investment_costs_increment
```

Lifetime logic

P: installed capacity; p: period; n: lifetime

$$P_{total}(p) = P_{invest}(p) + P_{total}(p-1) - P_{old}(p) \quad \forall p > 0$$

$$P_{total}(p) = P_{invest}(p) + P_{existing} \quad \forall p = 0$$

$$P_{old,end}(p) = P_{invest}(p-n) \quad \forall p \geq n$$

$$P_{old.end}(p) = 0$$
 else

$$P_{old,exo}(p) = P_{existing} \quad \forall p = n - age$$

$$P_{old,exo}(p) = 0$$
 else

$$P_{old}(p) = P_{old,end}(p) + P_{old,exo}(p)$$

total (installed) cap: previous cap + installations - decommissionings

Decomissionings

- endogeneous plants: installations that happened in the period the plants lifetime ago
- exogeneous plants: decommissioning of existing capacity in period lifetime – (initial) age
- Total decommissioning: sum of endogeneous and exogeneous decommissioning

Handling cost values (1/2)

- In general: all cost values may vary on a periodical basis, but shall be fixed within a period.
- Cost values have to be provided in nominal terms.
 - Calculating real values and annuities takes place under the hood.
- Annuities and discounting
 - A discount_rate is given on a model-wide basis. It reflects inflation.
 - An interest rate may be given per component / flow (asset) that can be invested in. It can deviate from the
 discount_rate, e.g. to take an investor's view and demand for higher interest rates.
 If a social planner perspective is taken, the interest_rate should be equal to the model's discount_rate, which is the default.
 - Annuities are calculated under the hood (next slide).

Handling cost values (2/2)

Cost terms for MultiPeriodInvestment objects (or other components that is invested in)

CAPEX: investment annuities

$$P_{invest}(p) \cdot annuity(c_{invest}(p), n, i) \cdot n \cdot DF(p) \quad \forall p \in PERIODS$$

annuity
$$(c_{invest}(p), n, i) = \frac{(1+i)^n \cdot i}{(1+i)^n - 1} \cdot c_{invest}(p)$$

Fixed costs

$$\sum_{pp=p}^{p+n} P_{invest}(p) \cdot c_{fixed}(pp) \cdot DF(pp) \cdot DF(p) \, \forall p \in PERIODS$$

with discount factor

$$DF(p) = (1+d)^{-p}$$

- P: installed capacity
- p: period
- n: lifetime
- i: interest rate
- DF: discount factor

Outlook

- Merged PR: https://github.com/oemof/oemof-solph/pull/828
 - Functional, complete, integrated into v0.5.1
 - Already usable via pip install git+https://github.com/oemof/oemof-solph.git@features/multi-period
- Timeline
 - Testing and usage is welcome and appreciated
 - Fixes to be integrated into further releases
 - Support for new developments (e.g. components) can be provided by J. Kochems
 → actually, it is just changing the indexing here: add a periods, timesteps indexing for flows (p, t)

multi-period modeling in oemof.solph | J. Kochems & J. Giehl

Contact

Johannes Kochems

research associate at DLR, Institute of Networked Energy Systems, Stuttgart | PhD candidate at Technical University of Berlin

E-Mail:

johannes.kochems@dlr.de kochems@campus.tu-berlin.de

GitHub: jokochems