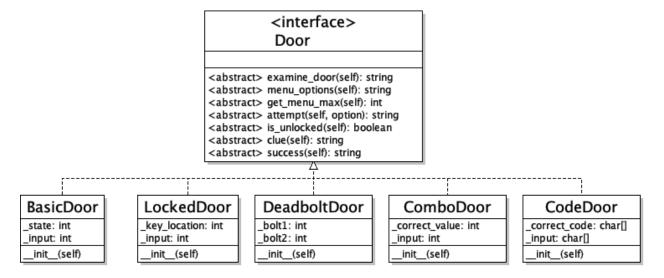
CECS 277 – Lab 9 – Interfaces

Escape Room

Write a program that simulates an escape room by having the user open a series of three doors random chosen from several different types of doors. Use the following class diagram to create your program (you must create a main, the Door interface, and Basic Door, then you can choose any two of the remaining four types of door to implement):



<u>Door</u> (door.py) – interface – these methods are abstract and should be implemented in each of the subclasses of door (not in door itself).

- 1. examine_door(self) returns a string description of the door.
- 2. menu_options(self) returns a string of the menu options that user can choose from when attempting to unlock the door.
- 3. get menu max(self) returns the number of options in the above menu.
- 4. attempt(self, option) passes in the user's selection from the menu. Uses that value to update the attributes that are needed to determine whether the user has unlocked the door (which is done in the is_unlocked method below). Returns a string describing what the user attempted.
- 5. is_unlocked(self) checks to see if the door was unlocked, returns true if it is, false otherwise.
- 6. clue(self) returns the hint that is returned if the user was unsuccessful at their attempt.
- 7. success(self) returns the congratulatory message if the user was successful.

Subclasses of Door -

	Init	Description	Menu	Clue
BasicDoor	Randomizes the initial state of the door (push or pull).	A door that is either pushed or pulled.	1. Push 2. Pull	Try the other way.

LockedDoor	Randomizes the	A locked door.	1. Look under	Look
	location of the	Look around for	the mat	somewhere else
	key.	the key.	2. Look under	
		,	the flower pot	
			3. Look under	
			the fake rock.	
DeadboltDoor	Randomizes the	A door with two	1. Toggle bolt 1	You jiggle the
	state of the two	deadbolts.	2. Toggle bolt 2	doorit seems
	bolts (either	Bothe need to be		like one of the
	locked or	unlocked to open		bolts is
	unlocked)	the door, but you		unlocked.
		can't tell if each		-or-
		one is locked or		it seems like
		unlocked.		it's completely
				locked.
ComboDoor	Randomize the	A door with a	Enter # 1-10:	Too high.
	value to a	combination		-or-
	number 1-10.	lock. You can		Too low.
		spin the dial to a		
		number 1-10.		
CodeDoor	Randomize each	A door with a	1. Press Key 1	Which
	of the characters	coded keypad	2. Press Key 2	characters are
	in the code as an	with three	3. Press Key 3	correct.
	'X' or 'O'.	characters. Each		-alternatively-
		key toggles a		The number of
		value with an		correct
		'X' or an 'O'.		characters.

Main (main.py) –

- 1. open_door(door) passes in a door object that the user will try to unlock. It should display the description of the door, and the menu, then get the user's selection, then pass that value to the attempt method and display the result. If the attempt was successful, then it should display the success message, otherwise, it should display the clue message and repeat from the menu until the user successfully opens the door.
- 2. main the main should have a loop that repeats three times for the three doors that the user will try to open. Randomly choose a door from the ones that you implemented (it's fine if a particular door appears more than once) and pass it to open_door. After the user has opened all three doors, then display a congratulatory message and end the game.

Example Output:

Welcome to the Escape Room. You must unlock 3 doors to escape...

You encounter a basic door, you can either push it or pull it to open.

1. Push

2. Pull

1

You push the door. Congratulations, you opened the door.

You encounter a door with a combination lock, you can spin the dial to a number 1-10. Enter a number 1-10: 5
You turn the dial to... 5
Try a lower value.
Enter a number (1-10): 2
You turn the dial to... 2
Try a lower number.
Enter a number (1-10): 1
You turn the dial to... 1
You found the correct value and opened the door.

You encounter a double deadbolt door, both deadbolts must be unlocked to open it, but you can't tell from looking at them whether they're locked or unlocked.

```
1. Toggle Bolt 1
2. Toggle Bolt 2
You toggle the first bolt.
You jiggle the door...it's
completely locked.
1. Toggle Bolt 1
2. Toggle Bolt 2
You toggle the first bolt.
You jiggle the door... it seems
like one of the bolts is unlocked.
1. Toggle Bolt 1
2. Toggle Bolt 2
You toggle the second bolt.
You unlocked both deadbolts and
opened the door
Congratulations! You
escaped...this time.
```

Notes:

- 1. You should have 5 different files: main.py, door.py, basic_door.py, plus two (or more) other subclasses of door.
- 2. Check all user input using the get_int_range function in the check_input module. Use the value returned from get_menu_max as the upper bound.
- 3. Do not create any extra methods, attributes, functions, parameters, etc.
- 4. Please do not create any global variables or use the attributes globally (ie. do not access any of the attributes using the underscores).
- 5. Use docstrings to document each of the classes, their attributes, and each of their methods. See the lecture notes for examples.
- 6. Place your names, date, and a brief description of the program in a comment block at the top of your main file. Place brief comments throughout your code.
- 7. Thoroughly test your program before submitting:
 - a. Make sure that the program randomly chooses three doors for the user to open (repeats are fine).
 - b. Make sure that each of your doors can be created and opened.
 - c. Make sure that each of the options performs the correct operation.
 - d. Make sure the clues are displayed when the user is unsuccessful and that they display the correct information.