Online Appendix

Table OA1. Variable codings

	IMGES	GLES
Education; 1-3	Three categories for duration of school visit for those that did not attend school in Germany: low (less than 10 years), medium (10-11 years) and high (12 years an more).	Three categories: low (Hauptschulabschluss), medium (Realschulabschluss), high (Fachhochschulreife/Abitur)
Income log; 0.4-12	Income was measured as net household income per month in Euro after taxes and deduction. It was not asked as a specific sum but indicated by broad categories, e.g. "between 1.500 and 2.000 Euros". In accordance with Schäfer et al. (2016), we also account for differences in contribution of single household members make, dividing the income category by the squared number of members. The resulting logarithmic variable ranges from 0.4 to 12.	Same as in IMGES
Marital Status; 0-1	Coded 1 if somebody lives in a partnership (no matter if married or not), and coded 0 if not	Same as in IMGES
Organisational membership; 0-5	Organizational membership in five organizations., unions, occupational organizations, religious/church groups, sports or recreational organizations, and political parties. Sum index for all organizations in which respondent did participate in at least one activity in the last 12 months	Organizational membership in five organizations., unions, occupational organizations, religious/church groups, sports or recreational organizations, and political parties. Sum index for all organizations in which respondent is either (a) an active member with a formal function or (b) an active member without a formal function
Satisfaction with democracy; 1-4	„Are you satisfied with the way democracy works in Germany?", 4-point rating scale, ranging from 1 "not satisfied at all" to 4 "very satisfied	Same as in IMGES
Party identification; 0-1	"Many people in the Federal Republic lean toward a particular party for a long time, although they may occasionally vote for a different party. How about you?", coded as 0 (no party indicated) and 1 (party indicated)	Same as in IMGES
Political interest; 1-5	"How interested are you in politics?" 5-point rating scale, ranging from 1 "not at all" to 5 "very strong"	Same as in IMGES
Internal political efficacy; 1-4	"It is often hard for me to understand politics", ranging from 1 "does totally apply" to 5 "does not apply at all"	Same as in IMGES
Social trust; 1-11 (IMGES), 1-5 (GLES)	"Some people say most people can be trusted. Others think that you cannot be prudent enough when dealing with other people. What do you think?" on a 11-point scale, ranging from 1 "you cannot be prudent enough" to 11 "most people can be trusted"	"I easily put trust in other people and believe in the good in people.", 5-point rating scale, ranging from 1 "does not apply at all" to 5 "totally applies"
Identification	*"Generally speaking, how strong do you feel like a…" for several groups (German, Turk and Kurd [for the Turkish group], Russian and Russian German [for the post-Soviet group]) ranging from 1 "does not apply at all" to 5 "totally applies". Those with* a value	

	of >3 for German and the ethnic group <=3 as 'mostly German', those with a value of >3 for the ethnic group and <=3 for the German group as 'mostly foreign, those with values >3 for both groups as 'dual identity" and all others as 'no identification'.
Discrimination Index	"Would you describe yourself as a member of group that is disadvantaged in Germany?" All that answered yes, where asked why they feel disadvantaged (e.g. origin, language, religion, gender, disability). For those that report due to ethnic origin, language, or religion, we calculate the mean of individual experienced discrimination within the last five years in five domains (workplace, job market, housing market, police and courts, government agencies) on a scale ranging from 1 to 3 (rarely to often). Those that answered "no" to the first question received a value of 0; the variable ranges from 0 to 3.
Organisational bridging	For 9 organizations, five from the organizational membership variable (unions, occupational organizations, religious/church groups, sports or recreational organizations, and political parties) and four others (cultural-traditional associations, social organizations, immigrant organizations, and women's organizations) we ask if respondents participated in an activity within the last 12 months, and if they did, we enquired if more than half of the members of each named organisation are from the same country of origin. We count all organizations in which the majority of members are not from the same country-of-origin. Variable can range from 0 to 9.
Organisational bonding	Same as for bridging, except that we count all organizations in which the majority of members are from the same country-of-origin. Variable can range from 0 to 9.
Time Spent in Germany	Time elapsed since respondent migrated to Germany divided by age. Ratio ranges from 0.02 to 1.

Figure OA1. Marginal effect plot for native and immigrant-origin voters
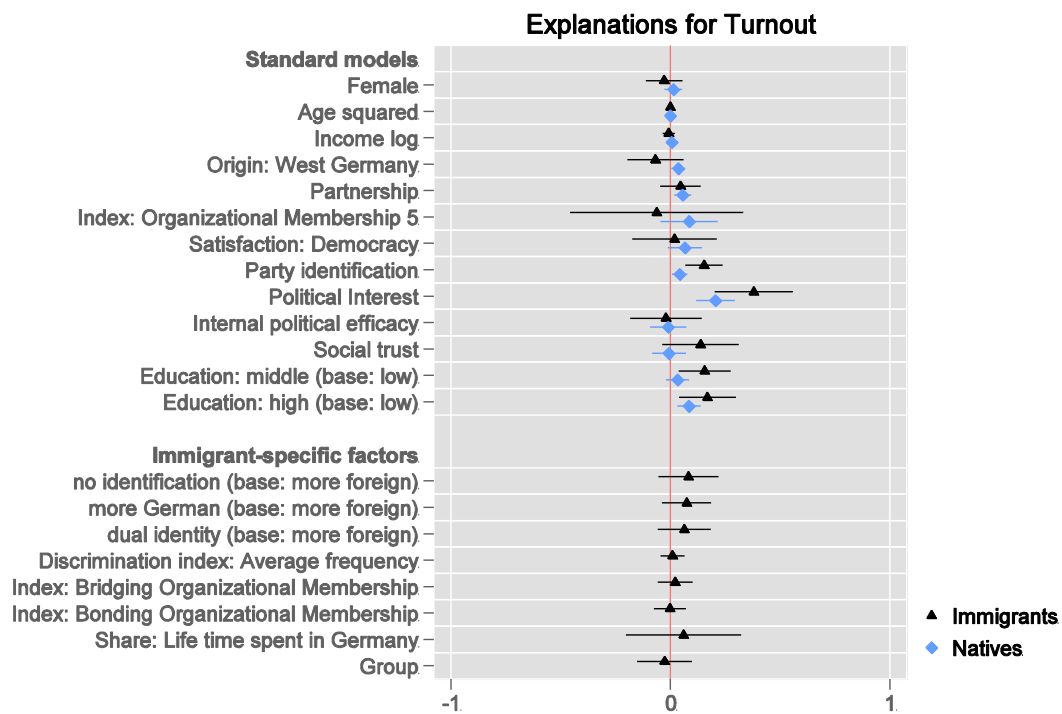
Coefficients based on estimation results for M1 (Natives) and M5 (Immigrants) from Table 1 with 95 percent confidence interval.

Table OA2. Bivariate correlations among native voters (GLES)

	Turnout	Gender: female	Age	Education	Income log	Origin: West Germany	Partner-ship	Orga Member	Sat. Demo-cracy	Party ID	Political interest	Internal pol eff	Social trust	Civic Duty
Gender: female	-0.01	1.00												
Age in years	0.03	0.04	1.00											
Education	0.15***	0.04	-0.45***	1.00										
Income log	0.15***	-0.06*	0.07**	0.26***	1.00									
Origin: West Germany	0.12***	-0.07**	-0.02	0.00	0.16***	1.00								
Partnership	0.14***	-0.03	0.12***	-0.00	0.09***	0.04	1.00							
Index: Organizational Membership 5	0.09***	-0.10***	-0.10***	0.16***	0.09***	0.10***	0.08**	1.00						
Satisfaction: Democracy	0.15***	0.03	0.08**	0.13***	0.21***	0.13***	0.07**	0.06*	1.00					
Party identification	0.14***	-0.00	0.14***	0.06*	0.11***	0.09***	0.04	0.05*	0.14***	1.00				
Political interest	0.24***	-0.22***	0.07**	0.22***	0.22***	0.04	0.02	0.10***	0.12***	0.18***	1.00			
Internal political efficacy	0.14***	-0.21***	-0.16***	0.38***	0.24***	0.05*	0.03	0.08**	0.08**	0.12***	0.47***	1.00		
Social trust	-0.01	0.11***	0.02	0.03	-0.00	0.00	0.06*	0.07*	0.09**	0.02	-0.12***	-0.11***	1.00	
Civic Duty	0.36***	0.01	0.05	0.07**	0.15***	0.16***	0.15***	0.09***	0.18***	0.13***	0.20***	0.11***	0.02	1.00

***: $p < 0.001$, **: $p < 0.01$, *: $p < 0.05$; all AME are rounded to two numbers after the decimal point.

Table OA3. Bivariate correlations among immigrant-origin voters (IMGES)

	Turnout	Gender: female	Age	Education	Income log	Origin: West	Partner-ship	Orga Member	Sat. Demo-cracy	Party ID	Political interest	Internal pol eff	Social trust	Civic Duty	Ethnic ID	National ID	Dual Identity	Discri-mination	Bridging	Bonding
Gender: female	-0.04	1.00																		
Age in years	0.01	-0.06	1.00																	
Education	0.18***	0.10**	-0.26***	1.00																
Income log	0.04	-0.00	-0.07*	0.20***	1.00															
Origin: West Germany	-0.10**	-0.15***	-0.02	-0.14***	0.12**	1.00														
Partnership	0.05	-0.01	0.20***	-0.13***	0.05	0.02	1.00													
Index: Organizational Membership 5	0.07	-0.08*	-0.08*	0.16***	0.11**	0.10**	-0.10**	1.00												
Satisfaction: Democracy	0.08*	0.00	0.07	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.09*	0.02	1.00											
Party ID	0.23***	-0.03	0.08*	0.01	-0.03	-0.06	-0.01	0.04	0.22***	1.00										
Political interest	0.28***	-0.19***	-0.05	0.18***	0.15***	-0.06	-0.00	0.24***	-0.01	0.18***	1.00									
Internal political efficacy	0.16***	-0.30***	-0.07	0.26***	0.23***	0.04	-0.06	0.24***	0.12**	0.21***	0.40***	1.00								
Social trust	0.13***	-0.00	0.15***	0.13***	0.21***	-0.03	0.09*	0.04	0.24***	0.07	0.04	0.18***	1.00							
Civic Duty	0.28***	-0.05	0.02	0.21***	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.11**	0.20***	0.20***	0.21***	0.12***	0.10**	1.00						
Ethnic ID	-0.10**	-0.06	-0.11**	-0.01	-0.02	0.08*	-0.01	0.01	-0.03	-0.04	-0.08*	0.05	-0.12**	-0.08*	1.00					
National ID	0.04	-0.02	0.07	-0.01	0.05	0.00	0.06	-0.02	0.05	0.18***	0.03	0.01	0.08*	0.11**	-0.12**	1.00				
Dual Identity	-0.00	-0.10**	0.01	-0.03	-0.03	0.05	-0.00	-0.09*	-0.01	0.04	-0.06	0.08*	-0.04	0.02	0.45***	0.35***	1.00			
Discrimination index	-0.02	-0.12***	-0.09*	-0.01	-0.05	0.07	-0.10**	0.03	-0.13***	-0.01	-0.00	0.08*	-0.19***	-0.11**	0.12**	-0.15***	-0.00	1.00		
Bridging Membership	0.08*	-0.04	-0.09*	0.20***	0.13***	0.08*	-0.14***	0.79***	0.03	-0.00	0.19***	0.20***	0.12**	0.09*	-0.02	-0.04	-0.07*	0.02	1.00	
Bonding Membership	0.04	-0.08*	0.06	0.04	-0.01	0.04	-0.00	0.53***	0.02	0.10**	0.17***	0.23***	-0.08*	0.05	0.12**	-0.06	-0.04	0.09*	0.13***	1.00
Share: Life time spent in Germany	0.07	-0.06	-0.54***	0.16***	0.01	0.01	-0.18***	0.17***	-0.04	0.04	0.20***	0.17***	-0.09*	0.09*	-0.07	-0.02	-0.04	0.11**	0.19***	0.02

***: p < 0.001, **: p < 0.01, *: p < 0.05; all AME are rounded to two numbers after the decimal point.

Table OA4. Logistic regression on turnout, different model specifications, Average Marginal Effects

	Without income					With income, without pol. interest					Without income and pol. interest				
	GLES M1	IMGES M2	IMGES M3	IMGES M4	IMGES M5	GLES M1	IMGES M2	IMGES M3	IMGES M4	IMGES M5	GLES M1	IMGES M2	IMGES M3	IMGES M4	IMGES M5
Gender: female	0.01	-0.00		-0.05	0.00	0.00	-0.04		-0.06	-0.04	-0.00	-0.02		-0.05	-0.01
	(0.02)	(0.05)		(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.02)	(0.04)		(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.05)		(0.05)	(0.05)
Age in years	0.36	0.12		1.55*	0.30	0.38	0.76		1.27	1.01	0.40*	0.47		1.55*	0.71
	(0.19)	(0.87)		(0.72)	(0.80)	(0.22)	(0.79)		(0.77)	(0.77)	(0.19)	(0.87)		(0.72)	(0.80)
Age²	-0.00	-0.00		-0.00	-0.00	-0.00	-0.00		-0.00	-0.00	-0.00	-0.00		-0.00	-0.00
	(0.00)	(0.00)		(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)		(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)		(0.00)	(0.00)
Education (base: low)															
Education: middle	0.06*	0.12		0.12	0.12	0.04	0.14*		0.16**	0.16**	0.07*	0.11		0.12	0.11
	(0.03)	(0.06)		(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.03)	(0.06)		(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.03)	(0.06)		(0.06)	(0.06)
Education: high	0.11***	0.13		0.17*	0.12	0.10***	0.18**		0.20**	0.19**	0.12***	0.15*		0.17*	0.14*
	(0.03)	(0.07)		(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.03)	(0.06)		(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.03)	(0.07)		(0.07)	(0.07)
Income log						0.01	-0.01		0.00	-0.01					
						(0.01)	(0.01)		(0.02)	(0.01)					
Origin: West Germany	0.04*	-0.02		-0.03	-0.01	0.03*	-0.09		-0.09	-0.09	0.04*	-0.04		-0.03	-0.03
	(0.02)	(0.09)		(0.09)	(0.08)	(0.02)	(0.07)		(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.02)	(0.09)		(0.09)	(0.08)
Partnership	0.07***	0.10			0.10	0.06**	0.05			0.05	0.07***	0.10			0.10
	(0.02)	(0.06)			(0.06)	(0.02)	(0.05)			(0.05)	(0.02)	(0.06)			(0.06)
Organisation member	0.09	0.01			-0.22	0.12	0.09			-0.01	0.12	0.07			-0.19
	(0.06)	(0.13)			(0.22)	(0.07)	(0.13)			(0.20)	(0.07)	(0.13)			(0.22)
Satisfaction: Democracy	0.06	-0.14			-0.14	0.08*	-0.01			-0.00	0.09*	-0.16			-0.15
	(0.04)	(0.13)			(0.13)	(0.04)	(0.10)			(0.10)	(0.04)	(0.13)			(0.13)
Party identification	0.04*	0.14**			0.12**	0.06**	0.19***			0.18***	0.06**	0.16***			0.15**
	(0.02)	(0.05)			(0.05)	(0.02)	(0.04)			(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.05)			(0.05)
Political interest	0.22***	0.36***			0.35***										
	(0.04)	(0.10)			(0.09)										
Internal political efficacy	-0.01	0.13			0.11	0.06	0.08			0.07	0.07	0.21*			0.19*
	(0.04)	(0.10)			(0.10)	(0.05)	(0.08)			(0.08)	(0.04)	(0.09)			(0.09)
Social trust	-0.01	0.10			0.09	-0.02	0.14			0.13	-0.03	0.11			0.09
	(0.04)	(0.09)			(0.09)	(0.04)	(0.09)			(0.09)	(0.04)	(0.09)			(0.09)
IDF (base: more foreign)															
no identification			0.08	0.05	0.03			0.09	0.09	0.10			0.08	0.05	0.05
			(0.09)	(0.08)	(0.08)			(0.09)	(0.08)	(0.07)			(0.09)	(0.08)	(0.08)

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more German			0.16**	0.14*	0.10			0.17**	0.13*	0.09			0.16**	0.14*	0.11*
			(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.05)			(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.06)			(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.06)
dual identity			0.12	0.10	0.07			0.11	0.09	0.05			0.12	0.10	0.07
			(0.07)	(0.06)	(0.06)			(0.07)	(0.06)	(0.06)			(0.07)	(0.06)	(0.06)
Discrimination index: Average frequency			0.04	0.05	0.06			0.00	0.00	0.02			0.04	0.05	0.05
			(0.10)	(0.09)	(0.09)			(0.10)	(0.09)	(0.08)			(0.10)	(0.09)	(0.09)
Bridging Capital			0.22	0.13	0.28			0.21	0.13	0.13			0.22	0.13	0.30
			(0.16)	(0.16)	(0.25)			(0.18)	(0.16)	(0.25)			(0.16)	(0.16)	(0.25)
Bonding Capital			0.17	0.14	0.15			0.13	0.07	0.00			0.17	0.14	0.16
			(0.19)	(0.18)	(0.24)			(0.18)	(0.18)	(0.24)			(0.19)	(0.18)	(0.24)
Time spent in Germany			0.11	0.18	0.12			0.06	0.13	0.11			0.11	0.18	0.14
			(0.13)	(0.16)	(0.16)			(0.12)	(0.15)	(0.13)			(0.13)	(0.16)	(0.15)
Group (base: Turkish)			0.01	0.00	0.02			-0.01	-0.03	-0.03			0.01	0.00	0.01
			(0.07)	(0.08)	(0.07)			(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.07)			(0.07)	(0.08)	(0.07)
N	1654	832	832	832	832	1430	750	750	750	750	1654	832	832	832	832
Mc Fadden's R²	0.22	0.12	0.03	0.06	0.13	0.15	0.10	0.03	0.07	0.11	0.17	0.09	0.03	0.06	0.10
Mc Fadden's Adj R²	0.19	0.09	0.01	0.03	0.08	0.12	0.07	0.01	0.03	0.06	0.15	0.06	0.01	0.03	0.06
AIC	858	943	1025	1007	948	786	841	896	873	844	902	971	1025	1007	973
BIC	934	1009	1067	1078	1052	860	905	938	947	946	972	1033	1067	1078	1072

***: p < 0.001, **: p < 0.01, *: p < 0.05; Standard error in parentheses; all AME are rounded to two numbers after the decimal point.

Table OA5. Logistic regression on turnout, different operationalizations for ethnic organizations, Average Marginal Effects

	Ethnic organizations – bridging and bonding separate		Difference between bonding and bridging		Ratio bonding on all ethnic organizational memberships	
	Baseline (M3)	Full (M5)	Baseline (M3b)	Full (M5b)	Baseline (M3c)	Full (M5c)
Gender: female		-0.03		-0.03		-0.03
		(0.04)		(0.04)		(0.04)
Age in years		0.65		0.67		0.70
		(0.75)		(0.75)		(0.76)
Age squared		-0.00		-0.00		-0.00
		(0.00)		(0.00)		(0.00)
Education (base: low)						
Education: middle		0.16**		0.16**		0.16**
		(0.06)		(0.06)		(0.06)
Education: high		0.17*		0.17*		0.17*
		(0.07)		(0.07)		(0.07)
Income log		-0.01		-0.01		-0.01
		(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.01)
Origin: West Germany		-0.07		-0.07		-0.06
		(0.07)		(0.07)		(0.07)
		(0.13)		(0.13)		(0.14)
Partnership		0.05		0.05		0.04
		(0.05)		(0.05)		(0.05)
Index: Organizational Membership 5		-0.06		-0.01		-0.00
		(0.20)		(0.13)		(0.13)
Satisfaction: Democracy		0.02		0.02		0.02
		(0.10)		(0.10)		(0.10)
Party identification		0.15***		0.15***		0.15***
		(0.04)		(0.04)		(0.04)
Political interest		0.38***		0.38***		0.38***
		(0.09)		(0.09)		(0.09)
Internal political efficacy		-0.02		-0.02		-0.03
		(0.08)		(0.08)		(0.08)
Social trust		0.14		0.14		0.15
		(0.09)		(0.09)		(0.09)
Identification (base: more foreign)						
no identification		0.08		0.08		0.09
		(0.07)		(0.07)		(0.07)
more German		0.07		0.07		0.08
		(0.06)		(0.06)		(0.06)
dual identity		0.06		0.06		0.07
		(0.06)		(0.06)		(0.06)
Discrimination index: Average frequency		0.01		0.01		0.01
		(0.03)		(0.03)		(0.03)
Share: Life time spent in Germany		0.06		0.06		0.08
Index: Bonding	0.01	-0.00				
	(0.03)	(0.04)				
Index: Bridging	0.04	0.02				
	(0.03)	(0.04)				
Difference Bonding-Bridging			-0.02	-0.01		
			(0.02)	(0.02)		

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Share Bonding at all Memberships (Bonding+Bridging)					0.02	0.04
					(0.07)	(0.06)
Group	-0.04	-0.03	-0.05	-0.03	-0.04	-0.02
	(0.05)	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.06)
N	750	750	750	750	750	750
McFadden's R²	0.01	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.15
McFadden's Adj R²	-0.00	0.10	-0.00	0.10	-0.00	0.10
AIC	903	815	905	813	906	813
BIC	921	921	918	915	920	915

***: p < 0.001, **: p < 0.01, *: p < 0.05; Standard error in parentheses; Model 3b and 5b: Difference bonding-bridging, positive value denotes more activities with members of the own ethnic community, negative values more activities with members of other groups. Model 3c and 5c: Share of bonding activities at all organizational memberships, the higher the value, the more of one's activies are with members of the same ethnic group.

Table OA6. Logistic regression on turnout, different operationalizations for discrimination, Average Marginal Effects

	Discrimination: mean index		Group-based discrimination		Individual-level discrimination	
	Baseline (M3)	Full (M5)	Baseline (M3d)	Full (M5d)	Baseline (M3e)	Full (M5e)
Gender: female		-0.03		-0.03		-0.04
		(0.04)		(0.04)		(0.04)
Age in years		0.65		0.65		0.65
		(0.75)		(0.75)		(0.75)
Age squared		-0.00		-0.00		-0.00
		(0.00)		(0.00)		(0.00)
Education (base: low)						
Education: middle		0.16**		0.16*		0.15*
		(0.06)		(0.06)		(0.06)
Education: high		0.17*		0.17*		0.16*
		(0.07)		(0.07)		(0.07)
Income log		-0.01		-0.01		-0.01
		(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.01)
Origin: West Germany		-0.07		-0.07		-0.07
		(0.07)		(0.07)		(0.07)
Partnership		0.05		0.05		0.05
		(0.05)		(0.05)		(0.05)
Index: Organizational Membership 5		-0.06		-0.06		-0.05
		(0.20)		(0.20)		(0.21)
Satisfaction: Democracy		0.02		0.02		0.03
		(0.10)		(0.10)		(0.10)
Party identification		0.15***		0.15***		0.16***
		(0.04)		(0.04)		(0.04)
Political interest		0.38***		0.38***		0.37***
		(0.09)		(0.09)		(0.09)
Internal political efficacy		-0.02		-0.02		-0.02
		(0.08)		(0.08)		(0.08)
Social trust		0.14		0.14		0.13
		(0.09)		(0.09)		(0.09)
Identification (base: more foreign)						
no identification		0.08		0.08		0.08
		(0.07)		(0.07)		(0.07)
more German		0.07		0.08		0.07
		(0.06)		(0.06)		(0.06)
dual identity		0.06		0.06		0.06
		(0.06)		(0.06)		(0.06)
Index: Bridging		0.02		0.02		0.02
		(0.04)		(0.04)		(0.04)
Index: Bonding		-0.00		-0.00		-0.01
		(0.04)		(0.04)		(0.04)
Share: Life time spent in Germany		0.06		0.06		0.07
		(0.13)		(0.13)		(0.13)
Discrimination index: Average frequency	-0.01	0.01				
	(0.03)	(0.03)				
Group-based discrimination			-0.01	0.03		
			(0.06)	(0.05)		
Political discrimination-Individual level					-0.13	-0.10

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					(0.08)	(0.08)
Societal discrimination - Individual level					0.10	0.10
					(0.07)	(0.07)
Group	-0.05	-0.03	-0.05	-0.02	-0.05	-0.02
	(0.05)	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.06)	(0.05)	(0.06)
N	750	750	750	750	750	750
McFadden's R²	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.01	0.15
McFadden's Adj R²	-0.00	0.10	-0.00	0.10	-0.00	0.10
AIC	906	815	906	814	903	813
BIC	920	921	920	921	922	924

***: $p < 0.001$, **: $p < 0.01$, *: $p < 0.05$; Standard error in parentheses; all AME are rounded to two numbers after the decimal point.;Model 3d and 5d: Only includes the first question: do you feel as part of a discriminated group (yes/now); Model 3e and 5e: Mean index: Average frequency from Model 3 and 5 devided into two domains, counted for political: governmental institutions, police; for societal discrimination: looking for a flat/appartment, work life, looking for work

Table OA7. Logistic regression on turnout, separate estimations by immigrant generation, Average Marginal Effects

	All: first generation	All: second generation
Gender: female	-0.02	0.06
	(0.05)	(0.07)
Age in years	0.92	1.09
	(0.83)	(1.57)
Age squared	-0.00	-0.00
	(0.00)	(0.00)
Education (base: low)		
Education: middle	0.09	0.27
	(0.06)	(0.15)
Education: high	0.05	0.42**
	(0.07)	(0.13)
Income log	0.01	-0.04**
	(0.02)	(0.01)
Origin: West Germany	-0.11	0.01
	(0.08)	(0.10)
Partnership	0.07	-0.01
	(0.05)	(0.07)
Index: Organizational Membership 5	-0.30	0.34
	(0.26)	(0.36)
Satisfaction: Democracy	-0.03	-0.05
	(0.11)	(0.15)
Party identification	0.10*	0.21***
	(0.05)	(0.05)
Political interest	0.49***	0.06
	(0.11)	(0.13)
Internal political efficacy	0.06	-0.08
	(0.10)	(0.13)
Social trust	0.19	0.18
	(0.10)	(0.11)
Identification (base: more foreign)		
no identification	0.13	-0.03
	(0.07)	(0.10)
more German	0.08	0.04
	(0.06)	(0.09)
dual identity	0.03	0.07
	(0.08)	(0.08)
Discrimination index: Average frequency	0.00	-0.03
	(0.04)	(0.03)
Index: Bridging Organizational Membership	0.04	0.02
	(0.05)	(0.07)
Index: Bonding Organizational Membership	0.01	-0.01
	(0.04)	(0.09)
Share: Life time spent in Germany	0.11	
	(0.15)	
Group	0.02	-0.03
	(0.07)	(0.11)
N	562	188
McFadden's R²	0.16	0.35
McFadden's Adj R²	0.09	0.17
AIC	597	205
BIC	697	276

***: $p < 0.001$, **: $p < 0.01$, *: $p < 0.05$; Standard error in parentheses; all AME are rounded to two numbers after the decimal point.

Table OA8. Logistic regression on turnout, unweighted regression analyses, Average Marginal Effects

	Base Model M3	Model 4 with sociodem. indicators	Full Model 5
Gender: female		0.01	0.06
		(0.03)	(0.03)
Age in years		1.11*	0.29
		(0.54)	(0.53)
Age squared		-0.00	-0.00
		(0.00)	(0.00)
Education (base: low)			
Education: middle		0.14**	0.11**
		(0.04)	(0.04)
Education: high		0.22***	0.15***
		(0.04)	(0.04)
Income log		0.01	0.00
		(0.01)	(0.01)
Origin: West Germany		0.00	-0.01
		(0.07)	(0.07)
Partnership			0.06
			(0.04)
Index: Organizational Membership 5			0.04
			(0.18)
Satisfaction: Democracy			-0.04
			(0.07)
Party identification			0.13***
			(0.03)
Political interest			0.44***
			(0.07)
Internal political efficacy			0.07
			(0.06)
Social trust			0.15*
			(0.06)
Identification (base: more foreign)			
no identification	0.06	0.05	0.05
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
more German	0.09*	0.06	0.03
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)
dual identity	0.04	0.04	0.01
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.04)
Discrimination index: Average frequency	-0.02	-0.02	-0.01
	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)
Index: Bridging Organizational Membership	0.08***	0.07**	0.03
	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.03)
Index: Bonding Organizational Membership	0.05*	0.05	0.02
	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Share: Life time spent in Germany	0.12	0.22*	0.15
	(0.08)	(0.10)	(0.10)
Group	0.01	0.01	0.02
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
N	750	750	750
McFadden's R²	0.04	0.07	0.17
McFadden's Adj R²	0.02	0.04	0.12
AIC	930	911	833
BIC	971	985	939

***: $p < 0.001$, **: $p < 0.01$, *: $p < 0.05$; Standard error in parentheses; all AME are rounded to two numbers after the decimal point.

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Table OA9. Logistic regression on turnout, combined analyses for native and immigrant-origin voters, Average Marginal Effects

	Baseline model	Model with sociodemographic indicators	Full model M1 / M2
Group (base: natives)			
Turkish descent	-0.17***	-0.15***	-0.19***
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)
Post-Soviet descent	-0.21***	-0.22***	-0.22***
	(0.03)	(0.04)	(0.04)
Gender: female		-0.03	-0.00
		(0.02)	(0.02)
Age in years		0.83***	0.31
		(0.24)	(0.26)
Age squared		-0.00**	-0.00
		(0.00)	(0.00)
Education (base: low)			
Education: middle		0.12***	0.09**
		(0.03)	(0.03)
Education: high		0.19***	0.14***
		(0.03)	(0.03)
Origin: West Germany		0.04	0.03
		(0.03)	(0.03)
Partnership			0.09***
			(0.02)
Index: Organizational Membership 5			0.08
			(0.07)
Satisfaction: Democracy			0.02
			(0.05)
Party identification			0.09***
			(0.02)
Internal political efficacy			0.13**
			(0.04)
Social trust			0.00
			(0.04)
N	2486	2486	2486
McFadden's R²	0.06	0.11	0.16
McFadden's Adj R²	0.06	0.10	0.15
AIC	2100	1995	1892
BIC	2117	2048	1979

***: $p < 0.001$, **: $p < 0.01$, *: $p < 0.05$; Standard error in parentheses; all AME are rounded to two numbers after the decimal point.