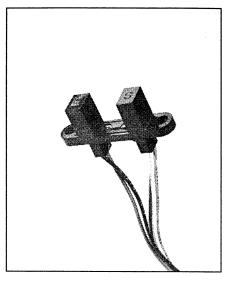
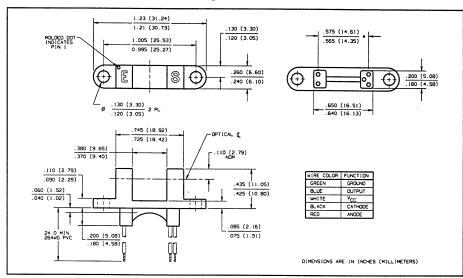


# Photologic® Slotted Optical Switches Types OPB900W, OPB910W "Wide Gap" Series





### **Features**

- 0.375" (9.53 mm) wide gap
- · Choice of aperture
- Choice of output configuration
- Choice of opaque or IR transmissive shell material
- Data rates to 250 kBaud
- 24" min, 26AWG wire leads

## Description

The OPB900W and OPB910W series of Photologic® Photo Integrated Circuit Switches provide optimum flexibility for the design engineer. Building from a standard housing with a 0.375" (9.53 mm) wide slot, the user can specify (1) type and polarity of TTL output and (2) discrete shell material.

The electrical output can be specified as either TTL totem pole or TTL open collector. Either may be supplied with inverter or buffer output polarity. All have added stability of a built-in hysteresis amplifier.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>A</sub> = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

Supply Voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (Not to exceed 3 sec.)	10 V
Storage Temperature Range	
Operating Temperature Range40	0° C to +70° C
Input Diode Power Dissipation	100 mW <sup>(1)</sup>
Output Photologic® Power Dissipation	200 mW <sup>(2)</sup>
Total Device Power Dissipation	
Voltage at Output Lead (Open Collector Output)	35 V
Diode Forward D.C. Current	40 mA
Diode Reverse D.C. Voltage	2 V
Notes:	

Derate linearly 2.22 mW/° C above 25° C.
Derate linearly 4.44 mW/° C above 25° C.
Derate linearly 6.66 mW/° C above 25° C.
The OPB900W/OPB910W series are terminated with 24 inches of 7 strand 26 AWG, UL 1429 insulated wire on each terminal. Insulation function and colors are:

Red - IRED Anode Black - IRED Cathode

White - Vcc Blue - Output Green - Ground

Other wire lengths and/or colors in addition to customer selected connectors are available. Contact your local representative or call the factory.

Normal application would be with light source blocked, simulated by  $I_F = 0$  mA.

All parameters tested using pulse technique.

Methanol and isopropanol are recommended as cleaning agents. Housings are soluble in chlorinated hydrocarbons and ketones.



For RoHS compliant devices add "Z" to the end of the part number: OPB900W55Z

# Types OPB900W, OPB910W Series

Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>A</sub> = -40° C to +70° C unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
put Diode	9						
VF	Forward Voltage			1.7	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{ C}$	
IR	Reverse Current			100	μΑ	$V_R = 2 V, T_A = 25^{\circ} C$	
utput Pho	otologic <sup>®</sup> Sensor						
Vcc	Operating D.C. Supply Voltage	4.75		5.25	V		
ICCL	Low Level Supply Current: Buffered Totem-Pole Output Buffered Open-Collector Output			15	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA <sup>(5)</sup>	
	Inverted Totem-Pole Output Inverted Open-Collector Output			15	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA	
Іссн	High Level Supply Current: Buffered Totem-Pole Output Buffered Open-Collector Output			15	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA	
	Inverted Totem-Pole Output Inverted Open-Collector Output			15	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA <sup>(5)</sup>	
VoL	Low Level Output Voltage: Buffered Totem-Pole Output Buffered Open-Collector Output			0.4	V	$V_{CC} = 4.75 \text{ V}, I_{OL} = 12.8 \text{ mA}$ $I_F = 0 \text{ mA}^{(5)}$	
	Inverted Totem-Pole Output Inverted Open-Collector Output			0.4	V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 12.8 mA I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA	
Vон	High Level Output Voltage: Buffered Totem-Pole Output	2.4			V	$V_{CC} = 4.75 \text{ V}, I_{OH} = -800 \mu\text{A}$ $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	
	Inverted Totem-Pole Output	2.4			٧	$V_{CC} = 4.75 \text{ V}, I_{OH} = -800 \mu\text{A}$ $I_F = 0 \text{ mA}^{(5)}$	
Іон	High Level Output Current: Buffered Open-Collector Output			100	μΑ	$V_{CC} = 4.75 \text{ V}, V_{OH} = 30 \text{ V}$ $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{ C}$	
	Inverted Open-Collector Output			100	μА	$V_{CC} = 4.75 \text{ V}, V_{OH} = 30 \text{ V}$ I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 25° C	
l <sub>F</sub> (+)	LED Positive-Going Threshold Current			20	mA	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{ C}$	
I <sub>F</sub> (+)/I <sub>F</sub> (-)	Hysteresis		2.0			V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	
los	Short Circuit Output Current: Buffered Totem-Pole Output	-30		-100	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA Output = GND	
	Inverted Totem-Pole Output	-30		-100	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA Output = GND	
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Output Rise Time, Output Fall Time		70		ns	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25° C	
tpLH, tpHL	Propagation Delay Low-High & High-Low		5.0		μs	$I_F = 0$ or 20 mA $R_L = 8$ TTL Loads (Totem-Pole $R_L = 360 \Omega$ (Open-Collector)	

## Housing

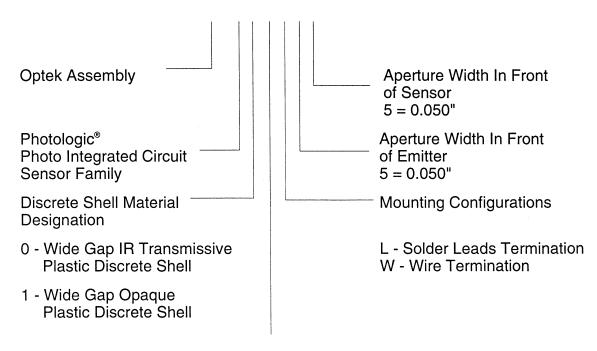
All housings are an opaque grade of injection-molded plastic to minimize the assembly's sensitivity to ambient radiation, both visible and near-infrared. Discrete shells (exposed on the parallel faces inside the device throat) are either IR transmissive plastic for applications where aperture contamination may occur or opaque plastic for maximum protection against ambient light.

Optek reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve design and to supply the best product possible.



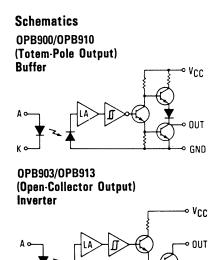
## PART NUMBER GUIDE

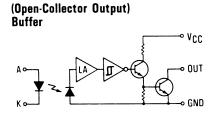
OPB 9 X X X X X



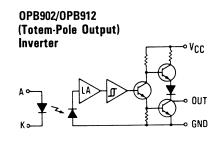
**Electrical Specification Variations** 

- 0 Buffered Totem-Pole Output
- 1 Buffered Open-Collector Output
- 2 Inverted Totem-Pole Output
- 3 Inverted Open-Collector Output





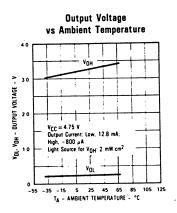
OPB901/OPB911



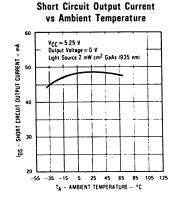
GND

# Types OPB900W, OPB910W Series

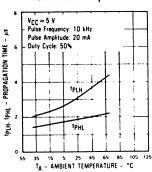
## **Typical Performance Curves**



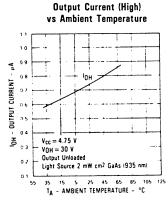
## OPB900L, OPB902L, OPB910L, OPB912L



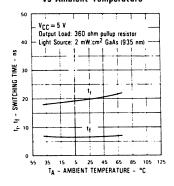
All Assemblies Propagation Time vs Ambient Temperature



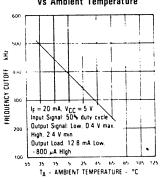
## OPB901L, OPB903L, OPB911L, OPB913L



Rise Time and Fall Time vs Ambient Temperature

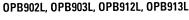


Data Rate vs Ambient Temperature

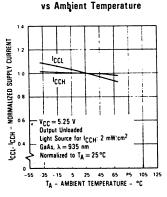


## OPB900L, OPB901L, OPB910L, OPB911L

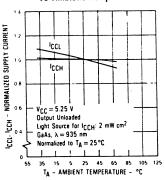
Normalized Supply Current



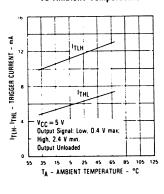
All Assemblies



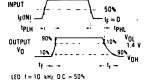
Normalized Supply Current vs Ambient Temperature



Trigger Current vs Ambient Temperature



## Switching Test Curve for Buffers



Switching Test Curve for Inverters

