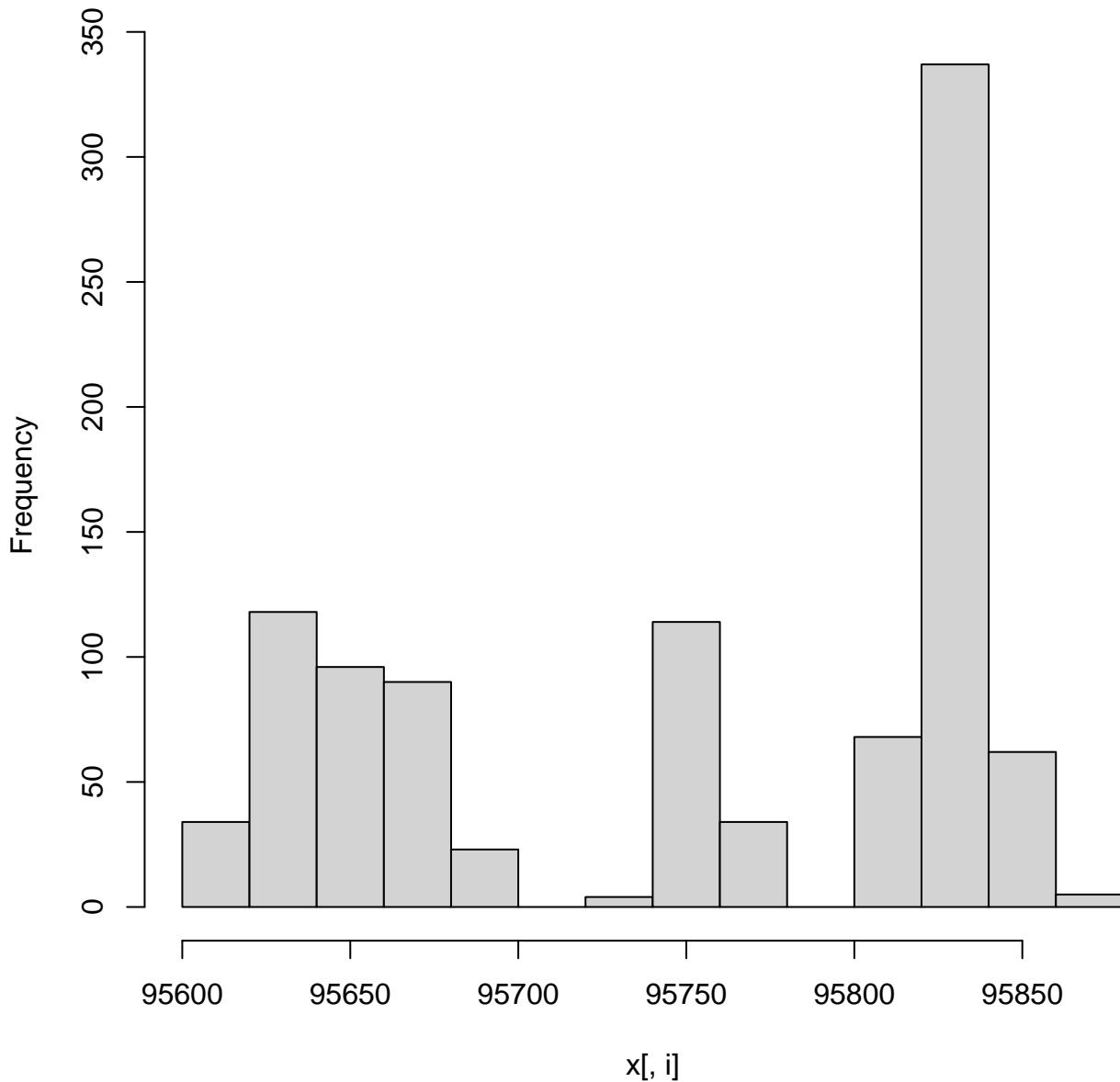
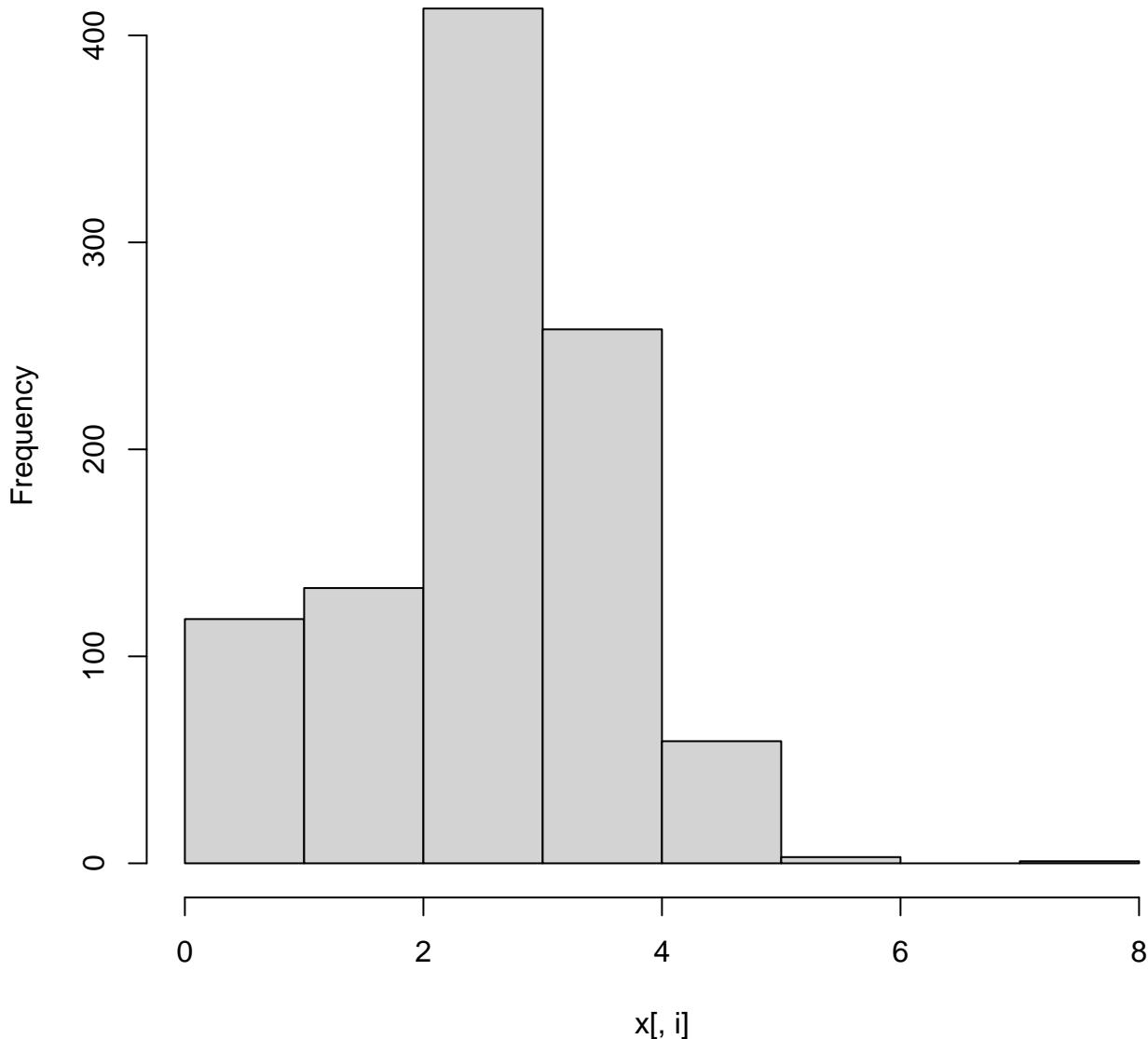


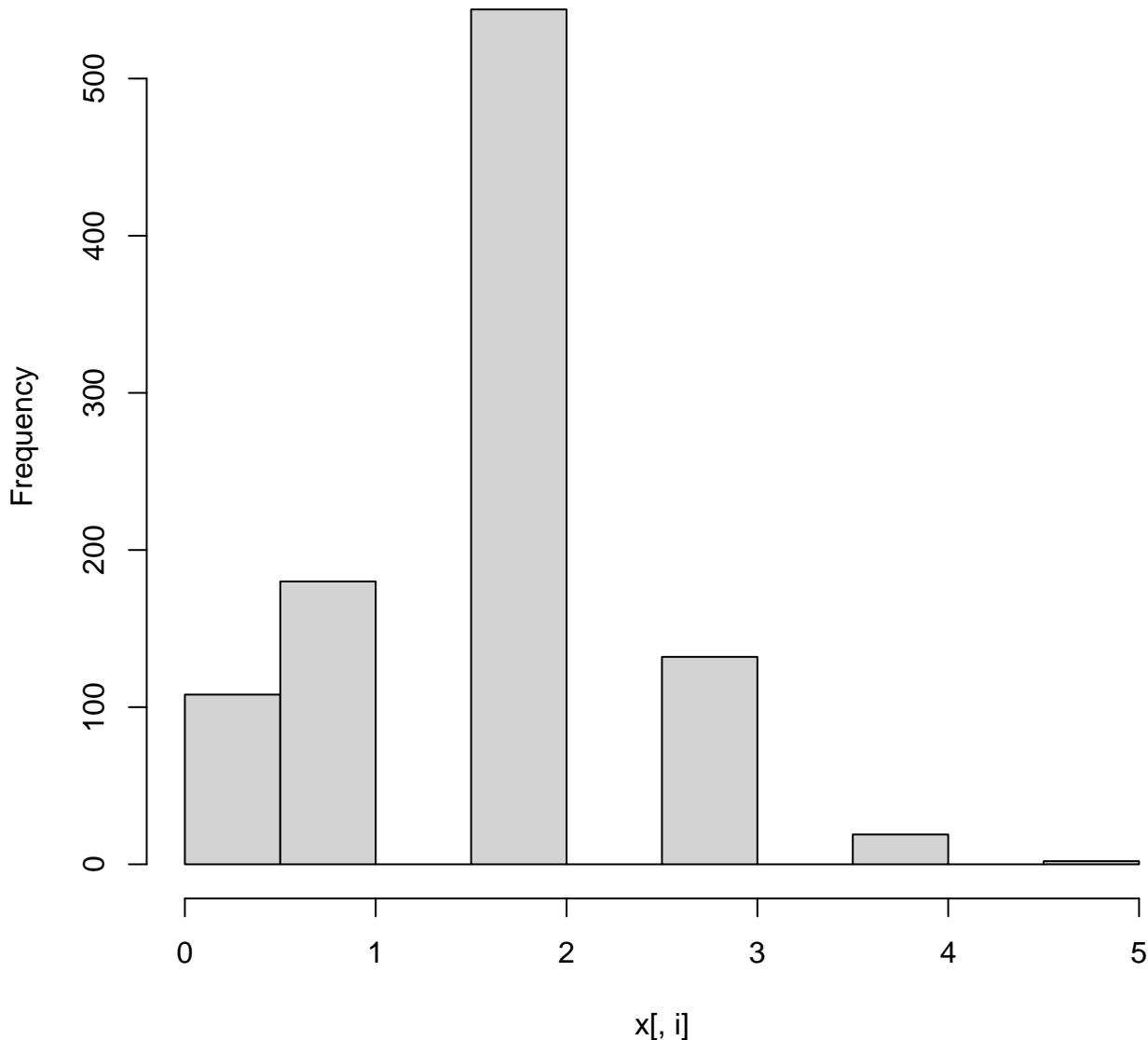
# Histogram of zip



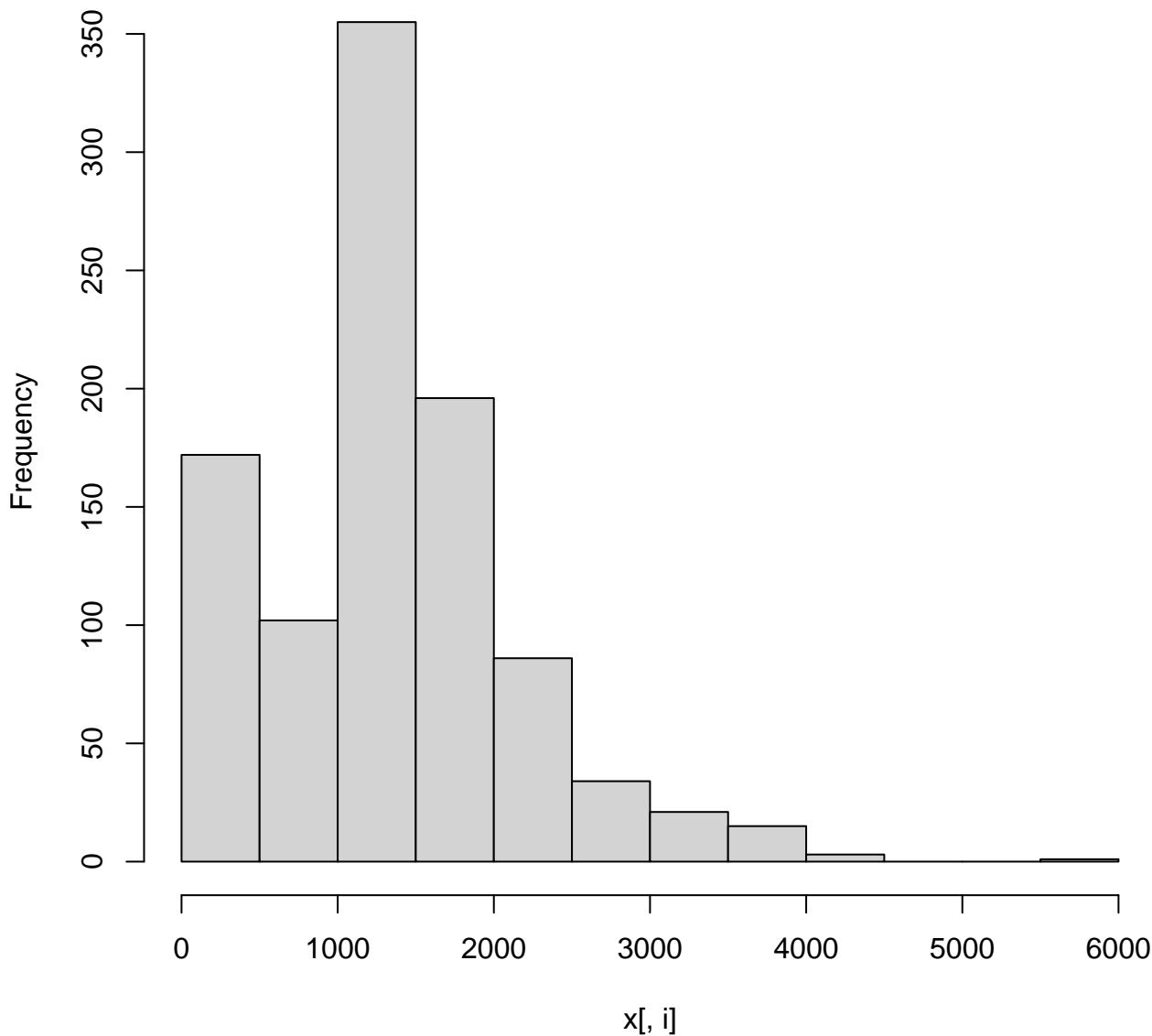
## Histogram of beds



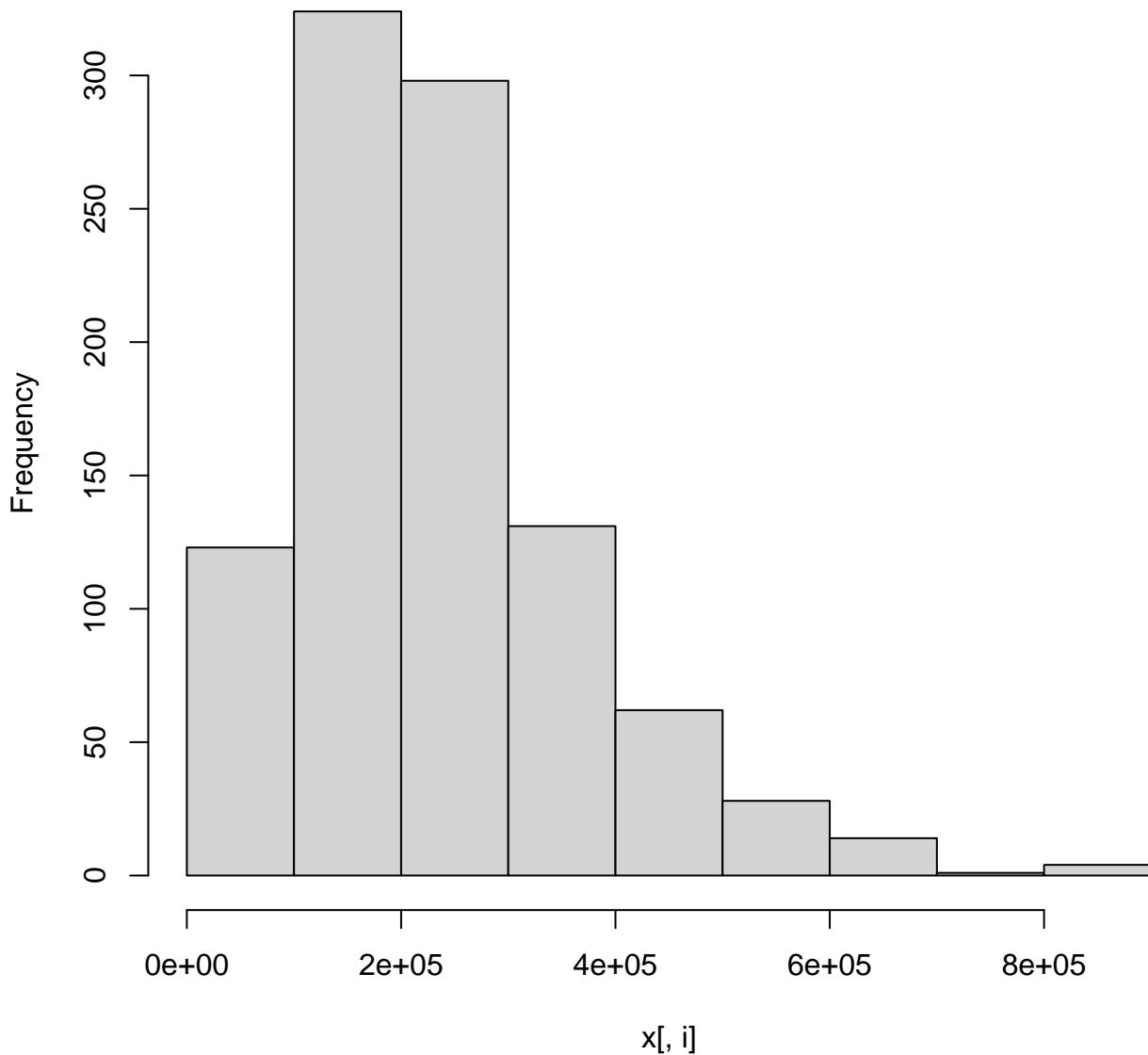
## Histogram of baths



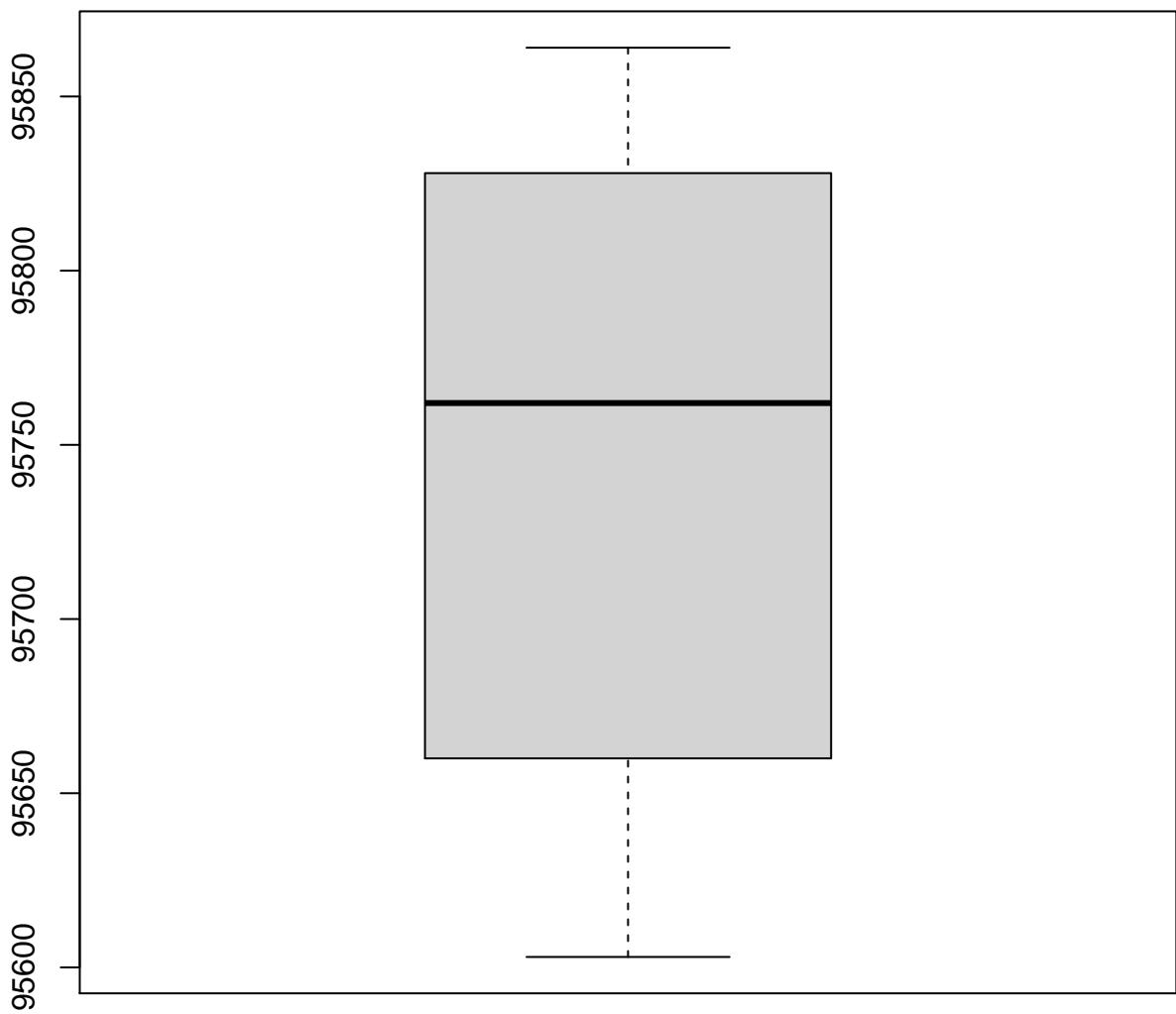
### Histogram of sq\_ft



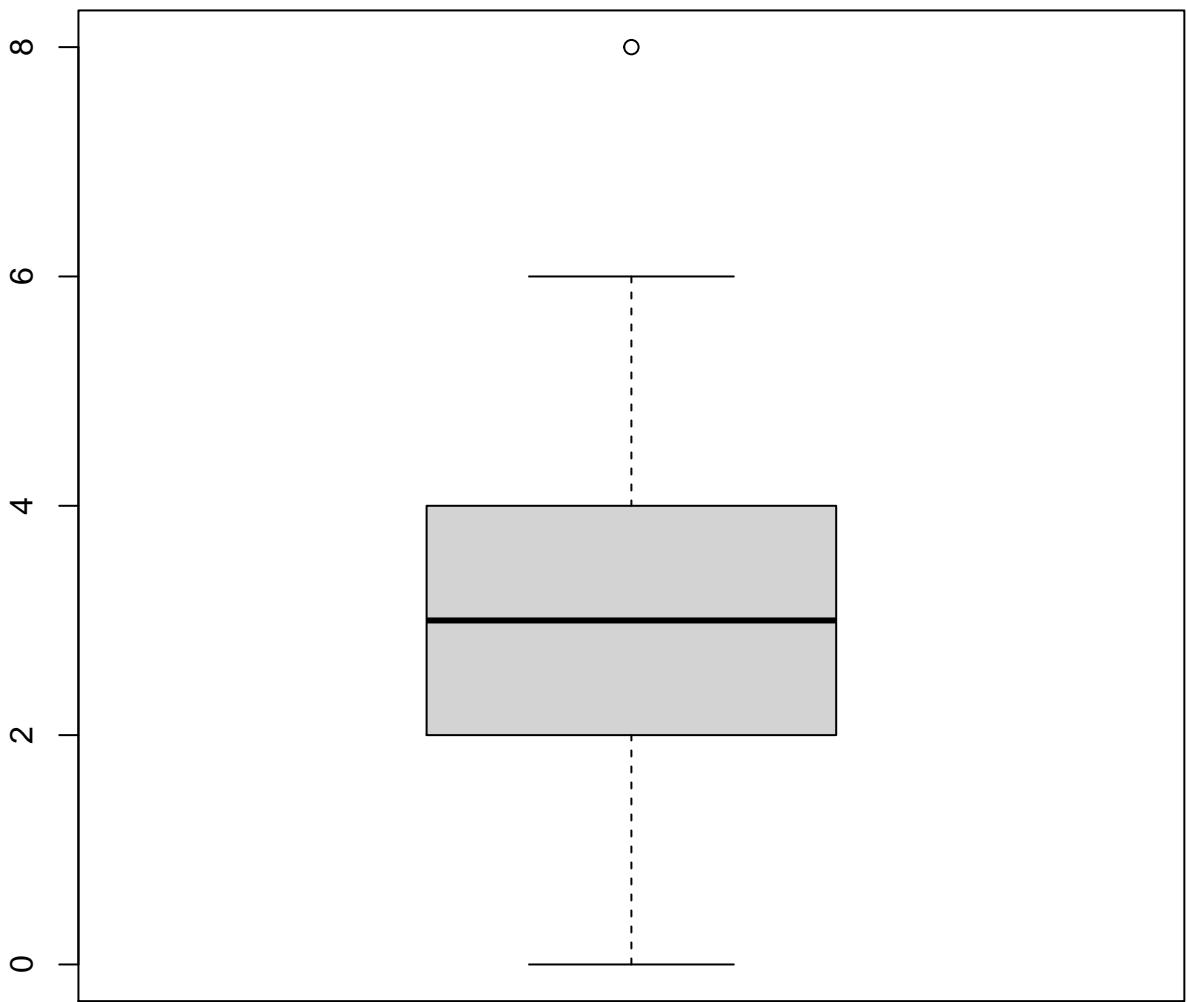
# Histogram of price



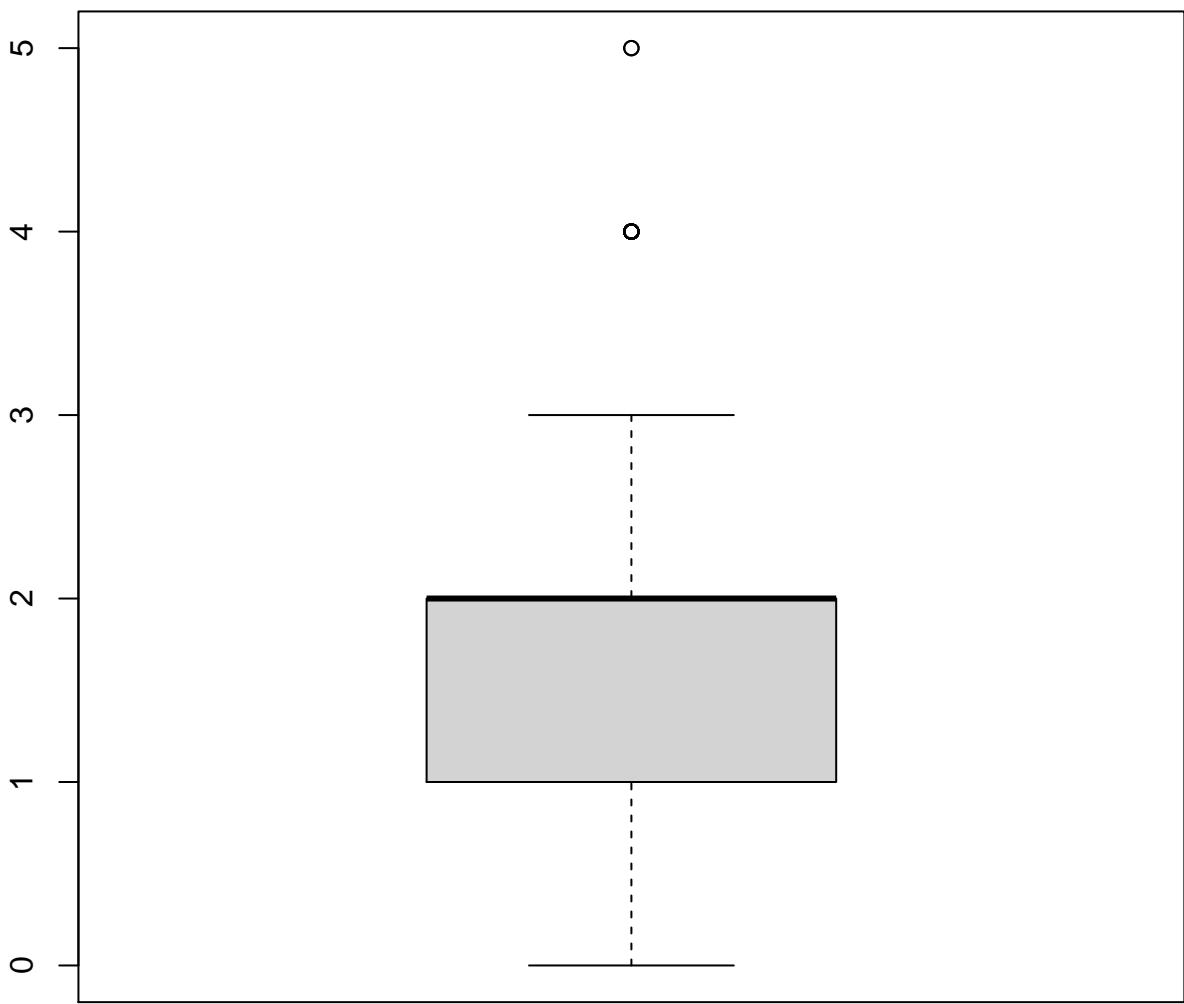
### Boxplot of zip



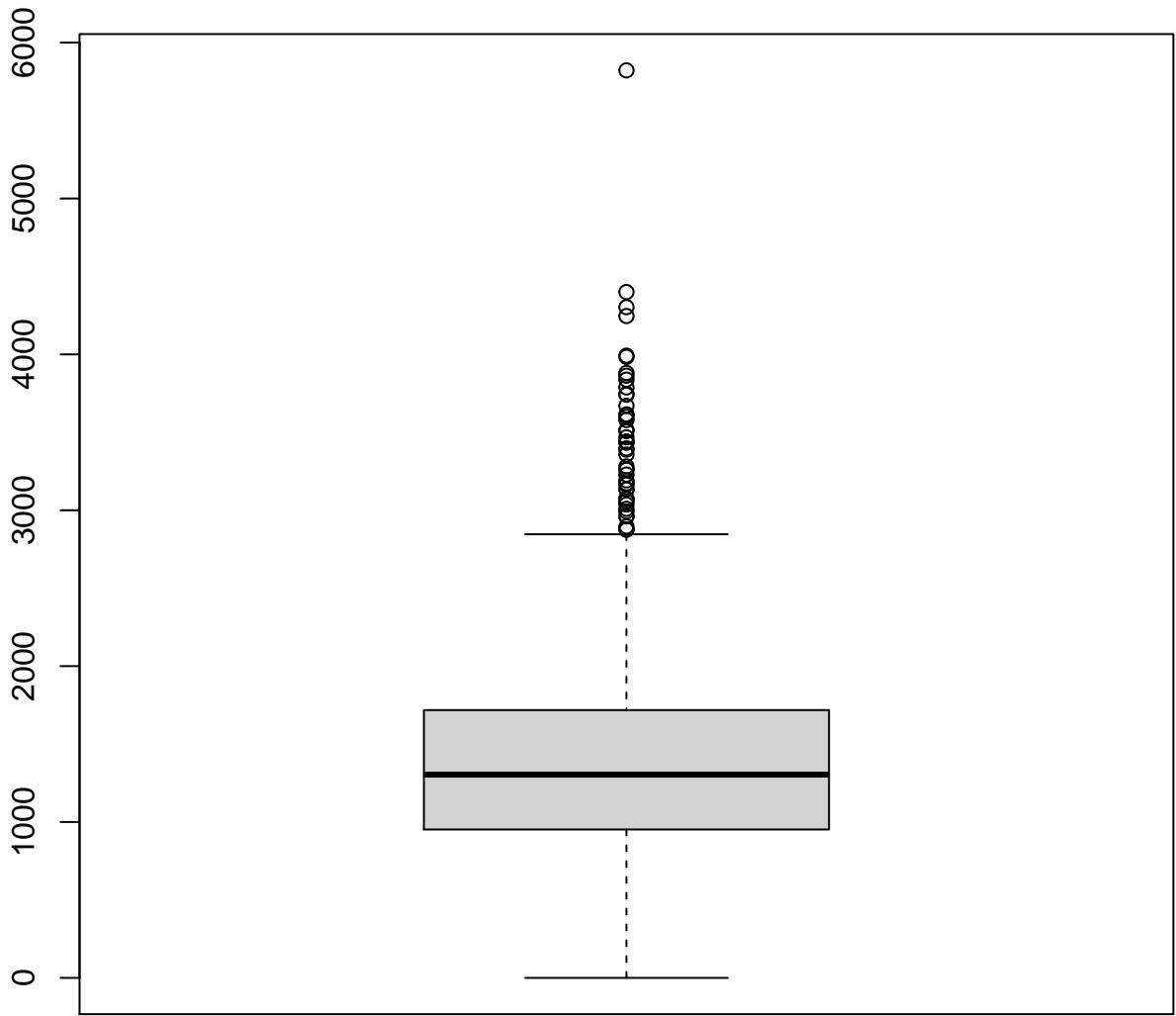
### Boxplot of beds



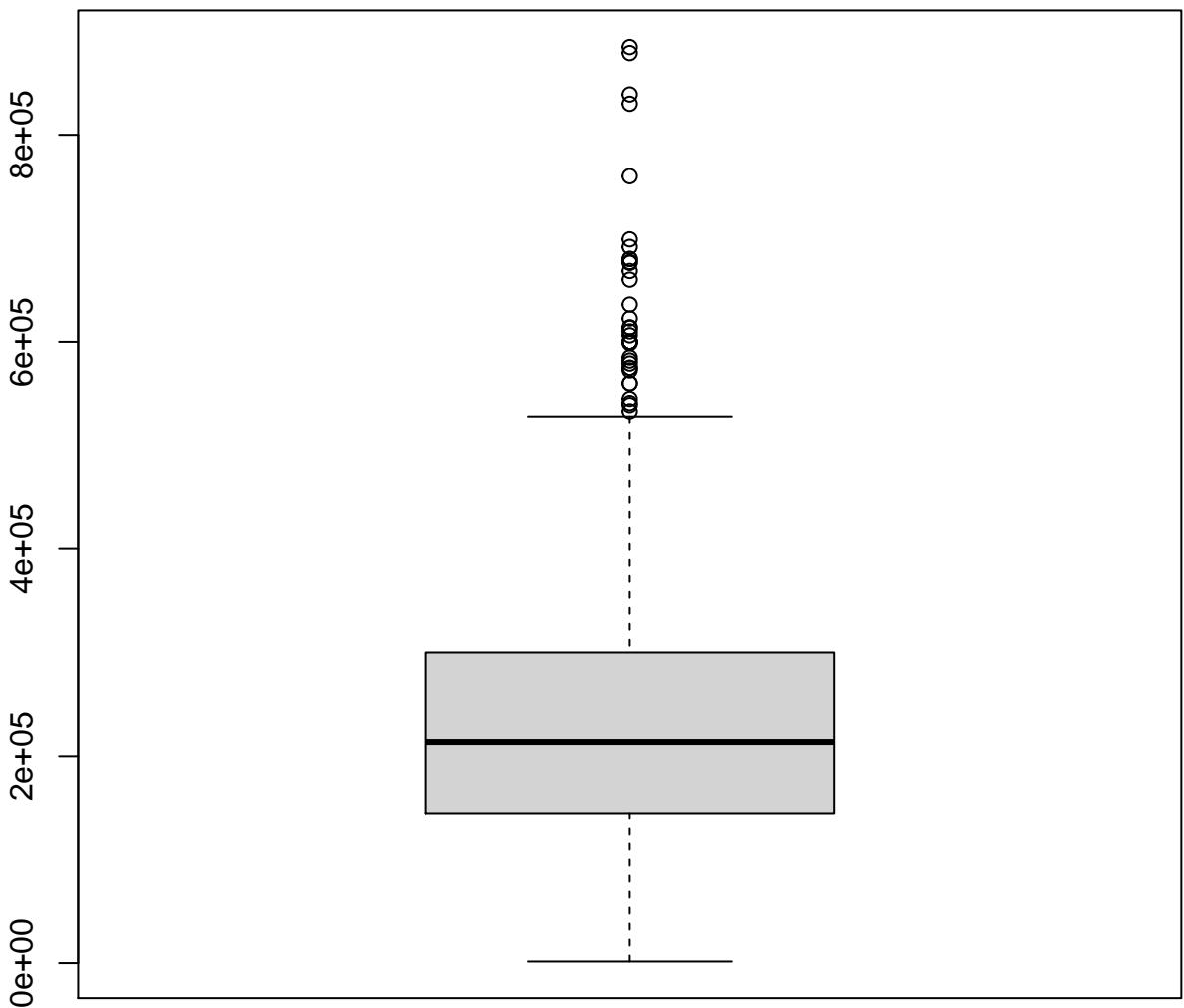
## Boxplot of baths



### Boxplot of sq\_ft



### Boxplot of price



	<b>Mean</b>	<b>Median</b>	<b>Variance</b>	<b>Standard_Deviation</b>
<i>zip</i>	95750.6974619289	95762	7254.96325574677	85.1760720845166

	<b>Mean</b>	<b>Median</b>	<b>Variance</b>	<b>Standard_Deviation</b>
<i>beds</i>	2.91167512690355	3	1.71068672361851	1.30793223204358

	<b>Mean</b>	<b>Median</b>	<b>Variance</b>	<b>Standard_Deviation</b>
<i>baths</i>	1.77664974619289	2	0.801689983904915	0.895371422318646

	<b>Mean</b>	<b>Median</b>	<b>Variance</b>	<b>Standard_Deviation</b>
<i>sq_ft</i>	1314.91675126904	1304	727691.304038216	853.048242503444

	<b>Mean</b>	<b>Median</b>	<b>Variance</b>	<b>Standard_Deviation</b>
price	234144.263959391	213750	19145105425.6762	138365.839084928

# P Value

A p value greater than 0.05 indicates normal distribution.

For  $p>0.05$  look at Pearson Correlation Matrix

For  $p<0.05$  and big dataset look at Spearman

For  $p<0.05$  and small dataset look at Kendall

P\_value of column zip is 6.05602970270439e-31

# P Value

A p value greater than 0.05 indicates normal distribution.

For  $p > 0.05$  look at Pearson Correlation Matrix

For  $p < 0.05$  and big dataset look at Spearman

For  $p < 0.05$  and small dataset look at Kendall

P\_value of column beds is 1.17002599620986e-28

# P Value

A p value greater than 0.05 indicates normal distribution.

For  $p > 0.05$  look at Pearson Correlation Matrix

For  $p < 0.05$  and big dataset look at Spearman

For  $p < 0.05$  and small dataset look at Kendall

P\_value of column baths is 3.44166752249252e-29

# P Value

A p value greater than 0.05 indicates normal distribution.

For  $p > 0.05$  look at Pearson Correlation Matrix

For  $p < 0.05$  and big dataset look at Spearman

For  $p < 0.05$  and small dataset look at Kendall

P\_value of column sq\_ft is 1.95232021688447e-20

# P Value

A p value greater than 0.05 indicates normal distribution.

For  $p > 0.05$  look at Pearson Correlation Matrix

For  $p < 0.05$  and big dataset look at Spearman

For  $p < 0.05$  and small dataset look at Kendall

P\_value of column price is 6.81375758891852e-20

# P Value

A p value greater than 0.05 indicates normal distribution.

For  $p > 0.05$  look at Pearson Correlation Matrix

For  $p < 0.05$  and big dataset look at Spearman

For  $p < 0.05$  and small dataset look at Kendall

P\_value of column latitude is 2.7652261518004e-10

# P Value

A p value greater than 0.05 indicates normal distribution.

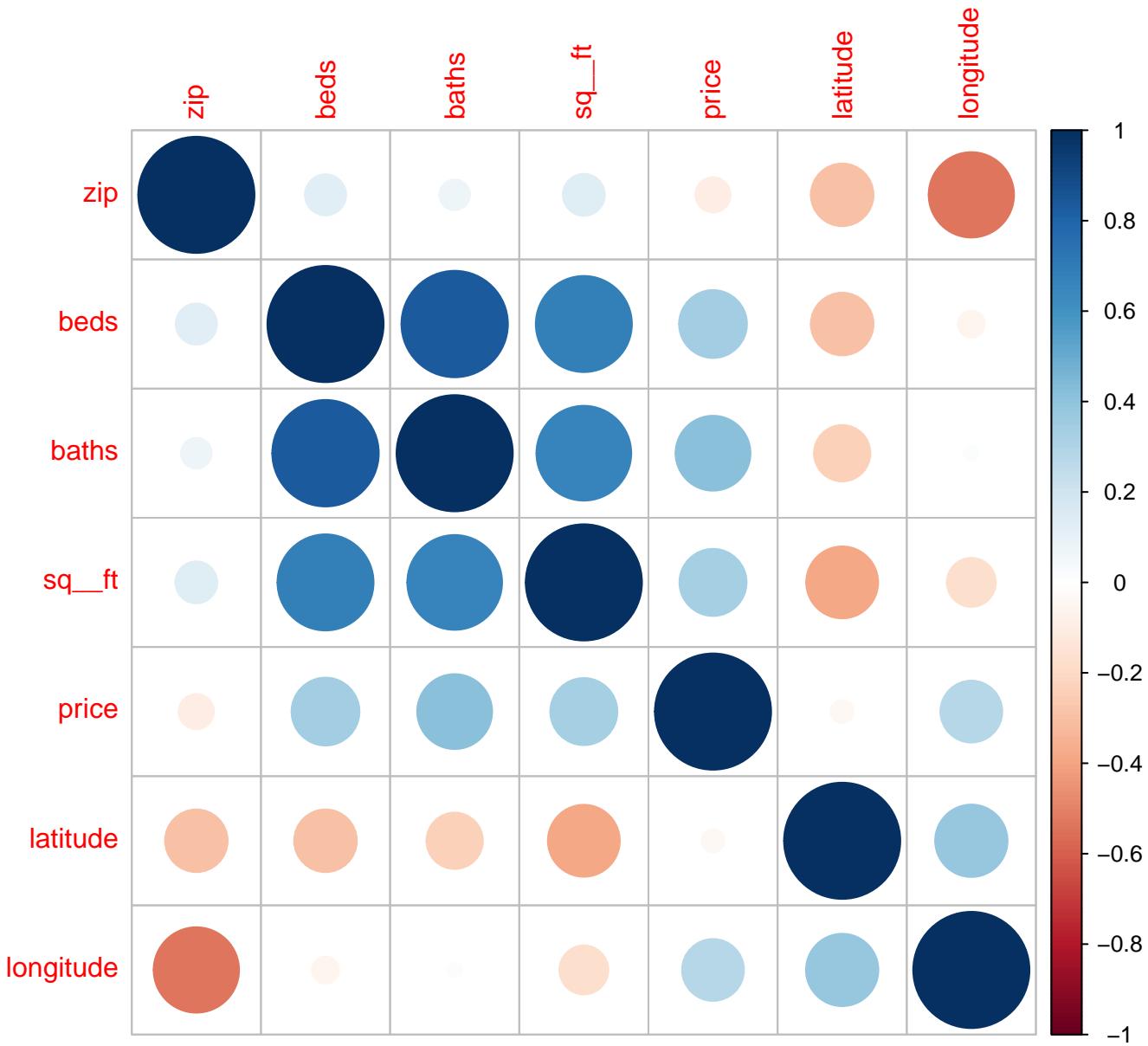
For  $p > 0.05$  look at Pearson Correlation Matrix

For  $p < 0.05$  and big dataset look at Spearman

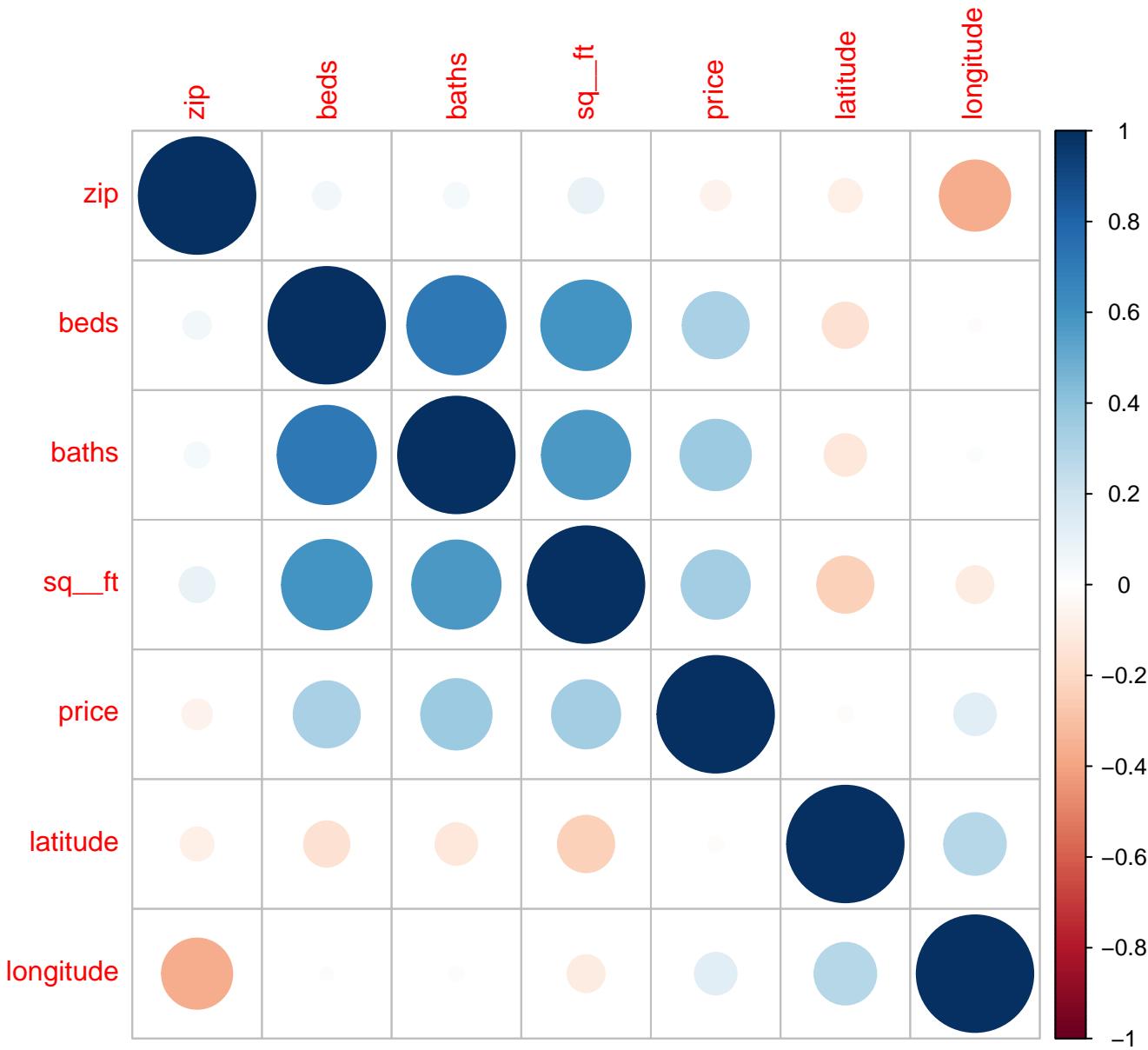
For  $p < 0.05$  and small dataset look at Kendall

P\_value of column longitude is 7.47942790042419e-29

Correlation Matrix Pearson



## Correlation Matrix Kendall



Correlation Matrix Spearman

