



Introduction to Computing

CS 151 - 040

Department of Physical and Computer Sciences

Medgar Evers College

Exam 3 - Take Home

Name: _____

Directions: Read the questions carefully. Write legibly to earn credit.
Good Luck!

Section	Max Points	Points Earned
1	8	
2	8	
3	4	
Total	20	

Section 1: Syntax

Write **ONLY** the statements requested and required.

- 1) Initialize two char arrays to “Initial” in different ways. (Initialization is the process of declaring and assigning a value to a variable in a single step.)

- 2) Write a statement(s) that will continually display “Why?” on separate lines.

- 3) Given an int variable, n , that has been initialized, write a statement(s) that will display the sum of squares from 1 to n .

- 4) Given a char array, str , initialized to “ADER”, write a statement(s) that will display two four letter words using only str (You can repeat letters).

- 5) Given a string variable, str , that has been initialized, write a statement(s) that will display str forward and backwards on the same line without any delimiters between the characters.

- 6) Given an int variable, n , that has been initialized, write a statement(s) that will display the number of factors of n .

- 7) Write a statement(s) that continually prompt a user to enter a word that consists only of lowercase letters (use a string variable).

- 8) Given an int array, $nums$, that has n elements, write a statement(s) that will store the first n multiples of 4 excluding those that are also multiples of 3 and not 5 in $nums$.

Section 2: Tracing

Write the trace table and the output (code produced by cout statemants) of each code segment.

1) Given input {4}

```
int n, i = 0, j;  
char c;  
cin >> n;  
while(i < n)  
{  
    for(j = i, c = 'A'; j < n; j += 1, c += 1)  
    {  
        cout << c;  
    }  
    cout << '\n';  
    i += 1;  
}
```

2)

```
int val[6] = {3,0,2};  
for(int i = 3, j = 0; i < 6; i += 1)  
{  
    val[i] = val[i-2] + val[i-3];  
    cout << val[j] << " " << val[j+1] << " ";  
    if(i < 4)  
    {  
        j += 2;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        j += 1;  
    }  
}
```

Section 3: Extra Credit

Write the function definition of the bool function named `IsPalindrome()` that takes a string named *str* as a parameter. It returns true if *str* is a palindrome; otherwise, it returns false.