

Descriptive_analysis

December 17, 2018

1 Descriptive analysis

Here is a little insight in to how the dataset looks

Most of this code is taken from:

<https://www.kaggle.com/gloriahristova/a-walkthrough-eda-vizualizations-unigram-model/notebook>

1.0.1 Imports

```
In [1]: # Data processing
import pandas as pd
import json
from collections import Counter
from itertools import chain
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
import numpy as np
import re

# Data vizualizations
import random
import plotly
from plotly import tools
from plotly.offline import download_plotlyjs, init_notebook_mode, plot, iplot
init_notebook_mode(connected=True)
import plotly.offline as offline
import plotly.graph_objs as go
```

1.0.2 Reading in the data file

```
In [2]: train_data = pd.read_json('train.json')
print(train_data.head())
```

	cuisine	id	ingredients
0	greek	10259	[romaine lettuce, black olives, grape tomatoes...
1	southern_us	25693	[plain flour, ground pepper, salt, tomatoes, g...
2	filipino	20130	[eggs, pepper, salt, mayonaise, cooking oil, g...
3	indian	22213	[water, vegetable oil, wheat, salt]

```
4         indian 13162 [black pepper, shallots, cornflour, cayenne pe...
```

```
In [3]: print("The training data consists of {} recipes".format(len(train_data)))
```

The training data consists of 39774 recipes

A function for producing random colors for plots:

```
In [4]: def random_colours(number_of_colors):
        '''
        Simple function for random colours generation.
        Input:
            number_of_colors - integer value indicating the number of colours which are generated
        Output:
            Color in the following format: ['#E86DA4'] .
        '''
        colors = []
        for i in range(number_of_colors):
            colors.append("#"+''.join([random.choice('0123456789ABCDEF') for j in range(6)]))
        return colors
```

1.0.3 Number of recipes in each cuisine

```
In [5]: trace = go.Table(
        header=dict(values=['Cuisine','Number of recipes'],
        fill = dict(color=['#EABEB0']),
        align = ['left'] * 5),
        cells=dict(values=[train_data.cuisine.value_counts().index,train_data.cuisine.value_counts().values],
        align = ['left'] * 5))

        layout = go.Layout(title='Number of recipes in each cuisine category',
        titlefont = dict(size = 20),
        width=500, height=650,
        paper_bgcolor = 'rgba(0,0,0,0)',
        plot_bgcolor = 'rgba(0,0,0,0)',
        autosize = False,
        margin=dict(l=30,r=30,b=1,t=50,pad=1),
        )

        data = [trace]
        fig = dict(data=data, layout=layout)
        iplot(fig)
```

1.1 Percentage of each cuisine

```
In [6]: # Label distribution in percents
        labelpercents = []
        for i in train_data.cuisine.value_counts():
```

```

percent = (i/sum(train_data.cuisine.value_counts()))*100
percent = "%.2f" % percent
percent = str(percent + '%')
labelpercents.append(percent)

trace = go.Bar(
    x=train_data.cuisine.value_counts().values[:-1],
    y= [i for i in train_data.cuisine.value_counts().index][::-1],
    text=labelpercents[:-1], textposition='outside',
    orientation='h',marker=dict(color=random_colours(20)))
layout = go.Layout(title='Number of recipes in each cuisine category',
    titlefont=dict(size=25),
    width=1000, height=450,
    plot_bgcolor='rgba(0,0,0,0)',
    paper_bgcolor='rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.88)',
    margin=dict(l=75,r=110,b=50,t=60),
    )

data = [trace]
fig = dict(data=data, layout=layout)
iplot(fig, filename='horizontal-bar')

```

So the italian and the mexican cuisine represents around 36% of the data and the bottom 10 cuisines represents around 18 % of the training data. We can expect from our predictors that when it is uncertain it might predict italian or mexican by "default", since it will be more right to guess there than other cuisines.

1.1.1 Distribution of the Recipe Length

```

In [7]: trace = go.Histogram(
    x= train_data['ingredients'].str.len(),
    xbins=dict(start=0,end=90,size=1),
    marker=dict(color='#7CFDF0'),
    opacity=0.75)
data = [trace]
layout = go.Layout(
    title='Distribution of Recipe Length',
    xaxis=dict(title='Number of ingredients'),
    yaxis=dict(title='Count of recipes'),
    bargap=0.1,
    bargroupgap=0.2)

fig = go.Figure(data=data, layout=layout)
iplot(fig)

```

So the recipes has a mean around 10 ingridients and there are very few recipes which contains ingridients more than 30 ingridients.

1.2 Abnormal recipes

Some recipes have very short recipes with only 1 or two ingredients.

There are 22 recipes with only one ingredient:

```
In [8]: print("Explore the ingredients in the shortest recipes in our training set:" + "\n")
        print(train_data.loc[train_data.ingredients.str.len() == 1])

        #print(list(train_data[train_data['ingredients'].str.len() == 1].ingredients.values))
        #print("And there corresponding labels" + "\n")
        #print(list(train_data[train_data['ingredients'].str.len() == 1].cuisine.values))
```

Explore the ingredients in the shortest recipes in our training set:

	cuisine	id	ingredients
940	japanese	4734	[sushi rice]
2088	vietnamese	7833	[dried rice noodles]
6787	indian	36818	[plain low-fat yogurt]
7011	indian	19772	[unsalted butter]
8181	japanese	16116	[udon]
8852	thai	29738	[sticky rice]
8990	indian	41124	[butter]
10506	mexican	32631	[corn tortillas]
13178	thai	29570	[grained]
17804	southern_us	29849	[lemonade concentrate]
18136	thai	39186	[jasmine rice]
18324	indian	14335	[unsalted butter]
21008	italian	39221	[cherry tomatoes]
22119	french	41135	[butter]
22387	indian	36874	[cumin seed]
23512	french	35028	[haricots verts]
26887	mexican	18593	[vegetable oil]
29294	spanish	7460	[spanish chorizo]
30636	spanish	32772	[sweetened condensed milk]
32105	japanese	12805	[water]
34531	greek	10816	[phyllo]
37220	indian	27192	[unsalted butter]

1.3 Most common ingredients

Lets have a look at the most common ingredients.

```
In [9]: allingredients = [] # this list stores all the ingredients in all recipes (with duplic
        for item in train_data['ingredients']:
            for ingr in item:
                allingredients.append(ingr)

        # Count how many times each ingredient occurs
```

```

countingr = Counter()
for ingr in allingredients:
    countingr[ingr] += 1

# Extract the first 20 most common ingredients in order to visualize them for better u
mostcommon = countingr.most_common(20)
mostcommoningr = [i[0] for i in mostcommon]
mostcommoningr_count = [i[1] for i in mostcommon]

trace = go.Bar(
    x=mostcommoningr_count[::-1],
    y= mostcommoningr[::-1],
    orientation = 'h',marker = dict(color = random_colours(20),
))
layout = go.Layout(
    xaxis = dict(title= 'Number of occurences in all recipes (training sample)', ),
    yaxis = dict(title='Ingredient',),
    title= '20 Most Common Ingredients', titlefont = dict(size = 20),
    margin=dict(l=150,r=10,b=60,t=60,pad=5),
    width=800, height=500,
)
data = [trace]
fig = go.Figure(data=data, layout=layout)
iplot(fig, filename='horizontal-bar')

```

We can tell that salt is the most common ingredient by far. We can also assume that salt isn't very specific for a certain cuisine, so it will probably not be a good predictor.

functions.py

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```
In [ ]: # Functions for project
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import re
import tensorflow as tf
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.axes_grid1 import make_axes_locatable
import random
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_squared_error, accuracy_score, log_loss
from sklearn import svm #support vector machines
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer

from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
```

```
#####
#####
# Heatmap plotting functions
#####
#####
```

```
##### This is code to do neat plotting, taken from:
# https://matplotlib.org/gallery/images\_contours\_and\_fields/image\_annotated\_heatmap.ht
```

```
def heatmap(data, row_labels, col_labels, ax=None,
            cbar_kw={}, cbarlabel="", **kwargs):
    """
    Create a heatmap from a numpy array and two lists of labels.
```

Arguments:

data : A 2D numpy array of shape (N,M)
row_labels : A list or array of length N with the labels for the rows
col_labels : A list or array of length M with the labels for the columns

Optional arguments:

ax : A matplotlib.axes.Axes instance to which the heatmap is plotted. If not provided, use current axes or create a new one.
cbar_kw : A dictionary with arguments to :meth:`matplotlib.figure.colorbar`.
cbarlabel : The label for the colorbar

All other arguments are directly passed on to the imshow call.
"""

```
if not ax:
    ax = plt.gca()

# Plot the heatmap
im = ax.imshow(data, **kwargs)

# Create colorbar
cbar = ax.figure.colorbar(im, ax=ax, **cbar_kw)
cbar.ax.set_ylabel(cbarlabel, rotation=-90, va="bottom")

# We want to show all ticks...
ax.set_xticks(np.arange(data.shape[1]))
ax.set_yticks(np.arange(data.shape[0]))
# ... and label them with the respective list entries.
ax.set_xticklabels(col_labels)
ax.set_yticklabels(row_labels)

# Let the horizontal axes labeling appear on top.
ax.tick_params(top=True, bottom=False,
               labeltop=True, labelbottom=False)

# Rotate the tick labels and set their alignment.
plt.setp(ax.get_xticklabels(), rotation=-30, ha="right",
         rotation_mode="anchor")

# Turn spines off and create white grid.
for edge, spine in ax.spines.items():
    spine.set_visible(False)

ax.set_xticks(np.arange(data.shape[1]+1)-.5, minor=True)
ax.set_yticks(np.arange(data.shape[0]+1)-.5, minor=True)
```

```

ax.grid(which="minor", color="w", linestyle='-', linewidth=3)
ax.tick_params(which="minor", bottom=False, left=False)

return im, cbar

def annotate_heatmap(im, data=None, valfmt="{x:.2f}",
                    textcolors=["black", "white"],
                    threshold=None, **textkw):
    """
    A function to annotate a heatmap.

    Arguments:
        im : The AxesImage to be labeled.
    Optional arguments:
        data : Data used to annotate. If None, the image's data is used.
        valfmt : The format of the annotations inside the heatmap.
                This should either use the string format method, e.g.
                "$ {x:.2f}", or be a :class:`matplotlib.ticker.Formatter`.
        textcolors : A list or array of two color specifications. The first is
                    used for values below a threshold, the second for those
                    above.
        threshold : Value in data units according to which the colors from
                    textcolors are applied. If None (the default) uses the
                    middle of the colormap as separation.

    Further arguments are passed on to the created text labels.
    """

    if not isinstance(data, (list, np.ndarray)):
        data = im.get_array()

    # Normalize the threshold to the images color range.
    if threshold is not None:
        threshold = im.norm(threshold)
    else:
        threshold = im.norm(data.max())/2.

    # Set default alignment to center, but allow it to be
    # overwritten by textkw.
    kw = dict(horizontalalignment="center",
                verticalalignment="center")
    kw.update(textkw)

    # Get the formatter in case a string is supplied
    if isinstance(valfmt, str):
        valfmt = matplotlib.ticker.StrMethodFormatter(valfmt)

```



```

    # Loop over the data and create a `Text` for each "pixel".
    # Change the text's color depending on the data.
    texts = []
    for i in range(data.shape[0]):
        for j in range(data.shape[1]):
            kw.update(color=textcolors[im.norm(data[i, j]) > threshold])
            text = im.axes.text(j, i, valfmt(data[i, j], None), **kw)
            texts.append(text)

    return texts

#####
#####
# plotting code over
#####
#####

#####
#####
# plotting code for confusion matrices
#####
#####

def plot_confusion_matrix(prediction, true_vals, labels, size = (12,12), normalize = 'rows'):
    confusion = confusion_matrix(prediction, true_vals, labels = labels)
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=size)

    if normalize == 'rows' :
        im, cbar = heatmap((confusion.T/confusion.sum(axis=1)).T, labels, labels, ax = ax, cmap = "YlGn")
    elif normalize == 'columns' :
        im, cbar = heatmap(confusion/confusion.sum(axis=1), labels, labels, ax = ax, cmap = "YlGn")
    else :
        im, cbar = heatmap(confusion, labels, labels, ax = ax, cmap = "YlGn", cbarlabel = None)

    texts = annotate_heatmap(im, valfmt="{x:.2f}")
    fig.tight_layout()
    plt.show()

def clf_confusion(clf, x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test, labels, size = (12,12), normalize = 'rows'):
    clf.fit(x_train, y_train)
    predictions = clf.predict(x_test)
    plot_confusion_matrix(predictions, y_test, labels, size = size, normalize = normalize)

#####
#####

```

```

# plotting code for confusion matrices over
#####
#####

#####
#####
# Functions for reading in the data
#####
#####

def get_design_matrix(cleaning_function = lambda x : x, min_df = 0.0, max_df = 1.0) :
    """
    Take a data frame data, and convert to a matrix.
    Use cleaning_function to clear up data.
    """
    data = pd.read_json('train.json')
    recipie_list_list = data.ingredients.values.tolist()
    recipie_string_list = [cleaning_function(" ".join(ing)) for ing in recipie_list_list]
    vectorizer = CountVectorizer(min_df = min_df, max_df = max_df)
    X = vectorizer.fit_transform(recipie_string_list)
    y = data.cuisine.values
    return X, y, vectorizer.get_feature_names()

def clean(s) :
    clean_s = s.replace('-', ' ') # treat low-fat and low fat as the same thing
    clean_s = ''.join([c for c in clean_s if (c.isalpha() or c == ' ')]) # drop numbers
    return clean_s

#####
#####
# Method validation functions
#####
#####

def clf_cross_validator(X_train, y_train, clf_constructor, p_list, q_list = [], folds = 10) :
    """
    A general method to preform cross validation of sci_kit learn method.
    Takes:
    Training data (X_train, y_train)
    A function clf_constructor which builds a sci_kit learn classifier
    p_list a list of parameters to varry
    q_list a possible second list to varry,
    folds the number of folds to use for cross validation
    """

```

```

plot determines if a heatmap of the results should be printed
label is the label of the plotting
"""

scores = []
# we rename the constructor,
# only plays a role if q_list is empty
constructor = clf_constructor

####
# If we are only passed one list,
# modify the constructor to take a second dummy argument
# We make q_list be a singleton list,
# and flip the role of p_list and q_list, the latter being only for printing purpo
if not q_list : # true if q_list is empty
    q_list = p_list
    p_list = ['']
    constructor = (lambda p,q : clf_constructor(q))

###
# We loop over the parameters
# and record the avarage of each folds score
for p in p_list :
    print("    p=%s" % str(p))
    for q in q_list :
        print("        q=%s" % str(q))
        clf = constructor(p,q)
        score = cross_val_score(clf, X_train, y_train, cv=folds)
        scores.append(np.mean(score))

# transform the scores to a len(p_list) x len(q_list) shape array
scores_array = np.array(scores).reshape(len(p_list), len(q_list))

####
# make a heat map of the scores
if plot :
    fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    im, cbar = heatmap(scores_array, np.array(p_list), np.array(q_list) , ax = ax,
        texts = annotate_heatmap(im, valfmt="{x:.4f}")
    fig.tight_layout()
    plt.show()

return scores_array

def svm_tester(X_train, y_train, C_list = [0.1], folds = 10, plot = False) :
    """
    Test the svm parameter C using cross validation

```

```

For each C in C_list do folds fold cross validation,
returns an array, of the same size as C_list,
of the avarages of the accuracies for each fold.

If plot is set to true, show a heatmap of the results
"""

svm_constructor = (lambda p : svm.LinearSVC(C = p))
scores = clf_cross_validator(X_train, y_train, svm_constructor, C_list, folds = fo
return scores

def forrest_tester(X_train, y_train, trees_list = [1], depth_list = [1], folds = 10, p
"""
Test the random forrest for the parameters of number of trees and max depth using
For each pair of parameters do folds fold cross validation,
returns an array, of shape len(trees_list) x len(depth_list)
of the avarages of the accuracies for each fold.

If plot is set to true, show a heatmap of the results
"""

forrest_constructor = (lambda p,q : RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = p, max_de
scores = clf_cross_validator(X_train, y_train, forrest_constructor, trees_list, de
return scores

def logistic_tester(X_train, y_train, C_list = [0.1], folds = 10, plot = False) :
"""
Test the logistic regression parameter C using cross validation
For each C in C_list do folds fold cross validation,
returns an array, of the same size as C_list,
of the avarages of the accuracies for each fold.

If plot is set to true, show a heatmap of the results
"""

# Not really sure about the solver
logistic_constructor = (lambda p : LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs', multi_class=
scores = clf_cross_validator(X_train, y_train, logistic_constructor, C_list, folds
return scores

def mlp_tester(X_train, y_train, nodes = [1], alpha_list = [0.001], folds = 10, plot =
"""
Test the mlp classifier (neural net) for the parameters of
number of nodes in a single layer and regularization constant using cross validati
For each pair of parameters do folds fold cross validation,
returns an array, of shape len(nodes) x len(alpha_list)
of the avarages of the accuracies for each fold.

```

If plot is set to true, show a heatmap of the results
 """

```
mlp_constructor = (lambda p,q : MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes = p, alpha = q, max_iter=1000))
scores = clf_cross_validator(X_train, y_train, mlp_constructor, nodes, alpha_list,
                             plot=plot)
return scores
```

```
def accuracy_with_min_df(min_df_list = [0], svm_parms = [0.1], log_parms = [1], forrest_parms = [10]):
    svm_accuracies = []
    log_accuracies = []
    forrest_accuracies = []

    # rather than calling get_design_matrix every time,
    # which loads the file train.json every time,
    # we just read it in once.
    data = pd.read_json('train.json')
    recipie_list_list = data.ingredients.values.tolist()
    recipie_string_list = [" ".join(ing) for ing in recipie_list_list]
    y = data.cuisine.values
    del data, recipie_list_list

    for df in min_df_list :
        print("Testing min_df = %f" % df)
        vectorizer = CountVectorizer(min_df = df)
        X = vectorizer.fit_transform(recipie_string_list)
        # Pick the highest cv scores (average of fold accuracies)
        print("Now doing svm cross validation")
        svm_accuracies.append(np.amax(svm_tester(X, y, C_list = svm_parms, folds = 10)))
        print("Now doing logistic cross validation")
        log_accuracies.append(np.amax(logistic_tester(X, y, C_list = log_parms, folds = 10)))
        print("Now doing forrest cross validation")
        forrest_accuracies.append(np.amax(forrest_tester(X, y, trees_list = forrest_parms, folds = 10)))
        print("")

    return svm_accuracies, log_accuracies, forrest_accuracies
```

Testing all four methods over parameters

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1 Searching over parametergrid with Log-reg, SVM's, forests and MLP's

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import re
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.axes_grid1 import make_axes_locatable
import random
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_squared_error, accuracy_score, log_loss
from sklearn import svm #support vector machines
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer

from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, VotingClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier

from sklearn.decomposition import PCA

from functions import *
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\h5py\__init__.py:36: FutureWarning: Conversion of the path from ._conv to directory name will raise ValueError in the future.
  from ._conv import register_converters as _register_converters
```

```
In [2]: print("Importing design matrix ...")
X_train, y_train, features = get_design_matrix(cleaning_function = clean, min_df = 3)
print("Done.")
k = 3 # folds in the k-fold cross validation
plot = True # Set functions to plot heatmaps
```

```
Importing design matrix ...
Done.
```

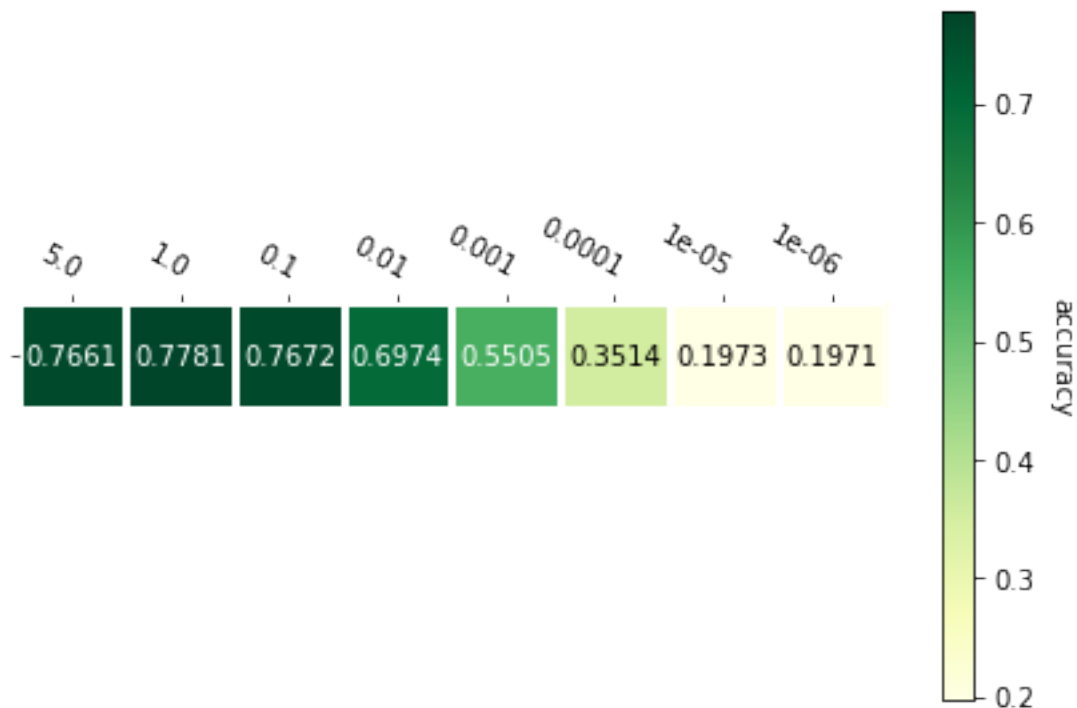
2 Logistic regression

```
In [3]: # Setting up parameterlist
log_p_list = [5, 1, .1, .01, .001, .0001, .00001, .000001]

# k-fold cross validation over all parameteres and plotting
print("Logistic regression: Cross validation over all parameters ...")
log_scores = logistic_tester(X_train, y_train, C_list = log_p_list, folds = k, plot = 1)
print("Done.")
```

Logistic regression: Cross validation over all parameters ...

p=
q=5
q=1
q=0.1
q=0.01
q=0.001
q=0.0001
q=1e-05
q=1e-06



Done.

So we will continue with the regularization parameter set to 1.

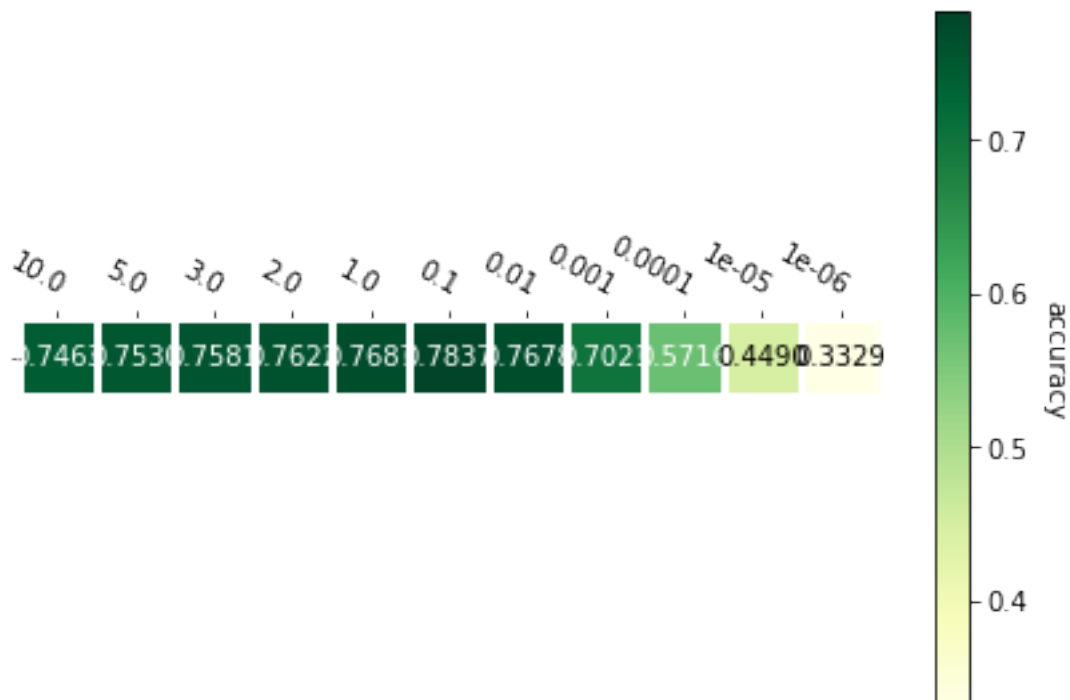
3 Support vector machines

```
In [12]: # Setting up parameterlist
svm_p_list = [10, 5, 3, 2, 1, .1, .01, .001, .0001, .00001, .000001]

# k-fold cross validation over all parameteres and plotting
print("Support vector machines: Cross validation over all parameters ...")
svm_scores = svm_tester(X_train, y_train, C_list = svm_p_list, folds = k, plot = plot)
print("Done.")
```

Support vector machines: Cross validation over all parameters ...

p=
q=10
q=5
q=3
q=2
q=1
q=0.1
q=0.01
q=0.001
q=0.0001
q=1e-05
q=1e-06



Done.

```
In [13]: print(svm_scores)
```

```
[[0.74629234 0.75295483 0.75813407 0.7621565  0.76869312 0.78365274
 0.76781258 0.70206656 0.57162994 0.44901306 0.33285615]]
```

So we will continue with margin parameter set to 0.1.

4 Random forests

```
In [6]: # Setting up parameterlist
```

```
forest_trees_list = [10, 20, 30, 50, 100]
```

```
forest_depth_list = [5, 10, 15, 30, 50, None]
```

```
# k-fold cross validation over all parameteres and plotting
```

```
print("Forest: Cross validation over all parameters ...")
```

```
forest_scores = forrest_tester(
```

```
    X_train, y_train, trees_list = forest_trees_list, depth_list = forest_depth_list, :
```

```
print("Done.")
```

Forest: Cross validation over all parameters ...

p=10

q=5

q=10

q=15

q=30

q=50

q=None

p=20

q=5

q=10

q=15

q=30

q=50

q=None

p=30

q=5

q=10

q=15

q=30

q=50

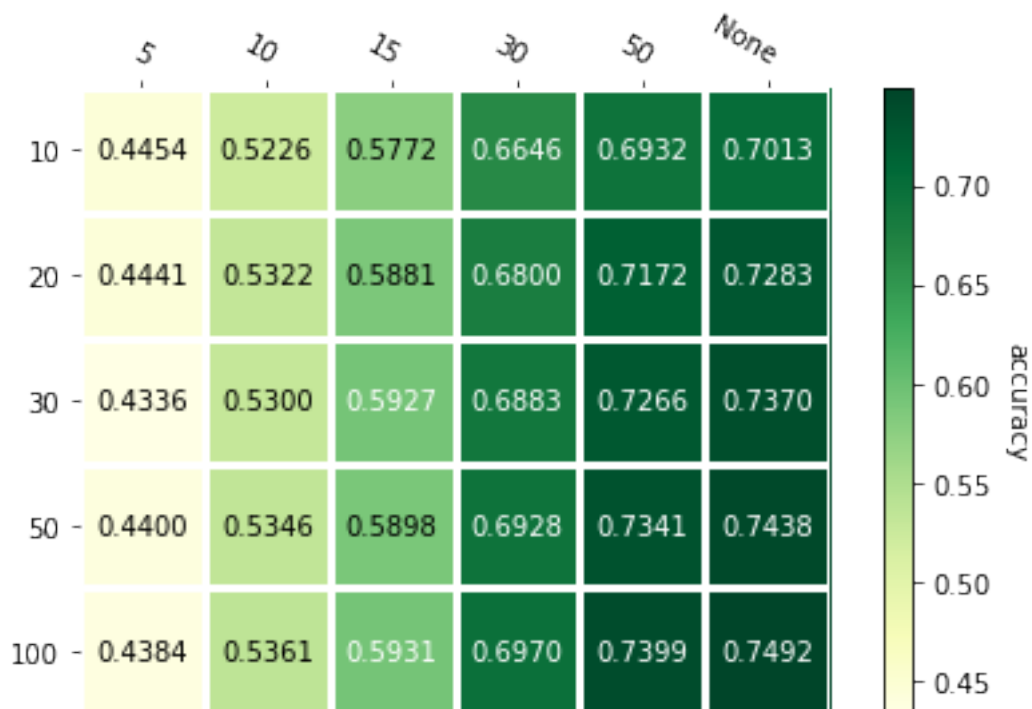
q=None

p=50

q=5

q=10

q=15
 q=30
 q=50
 q=None
 p=100
 q=5
 q=10
 q=15
 q=30
 q=50
 q=None



Done.

```

In [16]: # Setting up parameterlist
forest_trees_list = [200, 300, 500, 700, 1000]
forest_depth_list = [5, 10, 15, 30, 50, None]

# k-fold cross validation over all parameteres and plotting
print("Forest: Cross validation over all parameters ...")
forest_scores = forrest_tester(
    X_train, y_train, trees_list = forest_trees_list, depth_list = forest_depth_list,
    print("Done.")
  
```

Forest: Cross validation over all parameters ...

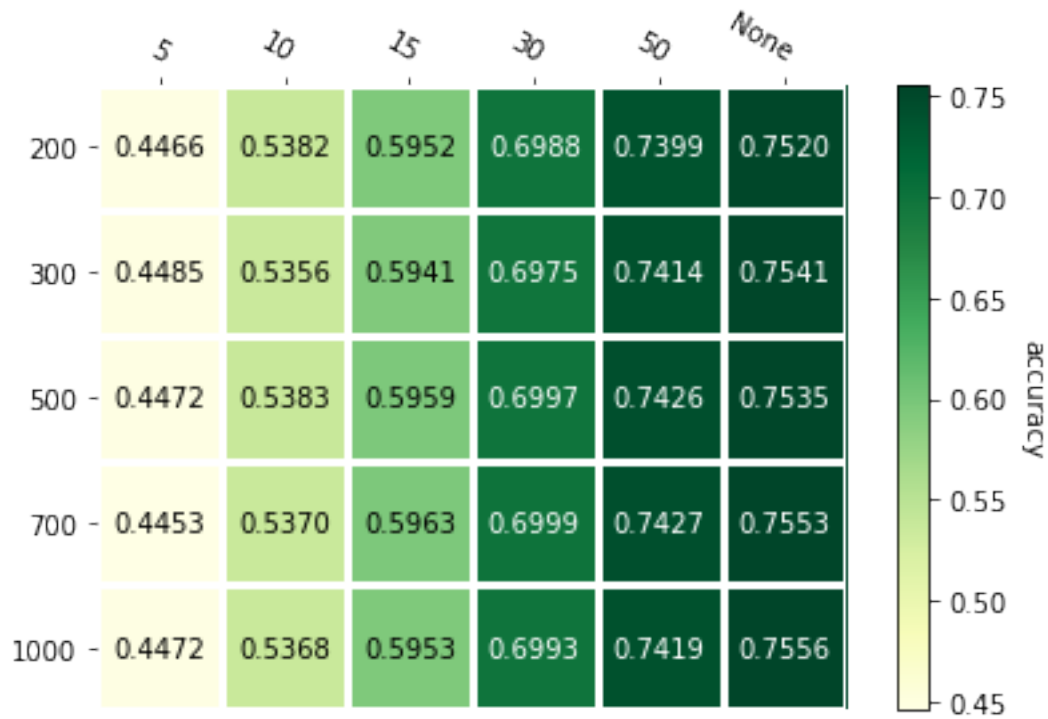
p=200
q=5
q=10
q=15
q=30
q=50
q=None

p=300
q=5
q=10
q=15
q=30
q=50
q=None

p=500
q=5
q=10
q=15
q=30
q=50
q=None

p=700
q=5
q=10
q=15
q=30
q=50
q=None

p=1000
q=5
q=10
q=15
q=30
q=50
q=None



Done.

So we will continue with unlimited tree depth and 1000 trees in the forest. (PS: Takes a long time to train)

5 Multilayered perceptrons

```
In [3]: # Setting up parameterlist
net_nodes_list = [(10), (10,10), (20,20), (30,30), (40,40), (50,50)]
net_alpha_list = [.00001, .0001, .001, .01, .1, 1]

# k-fold cross validation over all parameteres and plotting
print("Neural networks: Cross validation over all parameters ...")
mlp_scores = mlp_tester(
    X_train, y_train, nodes = net_nodes_list, alpha_list = net_alpha_list, folds = k,
    print("Done.")
```

Neural networks: Cross validation over all parameters ...

p=10

q=1e-05


```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in poor model performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in poor model performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in poor model performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with no training data.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with no training data.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with no training data.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

9

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

q=0.1

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

q=1

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

p=(20, 20)
q=1e-05

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

q=0.0001

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

$q=0.001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations in the 'max_iter' parameter of the estimator to avoid premature convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations in the 'max_iter' parameter of the estimator to avoid premature convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations in the 'max_iter' parameter of the estimator to avoid premature convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.01$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.1$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:522: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality. Please consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:522: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality. Please consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:522: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality. Please consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=1$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

p=(30, 30)
q=1e-05

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning:
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```


$q=1$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should consider increasing the number of iterations (default: 1000)
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should consider increasing the number of iterations (default: 1000)
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should consider increasing the number of iterations (default: 1000)
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

p=(40, 40)
q=1e-05

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.0001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.01$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning:
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```


$q=0.001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.01$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.1$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with no training data.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with no training data.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with no training data.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=1$

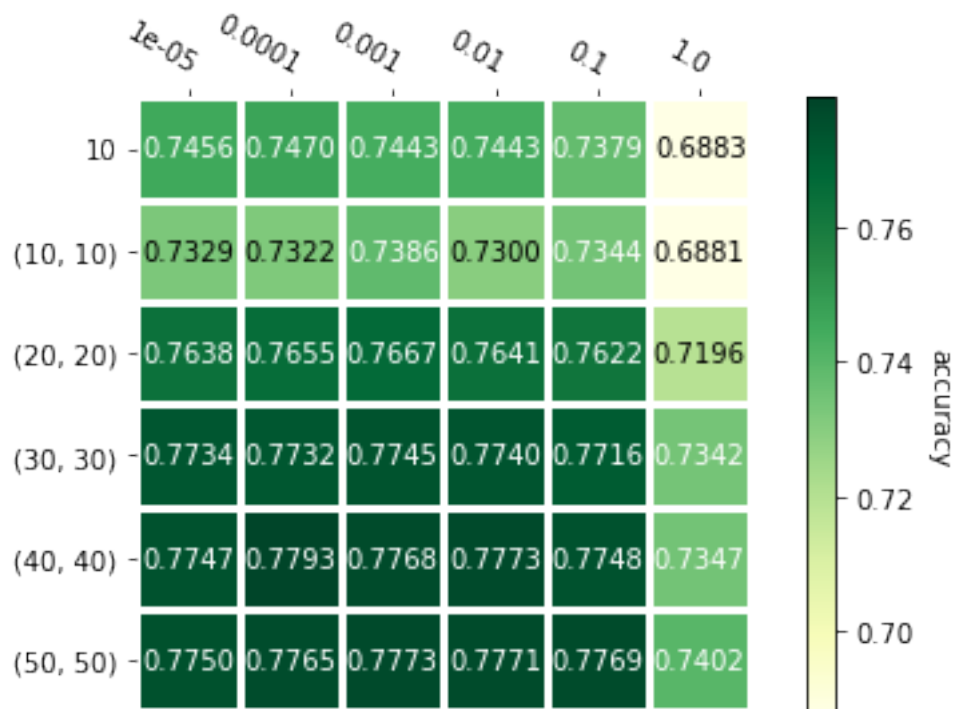
```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

Done.

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:170: ConvergenceWarning:
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

```
In [5]: # Plotting needs some special treatment because one of the axis are tuples in this case
p_list = [str(n) for n in net_nodes_list]
q_list = net_alpha_list
scores_array = mlp_scores

fig, ax = plt.subplots()
im, cbar = heatmap(scores_array, np.array(p_list), np.array(q_list) , ax = ax, cmap = 'magma')
texts = annotate_heatmap(im, valfmt="{x:.4f}")
fig.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [4]: # Setting up parameterlist
net_nodes_list = [(1500), (750, 750), (500,500,500), (375,375,375,375), (300,300,300,300)]
net_alpha_list = [.00001, .0001, .001, .01, .1]

# k-fold cross validation over all parameteres and plotting
print("Neural networks: Cross validation over all parameters ...")
mlp_scores2 = mlp_tester(
    X_train, y_train, nodes = net_nodes_list, alpha_list = net_alpha_list, folds = k,
    print("Done.")

# Plotting needs some special treatment because one of the axis are tuples in this case
p_list = [str(n) for n in net_nodes_list]
q_list = net_alpha_list
```

```

scores_array = mlp_scores2

fig, ax = plt.subplots()
im, cbar = heatmap(scores_array, np.array(p_list), np.array(q_list) , ax = ax, cmap = 'magma')
texts = annotate_heatmap(im, valfmt="{x:.4f}")
fig.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```

Neural networks: Cross validation over all parameters ...

p=1500

q=1e-05

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

q=0.0001

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

q=0.001

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

q=0.01

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:577: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you wish to see convergence.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```


$q=0.01$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.1$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

```
p=(500, 500, 500)
q=1e-05
```

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.0001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations to a higher value.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations to a higher value.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations to a higher value.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning:
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```



```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

q=0.01

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

q=0.1

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

p=(375, 375, 375, 375)
q=1e-05

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

q=0.0001

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

$q=0.001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.01$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.1$

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:559: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:559: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:559: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

```
p=(300, 300, 300, 300, 300)
q=1e-05
```

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.0001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning:
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

q=0.001

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

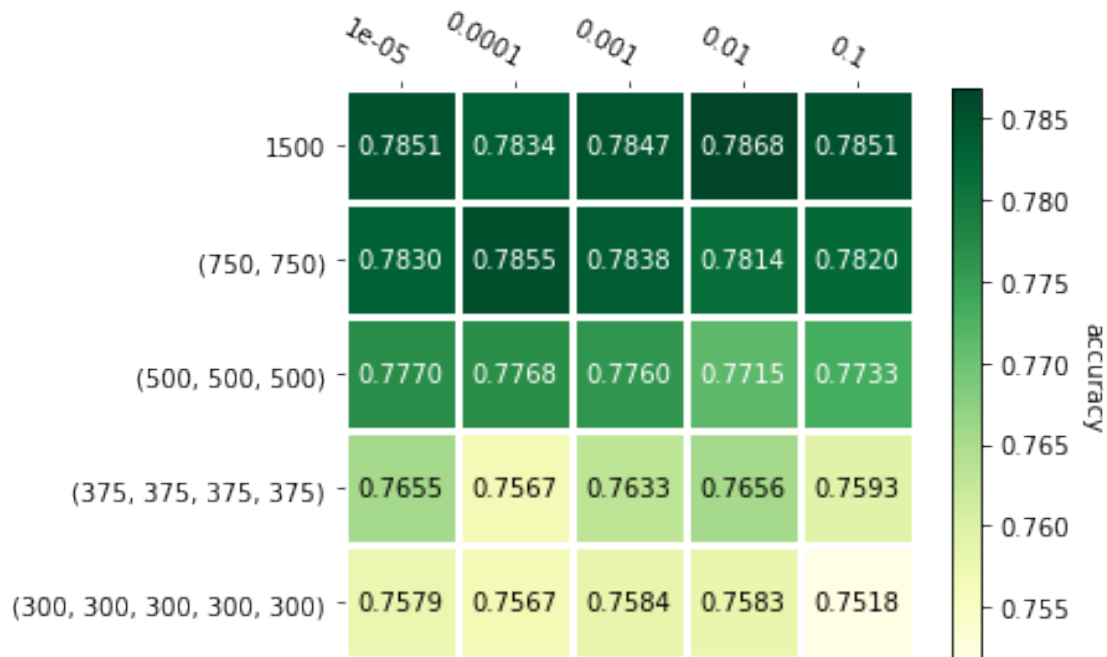
q=0.01

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

q=0.1

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:171: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

Done.



```
In [3]: # Setting up parameterlist
net_nodes_list = [(900), (1000), (1100), (1200), (1300), (1400), (1500), (1600), (1700)]
net_alpha_list = [.00001, .0001, .001, .01, .1]

# k-fold cross validation over all parameteres and plotting
print("Neural networks: Cross validation over all parameters ...")
mlp_scores2 = mlp_tester(
    X_train, y_train, nodes = net_nodes_list, alpha_list = net_alpha_list, folds = k,
    print("Done.")

# Plotting needs some special treatment because one of the axis are tuples in this case
p_list = [str(n) for n in net_nodes_list]
q_list = net_alpha_list
scores_array = mlp_scores2

fig, ax = plt.subplots()
im, cbar = heatmap(scores_array, np.array(p_list), np.array(q_list) , ax = ax, cmap = 'magma')
texts = annotate_heatmap(im, valfmt="{x:.4f}")
fig.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
Neural networks: Cross validation over all parameters ...
p=900
q=1e-05
```


p=1000
q=1e-05

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with a high bias.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with a high bias.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with a high bias.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

$$q=0.0001$$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:522: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:522: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:522: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations to get the desired precision.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations to get the desired precision.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations to get the desired precision.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.01$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations and set the max_iter parameter to a higher value.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations and set the max_iter parameter to a higher value.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations and set the max_iter parameter to a higher value.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.1$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning:
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

p=1100
q=1e-05

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

q=0.0001

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

q=0.001

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

q=0.01

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

$q=0.1$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:522: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:522: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:522: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

p=1200
q=1e-05

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.0001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:537: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations to 1000.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:537: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations to 1000.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:537: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance. Consider increasing the maximum number of iterations to 1000.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.01$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning:
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```


$q=0.01$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:537: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:537: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:537: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor quality.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.1$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

p=1400

 $q=1e-05$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in poor model performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in poor model performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in poor model performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.0001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations if you are not satisfied with the results.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning:
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

q=0.01

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

q=0.1

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

p=1500
q=1e-05

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

q=0.0001

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

$q=0.001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations to get the desired precision.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations to get the desired precision.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations to get the desired precision.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.01$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with potentially poor performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.1$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:177: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with no training data.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:177: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with no training data.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:177: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in a model with no training data.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

p=1600
q=1e-05

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations in the fit method.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations in the fit method.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:179: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum number of iterations reached. You should probably increase the number of iterations in the fit method.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

 $q=0.0001$

```
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:175: ConvergenceWarning: Maximum iterations reached. This will result in poor model performance.
% self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```

```

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

q=0.001

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

q=0.01

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

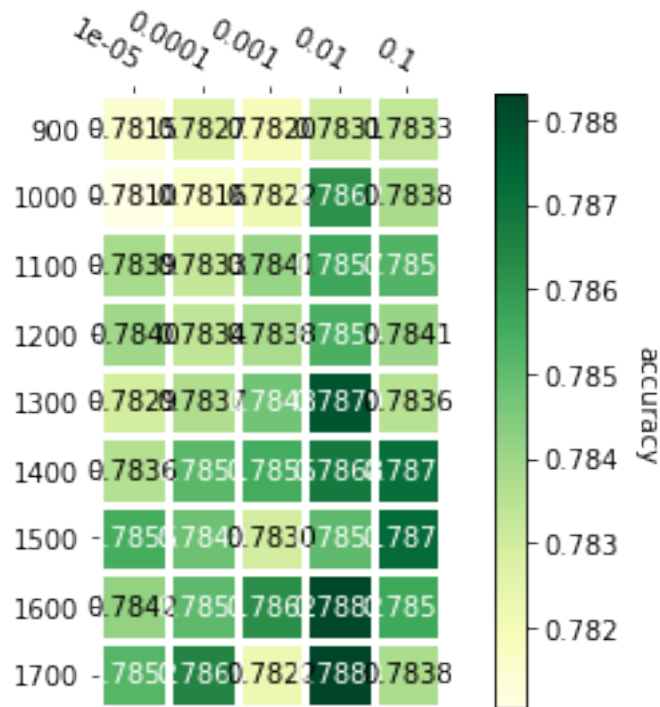
q=0.1

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

p=1700
q=1e-05

/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
/home/jeanpylon/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/neural_network/multilayer_perceptron.py:150:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)

```

```
In [4]: print(scores_array)
```

```
[[0.78154103 0.78267256 0.78199324 0.78310055 0.78332669]
 [0.78103846 0.78164221 0.78222034 0.78616682 0.78382918]
 [0.78385464 0.78327624 0.78410562 0.78568937 0.78528798]
 [0.78398004 0.78337646 0.78380405 0.78543754 0.78408112]
 [0.78294928 0.7837029 0.78475982 0.78790226 0.78355222]
 [0.78360279 0.78513618 0.78553889 0.78684586 0.78714722]
 [0.78548867 0.78483555 0.78297442 0.78508694 0.78729845]
 [0.7842061 0.78508635 0.78624259 0.78820385 0.78561346]
 [0.78521217 0.78646878 0.7822202 0.78830423 0.78377868]]
```

so we proceed with $\alpha=0.01$ and 1700 nodes, perhaps

6 Voting classifiers

6.1 Setting up the voting classifier

First we set up the basic classifiers with their optimal parameters

```
In [3]: logistic_clf = LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs', multi_class='multinomial', C = 1)
        forrest_clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 100, max_depth = None)
        mlp_clf = MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes = (1000), alpha = 0.01, max_iter = 10)
        svm_clf = svm.LinearSVC(C = 0.1)
```

```
In [4]: ##### We will ignore warnings from here on out
        # Voting classifiers allways throws a warning,
        # and since we have set max_iter = 10,
        # we will also get a warning whenever we try to fit the mlp_clf.
        import warnings
        warnings.simplefilter('ignore')
```

6.2 Trying different voting patterns

Now we go through combinations and voting styles. First we look at two classifiers voting. Here it only makes sense to use soft voting.

```
In [5]: voting_lf_soft = VotingClassifier(estimators=[('logistic', logistic_clf), ('forrest', forrest_clf)],
        print("Cross validation for soft voting with logistic and forrest.")
        score_lf_soft = np.mean(cross_val_score(voting_lf_soft, X_train, y_train, cv=3))
        print("The expected accuracy is %f" % score_lf_soft)
```

Cross validation for soft voting with logistic and forrest.
The expected accuracy is 0.793308

```
In [6]: voting_lmlp_soft = VotingClassifier(estimators=[('logistic', logistic_clf), ('mlp', mlp_clf)],
        print("Cross validation for soft voting with logistic and mlp.")
        score_lmlp_soft = np.mean(cross_val_score(voting_lmlp_soft, X_train, y_train, cv=3))
        print("The expected accuracy is %f" % score_lmlp_soft)
```

Cross validation for soft voting with logistic and mlp.
The expected accuracy is 0.785866

```
In [7]: voting_fmllp_soft = VotingClassifier(estimators=[('forrest', forrest_clf), ('mlp', mlp_clf)],
        print("Cross validation for soft voting with forrest and mlp.")
        score_fmllp_soft = np.mean(cross_val_score(voting_fmllp_soft, X_train, y_train, cv=3))
        print("The expected accuracy is %f" % score_fmllp_soft)
```

Cross validation for soft voting with forrest and mlp.
The expected accuracy is 0.798361

Then we try soft voting with all the probabalistic classifiers.

```
In [8]: voting_all_soft = VotingClassifier(estimators=[('forrest', forrest_clf), ('mlp', mlp_clf), ('logistic', logistic_clf)],
        print("Cross validation for soft voting with forrest, mlp, and logistic.")
        score_all_soft = np.mean(cross_val_score(voting_all_soft, X_train, y_train, cv=3))
        print("The expected accuracy is %f" % score_all_soft)
```

Cross validation for soft voting with forrest, mlp, and logistic.
The expected accuracy is 0.796149

Then we try hard voting, using mlp, forrest and svm

```
In [9]: voting_hard = VotingClassifier(estimators=[('svm', svm_clf), ('forrest', forrest_clf),
print("Cross validation for hard voting with svm and forrests and mlp.")
score_hard = np.mean(cross_val_score(voting_hard, X_train, y_train, cv=3))
print("The expected accuracy is %f" % score_hard)
```

Cross validation for hard voting with svm and forrests and mlp.
The expected accuracy is 0.798084

We also try hard voting using all four methods

```
In [10]: voting_hard_4 = VotingClassifier(estimators=[('svm', svm_clf), ('logistic', logistic_clf),
print("Cross validation for hard voting with svm, logistic, forrests, and mlp.")
score_hard_4 = np.mean(cross_val_score(voting_hard_4, X_train, y_train, cv=3))
print("The expected accuracy is %f" % score_hard_4)
```

Cross validation for hard voting with svm, logistic, forrests, and mlp.
The expected accuracy is 0.790843

7 SVM Kernels

Now we look at two svm kernels: Poly and rbf.

```
In [12]: def poly_svm_tester(X_train, y_train, C_list = [0.1], degrees = [2], folds = 10, plot
"""
    Test the svm parameter C and the degree of the poly kernel
    using cross validation

    If plot is set to true, show a heatmap of the results
"""

svm_constructor = (lambda p,q : svm.SVC(kernel = 'poly', C = p, degree = q))
scores = clf_cross_validator(X_train, y_train, svm_constructor, C_list, degrees,
return scores

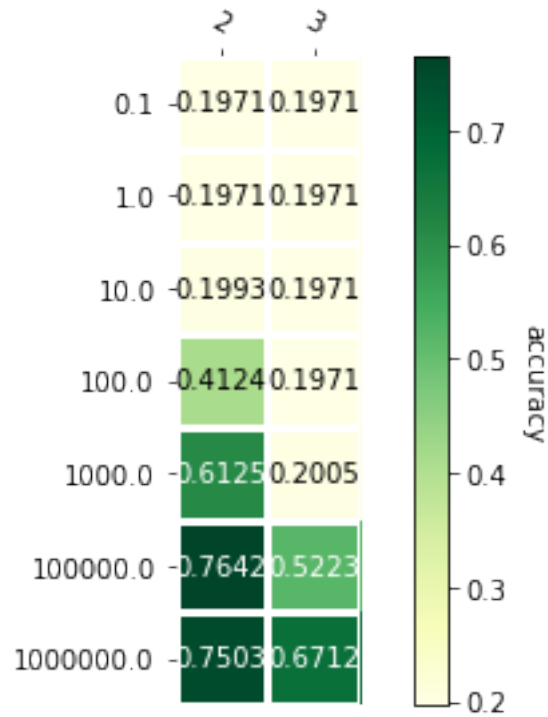
poly_svm_tester(X_train, y_train, C_list = [0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 100000, 1000000],

p=0.1
q=2
q=3
p=1
q=2
q=3
p=10
q=2
```

```

q=3
p=100
q=2
q=3
p=1000
q=2
q=3
p=100000
q=2
q=3
p=1000000
q=2
q=3

```



```

Out[12]: array([[0.19706342, 0.19706342],
                [0.19706342, 0.19706342],
                [0.19932623, 0.19706342],
                [0.4123805 , 0.19706342],
                [0.61248489, 0.20045765],
                [0.76421728, 0.52227571],
                [0.75028845, 0.67121641]])

```

```

In [3]: def rbf_svm_tester(X_train, y_train, C_list = [0.1], gamma_list = [0.1], folds = 10, p
        """

```

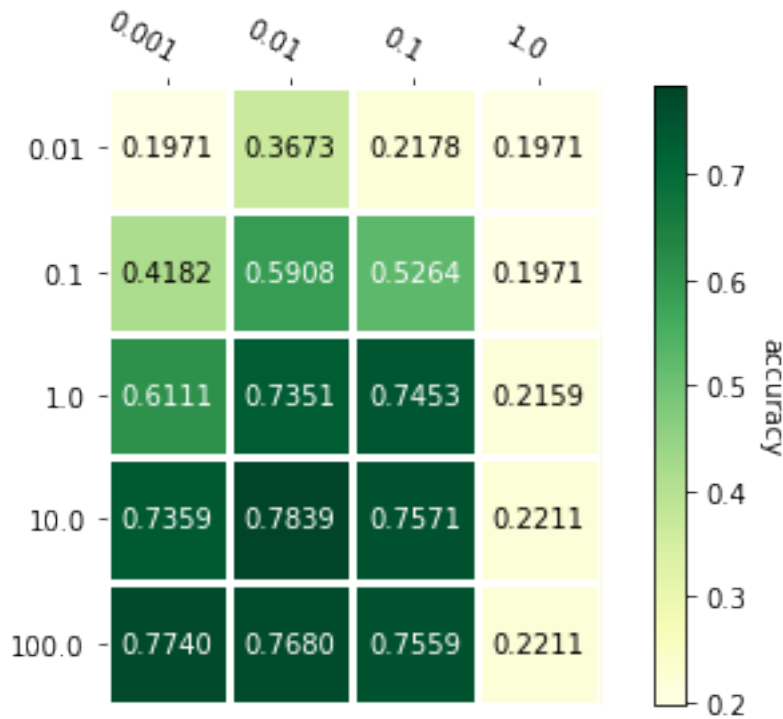
*Test the svm parameters C and gamma of svm with rbf kernel
using cross validation*

*If plot is set to true, show a heatmap of the results
"""*

```
svm_constructor = (lambda p,q : svm.SVC(kernel = 'rbf', C = p, gamma = q))
scores = clf_cross_validator(X_train, y_train, svm_constructor, C_list, gamma_list)
return scores
```

```
rbf_svm_tester(X_train, y_train, C_list = [0.01, 0.1,1, 10, 100], gamma_list = [0.001,
```

```
p=0.01
    q=0.001
    q=0.01
    q=0.1
    q=1
p=0.1
    q=0.001
    q=0.01
    q=0.1
    q=1
p=1
    q=0.001
    q=0.01
    q=0.1
    q=1
p=10
    q=0.001
    q=0.01
    q=0.1
    q=1
p=100
    q=0.001
    q=0.01
    q=0.1
    q=1
```



```
Out[3]: array([[0.19706342, 0.36730029, 0.21778012, 0.19706342],
               [0.41816275, 0.59083871, 0.52642476, 0.19706342],
               [0.61107811, 0.73507861, 0.74531125, 0.21594517],
               [0.73593335, 0.78387868, 0.75707763, 0.22109935],
               [0.77397349, 0.76796342, 0.75592098, 0.22109935]])
```

7.1 Confusion matrix

```
In [4]: x_train, x_test, y, y_test = train_test_split(X_train, y_train, test_size = 0.2)

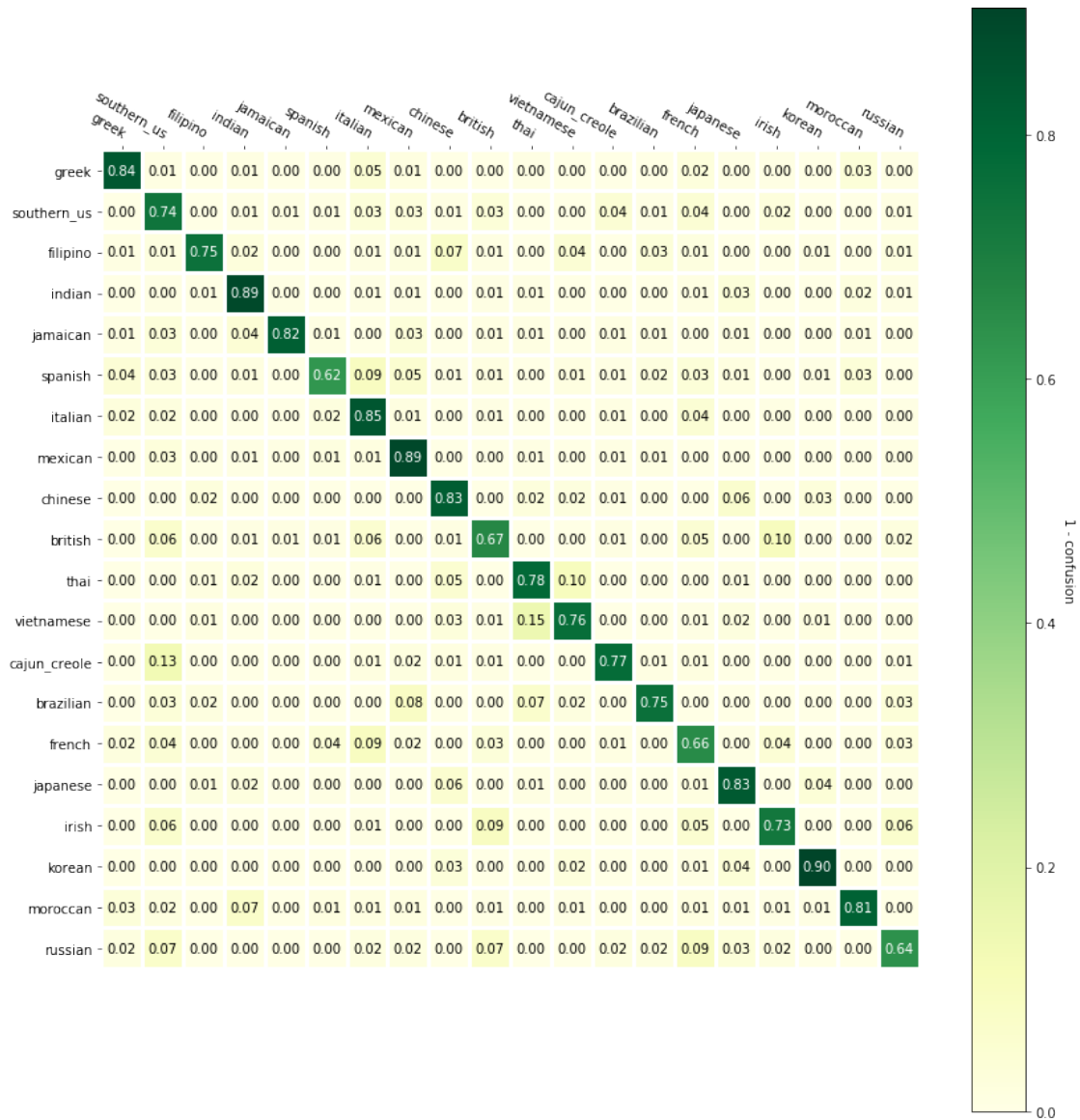
# The set of different cuisines
data = pd.read_json('train.json')
cuisines = data.cuisine.unique()

logistic_clf = LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs', multi_class='multinomial', C = 1)
forrest_clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 100, max_depth = None)
mlp_clf = MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes = (1000), alpha = 0.01, max_iter = 10)
clf = VotingClassifier(estimators=[('forrest', forrest_clf), ('mlp', mlp_clf), ('logistic', logistic_clf)],
                       voting='soft')

clf_confusion(clf, x_train, y, x_test, y_test, cuisines, size = (12,12), normalize = 'true')

C:\Users\Admin\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\neural_network\multilayer_perceptron.py:564:
  % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
C:\Users\Admin\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\preprocessing\label.py:151: DeprecationWarning:
```

```
if diff:
```



7.2 PCA test for svm

```
In [9]: svm_clf = svm.LinearSVC()
```

```
scores = []
```

```
pca_sizes = [500, 1000, 1500, 1800, 2000]
```

```
C_list = [0.01, 0.1, 1]
```

```

X_array = X_train.toarray()

for n in pca_sizes :
    print("Testing pca with %d components." % n)
    pca = PCA(n_components = n)
    pca.fit(X_array)
    pca_X = pca.transform(X_array)
    for C in C_list :
        print("    Testing C = %f" % C)
        svm_clf = svm.LinearSVC(C = C)
        score = np.mean(cross_val_score(svm_clf, pca_X, y_train, cv=3))
        scores.append(score)
        print("        Score: %f" % score)
    print("")

# transform the scores to a len(pca_sizes) x len(X_list) shape array
scores_array = np.array(scores).reshape(len(pca_sizes), len(C_list))

# make heat map
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
im, cbar = heatmap(scores_array, np.array(pca_sizes), np.array(C_list) , ax = ax, cmap
texts = annotate_heatmap(im, valfmt="{x:.4f}")
fig.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```

Testing pca with 500 components.

```

Testing C = 0.010000
Score: 0.750037
Testing C = 0.100000
Score: 0.762181
Testing C = 1.000000
Score: 0.759994

```

Testing pca with 1000 components.

```

Testing C = 0.010000
Score: 0.763689
Testing C = 0.100000
Score: 0.778976
Testing C = 1.000000
Score: 0.767839

```

Testing pca with 1500 components.

```

Testing C = 0.010000
Score: 0.766229
Testing C = 0.100000
Score: 0.782999
Testing C = 1.000000
Score: 0.767688

```

Testing pca with 1800 components.

Testing C = 0.010000

Score: 0.766706

Testing C = 0.100000

Score: 0.783803

Testing C = 1.000000

Score: 0.768618

Testing pca with 2000 components.

Testing C = 0.010000

Score: 0.766530

Testing C = 0.100000

Score: 0.784055

Testing C = 1.000000

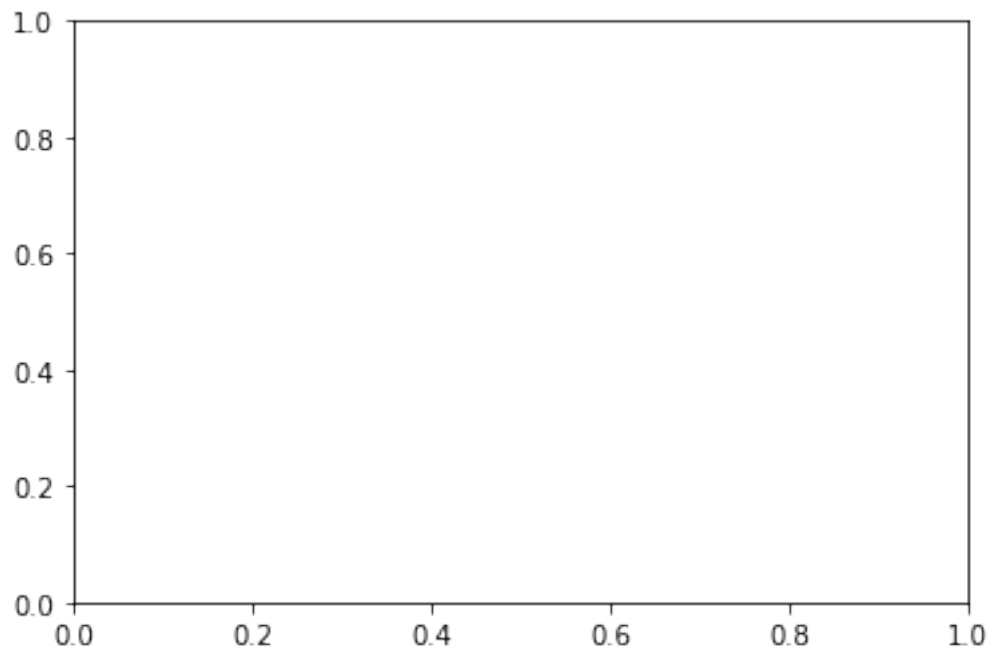
Score: 0.769020

NameError

Traceback (most recent call last)

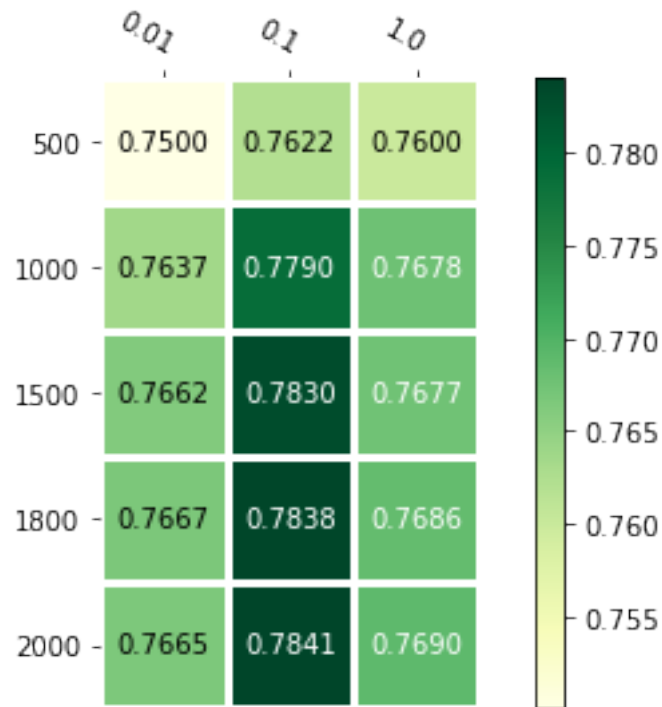
```
<ipython-input-9-ee4bb6a00412> in <module>()
    26 # make heat map
    27 fig, ax = plt.subplots()
--> 28 im, cbar = heatmap(scores_array, np.array(pca_sizes), np.array(C_list) , ax = ax,
    29 texts = annotate_heatmap(im, valfmt="{x:.4f}")
    30 fig.tight_layout()
```

NameError: name 'label' is not defined



```
In [10]: # make heat map
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
im, cbar = heatmap(scores_array, np.array(pca_sizes), np.array(C_list) , ax = ax, cmap=
texts = annotate_heatmap(im, valfmt="{x:.4f}")
fig.tight_layout()

plt.show()
```

```
In [ ]: # Use 2-dim pca
two_dim_pca = PCA(n_components = 2)
two_dim_pca.fit(X_train)

# random list of 20 colors for plotting
color_list = ['#'+''.join([random.choice('0123456789ABCDEF') for j in range(6)]) for _ in range(20)]
cuisine_to_int = {}
x_pca = two_dim_pca.transform(x_train)
colors = [color_list[i] for i in y_train]
```

Kaggle submission script

December 17, 2018

```
In [5]: # This Python 3 environment comes with many helpful analytics libraries installed
# It is defined by the kaggle/python docker image: https://github.com/kaggle/docker-py
# For example, here's several helpful packages to load in

import numpy as np # linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)

# Input data files are available in the "../input/" directory.
# For example, running this (by clicking run or pressing Shift+Enter) will list the fi

# Any results you write to the current directory are saved as output.
from sklearn import svm #support vector machines
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, VotingClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier

def clean(s) :
    clean_s = s.replace('-', ' ') # treat low-fat and low fat as the same thing
    clean_s = ''.join([c for c in clean_s if (c.isalpha() or c == ' ')]) # drop numbers
    return clean_s

#### First we read in the training data
data = pd.read_json('../input/train.json')
recipie_list_list = data.ingredients.values.tolist()
recipie_string_list = [clean(" ".join(ing)) for ing in recipie_list_list]
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(min_df = 3)
X_train = vectorizer.fit_transform(recipie_string_list)
y_train = data.cuisine.values

del data, recipie_list_list, recipie_string_list

#### Then we read in the test data
data = pd.read_json('../input/test.json')
recipie_list_list = data.ingredients.values.tolist()
recipie_string_list = [clean(" ".join(ing)) for ing in recipie_list_list]
```

```

X_test = vectorizer.transform(recipie_string_list)
test_ids = data.id.values.tolist()
del data, recipie_list_list, recipie_string_list

#####
#####
## The classifier goes here
#####
#####
logistic_clf = LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs', multi_class='multinomial', C = 1)
forrest_clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 100, max_depth = None)
mlp_clf = MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes = (1000), alpha = 0.01, max_iter = 10)
clf = VotingClassifier(estimators=[('forrest', forrest_clf), ('mlp', mlp_clf), ('logistic', logistic_clf)],
                        voting='soft')

#####
#####
## train classifier and predict
clf.fit(X_train,y_train)
predictions = clf.predict(X_test)

#####
#####
## Write prediction as output file
#####
#####
idpreds = zip(test_ids, predictions)
file = open('sub.csv', 'w')
file.write('id,cuisine\n')
for t in idpreds :
    file.write(str(t[0])+','+'+t[1]+'\\n')

```

<zip object at 0x000001C571393588>

RandomForest.py

December 17, 2018

```
In [ ]: import sys
import warnings

if not sys.warnoptions:
    warnings.simplefilter("ignore")

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import re
import tensorflow as tf
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import random
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_squared_error, accuracy_score, log_loss
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

def easydatagen():
    """
    This function generates training data
    It returns:
    x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test
    """

    # Reading in the training file
    data = pd.read_json('train.json')

    # The set of different cuisines
    cuisines = data.cuisine.unique()

    # To find the different ingredients, we need to clean them up a little.
    def clean(string) :
        s = string.replace('-', ' ') # read low-fat the same as low fat
```

```

s = string.replace('&', 'and') # read & and and as the same
s = re.sub('\((.*?)\)', '', s) # remove everything in brackets
s = re.sub('\d{1,2}\%', '', s) # remove things of the form d% or dd%, where d
s = ' '.join(s.split()) # remove extra white spaces

return s

ing_list = data.ingredients.values.tolist()
raw_ingredients = [clean(x) for ing in ing_list for x in ing]

ingredients = sorted(set(raw_ingredients))

# build a dictionary that to each ingredient assigns its index
ingredient_index = {}
for i in range(0, len(ingredients)) :
    ingredient_index[ingredients[i]] = i

# the same for cuisines
cuisine_index = {}
for i in range(0, len(cuisines)) :
    cuisine_index[cuisines[i]] = i

def ingredients_to_vector(ings) :
    vect = np.zeros(len(ingredients))
    for ing in ings :
        vect[ingredient_index[clean(ing)]] = 1

    return vect

def cuisine_to_vector(cus) :
    vect = np.zeros(20)
    vect[cuisine_index[cus]] = 1
    return vect

vect_list = [ingredients_to_vector(ing) for ing in ing_list]
target_list = [cuisine_to_vector(cus) for cus in data.cuisine.values.tolist()]

# Define training data
X = np.c_[vect_list]
Y = np.c_[target_list]

Y_num = np.zeros((Y.shape[0]))
for i in range(Y.shape[0]):
    Y_num[i] = np.argmax(Y[i])

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y_num, test_size = 0.2)

return x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test

```

```

if __name__ == '__main__':

    x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = easydatagen()

    """
    Next code plots 32treesAcc.png
    """

    print('Starting training:')

    testscores = []
    trainscores = []
    index = []

    for i in range(1,32):
        clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=i, max_depth=None, max_features='auto',
                                    verbose=True, n_jobs=8)
        clf.fit(x_train, y_train)

        index.append(i)
        testscores.append(clf.score(x_test, y_test))
        trainscores.append(clf.score(x_train, y_train))

    plt.plot(index, testscores, '-b' , label='Testing data')
    plt.plot(index, trainscores, '-r', label='Training data')
    plt.legend(loc='center right')
    plt.title('Accuracy of random forests')
    plt.xlabel('Trees')
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
    plt.show()
    # Plot tells us that we can use 10 trees to get a decent score

    """
    This next code plots Max_featuresplot.png
    """

    print('Starting training:')
    testscores = []
    trainscores = []
    index = []

    """
    # Auto = sqrt(classifiers) = 81      log2 = 12
    # Use then different values as max_features
    """

```

```

for i in range(1, 200, 10):
    clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=10, max_depth=None, max_features= i,
                                verbose=True, n_jobs=8)
    clf.fit(x_train, y_train)

    index.append(i)
    testscores.append(clf.score(x_test, y_test))
    trainscores.append(clf.score(x_train, y_train))

plt.plot(index, testscores, '-b' , label='Testing data')
plt.plot(index, trainscores, '-r', label='Training data')
plt.legend(loc='center right')
plt.title('Accuracy of random forests')
plt.xlabel('Max_features')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.show()

# Nothing conclusive

```